Five-Year Supply of Housing Land 2023 - 2028

September 2023



North Norfolk District Council
Planning Policy Team
01263 516318
planningpolicy@north-norfolk.gov.uk

Planning Policy Team,
North Norfolk District Council,
Holt Road, Cromer, NR27 9EN
www.north-norfolk.gov.uk/localplan

All documents can be made available in Braille, audio, large print or in other languages. Please contact 01263 516318 to discuss your requirements.

Five Year Supply of Housing Land 2023-2028

Contents

1.	Introduction	1
	Context	
3.	Methodology	2
Sta	ge 1: Identifying the Five Year Period	2
Sta	ge 2: The Requirement - Identifying the scale of housing provision to be delivered	3
Sta	ge 3: Deliverable Supply	3
Sta	ge 4: Calculating the years of supply	4
4.	Conclusion	5
5.	Monitoring the Five-Year Supply	5
6.	Information Sources	5
App	pendix A - Specific Approach to Windfall	6
App	pendix B - Schedule of Sites & Projected Delivery of Sites (2023-2028)	8

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This Statement sets out North Norfolk District Council's residential land supply position as of 31 March 2023. It compares the **requirement** for new homes in the district, with the deliverable **supply** to establish the number of years of supply that are available.
- 1.2 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) seeks to ensure that the planning system delivers a flexible, responsive supply of housing development land to meet all identified objectively assessed needs for new homes. It requires that Local Planning Authorities identify, in their Local Plans and via the grant of planning permissions, sufficient specific deliverable sites to provide for the next five years of their housing requirement. As part of this, the national Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) advises that such assessments should be carried out annually, be based on up to date and sound evidence, taking into account the anticipated need and demand for new housing and consideration of the factors that are likely to influence future delivery rates. Assessments should be realistic and be made publicly available.
- 1.3 To establish how many new homes are likely to be required in the future the National Planning Policy Framework requires the use of a national standard methodology. National advice is clear that departures from this standard approach should only occur if there are exceptional circumstances which are justified by robust evidence.
- 1.4 In preparing this statement the Council has resolved **not** to follow the national standard methodology to establish how many homes are likely to be required in the future. The reasons for this are outlined in a Housing Background Paper which is separately published on the Local Authority's web site (Home | 4:
 Evidence base and supporting documents (north-norfolk.gov.uk)). In short, the Authority considers that the 2014 based Household Projections, which form the foundation of the standard methodology, project forward a rate of growth which has been shown not to have occurred. These flawed projections are therefore an unreliable basis upon which to establish future requirements. Instead, the Authority uses the 2016 based Household Projections as the starting point for applying the remainder of the standard methodology as these are considered to be a more reliable basis for establishing future needs.
- 1.5 This statement provides details of all the sites where it is considered there is a realistic prospect of development over the next five-year period (**Appendix B**). It answers the following questions:
 - What is the five-year housing land requirement and how has this been calculated?
 - How much deliverable housing land is there in North Norfolk including details of individual sites?
 - How many years of deliverable housing land supply exist?
 - What will be the impact on land supply when the new North Norfolk Local Plan is adopted?
- 1.6 The rate at which new homes are delivered in the future is influenced by many factors some of which lie outside of the influence of planning authorities. In preparing this Statement the Council has carefully considered future delivery rates but acknowledges that such matters are subject to periodic change. For example, in this year's Statement the authority has taken account of the likely impacts of new nutrient neutrality requirements on the pace of home delivery as this was a factor not previously considered and has separately illustrated the five-year land supply position in the event that the new North Norfolk Local Plan is adopted and new sites are made available for development within the five year period covered by this Statement.

