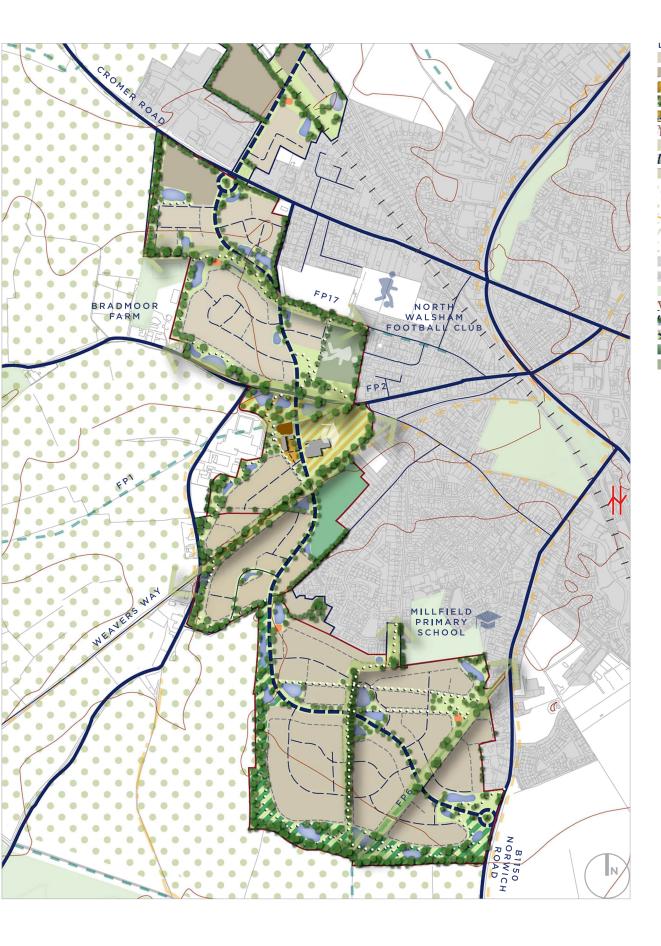
North Walsham Western Urban Extension

Project Number: 60685223

Appendix A – Masterplan



LEGEND Residentia**l** Emp**l**oyment Local Centre & Plaza Schoo**l** Link Road ----Proposed Vegetation Proposed Open Space Proposed Infiltration Basins i pi Proposed Footpath Link 1." Public Right of Way 1.1 Recreational Route Brid**l**eway Existing Road 1. Surrounding Countryside . . Urban Area ₹, North Walsham Train Station Existing Green or Open Space Secondary Local Facilities LEAP <u>____</u> NEAP ~ Allotments Sport Provision

Appendix B – Percentage Impact Assessment

			1									%	Impact Ass	essment														
						2029		AM P	eak Hour			2036						20	29		PM Pe	eak Hour			2036			
			D			DS				DM	D					DN		DS				D	Μ		S			
			Turn	Total V Arm	/ehicles Turn	Arm	% incr Turn	Arm	Turn	Total V Arm	•	Arm	% Turn	6 increase		Turn /	Total V Arm	/ehicles Turn Arm	Turn	% increas	e Arm	Turn	Total \ Arm	/ehicles Turn	Arm	% Turn	increase	Arm
	A to C		0		0)	0%		()	13	~~~	0%		AIII	15		2	-86%	6		3		21	~~~	600%	,	
	A to B A to D	N Prodfield	2	2	2	2	3% 0 0%	29/			8	54	700% 0%	53	F200%	4	10	4	-19	_	679/	4	7	16 32		300% 0%	62	886%
	B to A	N Bradfield	2	2	2	2	-5%	3%		3	33 19	54	533%		5300%	4	19	4	6 09 09		-67%	5		32 13		160%	62	880%
Junction 1 -	B to C		354		354		0% 4		372		293		-21%	63		558		564	19	-		571		476		-17%		
Bradfield Road / Cromer Road	B to D C to B	W Cromer	480	356	478	360	0% 0%	1%	507	375	126 375	438	0% -26%		17%	0 448	562	428	76 0% -5%		2%	475	576	197 348		0% -27%	110	19%
Priority Junction / Proposed Road	C to A		0		3	3	0% 8		(0	32		0%	1		0		0	09	_		0		15		0%		
r ropoodu riodu	C to D D to A	E Cromer	0	480	7	488	0%	2%	(507	101 45	508	0% 0%		0%	0	448	27 45 0	54 0% 0%		1%	0	475	99 20	462	0% 0%	-13	-3%
	D to B		0		7	,	0% 46		()	225		0%	343		0		4	09	_		0		185		0%		
	D to C Junction	Link Road	0	0 838	39	46 897	0%	- 7%	(0 0 883	73	343 1343	0%	460	- 52%	0	0 1029		2 09 158	6 22 29	- 3%	0	0 1058	86	291 1508	0%	291 450	43%
	A to B		78		69	9	-12% 43		83	3	0		-100%	9		93		102	109	6		87		0		-100%		
Junction 2 - Cromer	A to C B to A	W Cromer	277 132	355	329		-17%	12%	288 105		380	380	32% -100%		2%	481 123	574	490 59 84	-32%		3%	494 90		580	580	17% -100%	-1	0%
Road / Greens Road Priority	B to C	S Greens	30	161	37	-	27%	-9%	34		0	0	-100%	-139	-100%	60	183		50 109	_	-18%	54		0	0		-144	-100%
Junction	C to B C to A	E Cromer	69 350	419	70	-	1% 10%	8%	66 402	-	0 508	508	-100% 26%	40	9%	81 325	406	80 378 45	-19 58 169	_	13%	80 380		0 466	466	-100% 23%	6	1%
	Junction	E Croinei	350	935	303	997	63		402	978	508	888	2078	-90	-9%	323	400 1163		200	38	3%	380	1185	400	1046		-139	-12%
	A to D A to C		29 250		29 250		1% 0% 2		29 263		30 264		3% 0%	32		54 298		54 296	09	_		55 300		53 324		-4% 8%		
	A to B	N B1145	168	447	170	-	1%	0%	171	-	204	495	18%	52	7%	191	543		43 19	_	0%	194	549	209		8%	37	7%
	B to D		55		62		13%		54	_	53		-2%	55		137		152	119	_		145		143		-1%		
Junction 3 - B1145 / A149 / A149	B to C B to A	W Cromer	174 95	324	223 97		28% 58 2%	18%	176	_	210 125	388	19% 21%	55	17%	263 141	542	268 148 56	68 59	_	5%	264 154		276 181		5% 18%	37	7%
Cromer Road /	C to D		0		0)	0%		(0	0		0%			23		20	-139	_		30		29		-3%		
Cromer Road Signalised Junction	C to B C to A	S A149	235 250	485	265	-	13% 29 0%	6%	283	-	285 284	569	1% 5%	15	3%	213 258	494	264 233 51	249 17 -99		5%	266 279		252 283		-5% 1%	-11	-2%
	D to C		2		2	2	15%		2	2	2		0%			9		9	19	6		9		9		0%		
	D to B D to A	E Cromer	6	11	6	5 5 11	0% 0 2%	3%	6	5 3 11	6	11	0% 0%	0	0%	9	18	9	8 09	_	1%	9	18	9	18	0% 0%	0	0%
	Junction	E Oronner	5	1267		1356	89			1361		1463	070	102	7%	0	1597		i47	51	3%	Ű	1705	0	1768	070	63	4%
	A to D A to C		140		140		0% 0% 0		148	3	148		0% 0%	0		149		149	09			148		148		0% 0%		
	A to B	N Mundesley	0	140	0	140	0%	0%	(148	0	148	0%	Ŭ	0%	0	149	0 14	49 09	-	0%	0	148	0	148	0%	0	0%
Junction 4 - Cromer	B to D B to C		31		34	-	11% 0% 8		32	2	32		0% 0%	-3		97		101	49	_		98		99		1% 0%		
Road / Mundesley Road / Market	B to C	W Cromer	44	74	48	83	11%	11%	43	3 75	40	72	-7%	5	-4%	71	168	82 18	83 169	_	9%	74	172	73	172	-1%	0	0%
Street / Aylsham	C to D C to B		126		124		-2% 0% -1		134	1	127		-5% 0%	19		133		123	-79			138		140	-	1% 0%		
Road Signalised Junction	C to A	S Aylsham	249	375	250	374	0%	0%	258	3 392	284	411	10%	15	5%	265	398	251 37		_	-6%	282	420	295	435	5%	15	4%
	D to C		0		0)	0% 0% 0		(0	0		0%	0		0		0	09			0		0		0%		
	D to B D to A	E Market	0	0	0	0	0% 0 0%	0%	(0	0	0	0% 0%	0	0%	0	0	0 (09		0%	0	0	0	0	0% 0%	0	0%
	Junction			590		596	7	1%		615		631	004	16	3%		715	70	05	-9	-1%		740		755	00/	15	2%
	A to B A to C	E Aylsham	0	0	0	0	0% 0%	0%	(0	0	0	0% 0%	0	0%	0	0	0	09		0%	0	0	0	0	0% 0%	0	0%
Junction 5 - Aylsham Road /	B to A		141		144	-	2% 3		146	-	172	•	18%	26	4004	115		100	-139	-	1001	115		147	-	28%	20	000/
Park Lane Priority Junction	B to C C to B	W Aylsham	0 150	141	143) 144 3	-5%	2%	168) 146 3	0 208	172	0% 24%	20	18%	0 127	115	0 10 146	00 09		-13%	0 133	115	0 138	147	0% 4%	32	28%
Sunoton	C to A	S Park	235		230	373	-2%	-3%	247	415	237		-4%	30	7%	284		275 42	22 -39	6 10	3%	306	439	288	426		-13	-3%
	Junction A to B		110	526	104	517	-9		123	561	160	617	30%	56	10%	93	526	107	22 159	-4	-1%	98	554	105	573	7%	19	3%
Junction 6 -	A to C	E Aylsham	39		38	142	-3%	-5%	44	167	47	207	7%	40	24%	34	127	39 14	46 149	<mark>6</mark> 19	15%	37	135	33	138	-11%	3	2%
Aylsham Road /	B to A B to C	W Aylsham	132	135	136	138	<u>3%</u> 4	3%	137	2 139	162 3	165	18% 50%	26	19%	99 11	110	84 7 9	-159	_	-17%	97 10		130 13		34% 30%	36	34%
Skeyton New Road Priority Junction	C to B	-	3		3	8	2% 0			3	3		0%	0		5		5	-19	6		5		5		0%		
	C to A Junction	S Skeyton	10	13 297	10	13 293	-1% -4	-1%	1(0 13 319	10	13 385	0%	66	0% 21%	16	21 258	16 2 25	1 09 58	60 0	0% 0%	17	22 264	17	22 303	0%	0 39	0% 15%
	A to D		73	201	52	2	-28%		77	7	0		-100%		2170	86	200	82	-5%	6	070	82		0		-100%		
	A to C A to B	N Greens	25 50	148	32	-	26% -9 10%	-6%	24 49	-	0	0	-100% -100%	-150	-100%	23 65	174	32 69 18	389 83 69		5%	20 65		0	0	-100% -100%	-167	-100%
Junction 7 - B1145	B to D	N OICEIIS	131	0+1	114		-13%	-076	137		194		42%		10070	103	174	98	-5%		370	115		201	-	75%	107	100 /0
Aylsham Road /	B to C B to A	W Aylsham	0	162	10		0% 0 22%	0%	() 171	0	194	0% -100%	23	13%	5 46	154	5 59 16	39 61 269		5%	6 41	162	6	207	0% -100%	45	28%
Aylsham Road / Greens Road /	C to D	w Ayishan	31	102	29		-14%	0%	34		34	194	-100%		13%	46	104	14	-279		5%	41 21		36	207	-100%	40	20%
Tungate Road Crossroads	C to B	C Turnerst	4	40	4	40	-1% 0	001	4	1	4	0	0%	-5	400/	4	40	4	-69	_	400/	4	47	4	40	0%	_	150/
lunction	C to A	S Tungate	5	43	10	43	96%	0%	:	43	0	38	-100%		-12%	23	46	23 4	1 49	<mark>6</mark> -5	-10%	22	47	0	40	-100%	-7	-15%

Junction	D to C		13		10	-21%			12		38		217%			13		12		-11%		16	31		94%		
	D to B D to A	E Aylsham	126 128	267	126 103 240	0% -19%	-28	-10%	142 105	259	230	268	62% -100%	9	3%	81 115	209	78 67	157	-4% -41% -52	-25%	81 82 179	173	204	114% -100%	25	14%
	Junction	E / Gionam		619	582	1070	-37	-6%		623		500	10070	-123	-20%		583		542	-41	-7%	555	Ū	451	10070	-104	-19%
	A to B A to C	E Aylsham	90 12	102	84 12 96	-7% -4%	-7	-6%	98 14	112	121 24	145	23% 71%	33	29%	66 18	85	63 29	91	-6% 56% 7	8%	48 25 73	81 20	101	69% -20%	28	38%
Junction 8 - Aylsham Road /	B to A		81	102	81	0%	-41	070	85	112	107	145	26%	-24	2370	70	00	58	51	-17%	070	74	83	101	12%	20	3070
Station Road	B to C C to B	W Aylsham	156 177	237	115 196 157	-26% -12%		-17%	162 163	247	116 109	223	-28% -33%		-10%	139 144	209	135 95	193	-2% -15 -34%	-7%	146 220 130	100 60	183	-32% -54%	-37	-17%
Priority Junction	C to B	S Station	39	216	42 199	8%	-17	-8%	41	204	43	152	-33 %	-52	-25%		214	93 50	145	-29% -69	-32%	58 188	100	160	-54 % 72%	-28	-15%
	Junction A to B		2	555	491	0%	-65	-12%	2	563	0	520	20.0%	-43	-8%	2	507	2	429	-78	-15%	481	2	444	09/	-37	-8%
	A to B	E Skeyton	46	49	46 49	0%	0	0%	48	51	9 41	50	200% -15%	-1	-2%	44	46	44	46	0% 0% 0	0%	48 50	49	51	0% 2%	1	2%
Junction 9 - Station Road / Skeyton	B to A	N Otation	5	407	5	2%	-40	0.4%	5	470	5	140	0%	-36	0001	3	457	6	101	115%	50/	3	3	400	0%	50	0494
New Road Priority Junction	B to C C to B	N Station	162 214	167	122 128 197	-25% -8%	40	-24%	171 202	176	135 144	140	-21% -29%	00	-20%	154 212	157	158 143	164	3% 7 -32%	5%	170 173 186	117 160	120	-31% -14%	-53	-31%
ounotion	C to A	S Station	10	224	10 208	3%	-16	-7%	13	215	11	155	-15%	-60	-28%	14	225	11	154	-20% -71	-32%	18 204	17	177	-6%	-27	-13%
	Junction A to D		1	440	384	0%	-56	-13%	1	442	1	345	0%	-97	-22%	0	428	0	364	-64 0%	-15%	427 0	0	348	0%	-79	-19%
	A to C		0		0	0%	0		0		0		0%	0		0		0		0%		0	0		0%		
	A to B B to D	N Oak	2	3	2 3 138	0% -17%		0%	2 178	3	2	3	0% -8%		0%	8 152	8	8 158	8	0% 0 4%	0%	8 8 158	8	8	0% -6%	0	0%
Junction 10 -	B to C		42		31	-26%	-40		43		12		-72%	-46		43		41		-5%		57	13		-77%		
Station Road / Oak Road / Skeyton	B to A C to D	W Station	0 28	208	0 169 28	0% 0%		-19%	0	221	0	175	0% -27%		-21%	3 20	198	3 22	202	0% 4 12%	2%	3 218 22	33	165	0% 50%	-53	-24%
Road Crossroads	C to B		64		65	1%	1		64		18		-72%	-54		32		33		4%		33	75		127%		
Junction	C to A D to C	S Skeyton	0	92	0 93 36	0% -3%		1%	0 43	94	0	40	0% -26%		-57%	0	52	0 41	56	0% 4 0%	7%	0 55 38	0 73	108	0% 92%	53	96%
	D to B		157		140	-11%	-17		151		135		-11%	-28		185		113		-39%		163	95		-42%		
	D to A Junction	E Station	13	207 511	14 191 455	11%	-56	-8% -11%	19	213 531	18	185 403	-5%	-128	-13% -24%	4	230 488	4	159 425	0% -72 -64	-31% -13%	4 205 486	4	172 453	0%	-33 -33	-16% -7%
	A to D		25	511	20	-17%	-30	-1170	25	551	23	400	-8%	-120	-2470	18	400	18	423	-2%	-1378	20	20	400	0%	-00	-178
	A to C		143 15		130	-9% -15%	-29		155 15		146 15		-6% 0%	-25		132	_	150 12		14% -2%		136	137 20		1% 54%		
	A to B A to A	N Station	12	195	3 166	-76%		-15%	15	210	15	185	-93%		-12%		172	12	181	-2%	5%	10 179	3	180	-70%	1	1%
	B to D		0		0	0%			0		0		0%			2	-	2		0%		2	2		0%		
Junction 11 -	B to C B to A		21 64		21 64	0% 0%	0		23 65		23 76		0% 17%	11		10	-	2		<u> </u>		10	2		0% 0%		
Station Road /	B to B	W Morris	0	85	0 85	0%		0%	0	88	0	99	0%		13%	0	14	0	14	0% 0	0%	0 14	0	14	0%	0	0%
Millfield Road / Morris Road Mini-	C to D C to B		0		13	0% 42%	40		0 13		0		0% -8%	15		0	-	0		0% 3%		5	0		0% 0%		
roundabout	C to A		132		120	-9%	-19		136		102		-25%	-45		168		108		-36%		141	111		-21%		
	C to C D to C	S Millfield	11 0	152	0 133	-100% 0%		-12%	10 0	159	0	114	-100% 0%		-28%	3	175	0	112	-100% -62 0%	-36%	4 150 0	0	116	-100% 0%	-34	-23%
	D to B		0		0	0%	4		0		0		0%	12		0		0		0%		0	0		0%		
	D to A D to D	E Station	0	0	0 4	0% 0%		0%	0	0	12	12	0% 0%		#DIV/0!	43 0	43	40	40	-7%	-7%	43 0 43	48	48	12% 0%	5	12%
	Junction			432	388		-44	-10%		457		410		-47	-10%		403		347	-57	-14%	386		358		-28	-7%
Junction 12 -	A to B A to C	N Norwich	73 311	384	78 334 412	7% 7%	28	7%	92 356	448	81 387	468	-12% 9%	20	4%	56 417	472	54 429	483	-3% 3% 11	2%	80 443 523	113 516	629	41% 16%	106	20%
B1150 Norwich	B to A		86		73	-16%	-34		92		119		29%	-25		39		45		15%		55	74		35%		
Road / Millfield Road Priority	B to C C to B	W Millfield	124 104	210	103 176 78	-17% -25%	10	-16%	130 92	222	78 60	197	-40% -35%		-11%	71 141	109	78 83	123	10% 13 -41%	12%	63 118 102	43 32	117	-32% -69%	-1	-1%
Junction	C to A	S Norwich	332		371 449	12%	13	3%	356	448	429	489	21%	41	9%	396	537	395	478	0% -59	-11%	457 559	431	463	-6%	-96	-17%
	Junction A to B		25	1029	29	18%	8	1%	25	1118	32	1154	28%	36	3%	42	1119	41	1083	-35	-3%	1200 47	45	1209	-4%	9	1%
Junction 13 -	A to C	N Norwich	383	408	413 442	8%	33	8%	447	472	466	498	4%	26	6%	469	511	481	522	2% 11	2%	516 563	626	671	21%	108	19%
B1150 Norwich Road / Station	B to A B to C	W Station	71	71	67 0 67	-5% 0%	-4	-5%	74	74	63 1	64	-15% 0%	-10	-14%	43	47	41 3	44	-5% -11% -2	-5%	49 4 53	48	52	-2% 0%	-1	-2%
Road Priority	C to B		2		2	10%	25		1		5		400%	98		10		9		-15%		12	13		8%		
Junction	C to A Junction	S Norwich	410	412 891	435 437 946	6%	55	6% 6%	452	453 999	546	551 1113	21%	114	22% 11%		427 985	426	435 1001	2% 8 16	2% 2%	502 514 1130	494	507 1230	-2%	-7 100	-1% 9%
	A to D		66		64	-3%		0,0	76		77		1%			60		60		0%	270	65	67	.200	3%		0,0
	A to C A to B	E Norwich	219 152	437	213 150 427	-3% -1%	-11	-2%	268 182	526	270 189	536	1% 4%	10	2%	223 118	401	224 117	400	1% -1% -1	0%	257 141 463	317 147	531	23% 4%	68	15%
	B to D	LINOIWICH	143	407	151	5%		-2.70	153	520	165	550	8%		2 70	279	401	279	400	0%	078	272	288	551	6%	00	1378
Junction 14 -	B to C	N A 140	160	124	197 125 473	23% 3%	49	110/	168 129	450	172 140	477	2% 9%	27	6%	233 63	575	240 59	577	3% -7% 2	0%	238 60 570	241 70	599	1%	29	59/
B1150 Norwich Road / A149 /	B to A C to D	N A149	121 50	424	125 473 50	3% 0%		11%	56	450	140	4//	9% 93%		6%	52	575	59 53	511	-7% 2 3%	0%	60 570 60	70 94	288	17% 57%	29	5%
Norwich Road Signalised Junction	C to B		154	477	181	18%	23	50/	184	500	170	600	-8%	73	1.40/	148	450	171	405	15%	00/	204	167	E 44	-18%	14	00/
	C to A D to C	W Norwich	273 29	477	269 500 32	-2% 10%		5%	290 36	530	325 51	603	12% 42%		14%	253 55	453	240 59	465	-5% 11 6%	2%	288 552 65	280 114	541	-3% 75%	-11	-2%
	D to B	0.4440	179	005	181	1%	5	404	184	0.45	207	200	13%	48	4.407	228		231	000	1%	404	230	244	450	6%		470/
	D to A Junction	S A149	126	335 1674	126 340 1739	0%	66	1% 4%	125	345 1851	135	393 2009	8%	158	14% 9%		378 1808	94	383 1825	-1% 5 17	1% 1%	95 390 1975	100	458 2129	5%	68 154	17% 8%
																								-			