2. Context

- 2.1 For many years the district has attracted high levels of in-migration particularly for retirement. This is the principal driver of the need for new homes although dwelling affordability, age longevity, second and holiday home rates and household sizes are also factors.
- 2.2 A new Local Plan covering the period 2016-2036 is being prepared by the Council. The currently adopted Plan aims to deliver a minimum of 400 dwellings per year whilst the new Local Plan, when adopted, will aim to increase this to around 480 dwellings per year. This Statement uses this figure of 480 dwellings per year as the basis for assessing the adequacy of future supply.
- 2.3 On March 16th, 2022, a Written Ministerial Statement (WMS) on Nutrient Levels in River Basin Catchments was issued. It signalled changes in the approach to the assessment of development proposals in catchments where water bodies that are protected sites under the Habitats Regulations are in unfavourable condition due to nutrient pollution. The WMS stated that "Local Planning Authorities can only approve a project if they are certain, it will have no negative effect on the protected site".
- 2.4 At the same time, the Chief Planner sent a letter to the affected local planning authorities (LPAs) on nutrient pollution issues.
- 2.5 Natural England also published advice and a nutrient neutral methodology on how to evidence that nutrient neutrality can be achieved for relevant new development in order to mitigate impacts on the protected habitats. Supporting documentation (catchment maps) identified that relevant development in large parts of Norfolk would result in impacts on protected water bodies of the River Wensum and The Broads Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) and in the Broadland Ramsar.
- As a result of new Nutrient Neutrality requirements, the Norfolk Authorities including North Norfolk have been unable to grant new planning permissions pending the identification of measures (mitigations) to ensure new housing development does not add additional nutrients to designated water courses. In North Norfolk alone this has resulted in permissions for around 1,400 new dwellings not being permitted, notwithstanding that the issue only impacts part of the district. As a result, last year saw a slowing down in both planning applications and the granting of permission for housing, to levels well below what would be required to keep pace with the requirement. The Authority has therefore adjusted its expectations in relation to housing delivery to take account of the inevitable delays.

3. Methodology

- 3.1 The Council undertakes four stages in the process of preparing this Statement:
 - STAGE 1 Identifying the five-year period;
 - STAGE 2 Identify the requirement the scale of housing provision to be delivered and applying buffers to extend choice;
 - STAGE 3 Identify the housing land supply sites with a realistic prospect of being built over the applicable five-year period;
 - STAGE 4 Calculating the years of supply that are deliverable.

Stage 1: Identifying the Five Year Period

3.2 These statements are prepared annually and look forwards over a five-year period commencing on the 1st of April of the current year. The five-year period covered by this Statement is the 1st April 2023 to the 31st March 2028.

Stage 2: The Requirement - Identifying the scale of housing provision to be delivered.

- 3.3 Local Plans include targets for the minimum number of dwellings to be delivered over the period covered by the Plan and for land supply purposes are typically expressed as annual average requirements. North Norfolk's adopted Core Strategy requires the delivery of a minimum of **400** dwellings per year. Where a Local Plan is less than five years old the starting point for establishing the future requirement is the adopted Local Plan.
- 3.4 Where a Plan is more than five years old, as is the case with the North Norfolk Core Strategy, five-year requirements should be calculated in accordance with the governments standard national housing requirement methodology. The standard methodology requires the use the next ten years growth projections contained in the 2014 based national household projections together with the latest available published affordability ratios to derive a minimum housing requirement. In its proposed new Local Plan, the Authority uses projected growth in the period 2021 -2031 derived from the 2016 Household Projections together with the 2020 published affordability ratios to calculate the requirement.
- 3.5 Using the 2016 based Household Projections and then applying the remaining aspects of the standard methodology produces a minimum requirement of **9,140** over a 20 year period between 2020-2040 or **457dpa**. For land supply purposes the NPPF requires the addition of a 5% delivery buffer which increases this requirement to **480** dwellings per year or **2,400** dwellings over each 5 year period.

Table 1. Calculating Five Year Requirement 2023-2028

Ref	Calculation	Dwellings
Α	Annual household growth using annual average growth projected between 2021-	347
	2031 from 2016 based National Household Projections published by ONS	
В	Projected household growth plus affordability uplift as required by standard	457
	national methodology using the 2020 published affordability ratio	
С	Projected growth plus affordability uplift plus 5% delivery buffer required by NPPF*	480
D	Total minimum Plan requirement over 20 years (C x 20 years)	9,600
E	Five Year Requirement (C x 5years)	2,400

^{*}North Norfolk passes the Housing Delivery Test (HDT) so is required by the Test/NPPF to apply a 5% delivery buffer when calculating its future requirement.

Stage 3: Deliverable Supply

- 3.6 The NPPF sets out which sites may be included within the five-year supply. It states that for a site to be included in the five-year supply it must be deliverable. This is defined as:
 - **Available** the site should be *available* for development now.
 - **Suitable** the site should offer a *suitable* location for development now.
 - **Achievable** there should be a *realistic prospect* that housing will be delivered on the site within the applicable five year period.
- 3.7 Small sites, and sites with detailed planning permission, should be considered deliverable until permission expires unless evidence suggests that such sites are unlikely to deliver within the applicable period. Sites with outline planning permission, permission in principle, and those allocated for

- development or identified in brownfield registers should only be considered deliverable where there is clear evidence to justify their inclusion.
- 3.8 In this Assessment the Council has included homes from three main sources of supply in the next five years. Each source, and in the case of larger sites each site, has been tested to ensure that there is a realistic prospect of delivery. The Council considers that sites with planning permission, those which are allocated in the Local Plan and those identified on the brownfield register are *suitable* and *available* for development. The three potential sources of deliverable housing supply in the district over the next five years are:
 - Large sites These include all sites which can deliver ten or more dwellings including those with
 planning permission, pending applications, those allocated in the adopted Local Plan, and other
 potential sources where there is a realistic prospect of delivery. Full details of each site and the
 conclusions that the Council has reached in relation to delivery are provided in Appendix B.
 - Small sites with planning permission On small sites it is not practicable to appraise the delivery
 of each site individually, due in part to the number of small-scale sites which have the benefit of
 planning permission. The evidence shows that in excess of 90% of small site planning
 permissions are completed within five years of planning permission being granted. The Council
 therefore applies a 10% lapse rate to this source of future housing.
 - Windfall development This is an allowance for sites which do not yet have planning permission
 and are not specifically identified for development in the Local Plan but nevertheless have a
 realistic prospect of providing new homes over the period. The approach taken in relation to
 windfall is explained further in Appendix A.
- 3.9 In preparing the Statement care is taken to ensure that the same site does not appear in two separate categories as this would amount to double counting.

Stage 4: Calculating the years of supply.

3.10 The table below shows how the overall land supply position in the district is calculated.

The land supply position as at 1 April 2023 is 4.3 years calculated as follows:

	North Norfolk District Council Five Year Housing Supply	
а	5-year baseline requirement 2023 - 2028 (457dpa x 5years)	2,285
b	Additions required under duty to co-operate	0
С	Additions required to address NPPF buffer (a)+(b) x 5%	114
d	Additional buffer required by Housing Delivery Test	0
e	Total Five-Year Requirement 2023-2028	2,400
f	Annual Requirement over next five years (e/5)	480
g	Total deliverable supply over five years (See Appendix B)	1,983
h	Supply in years (f/e)	4.13

4. Conclusion

- 4.1 The deliverable supply of housing sites has reduced in the last two years. This can be attributed to a number of factors but most significantly relates to the previous completion of larger development sites in the district and secondly the impacts of new requirements to demonstrate nutrient neutrality before new planning permissions can be granted in large parts of the district. Consequently, the Authority is only currently able to demonstrate **4.13** years of deliverable housing supply.
- 4.2 The Authority expects to adopt a new Local Plan within the five-year period covered by this Statement and the housing delivery trajectory prepared to support the Plan demonstrates that many of the newly allocated sites will deliver dwellings with the five-year period covered by this Statement. As the Local Plan is currently being examined these emerging sites (proposed allocations) have <u>not</u> currently been included in the deliverable supply. If the deliverable supply on these sites were to be included the land supply position improves to **6.45** years.

5. Monitoring the Five-Year Supply

5.1 The Council monitors the five year supply of deliverable sites on a regular basis and publishes an updated position statement at least once a year. This statement will be updated regularly to take account of any significant changes. New planning permissions and completions are recorded on a continuous basis. Dwelling completions are recorded annually. The Annual Monitoring Report also includes a housing trajectory, illustrating expected future delivery rates.