	A to B		61		63		5%			64		63		-2%			51		50		-1%			78		87		12%		
	A to C		22		24		8%	5		22		32		45%	9		20		20		0%			20	ī	33		65%		
	A to A	N King's	0	82	0	87	0%		6%	0	86	0	95	0%		10%	0	71	0	70	0%	0	0%	0	98	0	120	0%	22	22%
Junction 15 -	B to A		196		193		-1%			203		199		-2%			166		172		3%			183		155		-15%		
Grammar School Road / King's Arms	B to C		310		314		1%	0		323		384		19%	55		240		220		-9%			257		293		14%		
Street Mini-	B to B	W Grammar	15	521	14	521	-7%		0%	19	545	17	600	-11%		10%	4	411	1	392	-75%	-18	-4%	5	445	3	451	-40%	6	1%
roundabout	C to B		364		352		-3%			445		460		3%			351		351		0%			382		441		15%		
	C to A		127		123		-4%	-17		156		181		16%	40		155		160		3%			181		185		2%		
	C to C	E Grammar	0	492	0	475	0%		-3%	0	601	0	641	0%		7%	0	506	0	511	0%	5	1%	0	563	0	626	0%	63	11%
	Junction			1095		1083		-12	-1%		1232		1336		104	8%		987		973		-14	-1%		1106		1197		91	8%
	A to B		145		148		2%	1		160		183		14%	34		93		90		-3%			99		106		7%		
Junction 22 -	A to C	S B1145	203	348	201	349	-1%		0%	216	376	227	410	5%		9%	306	399	292	383	-4%	-16	-4%	336	435	358	464	7%	29	7%
B1145 / Laundry	B to A		77		77		0%	0		83		89		7%	6		165		166		1%			165		187		13%		
Loke Priority	B to C	W Laundry	0	77	0	77	0%		0%	0	83	0	89	0%		7%	8	173	8	174	-1%	1	1%	8	173	8	195	0%	22	13%
Junction	C to B	NEWS	12		12		0%	1	00/	12		12		0%	27		6	004	5		-16%		001	5		5	105	0%	10	
	C to A	N B1145	370	382	371	383	0%	2	0%	380	392	407	419	7%	07	7%	378	384	378	383	0%	-1	0%	384	389	400	405	4%	16	4%
	Junction		17	808	47	809	00/	2	0%	10	851	18	918	50/	67	8%	4	956	4	940	00/	-16	-2%	4	997	4	1064	00/	67	7%
	A to D A to C		17		184		0%	0		19		207		-5%	14		120		121		0%			124	-	132		6%		
	A to B	N B1145	49	250	/0	250	0%	0	0%	50	264	53	278	6%	14	5%	39	164	39	164	0%	0	0%	41	169	40	176	-2%	7	4%
	B to D	N B1145	52		52	230	0%		070	54	204	53	210	-2%		570	15	104	15	104	1%	0	070	16	103	16	170	-2 %	'	470
hursting 00	B to D		179		180		0%	0		181		194		7%	10		155		155		0%			158	-	163		3%		
Junction 23 - B1145 / Lyngate	B to A	E Lyngate	48	280	48	280	-1%	-	0%	50	285	48	295	-4%		4%	70	240	70	240	0%	1	0%	73	247	72	251	-1%	4	2%
Road / Folgate	C to D		26		26		-1%			27		26		-4%			15		14		-10%		• / •	16		18		13%		
Road Staggered	C to B		56		56		0%	-17		59		60		2%	-17		150		146		-3%			163		172		6%		
Crossroads	C to A	S B1145	120	202	119	201	-1%		-1%	131	217	142	228	8%		5%	148	313	140	299	-6%	-17	-4%	161	340	175	365	9%	-17	7%
	D to C		19		19		0%			19		19		0%			109		107		-2%			110		109		-1%		
	D to B		21		21		1%	0		21		21		0%	0		67		67		0%			68		68		0%		
	D to A	W Folgate	13	53	13	53	-1%		0%	13	53	13	53	0%		0%	21	197	21	195	0%	-2	-1%	21	199	21	198	0%	-1	-1%
	Junction			785		784		-1	0%		819		854		35	4%		913		898		-15	-2%		955		990		35	4%

			1								% Impact	Assessmer	nt (with Mi	tigation)	1												
					2029		AM Pe	ak Hour			2036						2029			PM Pe	ak Hour			2036			
			DM		DS	~ .			M		S				DI		DS	4			DI			S			
			Total Turn Arm	Vehicles Turn	Arm	% increa	Arm	Turn	Arm	/ehicles Turn	Arm	Turn	% increase	Arm	Turn /	Total V Arm	/ehicles Turn Arm	Turn	% increase	Arm	Turn	Total V Arm	ehicles Turn	Arm	Turn %	increase	Arm
	A to C		0	0	1	0%		0		13		0%			15		2	-86%			3		21		600%		
	A to B A to D	N Bradfield	2	2	2	3% 0 0%	3%	1	1	8	54	700% 0%	53	5300%	4	19	4	-1% 0%	-13	-67%	4	7	16 32	69	300% 0%	62	886%
	B to A		2	2	1	-5%		3		19		533%			4		4	0%			5		13		160%		
Junction 1 - Bradfield Road /	B to C B to D	W Cromer	354 0 356	354	360	<u> 0% 4</u> <u> 0%</u>	1%	372	375	293 126	438	-21% 0%	63	17%	558	562	564 8 576	1% 0%	14	2%	571	576	476 197	686	-17% 0%	110	19%
Cromer Road	C to B		480	478		0%	170	507	010	375	100	-26%		1170	448	002	428	-5%		270	475	010	348	000	-27%	110	1070
Priority Junction / Proposed Road	C to A C to D	E Cromer	0 480	3	488	0% 8 0%	2%	0	507	32 101	508	0% 0%	1	0%	0	448	0 27 454	0% 0%	6	1%	0	475	15 99	462	0% 0%	-13	-3%
	D to A	E oformer	0	0	400	0%	270	0	307	45	500	0%		070	0	110	0	0%	0	170	0	475	20	402	0%	10	070
	D to B D to C	Link Road	0 0	7	46	0% 46		0	0	225 73	343	0% 0%	343		0	0	4 18 22	0% 0%	22		0	0	185 86	291	0% 0%	291	
	Junction	LINK KOAU	838		897	59	7%	0	883	13	1343	078	460	52%	0	1029	1058	078	29	3%	0	1058	00	1508	078	450	43%
	A to B A to C	W Cromer	78 277 355	69 329		-12% 19%	12%	83 288	-	0	380	-100% 32%	9	2%	93 481	574	102 490 593	10% 2%	19	3%	87 494	581	0 580	580	-100% 17%	-1	0%
Junction 2 - Crome	B to A	W Cromer	132	110	1	-17% -14	12%	105		0	360	-100%	-139	270	123	574	84 593	-32%	19	3%	494 90	301	0	560	-100%	-1	0%
Road / Greens Road Priority	B to C C to B	S Greens	30 161 69	37 70	147	27%	-9%	34 66		0	0	-100%	-133	-100%	60 81	183	66 150 80	10% -1%	-33	-18%	54 80	144	0	0		-144	-100%
Junction	C to B	E Cromer	350 419	383	-	1% 10% 34	8%	402	-	508	508	-100% 26%	40	9%	325	406	378 458	16%	52	13%	380	460	466	466	-100% 23%	6	1%
	Junction A to D		935 29	29	997	63	7%	29	978	30	888	3%	-90	-9%	54	1163	1200 54	0%	38	3%	55	1185	53	1046	-4%	-139	-12%
	A to D		250	29		0% 2		29		264		0%	32		298		296	0%			300		324		-4%		
	A to B	N B1145	168 447 55	170		1% 13%	0%	171	463	201 53	495	18%		7%	191 137	543	193 543 152	1% 11%	0	0%	194 145	549	209 143	586	8%	37	7%
Junction 3 - B1145	B to D B to C		174	62 223		28% 58		54 176		210		-2% 19%	55		263		268	2%			264		276		-1% 5%		
/ A149 / A149	B to A	W Cromer	95 324	97	382	2%	18%	103	333	125	388	21%		17%	141	542	148 568	5%	27	5%	154	563	181	600	18%	37	7%
Cromer Road / Cromer Road	C to D C to B		0 235	0 265) ;	0% 13% 29		283		285		0% 1%	15		23 213		20 264	-13% 24%			30 266		29 252		-3% -5%		
Signalised Junction	CIUA	S A149	250 485	249	514	0%	6%	271	554	284	569	5%		3%	258	494	233 517	-9%	24	5%	279	575	283	564		-11	-2%
	D to C D to B		2	2		15% 0% 0		2		2		0% 0%	0		9		9	1% 2%			9		9		0% 0%		
	D to A	E Cromer	3 11	3	11	2%	3%	3	11	3	11	0%		0%	0	18	0 18	0%	0	1%	0	18	0	18	0%	0	0%
	Junction A to D		1267	140	1356	89 0%	7%	148	1361	148	1463	0%	102	7%	149	1597	1647 149	0%	51	3%	148	1705	148	1768	0%	63	4%
	A to C		0	0	1	0% 0		0		0	1	0%	0		0		0	0%			0		0		0%		
	A to B B to D	N Mundesley	0 140 31	0	140	0% 11%	0%	0	148	0	148	0% 0%		0%	0 97	149	0 149 101	0% 4%	0	0%	0 98	148	0 99	148	0% 1%	0	0%
Junction 4 - Crome Road / Mundesley	r B to C		0	0	1	0% 8		0		0		0%	-3		0		0	0%			0		0		0%		
Road / Market	B to A C to D	W Cromer	44 74 126	48	83	11% -2%	11%	43 134	75	40 127	72	-7% -5%		-4%	71 133	168	82 183 123	16% -7%	15	9%	74 138	172	73 140	172	-1% 1%	0	0%
Street / Aylsham Road Signalised	C to B		0	0	I	0% -1		0		0		0%	19		0		0	0%			0		0		0%		
Junction	C to A D to C	S Aylsham	249 375	250	374	0% 0%	0%	258	392	284	411	10% 0%		5%	265	398	251 374	-5% 0%	-24	-6%	282	420	295	435	5% 0%	15	4%
	D to B		0	0)	0% 0		0		0		0%	0		0		0	0%			0		0		0%		
	D to A Junction	E Market	0 0 590	0	0 596	0%	0% 1%	0	0 615	0	0 631	0%	16	0% 3%	0	0 715	0 0 705	0%	0 -9	0% -1%	0	0 740	0	0 755	0%	0 15	0% 2%
	A to B		0	0	000	0% 0	170	0	010	0	001	0%	0	070	0	710	0	0%	5	170	0	0.11	0	100	0%	10	270
Junction 5 -	A to C B to A	E Aylsham	0 0 141	0	0	0% 2%	0%	0 146	0	0	0	0% 18%	-	0%	0 115	0	0 0 100	0% -13%	0	0%	0 115	0	0	0	0% 28%	0	0%
Aylsham Road / Park Lane Priority	P to C	W Aylsham	0 141	0	144	2 /8 0%	2%	0	146	0	172	0%	26	18%	0	115	0 100	0%	-15	-13%	0	115	0	147	0%	32	28%
Junction	C to B C to A	S Park	150 235 385	143 230	-	-5% -2%	-3%	168 247		208 237	445	24% -4%	30	7%	127 284	411	146 275 422	15% -3%	10	3%	133 306	439	138 288	426	4% -6%	-13	-3%
	Junction	Oran	526		517	-270	-2%		561		617		56	10%		526	522		-4	-1%		554		573		19	3%
	A to B A to C	E Aylsham	110 39 149	104 38	-	-6% -3%	-5%	123 44		160 47	207	30% 7%	40	24%	93 34	127	107 39 146	15% 14%	19	15%	98 37	135	105 33	138	7% -11%	3	2%
Junction 6 - Aylsham Road /	B to A	L Aylonani	132	136	6	3% 4		137		162		18%	26	2-170	99	121	84	-15%	13	1370	97		130		34%	0	270
Skeyton New Road	B to C C to B	W Aylsham	2 135	2	138	-2% 4 2%	3%	2	139	3	165	50% 0%	20	19%	11 5	110	7 91	-39% -1%	-19	-17%	10	107	13	143	30% 0%	36	34%
Priority Junction	C to B C to A	S Skeyton	3 10 13	3 10	13	-1% 0	-1%	3 10	13	3 10	13	0%	0	0%	5 16	21	5 16 21	-1%	0	0%	5 17	22	5 17	22	0%	0	0%
	Junction A to D		297 73	52	293	-4	-1%	77	319	0	385	-100%	66	21%	86	258	258 82	50/	0	0%	82	264	0	303	-100%	39	15%
	A to D		25	32		-28% 26% -9		24		0		-100%	-150		23		32	-5% 38%			20		0		-100%		
	A to B	N Greens	50 148	55		10%	-6%	49 137	150	0	0	-100%		-100%	65	174	69 183 98	6%	8	5%	65 115	167	0 201	0		-167	-100%
Junction 7 - B1145 Aylsham Road /	B to D B to C		131 0	114 10		-13% 0% 0		0		194 0		42% 0%	23		103 5		5	-5% 3%			115 6		201		75% 0%		
Aylsham Road /	B to A	W Aylsham	31 162	37		22%	0%	34		0	194	-100%		13%	46	154	59 161 14	26%	7	5%	41	162	0	207	-100%	45	28%
Greens Road / Tungate Road	C to D C to B		34	29 4		-14% -1% 0		34 4	-	34		0% 0%	-5		19 4		4	-27% -6%			21 4		36 4		71% 0%		
Crossroads	C to A	S Tungate	5 43	10	43	96%	0%	5	43	0	38	-100%		-12%	23	46	23 41	4%	-5	-10%	22	47	0	40	-100%	-7	-15%

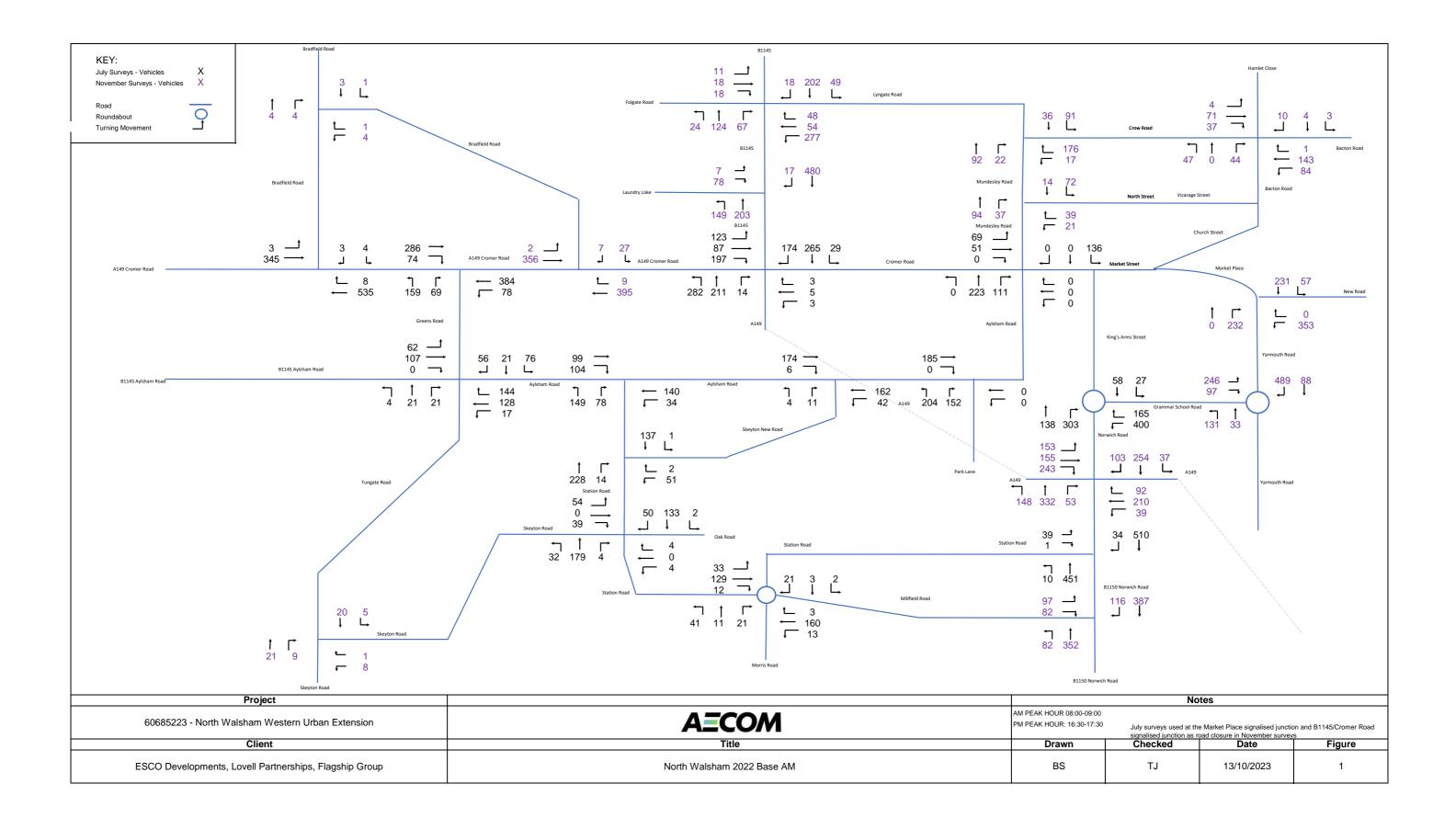
Junction	D to C		13		10	-21%			12		38		217%			13		12		-11%		16	31		94%		
	D to B D to A	E Aylsham	126 128	267	126 103 240	0% -19%	-28	-10%	142 105	259	230	268	62% -100%	9	3%	81 115	209	78 67	157	-4% -41% -52	-25%	81 82 179	173	204	114% -100%	25	14%
	Junction	E / Gionam		619	582	1070	-37	-6%		623		500	10070	-123	-20%		583		542	-41	-7%	555	Ū	451	10070	-104	-19%
	A to B A to C	E Aylsham	90 12	102	84 12 96	-7% -4%	-7	-6%	98 14	112	121 24	145	23% 71%	33	29%	66 18	85	63 29	91	-6% 56% 7	8%	48 25 73	81 20	101	69% -20%	28	38%
Junction 8 - Aylsham Road /	B to A		81	102	81	0%	-41	070	85	112	107	145	26%	-24	2370	70	00	58	51	-17%	070	74	83	101	12%	20	3070
Station Road	B to C C to B	W Aylsham	156 177	237	115 196 157	-26% -12%		-17%	162 163	247	116 109	223	-28% -33%		-10%	139 144	209	135 95	193	-2% -15 -34%	-7%	146 220 130	100 60	183	-32% -54%	-37	-17%
Priority Junction	C to B	S Station	39	216	42 199	8%	-17	-8%	41	204	43	152	-33 %	-52	-25%		214	93 50	145	-29% -69	-32%	58 188	100	160	-54 % 72%	-28	-15%
	Junction A to B		2	555	491	0%	-65	-12%	2	563	0	520	20.0%	-43	-8%	2	507	2	429	-78	-15%	481	2	444	09/	-37	-8%
	A to B	E Skeyton	46	49	46 49	0%	0	0%	48	51	9 41	50	200% -15%	-1	-2%	44	46	44	46	0% 0% 0	0%	48 50	49	51	0% 2%	1	2%
Junction 9 - Station Road / Skeyton	B to A	N Otation	5	407	5	2%	-40	0.4%	5	470	5	140	0%	-36	0001	3	457	6	101	115%	50/	3	3	400	0%	50	0494
New Road Priority Junction	B to C C to B	N Station	162 214	167	122 128 197	-25% -8%	40	-24%	171 202	176	135 144	140	-21% -29%	00	-20%	154 212	157	158 143	164	3% 7 -32%	5%	170 173 186	117 160	120	-31% -14%	-53	-31%
ounotion	C to A	S Station	10	224	10 208	3%	-16	-7%	13	215	11	155	-15%	-60	-28%	14	225	11	154	-20% -71	-32%	18 204	17	177	-6%	-27	-13%
	Junction A to D		1	440	384	0%	-56	-13%	1	442	1	345	0%	-97	-22%	0	428	0	364	-64 0%	-15%	427 0	0	348	0%	-79	-19%
	A to C		0		0	0%	0		0		0		0%	0		0		0		0%		0	0		0%		
	A to B B to D	N Oak	2	3	2 3 138	0% -17%		0%	2 178	3	2	3	0% -8%		0%	8 152	8	8 158	8	0% 0 4%	0%	8 8 158	8	8	0% -6%	0	0%
Junction 10 -	B to C		42		31	-26%	-40		43		12		-72%	-46		43		41		-5%		57	13		-77%		
Station Road / Oak Road / Skeyton	B to A C to D	W Station	0 28	208	0 169 28	0% 0%		-19%	0	221	0	175	0% -27%		-21%	3 20	198	3 22	202	0% 4 12%	2%	3 218 22	3	165	0% 50%	-53	-24%
Road Crossroads	C to B		64		65	1%	1		64		18		-72%	-54		32		33		4%		33	75		127%		
Junction	C to A D to C	S Skeyton	0	92	0 93 36	0% -3%		1%	0 43	94	0	40	0% -26%		-57%	0	52	0 41	56	0% 4 0%	7%	0 55 38	0 73	108	0% 92%	53	96%
	D to B		157		140	-11%	-17		151		135		-11%	-28		185		113		-39%		163	95		-42%		
	D to A Junction	E Station	13	207 511	14 191 455	11%	-56	-8% -11%	19	213 531	18	185 403	-5%	-128	-13% -24%	4	230 488	4	159 425	0% -72 -64	-31% -13%	4 205 486	4	172 453	0%	-33 -33	-16% -7%
	A to D		25	511	20	-17%	-30	-1170	25	551	23	400	-8%	-120	-2470	18	400	18	423	-2%	-1378	20	20	400	0%	-00	-178
	A to C		143 15		130	-9% -15%	-29		155 15		146 15		-6% 0%	-25		132	_	150 12		14% -2%		136	137 20		1% 54%		
	A to B A to A	N Station	12	195	3 166	-76%		-15%	15	210	15	185	-93%		-12%		172	12	181	-2%	5%	10 179	3	180	-70%	1	1%
	B to D		0		0	0%			0		0		0%			2	-	2		0%		2	2		0%		
Junction 11 -	B to C B to A		21 64		21 64	0% 0%	0		23 65		23 76		0% 17%	11		10	-	2		<u> </u>		10	2		0% 0%		
Station Road /	B to B	W Morris	0	85	0 85	0%		0%	0	88	0	99	0%		13%	0	14	0	14	0% 0	0%	0 14	0	14	0%	0	0%
Millfield Road / Morris Road Mini-	C to D C to B		0		13	0% 42%	40		0 13		0		0% -8%	15		0	-	0		0% 3%		5	0		0% 0%		
roundabout	C to A		132		120	-9%	-19		136		102		-25%	-45		168		108		-36%		141	111		-21%		
	C to C D to C	S Millfield	11 0	152	0 133	-100% 0%		-12%	10 0	159	0	114	-100% 0%		-28%	3	175	0	112	-100% -62 0%	-36%	4 150 0	0	116	-100% 0%	-34	-23%
	D to B		0		0	0%	4		0		0		0%	12		0		0		0%		0	0		0%		
	D to A D to D	E Station	0	0	0 4	0% 0%		0%	0	0	12	12	0% 0%		#DIV/0!	43 0	43	40	40	-7%	-7%	43 0 43	48	48	12% 0%	5	12%
	Junction			432	388		-44	-10%		457		410		-47	-10%		403		347	-57	-14%	386		358		-28	-7%
Junction 12 -	A to B A to C	N Norwich	73 311	384	78 334 412	7% 7%	28	7%	92 356	448	81 387	468	-12% 9%	20	4%	56 417	472	54 429	483	-3% 3% 11	2%	80 443 523	113 516	629	41% 16%	106	20%
B1150 Norwich	B to A		86		73	-16%	-34		92		119		29%	-25		39		45		15%		55	74		35%		
Road / Millfield Road Priority	B to C C to B	W Millfield	124 104	210	103 176 78	-17% -25%	10	-16%	130 92	222	78 60	197	-40% -35%		-11%	71 141	109	78 83	123	10% 13 -41%	12%	63 118 102	43 32	117	-32% -69%	-1	-1%
Junction	C to A	S Norwich	332		371 449	12%	13	3%	356	448	429	489	21%	41	9%	396	537	395	478	0% -59	-11%	457 559	431	463	-6%	-96	-17%
	Junction A to B		25	1029	29	18%	8	1%	25	1118	32	1154	28%	36	3%	42	1119	41	1083	-35	-3%	1200 47	45	1209	-4%	9	1%
Junction 13 -	A to C	N Norwich	383	408	413 442	8%	33	8%	447	472	466	498	4%	26	6%	469	511	481	522	2% 11	2%	516 563	626	671	21%	108	19%
B1150 Norwich Road / Station	B to A B to C	W Station	71	71	67 0 67	-5% 0%	-4	-5%	74	74	63 1	64	-15% 0%	-10	-14%	43	47	41 3	44	-5% -11% -2	-5%	49 4 53	48	52	-2% 0%	-1	-2%
Road Priority	C to B		2		2	10%	25		1		5		400%	98		10		9		-15%		12	13		8%		
Junction	C to A Junction	S Norwich	410	412 891	435 437 946	6%	55	6% 6%	452	453 999	546	551 1113	21%	114	22% 11%		427 985	426	435 1001	2% 8 16	2% 2%	502 514 1130	494	507 1230	-2%	-7 100	-1% 9%
	A to D		66		64	-3%		0,0	76		77		1%			60		60		0%	270	65	67	.200	3%		0,0
	A to C A to B	E Norwich	219 152	437	213 150 427	-3% -1%	-11	-2%	268 182	526	270 189	536	1% 4%	10	2%	223 118	401	224 117	400	1% -1% -1	0%	257 141 463	317 147	531	23% 4%	68	15%
	B to D	LINOIWICH	143	407	151	5%		-2.70	153	520	165	550	8%		2 70	279	401	279	400	0%	078	272	288	551	6%	00	1378
Junction 14 -	B to C	N A 140	160	124	197 125 473	23% 3%	49	110/	168 129	450	172 140	477	2% 9%	27	6%	233 63	575	240 59	577	3% -7% 2	0%	238 60 570	241 70	599	1%	29	59/
B1150 Norwich Road / A149 /	B to A C to D	N A149	121 50	424	125 473 50	3% 0%		11%	56	450	140	4//	9% 93%		6%	52	575	59 53	511	-7% 2 3%	0%	60 570 60	70 94	299	17% 57%	29	5%
Norwich Road Signalised Junction	C to B		154	477	181	18%	23	50/	184	500	170	600	-8%	73	1.40/	148	450	171	405	15%	00/	204	167	E 44	-18%	14	00/
	C to A D to C	W Norwich	273 29	477	269 500 32	-2% 10%		5%	290 36	530	325 51	603	12% 42%		14%	253 55	453	240 59	465	-5% 11 6%	2%	288 552 65	280 114	541	-3% 75%	-11	-2%
	D to B	0.4440	179	005	181	1%	5	404	184	0.45	207	200	13%	48	4.407	228		231	000	1%	404	230	244	450	6%		470/
	D to A Junction	S A149	126	335 1674	126 340 1739	0%	66	1% 4%	125	345 1851	135	393 2009	8%	158	14% 9%		378 1808	94	383 1825	-1% 5 17	1% 1%	95 390 1975	100	458 2129	5%	68 154	17% 8%
						· · · · ·																		-			

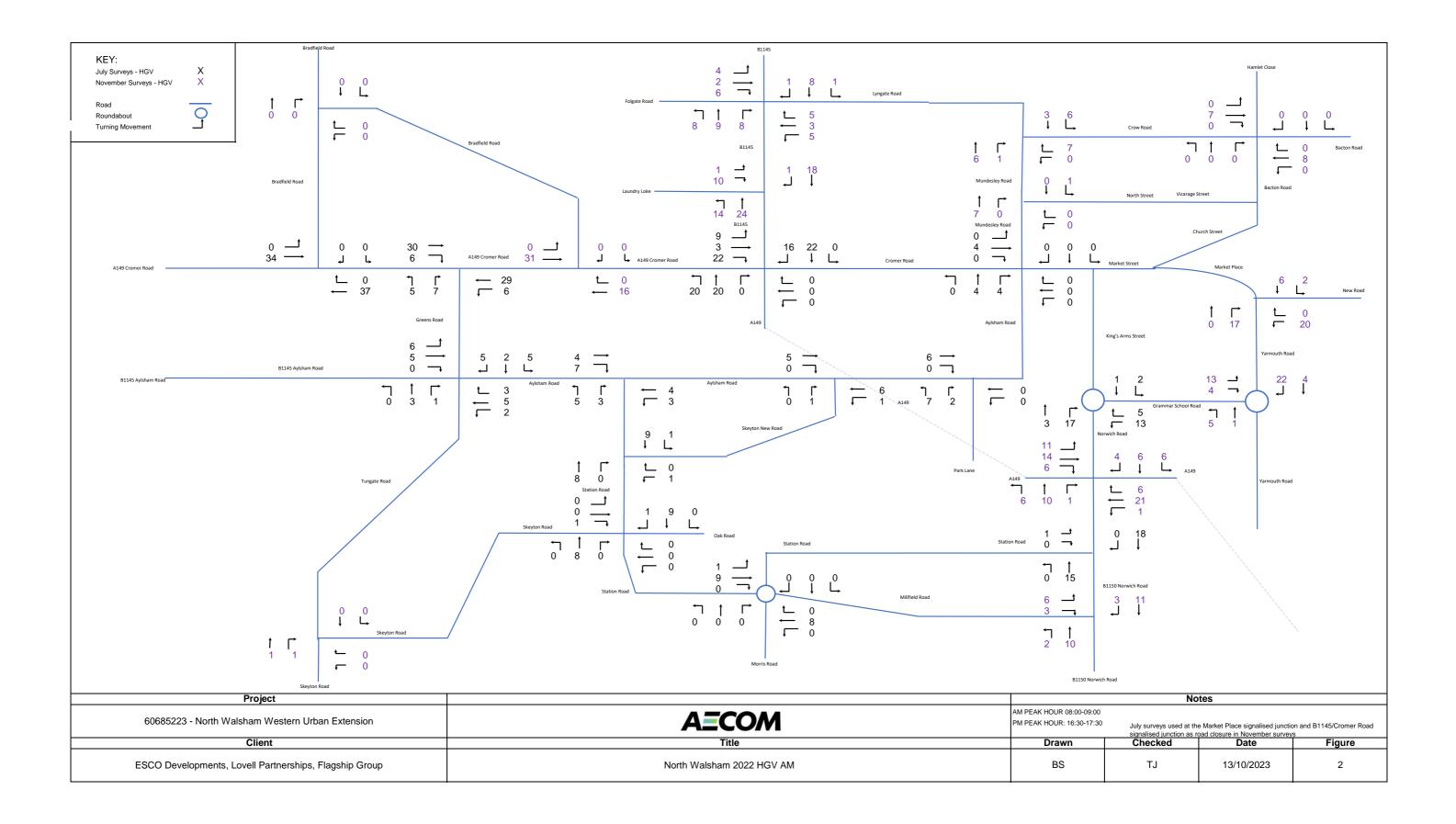
	A to B		61		63		5%			64		63		-2%			51		50		-1%			78		87		12%		
	A to C		22		24		8%	5		22		32		45%	9		20		20		0%			20	ī	33		65%		
	A to A	N King's	0	82	0	87	0%		6%	0	86	0	95	0%		10%	0	71	0	70	0%	0	0%	0	98	0	120	0%	22	22%
Junction 15 -	B to A		196		193		-1%			203		199		-2%			166		172		3%			183		155		-15%		
Grammar School Road / King's Arms	B to C		310		314		1%	0		323		384		19%	55		240		220		-9%			257		293		14%		
Street Mini-	B to B	W Grammar	15	521	14	521	-7%		0%	19	545	17	600	-11%		10%	4	411	1	392	-75%	-18	-4%	5	445	3	451	-40%	6	1%
roundabout	C to B		364		352		-3%			445		460		3%			351		351		0%			382		441		15%		
	C to A		127		123		-4%	-17		156		181		16%	40		155		160		3%			181		185		2%		
	C to C	E Grammar	0	492	0	475	0%		-3%	0	601	0	641	0%		7%	0	506	0	511	0%	5	1%	0	563	0	626	0%	63	11%
	Junction			1095		1083		-12	-1%		1232		1336		104	8%		987		973		-14	-1%		1106		1197		91	8%
	A to B		145		148		2%	1		160		183		14%	34		93		90		-3%			99		106		7%		
Junction 22 -	A to C	S B1145	203	348	201	349	-1%		0%	216	376	227	410	5%		9%	306	399	292	383	-4%	-16	-4%	336	435	358	464	7%	29	7%
B1145 / Laundry	B to A		77		77		0%	0		83		89		7%	6		165		166		1%			165		187		13%		
Loke Priority	B to C	W Laundry	0	77	0	77	0%		0%	0	83	0	89	0%		7%	8	173	8	174	-1%	1	1%	8	173	8	195	0%	22	13%
Junction	C to B	NEWS	12		12		0%	1	00/	12		12		0%	27		6	004	5		-16%		001	5		5	105	0%	10	
	C to A	N B1145	370	382	371	383	0%	2	0%	380	392	407	419	7%	07	7%	378	384	378	383	0%	-1	0%	384	389	400	405	4%	16	4%
	Junction		17	808	47	809	00/	2	0%	10	851	18	918	50/	67	8%	4	956	4	940	00/	-16	-2%	4	997	4	1064	00/	67	7%
	A to D A to C		17		184		0%	0		19		207		-5%	14		120		121		0%			124	-	132		6%		
	A to B	N B1145	49	250	/0	250	0%	0	0%	50	264	53	278	6%	14	5%	39	164	39	164	0%	0	0%	41	169	40	176	-2%	7	4%
	B to D	N B1145	52		52	230	0%		070	54	204	53	210	-2%		570	15	104	15	104	1%	0	070	16	103	16	170	-2 %	'	470
hursting 00	B to D		179		180		0%	0		181		194		7%	10		155		155		0%			158	-	163		3%		
Junction 23 - B1145 / Lyngate	B to A	E Lyngate	48	280	48	280	-1%	-	0%	50	285	48	295	-4%		4%	70	240	70	240	0%	1	0%	73	247	72	251	-1%	4	2%
Road / Folgate	C to D		26		26		-1%			27		26		-4%			15		14		-10%		• / •	16		18		13%		
Road Staggered	C to B		56		56		0%	-17		59		60		2%	-17		150		146		-3%			163		172		6%		
Crossroads	C to A	S B1145	120	202	119	201	-1%		-1%	131	217	142	228	8%		5%	148	313	140	299	-6%	-17	-4%	161	340	175	365	9%	-17	7%
	D to C		19		19		0%			19		19		0%			109		107		-2%			110		109		-1%		
	D to B		21		21		1%	0		21		21		0%	0		67		67		0%			68		68		0%		
	D to A	W Folgate	13	53	13	53	-1%		0%	13	53	13	53	0%		0%	21	197	21	195	0%	-2	-1%	21	199	21	198	0%	-1	-1%
	Junction			785		784		-1	0%		819		854		35	4%		913		898		-15	-2%		955		990		35	4%