6. Information Sources

- 6.1 Housing related data is monitored annually by the Planning Authority for the period commencing the 1st of April and ending on the 31st of March each year. Data is published as follows:
 - Housing and Employment Land Availability Assessment (HELAA) (previously known as the Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment). This study identifies all reasonable potential sources of dwelling completions in the District and makes an assessment of the suitability of sites, their availability, and when development could be delivered in the event of such sites being released for housing. Whilst these studies identify a large amount of theoretical capacity they are not policy documents and do not reach any conclusions in relation to whether this capacity should be made available for development through allocation in a Development Plan document or by the grant of planning permission.
 - Five Year Housing Land Supply Statements (this document) these have been published by the
 Council in most years since 2007 and relate the amount of housing that has been provided and
 is expected to be provided over the next 5 years, with the levels of required growth. In addition
 to dwelling completions and planning permissions these statements also include an assessment
 of when identified development sites will be built.
 - Housing Land Availability (HLA) published by the Council in most years since 1995 these provide a summary of the number of dwellings completed in each Parish of the District. These statements are available on the Councils web site.
- 6.2 Whilst these are prepared by the District Council they are the result of discussions with landowners, developers, Housing Associations and others with an interest in housing development in North Norfolk. The HELAA in particular is primarily derived from information supplied by public and private sector housing providers.

Appendix A - Specific Approach to Windfall

- A1.1 Windfall sites are those which are not allocated for development in the Local Plan and do not yet have planning permission. Local Authorities may make an allowance for development coming forward as windfall within the five year period. The NPPF states that a windfall allowance may be justified in the five year supply if a local planning authority has compelling evidence to justify its inclusion. Any windfall allowance should be realistic having regard to the Housing Land Availability Assessments, historic windfall delivery rates and expected future trends.
- A1.2 Windfall development has been a consistent and substantial contributor towards housing supply in North Norfolk for many years. In fact, before 2013 <u>all</u> development in the District took place on windfall sites as the adopted Local Plan at that time included no allocated development sites. Since the adoption of the Site Allocation Development Plan Document in 2011 windfall has continued to form a consistent part of development coming forward. Average annual windfall delivery rates typically exceed 250 dwellings per year and between 2016 and 2023 averaged 295 dpa.
- A1.3 In general it is widely assumed that it is likely to be the case that windfall represents a diminishing source of future housing supply. This is because once a site has been developed it is unlikely to come forwards again and there is argued to be a limited supply of suitable, policy compliant, windfall sites. In practice there is little evidence that this is the case in North Norfolk. In considering if it is appropriate to include a windfall allowance and the size of such allowance the Council has adopted the following approach.
 - Stage 1: Considering previous delivery rates for windfall developments
 - **Stage 2**: Identifying the potential future sources of windfall supply and quantifying their realistic contribution.
 - Stage 3: Applying a discount to ensure potential contributions are not over –estimated.
 - **Stage 4**: Deducting the allowance for year one of the five year period to allow for potential delays in delivery.
- A1.4 The result is a windfall allowance over the next five years of 540 dwellings. This equates to an average of 108 dwellings per year compared to 295 per year which was average annual delivery from this source between 2016 and 2023.
- A1.5 This statement considers five key sources of windfall developments in the District:
 - Infill developments, redevelopment of previously developed sites, changes of use In 2008 the Council adopted the North Norfolk Core Strategy. This identified those settlements in the District where infill development would be permitted. Whilst it reduced the number of such settlements from 77 settlements (as identified in the Local Plan 1998) to 26, these 26 retained settlements included all of the larger villages and all 7 of the market towns in the District which had collectively been delivering around 80% of new housing supply. In essence the 'removed' settlements had been making very little contribution to windfall totals. Since this date infill and redevelopment has continued to provide a significant source of new homes in the District. In the proposed new Local Plan the policies will continue to be supportive of these types of development and will increase the opportunities for this type of growth.
 - Rural exceptions proposals NNDC is committed to delivering affordable housing on rural
 exception sites. Policy HO3 of the Core Strategy supports such development and adopts a flexible

and permissive approach across the District. Adopted and proposed policies place no upper limit on the delivery of rural exceptions developments but accepting that these sites do not have planning permission and there is no cast iron guarantee that they will be developed, a very conservative allowance is made of just 10 dwellings per annum from this source.