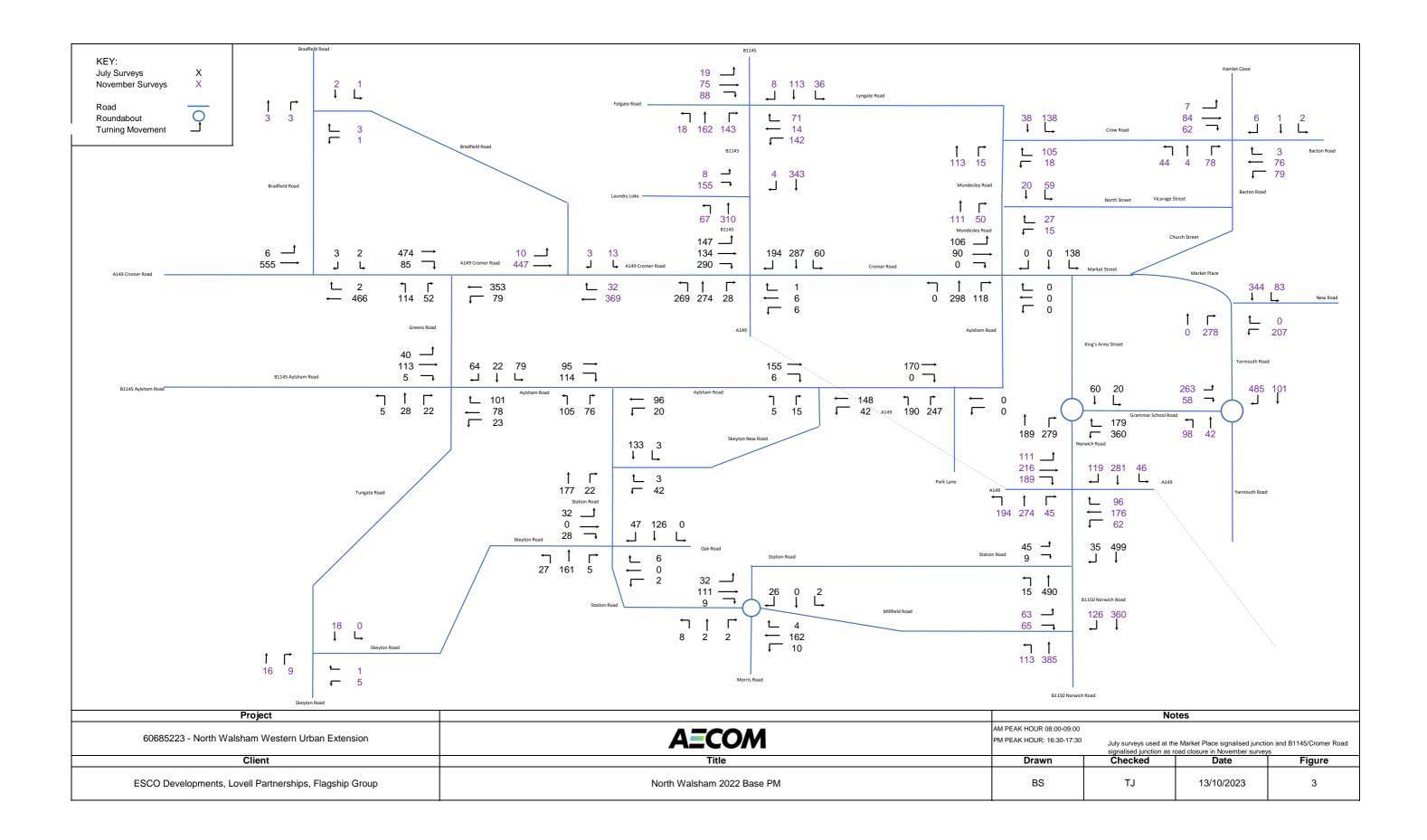
														% Impact As	sessment															
						2029			AM Pe	ak Hour			2036							2029			PM Pe	ak Hour			2036			
			D	M	D					D	м	D					DN	И	D)S				DI	М	C)S]		
			-		/ehicles			% increase		-		/ehicles			% increase		-		/ehicles			6 increase	-	-	Total Ve				6 increase	
	A to D		Turn 105	Arm	Turn 105	Arm	Turn 0%		Arm	Turn 107	Arm	Turn 111	Arm	Turn 4%		Arm	Turn 146	Arm	Turn 146	Arm	Turn 0%		Arm	Turn 153	Arm	Turn 158	Arm	Turn 3%	4	Arm
	A to C		639		670		5%	İ		660		839		27%			548		553		1%			564		630		12%		
	A to B	E Norwich	7	754	7	700	0%		404	7		8	050	14%	100	000/	10	70.4	10	700	-4%		404	9	700	9		0%	07	001
	A to A B to D		0	751	0	783	0% 0%	32	4%	4	778	0	958	-100% 0%	180	23%	0	704	0	708	0% -2%	4	1%	4	730	0	797	-100% 50%	67	9%
	B to C		10		11		1%	İ		12		12		0%			11		10		-2%			12		11		-8%		
Junction 1 -	B to A	S Millfield	10	21	10	21	-1%	+	00/	9	21	10	22	11%	4	50/	7	20	7	20	3%	0	09/	8	22	8	22	0%	0	09/
Rectory Road / B1150 Norwich	B to B C to D		86	21	85	21	0% -1%		0%	84	21	87	22	0% 4%	1	5%	99	20	0		0% 1%	0	0%	100	22	103		0% 3%	0	0%
Road / Mill Road	C to B		7		8		6%	1		7		7		0%			2		2		-2%			2		2		0%		
Mini-Roundabout	C to A C to C	W Norwich	571	664	578	670	1%	6	10/	602	693	659	753	9%	60	00/	639	740	670	771	5%	21	4%	672	774	802	907	19%	122	170/
	D to C		108	664	108	670	0% 0%	6	1%	108	693	109	753	0% 1%	60	9%	80	740	80		0% 0%	31	4%	84	//4	82		0% -2%	133	17%
	D to B		3		3		5%	1		4		4		0%			1		1	1	15%			0	ļ	0		0%		
	D to A D to D	N Rectory	150	261	151	263	1% 0%	2	1%	154	266	152	265	-1% 0%	-1	0%	127	208	126	208	0% 0%	0	0%	129	213	131	213	2% 0%	0	0%
	Junction		0	1696	0	1736	0%	40		0	1758	0	1998	076	240		0	1673	0	1708	076	35		0	1739	0	1939	0%	200	12%
	A to D		511		543		6%			524		714		36%			422		426		1%			449		512		14%		
	A to C A to B	N High	54		0 54		0% 0%	ł		0 57		62		0% 9%			0 42		0 40		0% -4%			0	ŀ	0 43	-	0% 16%		
	A to A	g.i	0	565	0	597	0%	33	6%	0	581	0	776	0%	195	34%	0	463	0	466	0%	3	1%	0	486	0	555	0%	69	14%
	B to D	-	234		234		0%	ļ		237		233		-2%			273		273		0%			273	-	275	-	1%		
Junction 2 - B1150	B to C B to A	E B1354	37		37		0% 1%	ł		0 35		37		0% 6%			43		0 44		0% 1%			0 46	-	45		0% -2%		
Norwich Road / B1354 Church	B to B		0	271	0	271	0%	0	0%	0	272	0	270	0%	-2	-1%	0	316	0	317	0%	1	0%	0	319	0	320	0%	1	0%
Street / High Street	C to D	-	0		0		0%	-		0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0	-	0	-	0%		
/ Petrol Station Gyratory	C to B C to A	S Petrol	0		0		0% 0%	ł		0		0		0% 0%			0		0		0%			0	ŀ	0	1	0% 0%		
Cyraioly	C to C		0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%
	D to C D to B	-	0		0		0% 0%	ł		0		0		0% -2%			0 264		0 262		0% -1%			0 271	-	0 274	-	0% 1%		
	D to B	W Norwich	401		407		2%	ł		407		470		15%			498		527		6%			519		675		30%		
	D to D		0	750	0	758	0%		1%	0	775	0	830	0%	55	7%	0	762	0	789	0%	27	4%	0	790	0	949	0%	159	20%
	Junction A to B		553	1586	587	1626	6%	41	3%	574	1628	764	1876	33%	248	15%	437	1541	441	1572	1%	31	2%	456	1595	527	1824	16%	229	14%
	A to C	E Station	1	554	1	588	-4%	+	6%	2	576	2	766	0%	190	33%	1	438	1	442	0%	4	1%	0	456	021	527	0%	71	16%
Junction 3 - High Street / Station	B to A	O Liist	422	407	428		1%	4	40/	421	400	487	500	16%	07	450/	522	540	552		6%	20	<u> </u>	544	504	704		29%	450	000/
Road Priority Junction	B to C C to B	S High	15	437	16 8	444	2% -1%		1%	15 9	436	16 9	503	7% 0%	67	15%	18 27	540	18 27	570	-3% 0%	30	6%	17 27	561	16 27	-	-6% 0%	159	28%
Sunction	C to A	N High	2	11	2	10	-3%		-1%	1	10	1	10	0%	0	0%	8	36	9	36	1%	0	0%	10	37	10	-	0%	0	0%
	Junction A to D		34	1002	34	1043	0%	40	4%	30	1022	32	1279	7%	257	25%	28	1014	28	1048	-1%	34	3%	25	1054	25	1284	0%	230	22%
	A to C		0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		-1%			0	ł	0	1	0%		
	A to B	N Rectory	24	57	24	57	0%		0%	25	55	25	57	0%	2	4%	17	45	18		1%	0	0%	20	45	18		-10%	-2	-4%
Junction 4 Church	B to D B to C	-	236		235		0% 0%	+		241		238		-1% 0%			289		288		0% 0%			289	ŀ	304	-	5% 0%		
Junction 4 - Church Loke / B1354 /	B to A	E B1354	50	288	51	288	1%	0	0%	49	294	50	292	2%	-2	-1%	26	314	26	314	1%	0	0%	23	312	25	329	9%	17	5%
Rectory Road Crossroads	C to D	-	4		4		1%	+		2		3		50%			2		2		0%			2	-	3	-	50%		
Junction	C to B C to A	S Church	4	8	4	8	0% 0%	+	1%	4	6	4	7	0% 0%	1	17%	2	4	2	4	3% 0%	0	1%	4	6	4	7	0% 0%	1	17%
	D to C		10		10	-	3%			13		13		0%			1		1		-17%			1		1		0%		
	D to B	W/ P1054	333 62	404	332	404	0%	4	08/	343 64	420	340 63	110	-1%	4	.10/	267 36	204	264 36		-1%	2	10/	268	205	282 37		5% 3%	15	5%
	D to A Junction	W B1354	62	404 758	61	404 758	-1%	-1 -1	0% 0%	64	420 775	63	416 772	-2%	-4 -3	-1% 0%	30	304 668	36	302 665	0%	-3 -3	-1% 0%	36	305 668	37	320 699	3%	15 31	5% 5%
Link 5 - B1150	A to B	A - to West	743		778		5%			759		948		25%			695		699		1%			720		785		9%		
Norwich Road, at bridge	B to A Junction	B - to East	751	1494 1494	756	1533 1533	1%	39 39	3% 3%	784	1543 1543	837	1785 1785	7%	242 242	16% 16%	762	1457 1457	790	1489 1489	4%	32 32	2% 2%	800	1520 1520	947	1732 1732	18%	212 212	14% 14%
	A to B	A - to North	438	1494	444	1000	1%		3%	438	1343	504	1700	15%	242	10%	540	1407	569		5%	32	270	564	1320	720		28%	212	14 /0
Link 6 - High Street	B to A	B - to South	563	1001	597	1041	6%	40	4%	579		775	1279	34%		26%	463	1003	467		1%	33	3%	487	1051	558	1278	15%	227	22%
	Junction			1001		1041		40	4%		1017		1279		262	26%		1003		1037		33	3%		1051		1278		227	22%

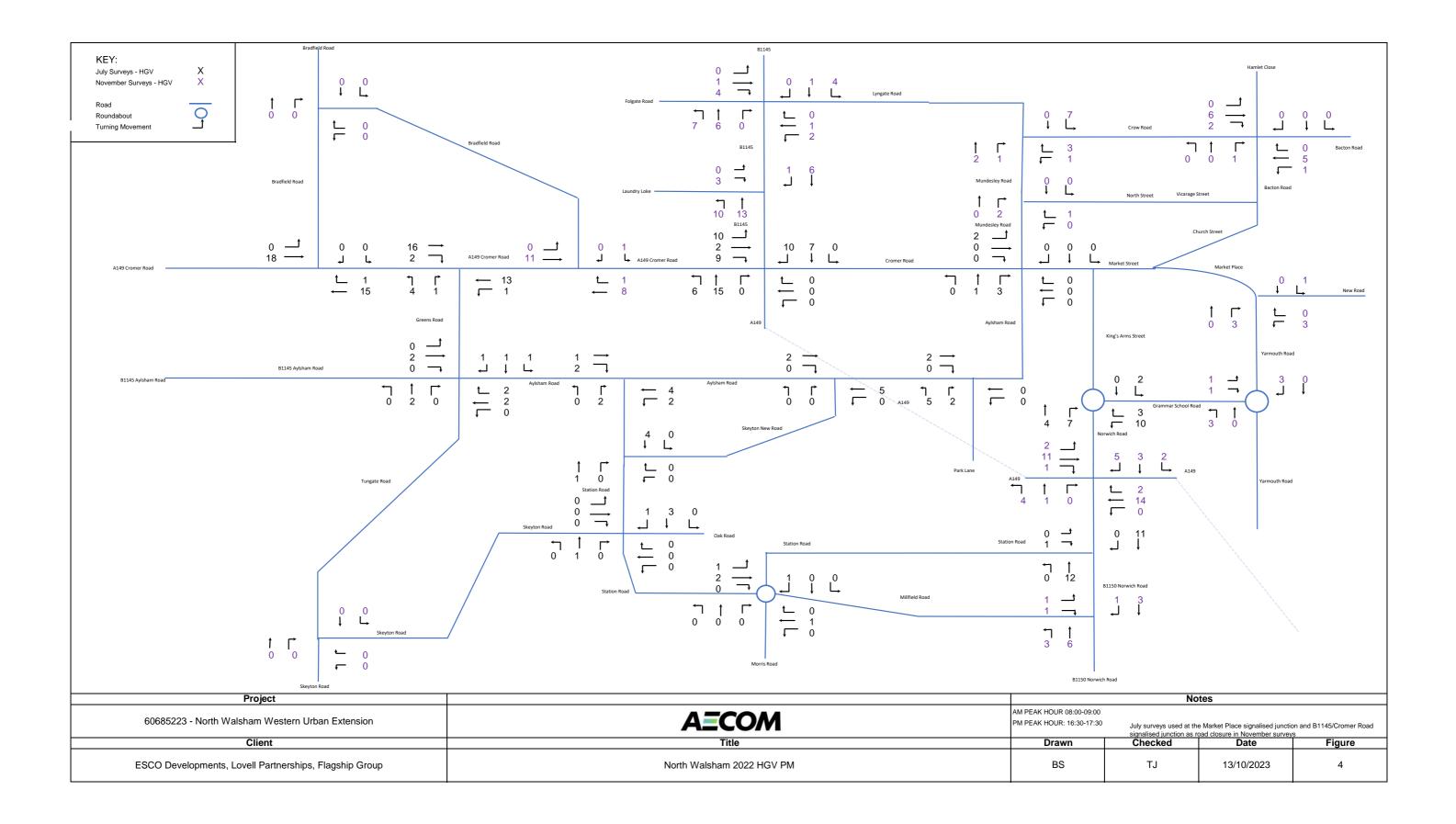
														% Impact As	sessment	(with Mitig	ation)													
						2029			AM Pe	ak Hour			2036							2029			PM Pe	ak Hour			2036			
			DM		D					D	M	DS					DI	M		2029 DS	1			D	м		2030 DS			
			<u> </u>	Total Ve		-		% increase	•			/ehicles	-		% increase				/ehicles	-	%	increase			Total V		-	-	% increase	
			Turn Arn	n 1		Arm	Turn		Arm		Arm		Arm	Turn		Arm		Arm		Arm	Turn	A	Arm		Arm		Arm	Turn		Arm
	A to D A to C	-	105 639	-	105 670		0% 5%			107 660		111 839		4% 27%			146 548		146 553		0% 1%			153 564		158 630		3% 12%		
	A to B	E Norwich	7	H	7		0%			7		8		14%			10		10	-	-4%			9		9		0%		
	A to A		0	751	0	783	0%	32	4%	4	778	0	958	-100%	180	23%	0	704	0	708	0%	4	1%	4	730	0	797	-100%	67	9%
	B to D	-	0	_	0		0%			0		0		0%			3		3	,	-2%			2		3	,	50%		
	B to C B to A	S Millfield	10	-	11 10		1% -1%			12		12 10		0% 11%			11		10	-	-2% 3%			12		11	-	-8% 0%		
Junction 1 - Rectory Road /	B to B	5 Millineid		21	0	21	0%	0	0%	0	21	0	22	0%	1	5%	0	20	0	20	0%	0	0%	0	22	0	22	0%	0	0%
B1150 Norwich			86		85		-1%			84		87		4%			99		100		1%			100		103		3%		
Road / Mill Road Mini-Roundabou			7	_	8		6%			7		7		0%			2		2		-2%			2		2		0%		
Willin Roundabou	C to A C to C	W Norwich	571	664	578	670	1% 0%	6	1%	602	693	659	753	9% 0%	60	9%	639	740	670	771	5% 0%	31	4%	672	774	800	905	19% 0%	131	17%
	D to C		108	004	108	070	0%	0	170	108	093	109	755	1%	00	9%	80	740	80		0%	31	4 %	84	114	82		-2%	131	17.70
	D to B		3		3		5%			4		4		0%			1		1		15%			0		0	·	0%		
	D to A	N Rectory	150		151		1%			154		152		-1%			127		126		0%			129		131		2%		
	D to D Junction			261 1696	0	263 1736	0%	2 40	1% 2%	0	266 1758	0	265 1998	0%	-1 240	0% 14%	0	208 1673	0	208 1708	0%	0 35	0% 2%	0	213 1739	0	213 1937	0%	0 198	0% 11%
	A to D		511	1090	543	1730	6%	40	270	524	1756	716	1990	37%	240	1470	422	1075	426	-	1%		270	449	1739	510		14%	190	1170
	A to C		0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0	I	0%			0		0	i i	0%		
	A to B	N High	54		54	507	0%			57	504	62		9%	107	0.404	42	100	40	-	-4%		404	37	100	43		16%	07	4.404
	A to A B to D		0 234	565	234	597	0% 0%	33	6%	237	581	0 233	778	0% -2%	197	34%	273	463	273	466	0% 0%	3	1%	273	486	275	553	0% 1%	67	14%
	B to C	-	0	F	0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%		
Junction 2 - B115	50 B to A	E B1354	37		37		1%			35		37		6%			43		44		1%			46		45		-2%		
Norwich Road / B1354 Church	B to B			271	0	271	0%	0	0%	0	272	0	270	0%	-2	-1%	0	316	0	317	0%	1	0%	0	319	0	320	0%	1	0%
Street / High Stre	et C to D C to B	-	0	-	0		0% 0%			0		0		0% 0%			0		0	-	0% 0%			0		0		0% 0%		
/ Petrol Station Gyratory	C to A	S Petrol	0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%		
Cyratory	C to C		0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%
	D to C	-	0	_	0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%		
	D to B D to A	W Norwich	349 401	-	350 407		0% 2%			368 407		360 472		-2% 16%			264 498		262 527		-1% 6%			271 519		274 674		1% 30%		
	D to D	VV NOTWICH		750	407	758	0%	8	1%	407	775	- 472	832	0%	57	7%	430	762	0	789	0%	27	4%	0	790	0/4	948	0%	158	20%
	Junction			1586		1626		41	3%		1628		1880		252	15%		1541		1572		31	2%		1595		1821		226	14%
	A to B		553		587	500	6%			574		764		33%	100	000/	437	100	441		1%		404	456	450	527		16%	74	100/
Junction 3 - High		E Station	422	554	1 428	588	-4% 1%	34	6%	421	576	488	766	0% 16%	190	33%	1 522	438	552	442	0% 6%	4	1%	0 544	456	704	527	0% 29%	71	16%
Street / Station Road Priority	B to C	S High		437	16	444	2%	6	1%	15	•	16	504	7%	68	16%	18	540	18		-3%	30	6%	17	561	16		-6%	159	28%
Junction	C to B		9		8		-1%			9		9		0%			27		27	-	0%			27		27		0%		
	C to A Junction	N High		11 1002	2	10 1043	-3%	0 40	-1% 4%	1	10 1022	1	10 1280	0%	0 258	0% 25%	8	36 1014	9	36 1048	1%	0 34	0% 3%	10	37 1054	10	37 1284	0%	0 230	0% 22%
	A to D		34	1002	34	1043	0%	40	470	30		32	1200	7%	208	23%	28	1014	28		-1%	34	3%	25	1004	25		0%	230	2270
	A to C		0	F	0		0%			0	1	0		0%			0		0		0%			0		0		0%		
	A to B	N Rectory		57	24	57	0%	0	0%	25		25	57	0%	2	4%	17	45	18		1%	0	0%	20	45	18		-10%	-2	-4%
	B to D B to C		236	-	235		0%			241		238		-1% 0%			289		288		0% 0%			289		304		5% 0%		
Junction 4 - Churc Loke / B1354 /		E B1354	50	288	2 51	288	0% 1%	0	0%	49	294	50	292	2%	-2	-1%	26	314	26	314	1%	0	0%	23	312	25	329	9%	17	5%
Rectory Road			4		4		1%			2		3		50%			2		2		0%	-		2		3		50%		
Crossroads Junction	C to B		4		4		0%	_		4		4	_	0%			2		2		3%			4		4		0%		
Currenteri	C to A D to C	S Church	0	8	0 10	8	0% 3%	0	1%	13	6	0	7	0% 0%	1	17%	0	4	0	4	0% -17%	0	1%	0	6	0	7	0% 0%	1	17%
	D to B	-	333	H	332		0%			343		342		0%			267		264		-1%			268		282	:	5%		
	D to A	W B1354		404	61	404	-1%	-1	0%	64		63	418	-2%	-2	0%	36	304	36		0%	-3	-1%	36	305	37		3%	15	5%
	Junction			758		758		-1	0%		775		774		-1	0%		668		665		-3	0%		668		699		31	5%
Link 5 - B1150 Norwich Road, a		A - to West	743 751	1/0/	778	1500	5% 1%	20	20/	759 784	1	949	1700	25%	247	169/	695 762	1457	699		1%	32	20/	720	1500	785		9% 10%	212	1.49/
bridge	at B to A Junction	B - to East		1494 1494	756	1533 1533	1%	39 39	3% 3%	/84	1543 1543	841	1790 1790	7%	247 247	16% 16%	762	1457 1457	790	1489 1489	4%	32 32	2% 2%	800	1520 1520	948	1733 1733	19%	213 213	14% 14%
	A to B	A - to North	438		444		1%		576	438		505		15%	211		540	07	569	-	5%	02	270	564		721	-	28%	213	
Link 6 - High Stre	et B to A	B - to South	563	1001	597	1041	6%	40	4%	579	1017	775	1280	34%	263	26%	463	1003	467	1037	1%	33	3%	487	1051	558	1279	15%	228	22%
	Junction			1001		1041		40	4%		1017		1280		263	26%		1003		1037		33	3%		1051		1279		228	22%

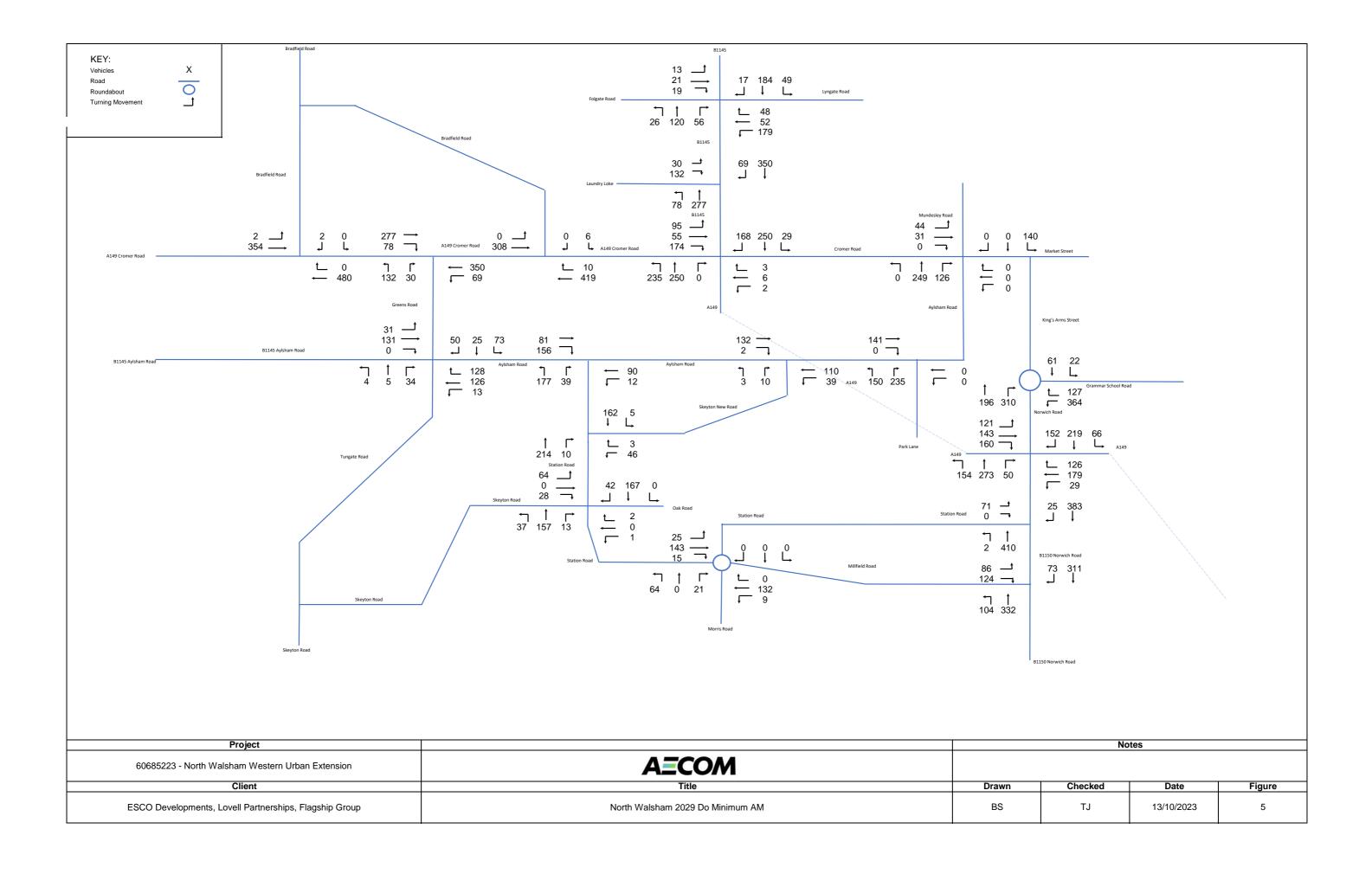
Appendix C – Flow Diagrams

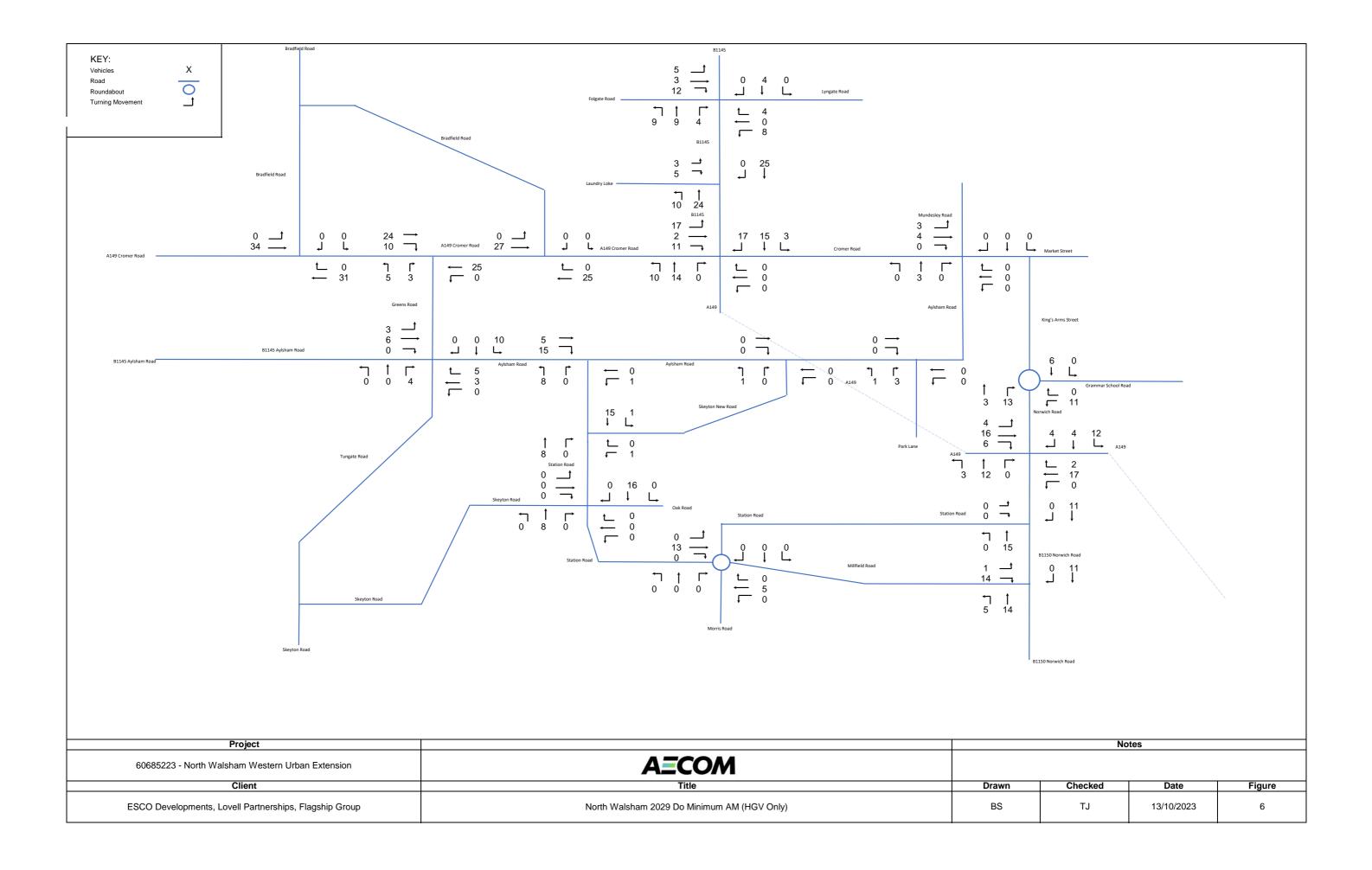


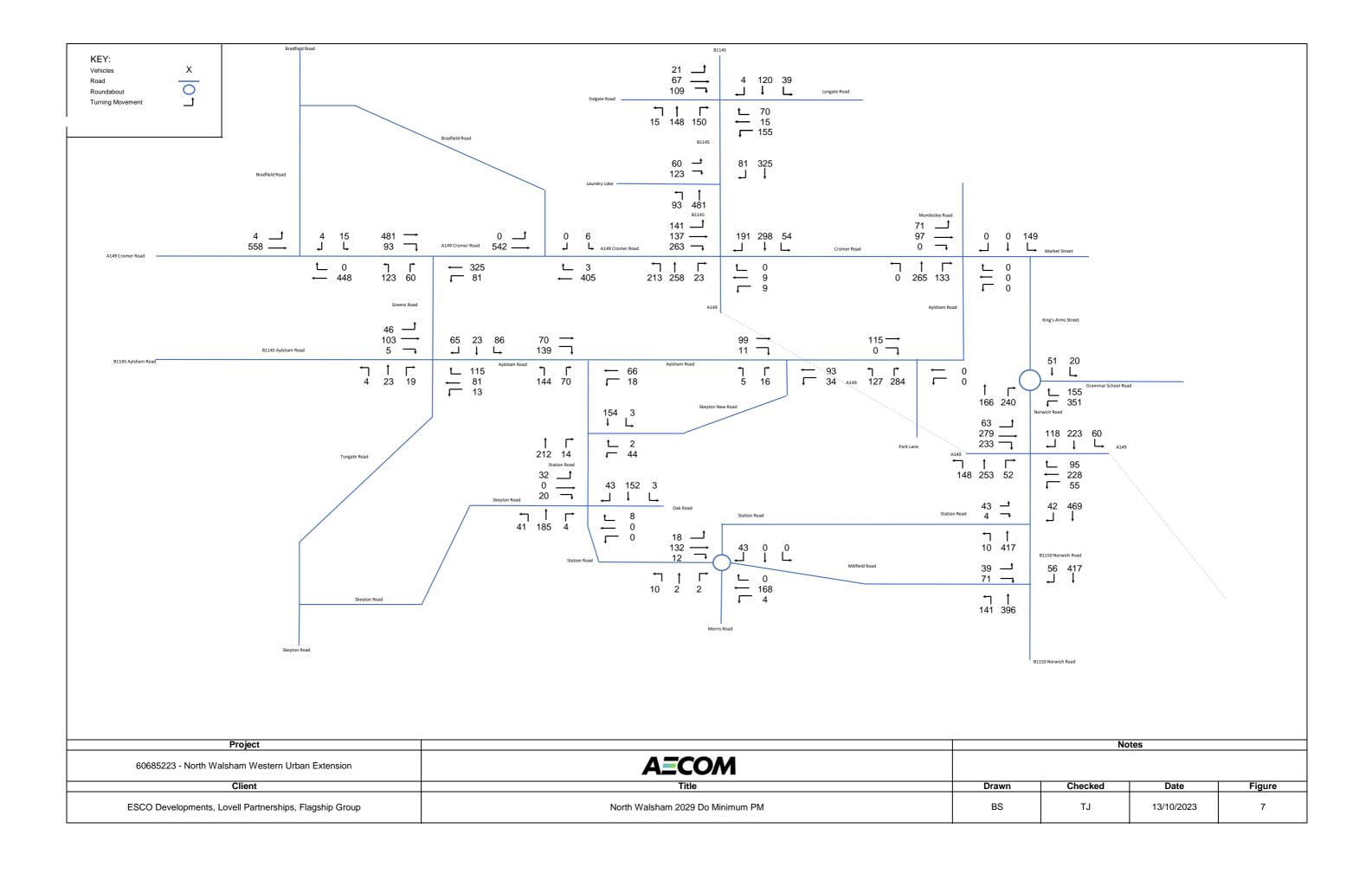


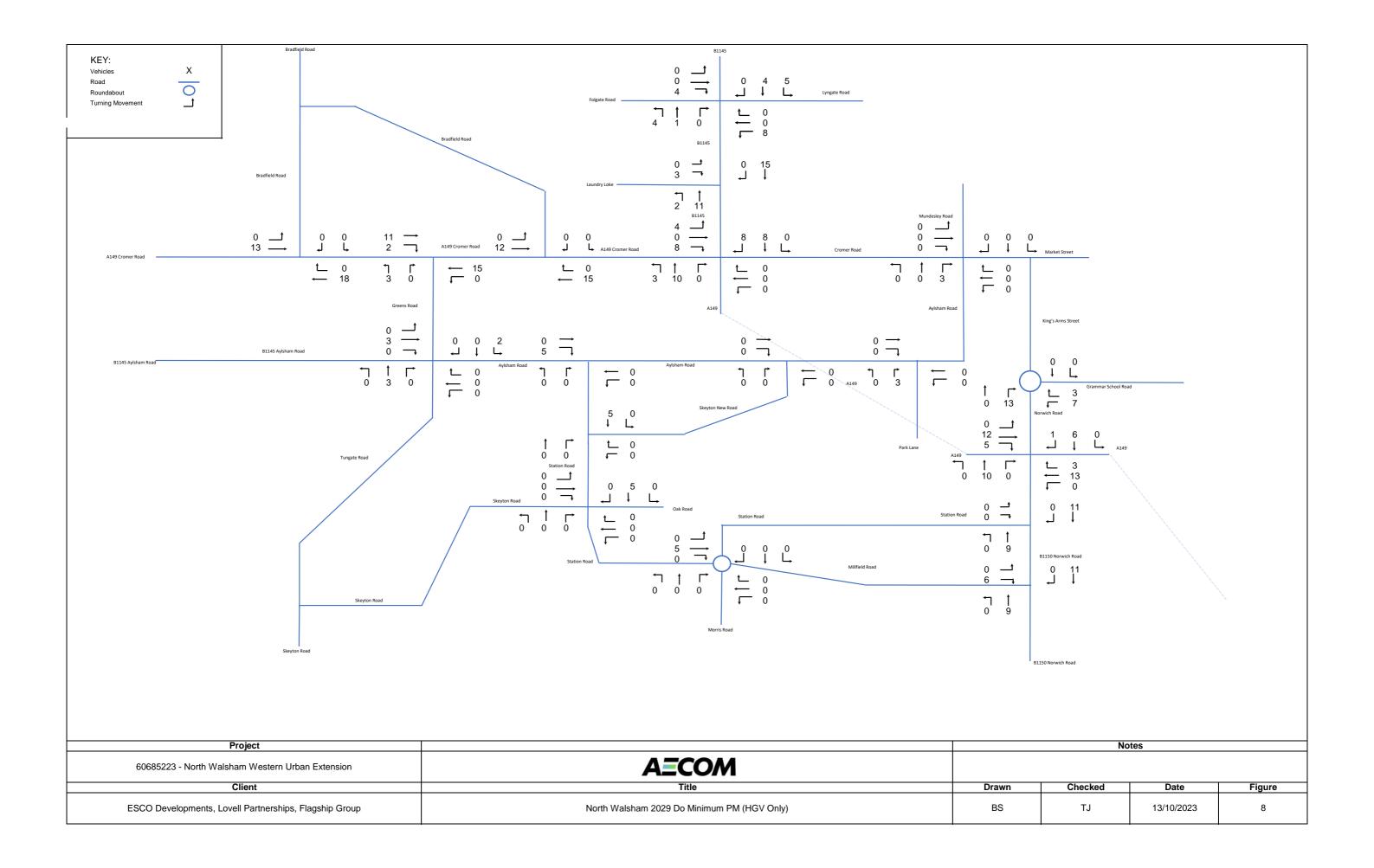


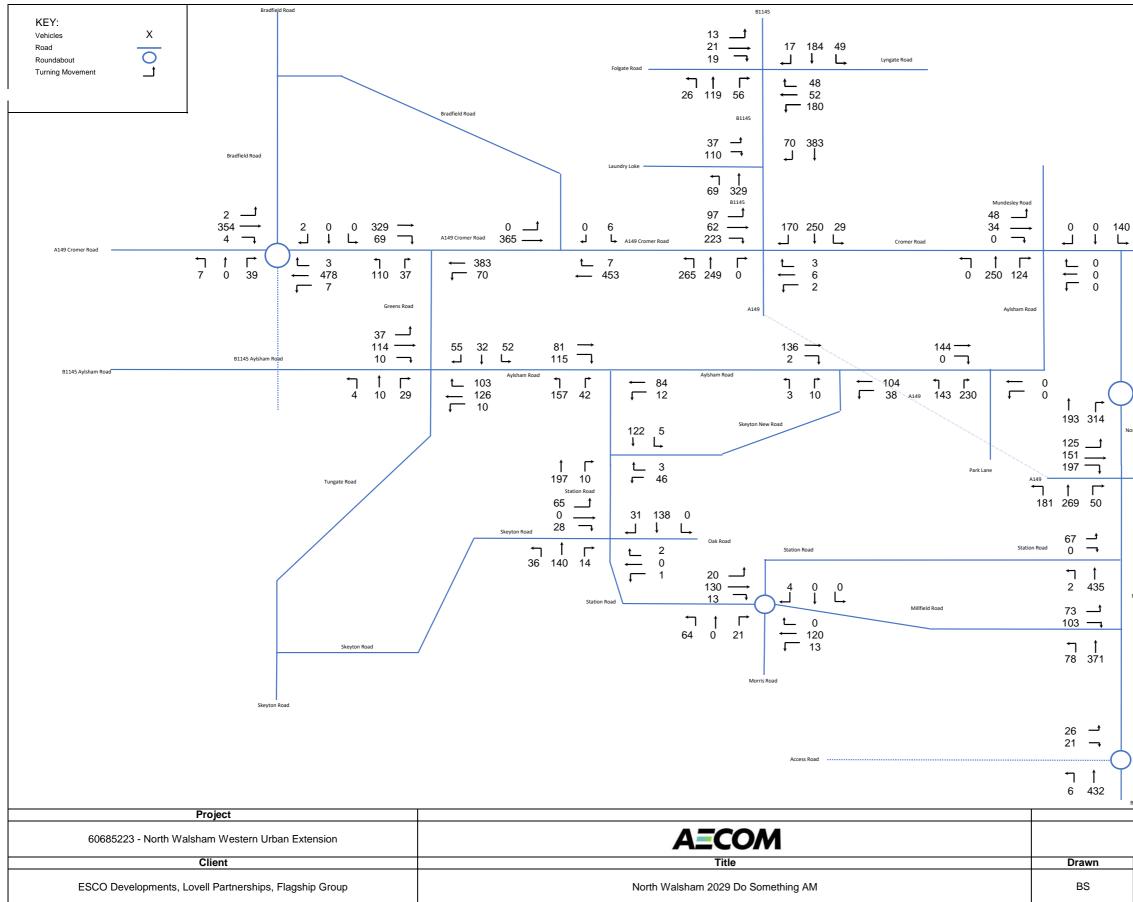




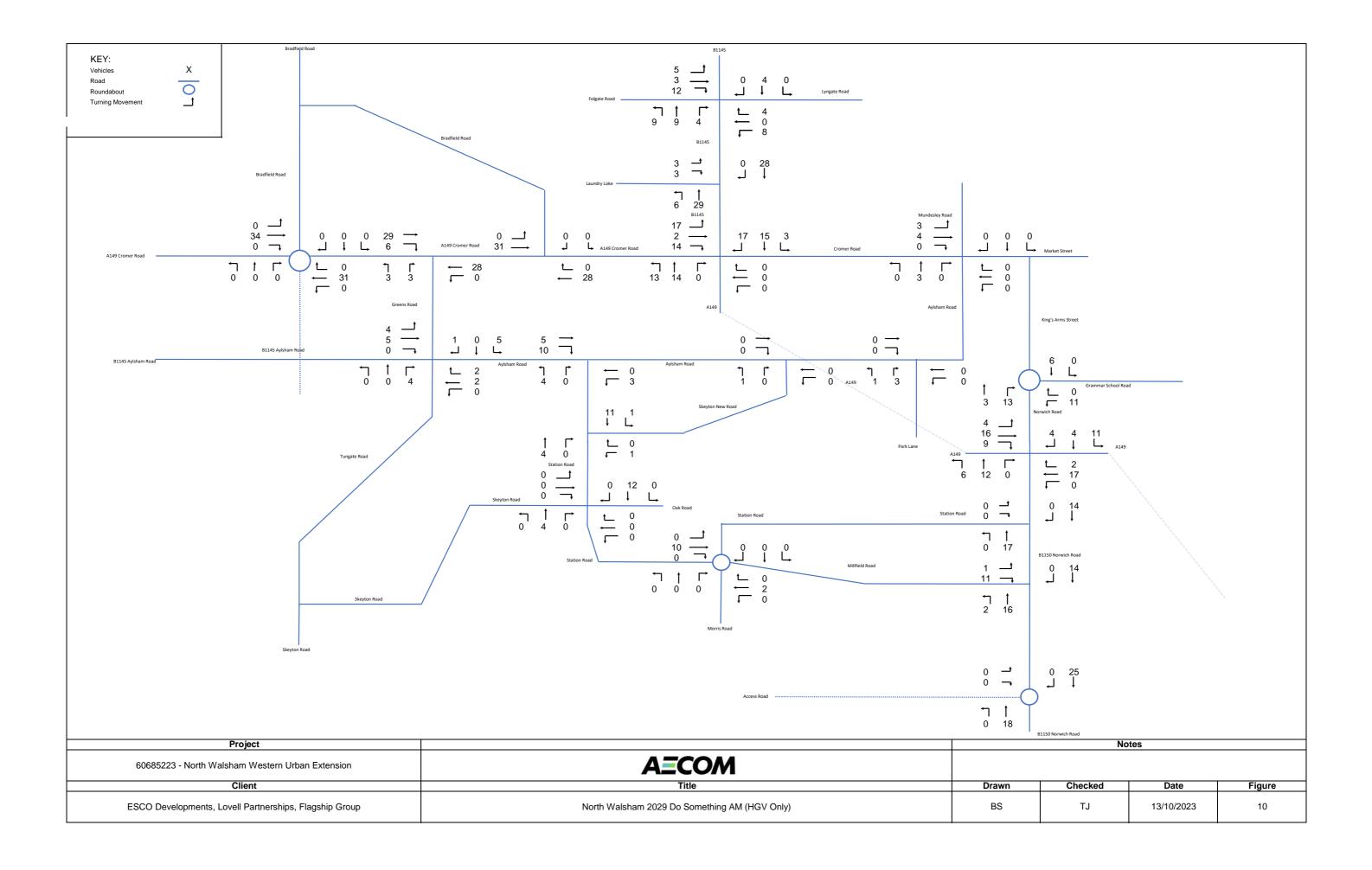


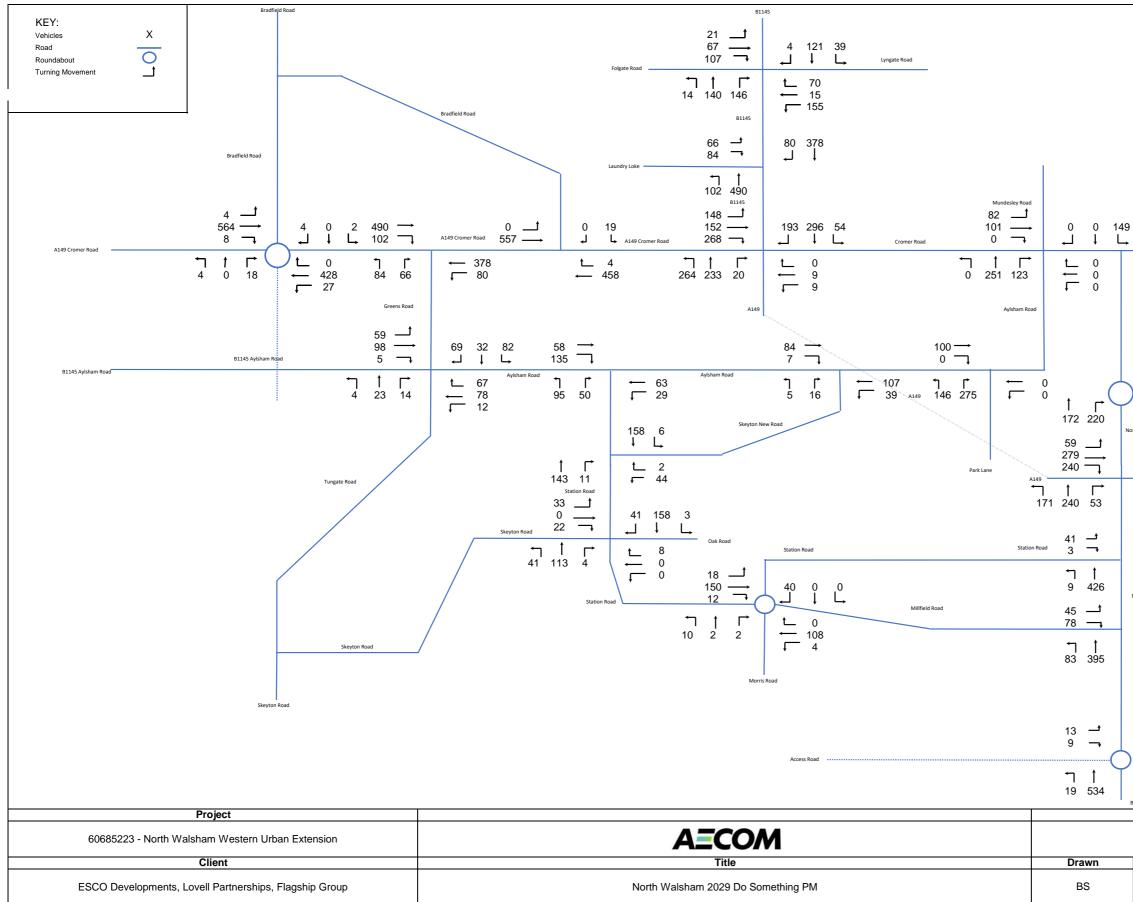