- Rural Building Conversions This source includes planning permission for conversion of rural buildings, removal of holiday occupancy only conditions on holiday lets and permitted development rights allowing agricultural buildings to be converted to dwelling houses without the need for planning permission (Part 3, Class Q). The conversion of rural buildings to alternative uses has been a consistent feature of adopted planning policies for many years. The adopted Core Strategy includes a permissive approach to residential conversion. Following publication of the NPPF the Council amended this adopted approach to allow for residential conversion throughout the District irrespective of location and to allow for the removal of holiday only restrictions in some circumstances. Alongside this, changes to national policy for agricultural conversions have been in place since April 2014, the numbers of applications for prior approval of these types of development have increased in recent years.
- A1.9 The historical trend is cited as evidence that windfall has contributed substantial growth over a sustained period, however the Councils approach is to identify the main sources of windfall in North Norfolk and answer the question is there compelling evidence that these sources are likely to continue in the future and if so how much development are they likely to yield? In short, the Council has looked both backwards (considered the trend) and forwards (assessed the future sources of supply) in arriving at a windfall allowance.
- A1.10 The Council recognises that relying on historical trends alone is not sufficient to comply with the 'compelling evidence' test of the National Planning Policy Framework. Previous delivery rates of windfall development do not, in themselves, provide compelling evidence that this source will continue to provide homes in future years. A wide range of factors will influence actual rates of future delivery including prevailing local and national planning policies, market conditions, developer confidence, availability of suitable sites, and so on. Nevertheless, the Council considers that windfall will continue to be a reliable source of a substantial number of dwellings in the next five years and for the remaining plan period and adopts a realistic but cautious approach in the Housing Trajectory to this source of supply.
- A1.12 In order to provide a cautious approach to estimating future supply the following allowances for each source of windfall are made:
 - 1. Infill and redevelopment = 100 dwellings per annum;
 - 2. Conversion of buildings and removal of restrictive conditions = 10 dwellings per annum;
 - 3. Rural exceptions developments (where sites are not yet identified) = 10 dwellings per annum;
 - 4. Permitted development = 15 dwellings per annum.
- A1.13 **This equates to a total of 135 dwellings per annum**. In comparison, the average historical position between 2016-2023 was 295 dwellings per annum. The allowance is only applied to the last four years of the five year period to allow for potential lags in implementation.

Appendix B - Schedule of Sites & Projected Delivery of Sites (2023-2028)

Appendix B - Schedule of Sites & Projected Delivery of Sites (2023-2028)

The table below provides details of all those sites where the Council considers there is a realistic prospect of development being delivered in the next five years.

It includes the three main sources of supply identified in the land supply statement, namely, large sites which are either allocated or have planning permission and an allowance for windfall developments in accordance with Appendix A. The site reference numbers are either those given to the site in the North Norfolk

Site Allocations Plan or are the planning application reference. Both the Allocations Plan and details of each planning application, including location plans, are available on the Council's web site. Many of the sites included within this schedule are already under construction and some of the approved dwellings have been completed. Precise delivery rates of development will vary year on year and will be
kept under review via production of annual statements of land supply. Data correct as at 31/03/2023.