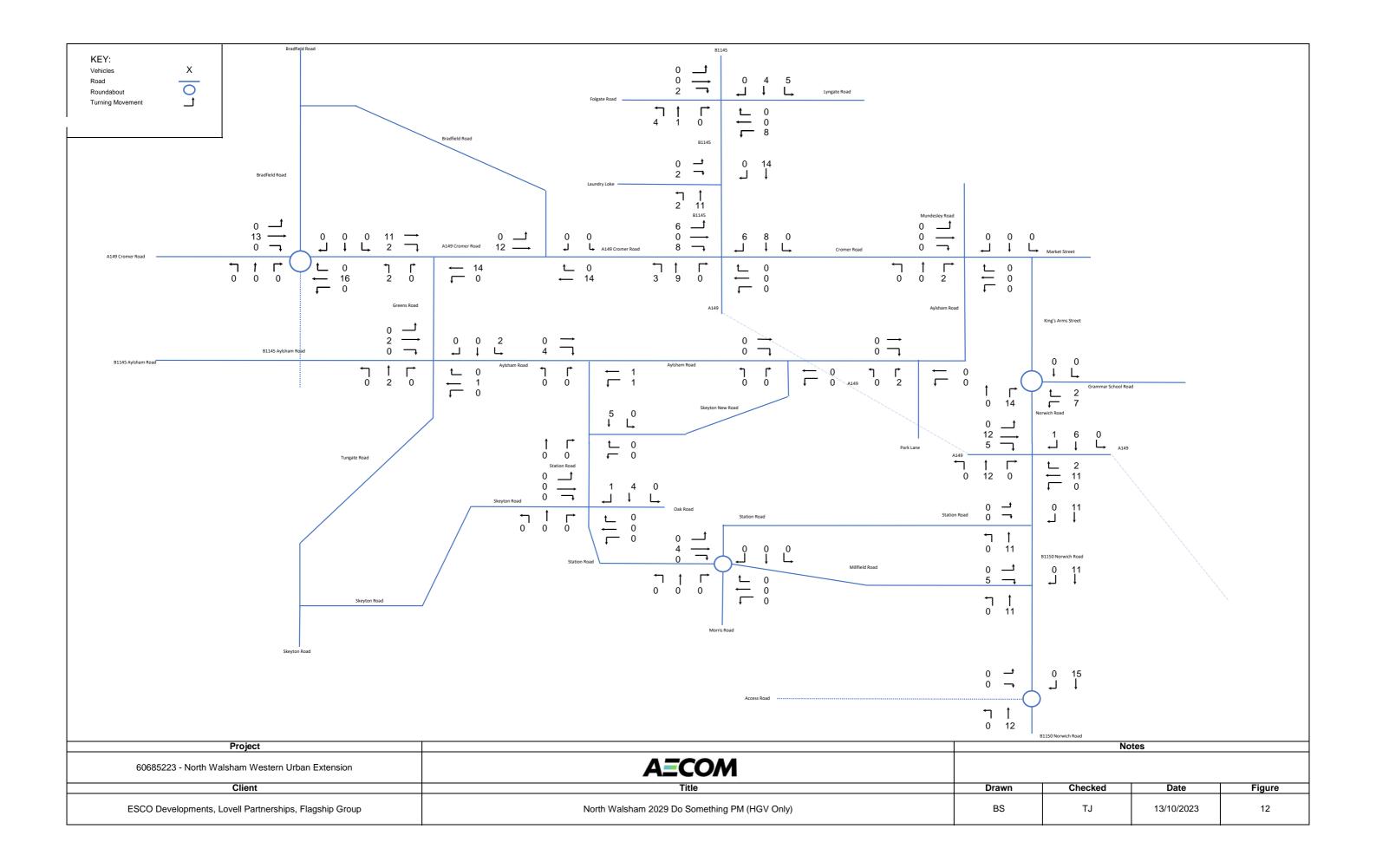


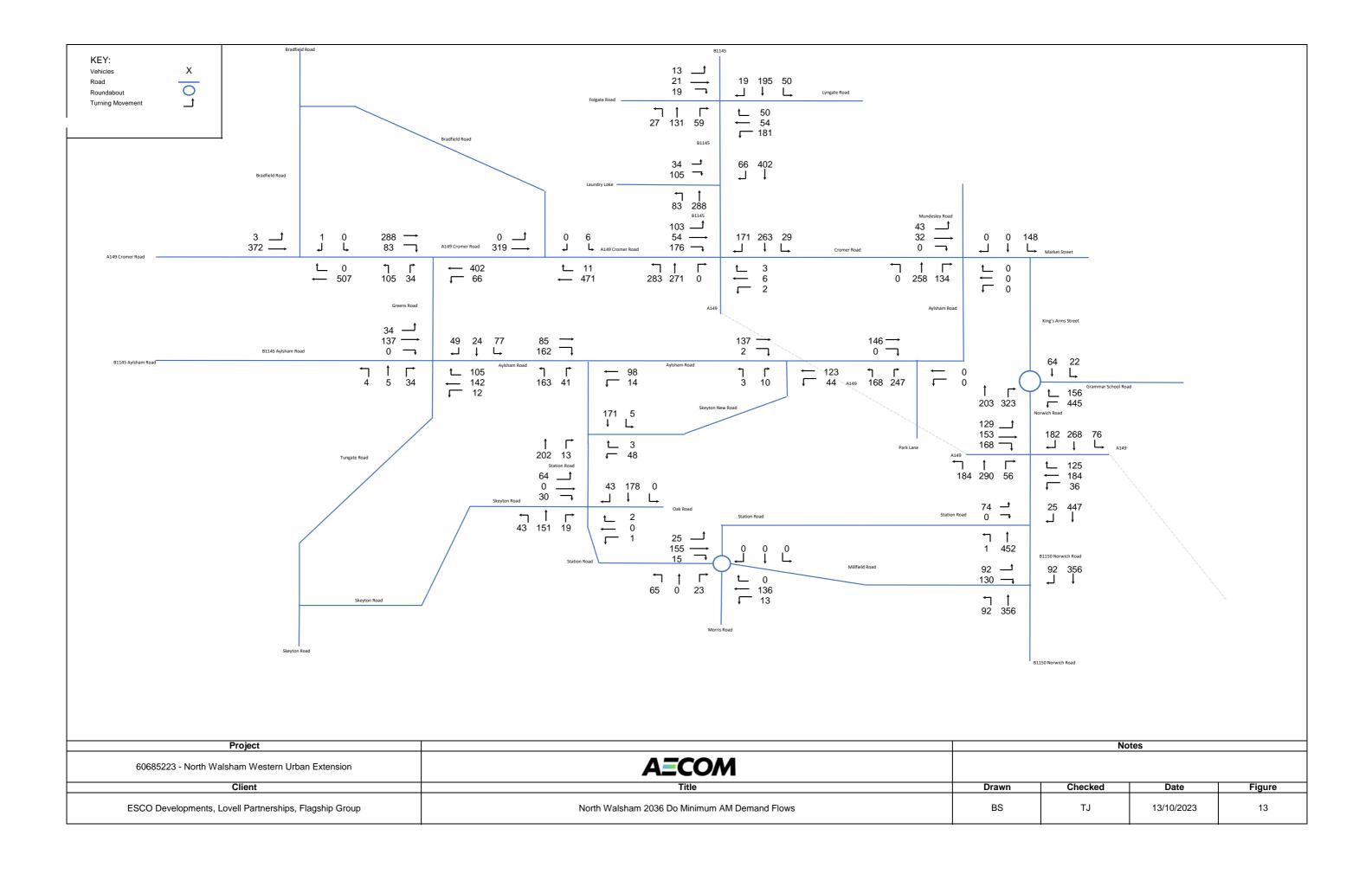
78	433 ↓	No	tes	
لہ 6 لہ	433 ↓			
78 ↓	·			
78 I				
B1150 Norw	vich Road 334			
	413 ↓			
t_ ←	126 181 32			
150 ب	213 ↓	64 L _{A149}		
lorwich Road	123 352	Grammar School Roa	d	
63 ↓	24 L			
King's Arm	is Street			
• Market S	treet			
)				