Appendix B - Schedule of Sites & Projected Delivery Rates (2023-2040) Trajectory from 2028/2040 Trajectory 2023-2028 Site reference ocation Allocated site with full Permission for two dwellings. Remaining 6 dwellings onsidered highly unlikely to be delivered as this would require demolition of 2 Garage site / Pipits Meadow Aldborough PF/19/1154 established business premises. No contact with owners, existing businesses on Allocated site in adopted Local Plan. Some early discussions with Housing Association concerning allocation and adjacent land being brought forward for affordable homes. Application anticipated during 2023 but too early to include in ВАСТ03 and adjacent to Beach Road, Bacton 20 20 five year supply. Likely to propose significanly more than 20 units due to inclusio of adjacent land as 'rural exception' proposal. Longstanding full planning permission which has been under construction for a PF/88/1996 64 60 Land at Hall Street, Briston umber of years and is now nearing completion. Completion expected in 23/24. PF/17/1265 BRI24 Has full planning permission for nine units, pre commencement conditions PF/15/1746 10 and at rear of Holly House, Briston discharged, site clearance works commenced. PF/19/1648 Planning application stalled due to drainage concerns . Currently considered CAT01 15 15 15 15 Catfield Land off Lea Road, Catfield inlikely to deliver. Full application by Housing Association pending determination. Nutrient COR01 38 and between Norwich Road & Adams Lane, Corpusty 18 38 18 20 Neutrality mitigation measures being developed. Applicant indicates PF/21/1990 ommencement soon after grant of no Small site owned by local house builder. Building out slowly depending on marke 09/0826 Burnt Hills, Cromer 13 13 12 3 3 Cromer 19941720 19961424 31 remaining units as part of base consent for 106 dwellings. Delivery of 19960965 Central Road, Cromer 99 46 31 remaining 31 would require relocation of existing commercial use. No sign of 19960292 ecent activity so not included with five year supply 19951110 22.002 Small site owned by local house builder. Building out at slow rate of 1-2 per year 20 13 1 2 19741952 romwell Road, Cromei PF/17/062 Site dormant for a number of years but now under construction. Developer 19901666 20 20 20 10 10 Cromer xpects approx two/three year build out to completion. Owner indicates existing use to be retained in the short term but site likely to C01 and adjacent to East Coast Motors, Beach Road, Cromer 40 40 become available in future years. Not included in the 5 year supply. Site has full planning permission and is under construction. Developer seeking to PO/15/0572 vary permission with view to early completion and at rear of Sutherland House, Overstrand Road, Crome 68 54 22 10 22 PM/17/0751 PO/ 18/1779 C07 Previous application for residential development withdrawn and site marketed by PO/19/0281 40 and at Jubilee Lane / Cromer High Station, Cromer wner. Alternative development proposals for commercial development pendin letermination. Not included in five year supply No evidence of development so not included in five year supply and between Louden Rd & Church Street, Cromer 15 20 20 No evidence of development so not included in five year supply ROS4 Land South of Louden Rd. Cromer Cromer 10 ED2 romer Football Club Mill Rd. Cromer Site developed as doctors surgery so not included in five year supply Site Allocated (800-900 dwellings) in the current plan. and North of Rudham Stile Lane, Fakenham. Remaining ssues around Nutrient Neutrality mitigation and infrastructure . Applicants 30 80 100 100 100 100 80 100 100 100 Fakenham 768 950 950 40 PO/17/0680 Allocation. Fakenham expect delivery at 50 p.a. at two areas on site, starting in 2/3 years subject to utrient issues being addressed Small site in private (mixed) ownership which may delay delivery, no current HAP07 and West of Whimpwell Street, Happisburgh 14 Happisburgh 14 developer interest. No exceptional development costs or infrastructure constraints but no evidence of likely delivery within five year period. PF/20/1345 and South Of Wells Road, Hindringham 11 11 Hindringham Commenced Development currently stalled but developer indicates recommencement in 83 and West of Woodfield Road, Holt 100 83 83 15 30 38 PM/15/0804 Spring 2025 with sales in late 2025 early 2026 Care Home. Under construction due for completion in early 2024. PF/20/2047 and To The North Of Hempstead Road, Holt 36 36 36 PO/18/1857 Reserved Matters Approved 21.06.2023. Lovell homes indicate commencement and Off Beresford Road, Holt 110 110 110 30 40 PM/22/2985 2023/24 and approx three year build out. Development is on-going with completion expected 2023/24 70 52 32 32 and off Hempstead Road, Holt 20 32 Drainage concerns delaying development. Currently unlikely to be developed in 26 26 26 26 26 PO/11/1505 and East of Abbot Road, Horning