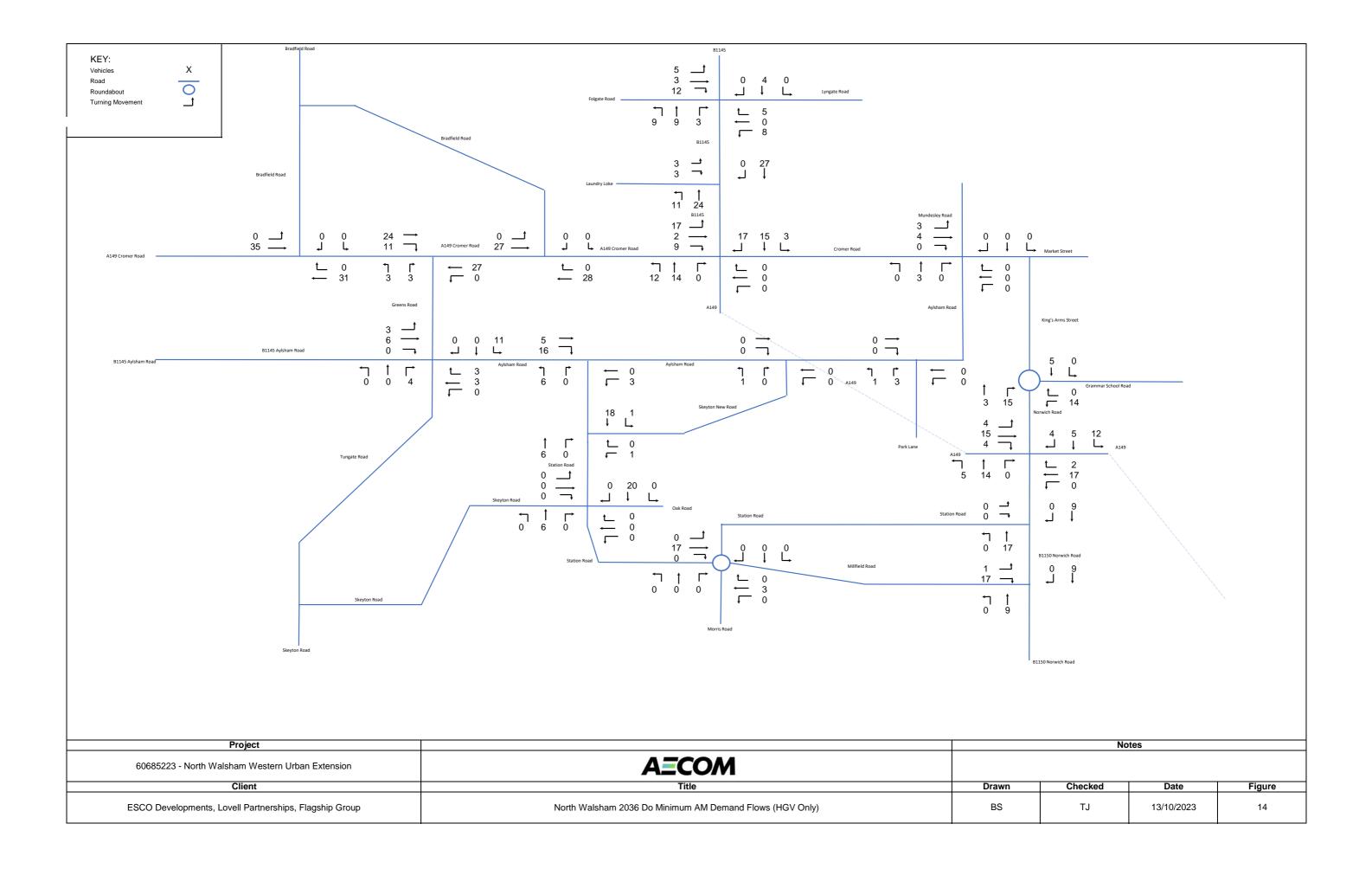


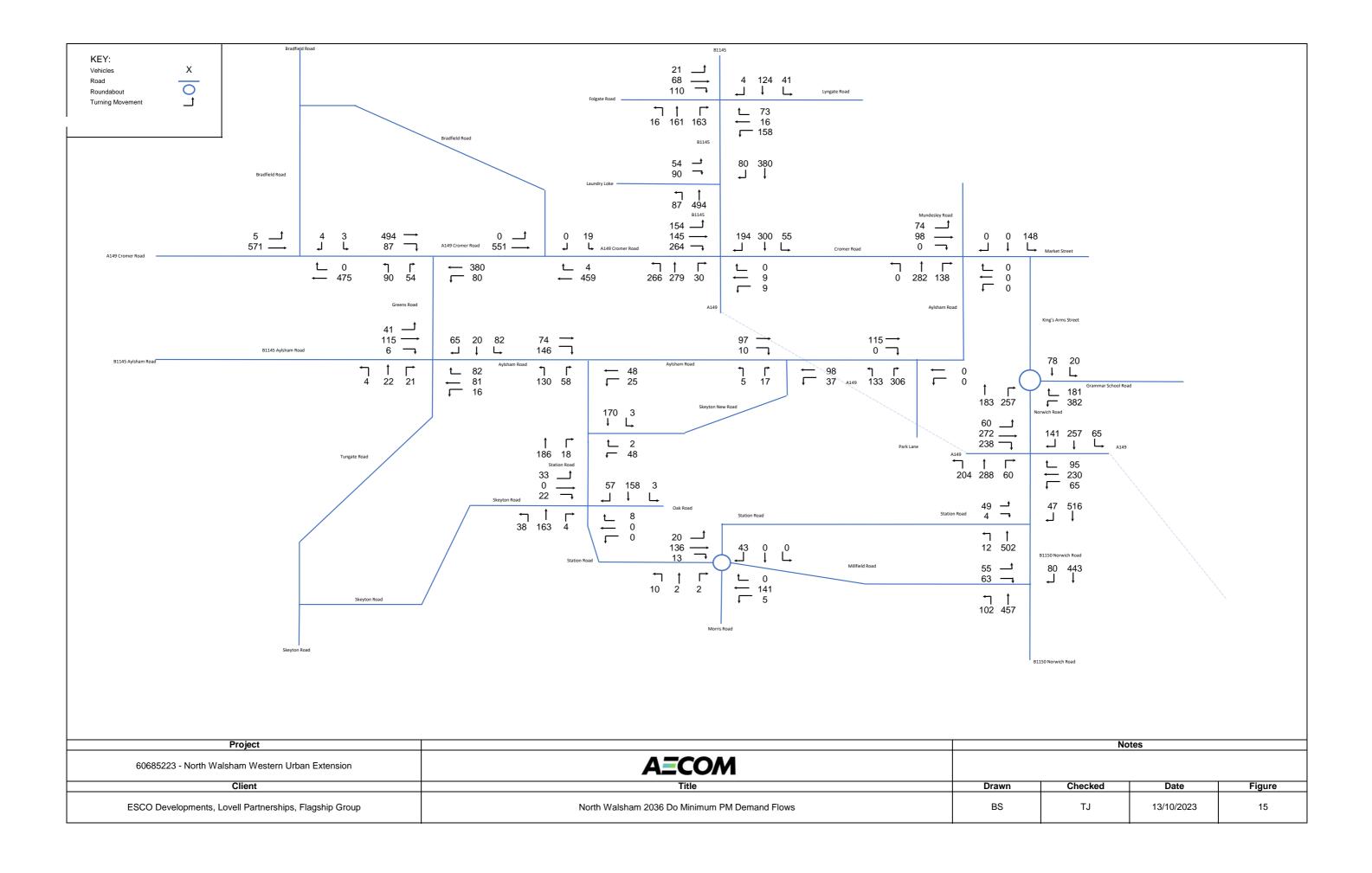


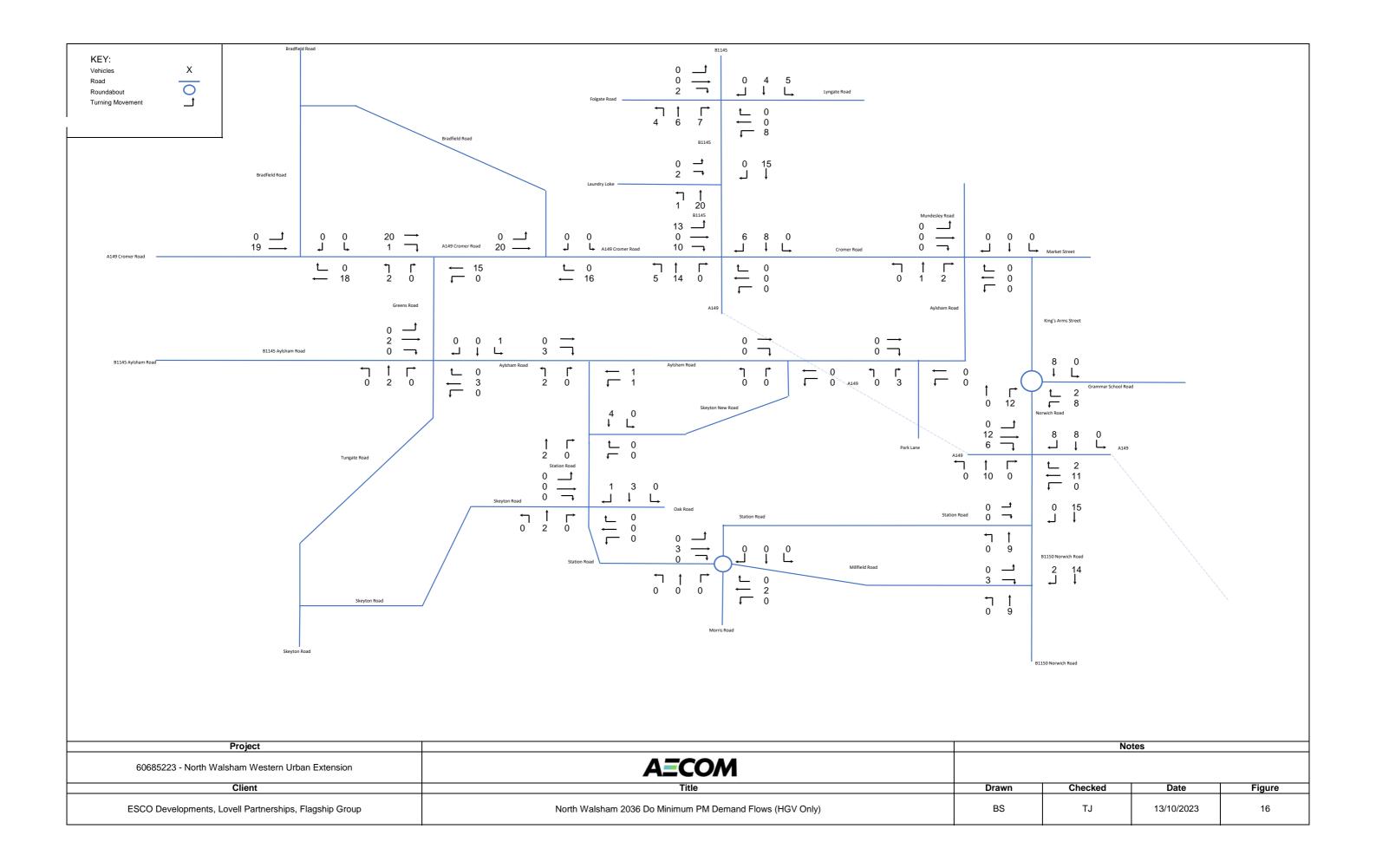
9 Market Street		
King's Arms Street		
50 20 ↓ L, ↓ 160 Grammar School Ro	ad	
Vorwich Road		
117 224 60 ↓ ↓ ↓ A149 1 94		
← 231 ↓ 59		
41 481 ↓ ↓		
B1150 Norwich Road 54 429 ↓ ↓		
18 487 ↓ ↓ B1150 Norwich Road		
No	otes	
Checked	Date	Figure
TJ	13/10/2023	11