					Plan	ning Sta	tus		Bu	ild Informatio	n		1	Trajecto	ory 202	23-2028					Traje	ctory fr	om 202	28/2040			Comments 2023			
Site reference	Parish	Location	New Local Plan Allocations	Adopted Plan Allocation target	Pre-application	Current pending	Outline planning permission	-ull planning permission	Completed before April 2023	Left to be built (inc under construction)	er Constructi	Total dwellings in 5yr supply	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2032/33	2033/34	2034/35	2035/36	2036/37	2037/38	2038/39	2039/40	Comment:	
PO/15/0539 PM/20/1641 - Pending	Hoveton	Land to the north of Tilia Business Park, Tunstead Road, Hoveton					28			28		28				14	14												Reserved Matters pending with LPA and NE.	Applicant has agreed Nutrient Neatrality propos
SN05	LittleSnoring	Land adjacent to Little Snoring Primary School, Kettlestone		10						10																			Allocated site but no evide	nce of likely application so not included in five ye
LUD01	Ludham	Road, Little Snoring Land South of School Road, Ludham		15			12			12		12				12													Site has full planning perm	ission. Owner has applied to vary details with view
PF/19/0991	Ludham			10			+																						commencement. Site is allocated but no ind	cation of likely application in short term so not
LUD06		Land at Eastern end of Grange Close, Ludham								10																			included in five year suppl	
NW28a	NorthWalsham	North Walsham Football Club, North Walsham		60				10		60		10		0	10														likelihood of residential de	velopment
PF/20/1781 PM/14/0854 75.001	Northrepps Overstrand	Land North Of Broadgate Close, Northrepps Hillingdon Park, Overstrand						19	4	6		19 6	2	9	10														Six plots remaining from o Little recent activity so ma	ne. Development has commenced d permission. Work recommenced on site in 2019 or not deliver within five years
ROU03/10 PO/14/0986 PF/19/1028 - Pending (Replacin Application RM/19/0359)	Roughton	Land at Back Lane, Roughton		30			30			30		30				15	15													tion Nutrient Nutrallity issues so development 2026/27 but could be earlier if NN issues address
PM/10/0295 PF/18/2053 PF/19/0191	West Runton	39 - 52 Renwick Park, West Runton						10	3	7		5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1											vith plots built out at 1-2 per year
SH04	Sheringham	Land adjoining Seaview Crescent, Sheringham		45						45																			Site allocated in adopted L	ocal Plan but no recent contact with owner who
SH06 PM/16/1725 PM/18/1502 PF/22/1928 - Pending	Sheringham	Land rear of Sheringham House, Sheringham		70				62		62		60				30	30	2											Full planning permission permission. Surface water	nas been granted but owner is seeking to vary drainage issues delaying issue of revised permiss etion within three years of approval
SH14 15/0114	Sheringham	Land at Holway Road, opposite Hazel Avenue, Sheringham		50				52	34	18		18	18																Site under construction. So	heduled for completion 2023/24
PF/14/0644	Sheringham	Land at Seaview Crescent, Sheringham						11	6	5		5	2	3															Site Under construction.	
PF/77/0968	Sheringham	The Esplanade, Sheringham						55	24	31																			Long standing permission	out no activity so not included in five year supply
PF/20/2483 PF/21/3141	Sheringham Sheringham	St Nicholas Nursing Home, Sheringham Land South Of Weybourne Road, Sheringham						13 39				39		39															Site under construction an	d scheduled for completion 2023/24
PF/21/3141	Sheringham	Land South Of Weybourne Road, Sheringham		12				24		12		24		24																d scheduled for completion 2023/24
SOU07 PF/20/1582	Southrepps Walcott	Land North of Thorpe Road, Southrepps Land off Ostend Road, Walcott		12				18		12		18			2	Ω	R													Affordable housing. The site is expected to be
WAL01	Walsingham	Land East of Wells Road, Walsingham		24				10		24		10					•												completed within the next No activity. Not considere	
PF/17/0729 -	WestRaynham	RAF West Raynham, Massingham Road, West Raynham				94				94		94			35	35	24													mission but site impacted by Nutrient Neutrality
Pending PF/19/0989	Warham	Development Land east of Stiffkey Road, Warham						12				12			6	6													permission held. Applicant Development commenced	persuing mitigation options
VEY09	Weybourne	Land South of Beck Close, Weybourne		4						4																			No current likelihood of de	•
	lan (Small Growth Vill	ages)	Y	400								122			38	40	44	42	43	41 41	43	42	39	39						settlements identified as small growth villages in if future housing growth is subject to examinatio ed in the five year supply.
E <mark>merging Local Pl</mark> BLA04/A	lan Allocations Blakeney	Land East of Langham Road, Blakeney	Y	30			+					30			10	20					+								All sites are proposed allo	ations in the proposed North Norfolk Local Plan
BRI01	Briston.	Land East of Astley School, Briston.	Υ	25								25				10													has been submitted for ex	amination. Evidence suggests that a number of th
3RI02	Briston	Land West of Astley School, Briston	Y	40								40				10	30				-	1					_			ne next five year period subject to the Plan being subject to examination they are not at this stag
C07/2 C16	NorwichRoad Cromer	Land at Cromer High Station, Norwich Road Former Golf Practice Ground, Overstrand Road, Cromer	Y	22 150			+					30		+			30	50	60	50	+	-					\dashv		included in the five year su	-
C22/2	Cromer	Land West of Pine Tree Farm, Cromer	Υ	400								10								83 84										
F01/B(Part)	Fakenham	Land North of Rudham Stile Lane, Fakenham	Y	560			+					0			10	30	15	_			10	30	50	77	160	100	100	100	_	
-10 -03	Fakenham Fakenham	Land South of Barons Close, Fakenham Land at Junction of A148 and B1146, Fakenham	Y	55 65			+					55 65		-	10	40	25	+	\dashv		+	+				+	\dashv	-+		
02	WellsRoad	Land Adjacent to Petrol Filling Station, Wells Road	Υ	70								40				10	30	30												
H17	Holt	Land North of Valley Lane, Holt	Y	27			+					27			13	14	20	60	60	60 10		-					_		_	
H20 HV01/B	Holt Hoveton	Land at Heath Farm, Holt Land East of Tunstead Road, Hoveton	Y	180 120	-		+					30 70				30			60 40		_	1	-							
UD01/A	Ludham	Land South of School Road, Ludham	Υ	20								0		†							\perp									
UD06/A	Ludham	Land at Eastern End of Grange Road	Υ	15								0									10									
IW01/B IW62	NorthWalsham	Land at Norwich Road & Nursery Drive, North Walsham	Y	416		-	-					120			40					70 40 100 10			100	160	100	100	160	100	17	
	NorthWalsham	Land West of North Walsham	Y	1800		-						90 30			10	30 20	bU :	100	100 1	100 10	U 160	100	100	160	100	100	100	100		
	Mundesley	Land off Cromer Road & Church Lane Mundesley	- Y	-411																										
MUN03 SH04	Mundesley Sheringham	Land off Cromer Road & Church Lane, Mundesley Land adjoining Seaview Crescent, Sheringham	Y	30 45								20		-	10		10	15	10											

					Planni	ing Stat	us		Build	Information	n			Trajecto	ry 2023-	-2028					Traj	ectory fr	om 202	8/2040					Comments 2023	
Site reference	Parish	Location	New Local Plan Allocations	Adopted Plan Allocation target	Pre-application discussion	Current pending application	Outline planning permission	Full planning permission	2023	Left to be built (inc under construction)	Under Construction	Total dwellings in 5yr supply	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30	2030/31	2031/32	2033/34	2034/35	2035/36	2036/37	2037/38	2038/39	2039/40	Beyond March 2040	Comment:
SH18/1B	Sheringham	Land South of Butts Lane, Sheringham	Υ	48								48			10	30	8													
ST19/A	Stalham	Land Adjacent Ingham Road, Stalham	Υ	70								70			10	30	30													
ST23/2	Stalham	Land North of Yarmouth Road, East of Broadbeach Gardens, Stalham	Υ	80								80		10	40	30														
W01/1	Wells-next-the-sea	Land South of Ashburton Close, Wells-next-the-sea	Υ	20								20		10	10															
W07/1	Wells-next-the-sea	Land Adjacent Holkham Road, Wells-next-the-sea	Υ	50								50		10	20	20														
Total from small sites (under 10 dwellings which already have planning permission)					644		590	150	189	187	61	3	1											82						
Future unidentified sites (windfall)				N/a								540		135	135 1	135	135	135	135	135 1	.35 13	5 135	135	135	135	135	135	135		Delivery rates not adjusted for Nutrient Nutrallity impact.
Totals		<u> </u>									:	3095	244	550	709 8	852	740	660	712	679 5	10 57	8 462	474	541	495	385	395	335	951	