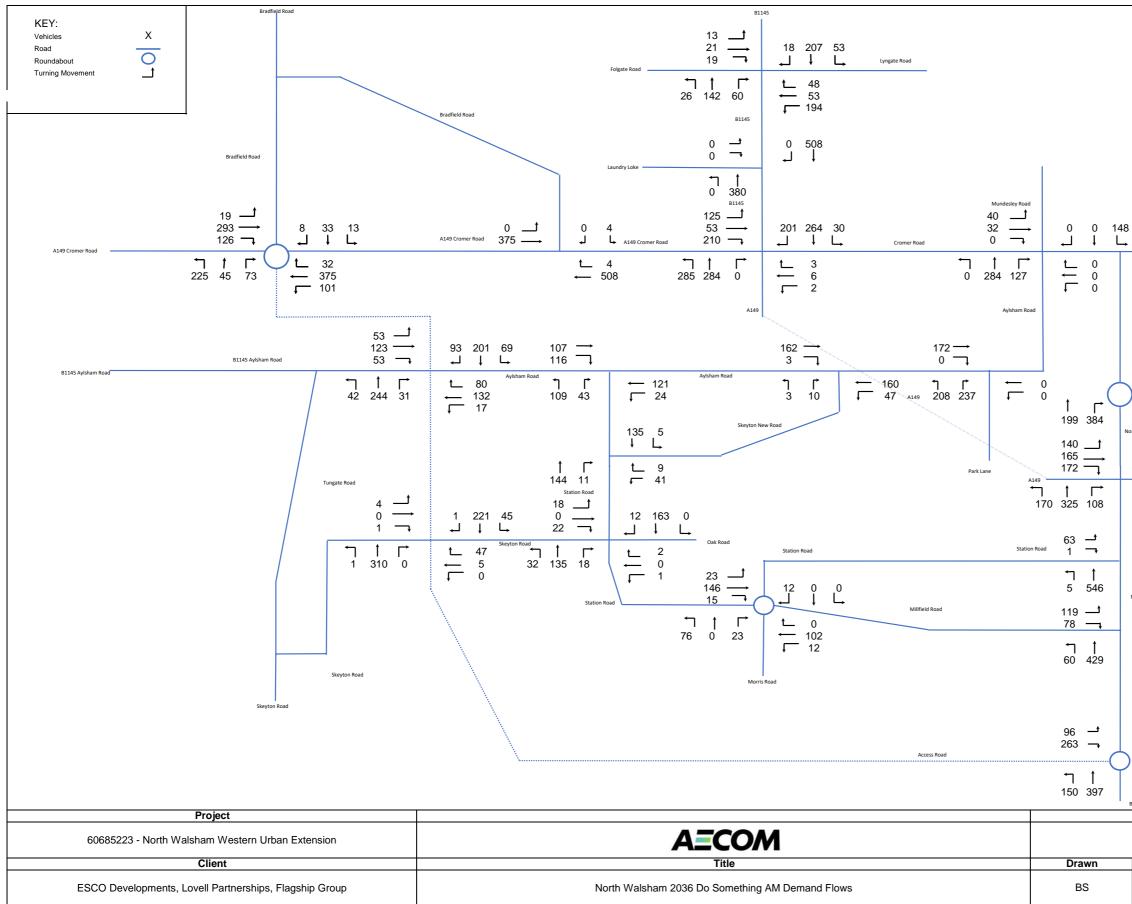




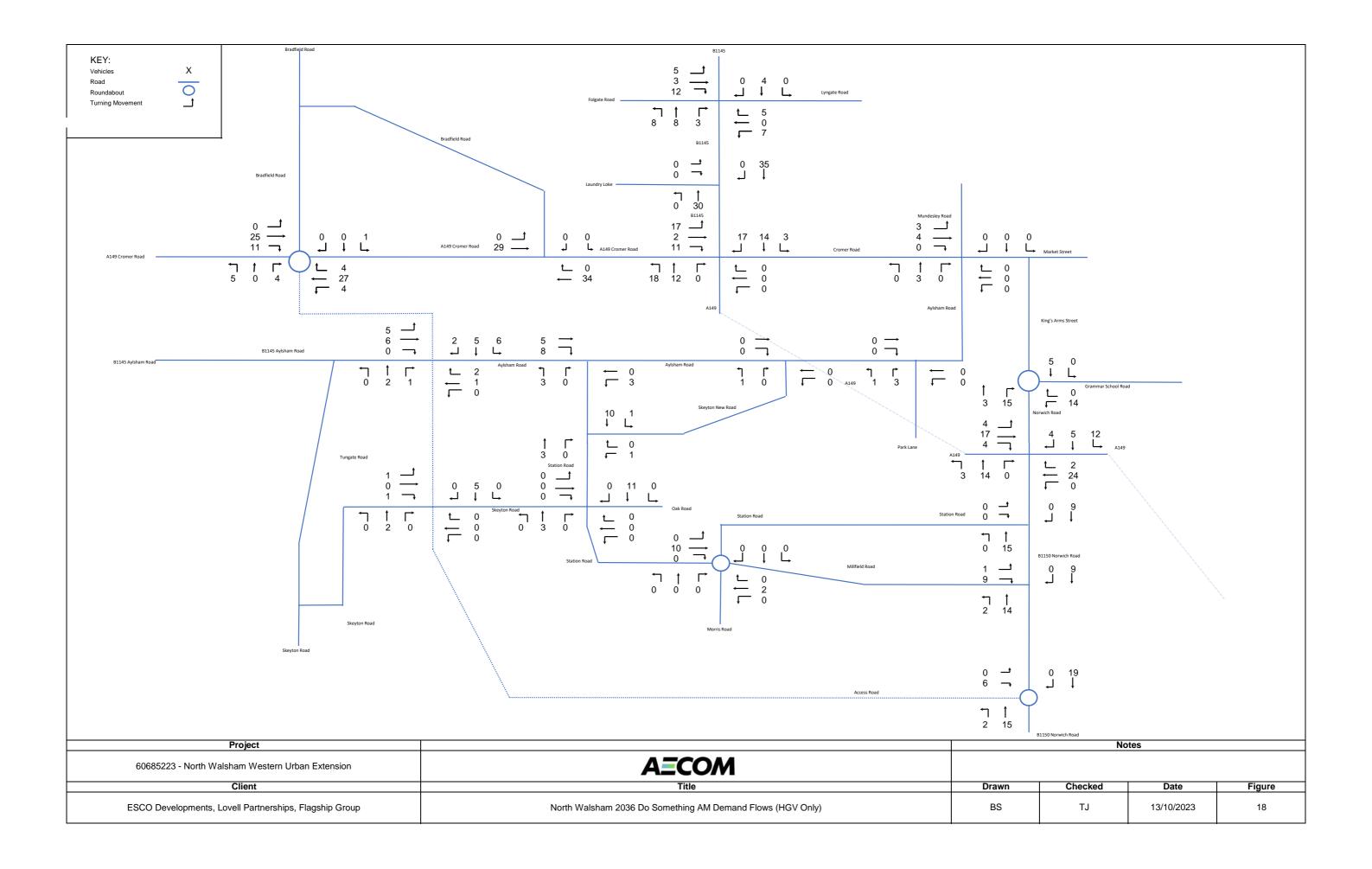


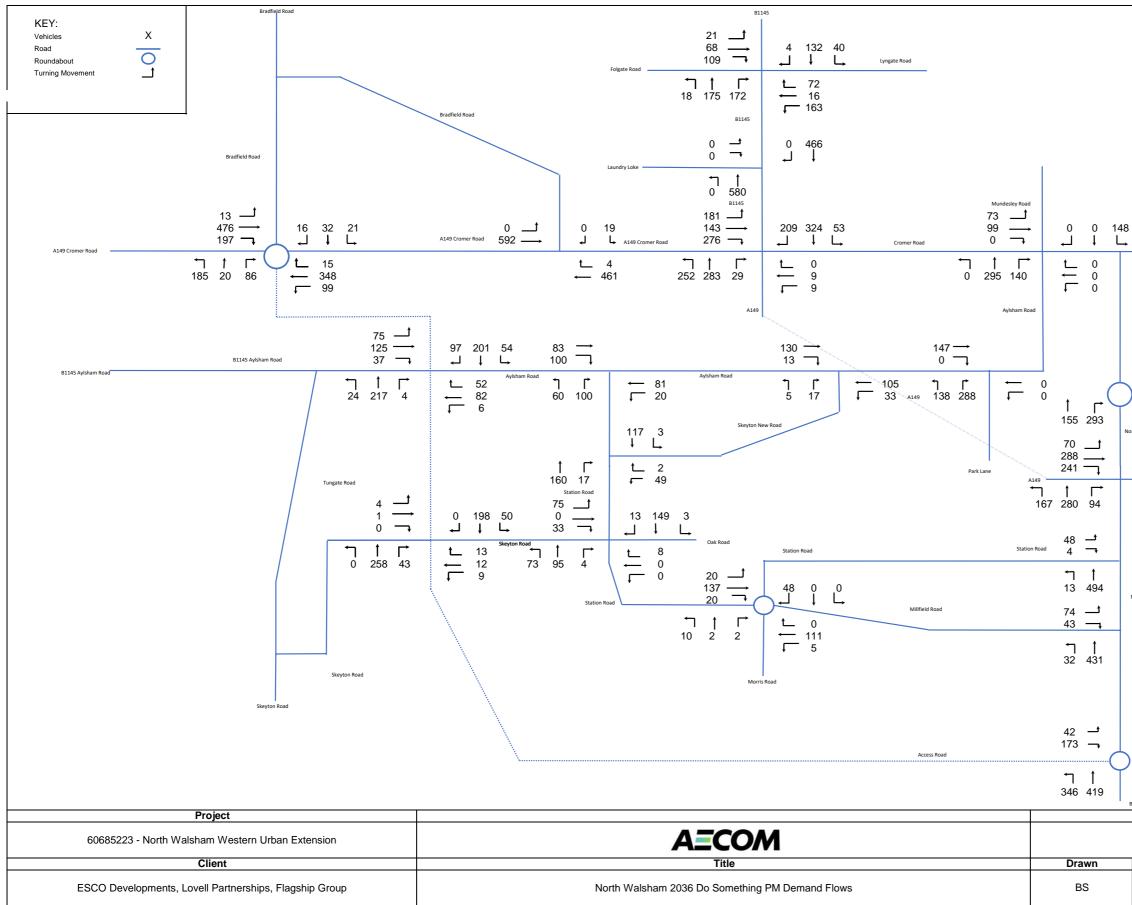




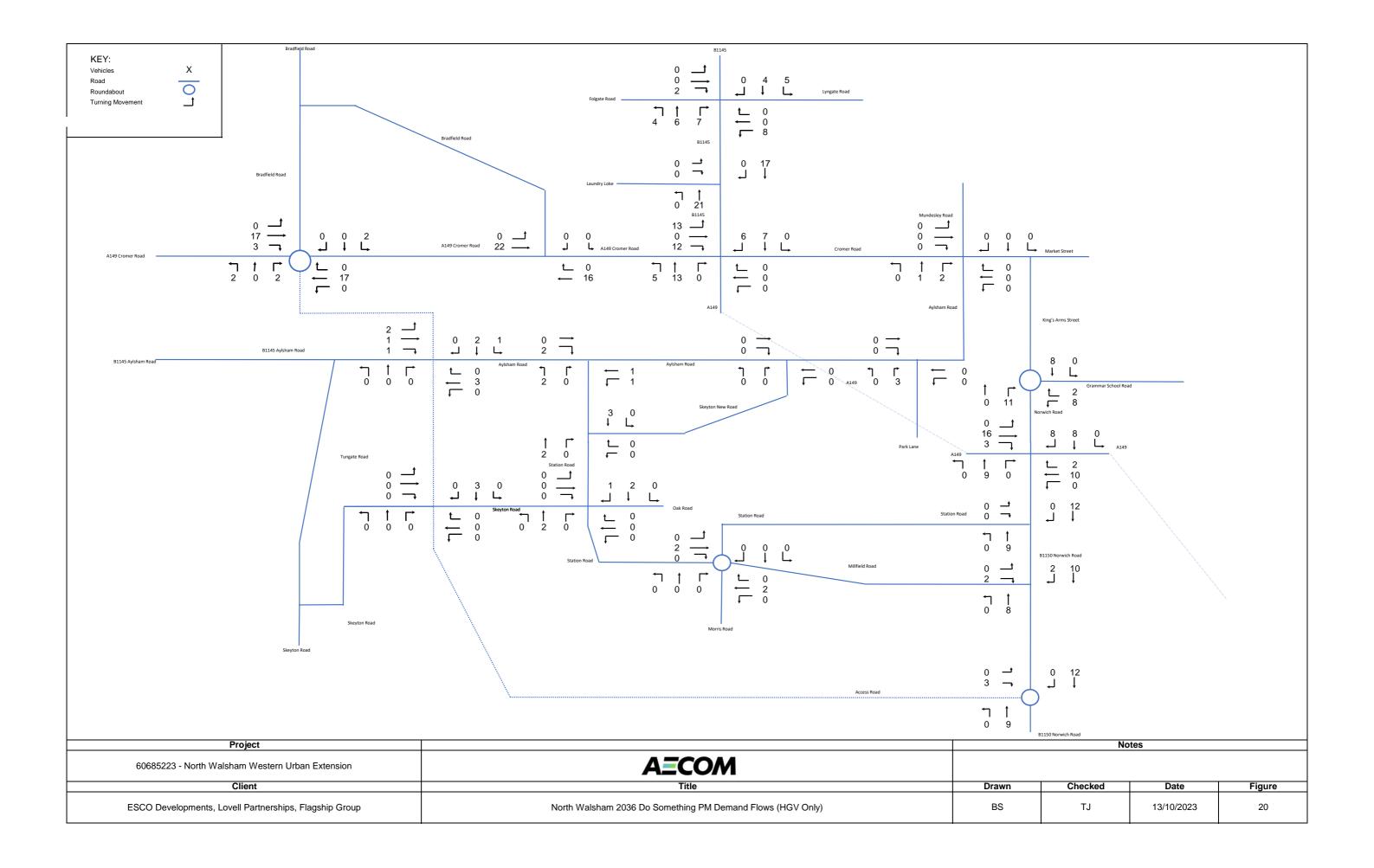


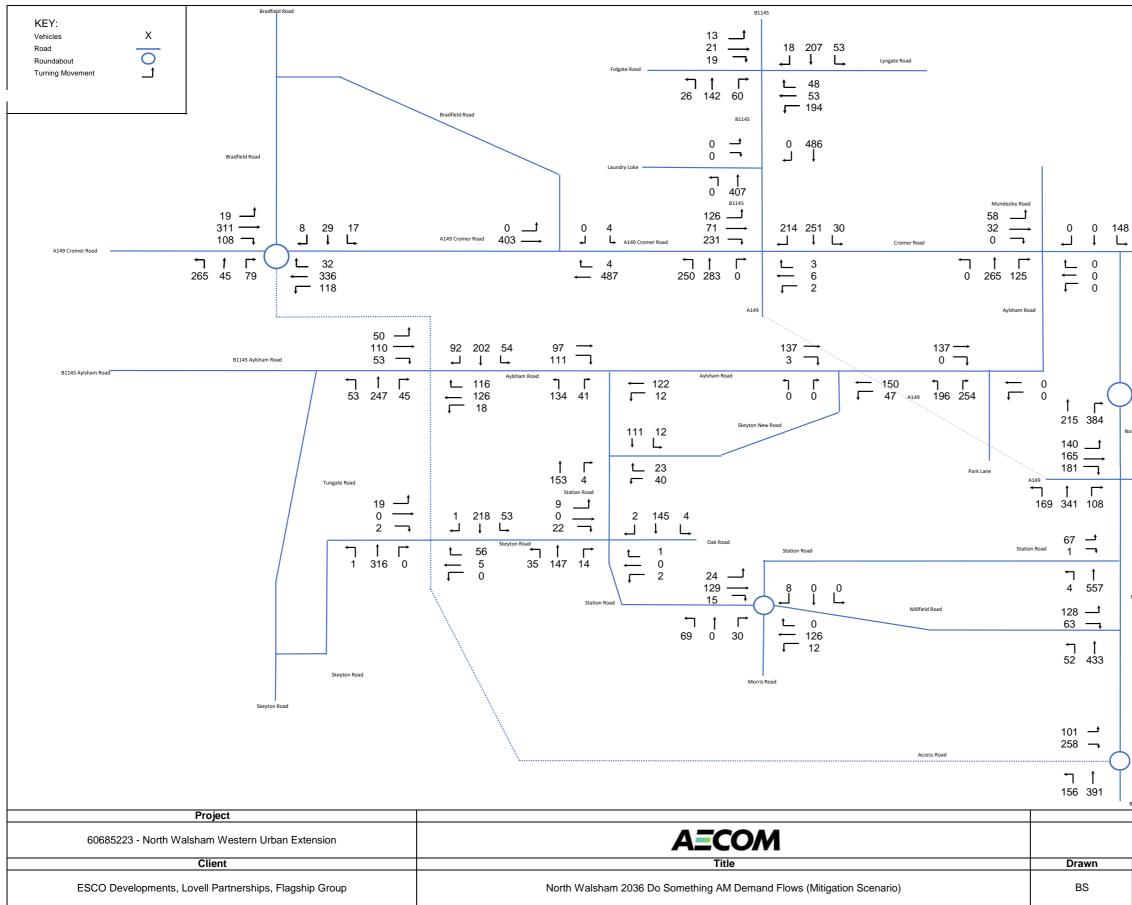
0					
8 •	Market S	treet			
	King's Arm		-		
	63 ↓	32 L			
) Norr	+ t wich Road	181 460	Grammar School Roa	d	
	189 പ	270 ↓	77 L _{A149}		
	t_ ↓ ↓	135 207 51			
	32 ↓	466 ↓			
В	81	vich Road 387 ↓			
)	36 ↓	431 ↓			
B1	150 Norw	ich Road			
			No	tes	
		Cha	akad	Dete	 Figure
┥		Che T		Date 13/10/20	Figure 17



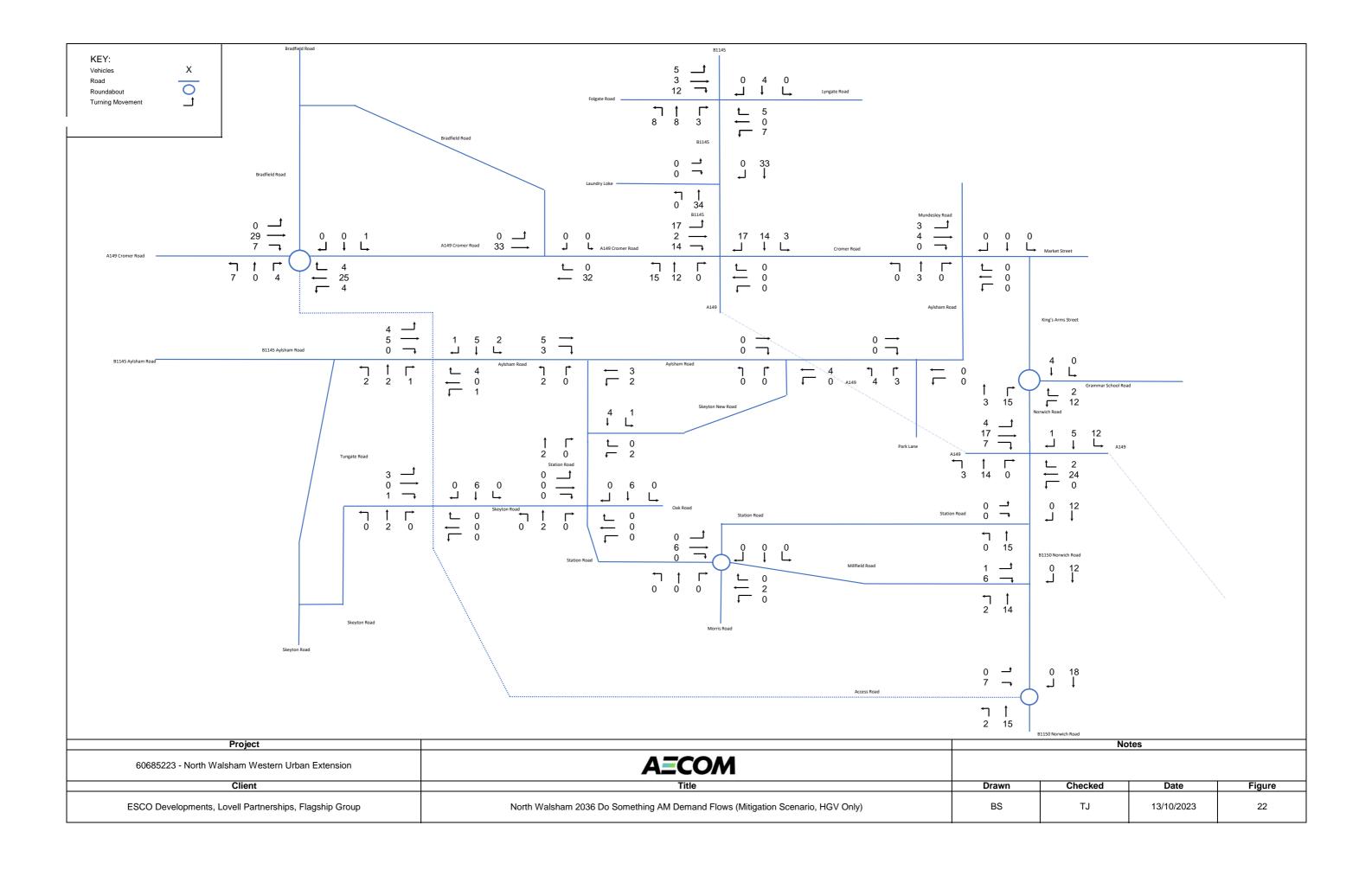


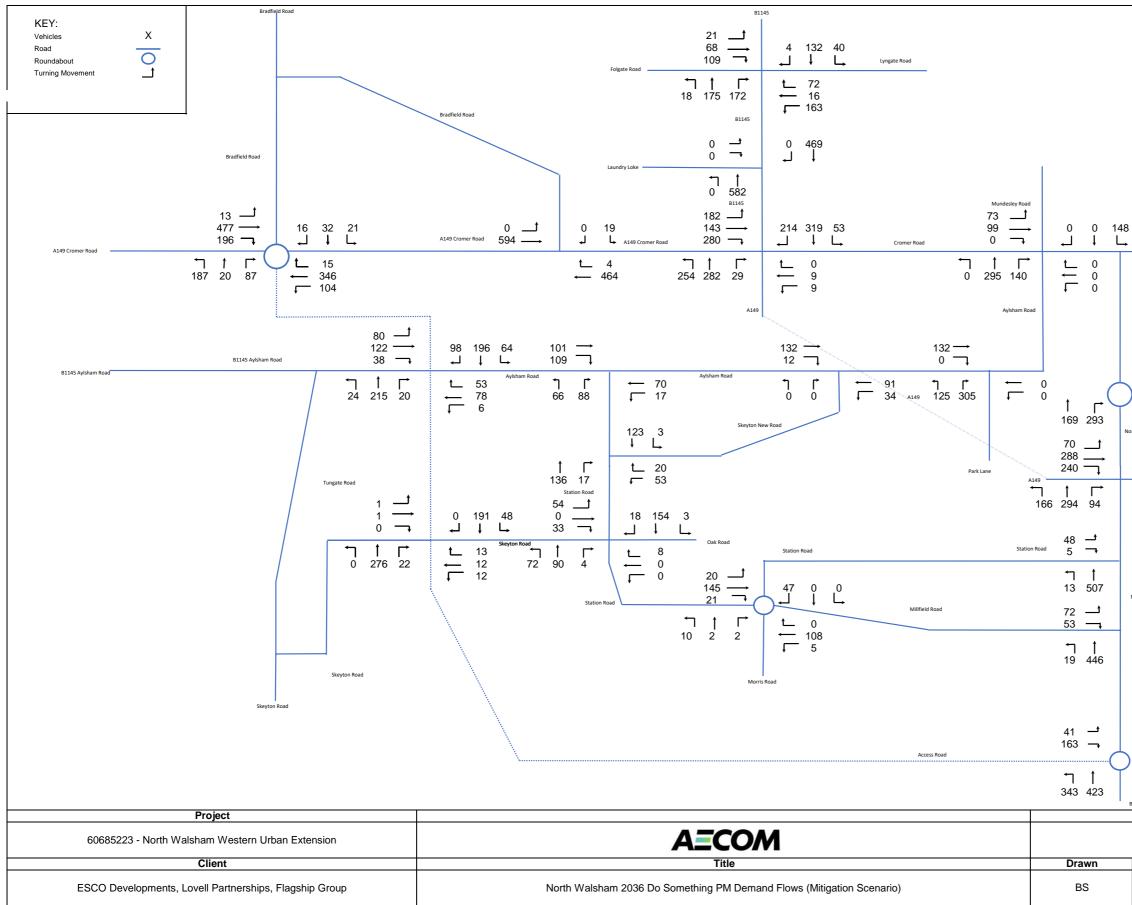
8 → Market Street	-		
King's Arms Street			
87 33 ↓ L			
185 441 Norwich Road	Grammar School Roa	d	
147 317 ↓ ↓	67 L _{A149}		
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 244 \\ \end{array} \\ 114 \end{array}$			
43 626 ↓ ↓			
B1150 Norwich Road 113 516 ↓ ↓			
			X
97 466 ↓ ↓			
B1150 Norwich Road			
STITO NOTWICH KOND	No	tes	
Cheo	cked	Date	Figure
т		13/10/2023	19
1		<u> </u>	



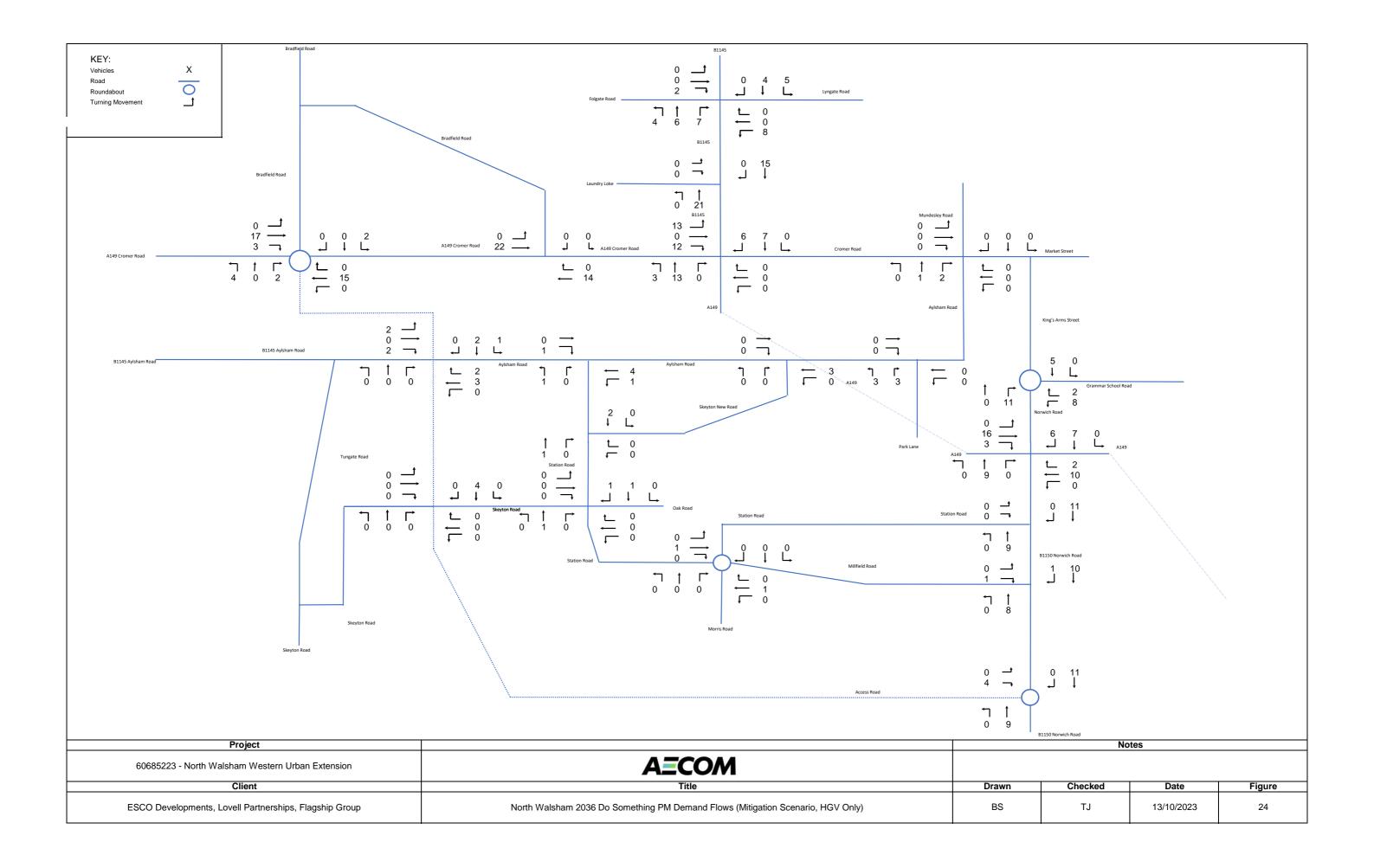


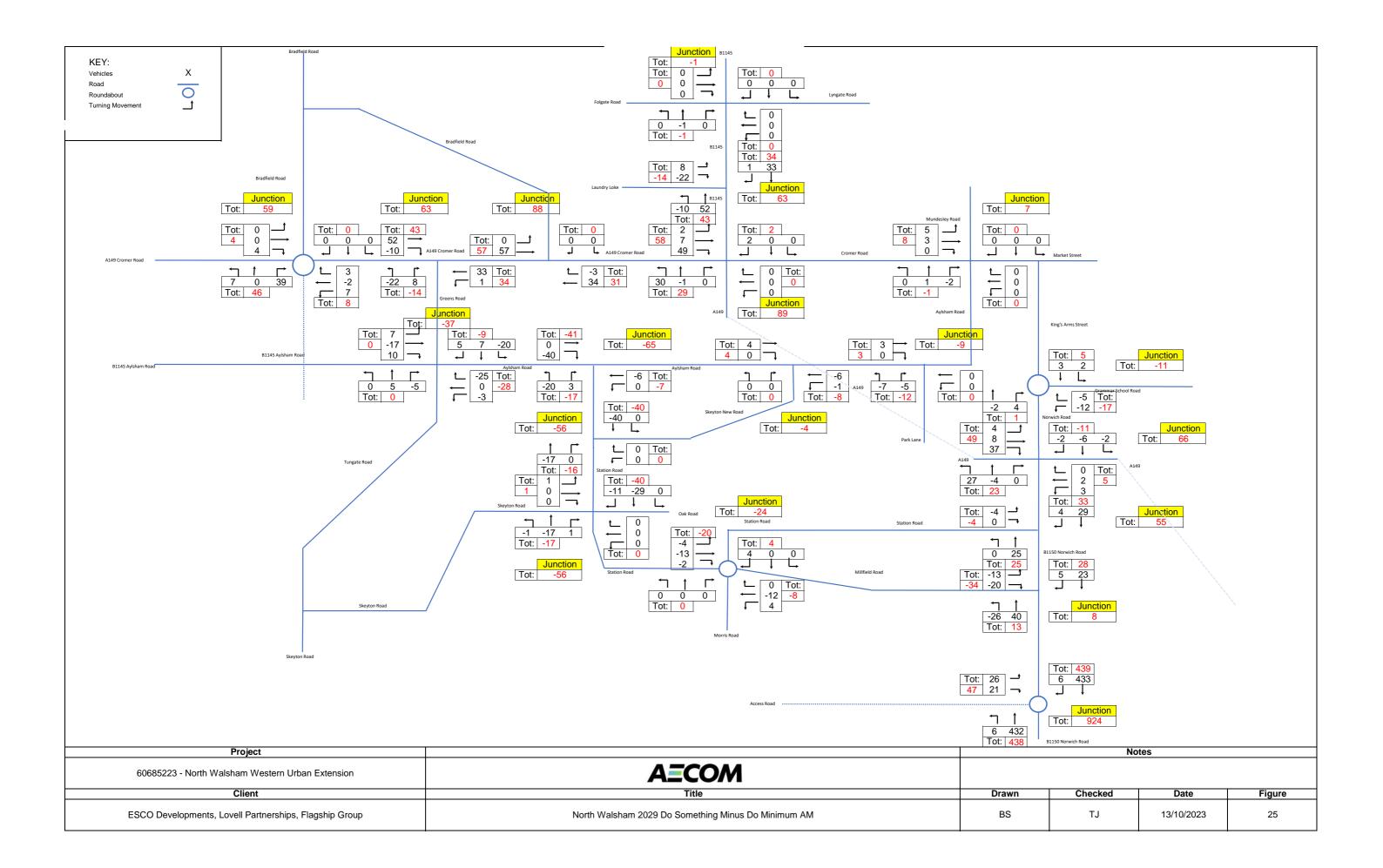
8 •	Market S	itreet	-								
	King's Arm	ns Street									
Nor	ţ	170 471	Grammar School Roa	1							
	151 പ	320 ↓	77 L _{A149}								
	t_ ↓	135 210 49									
		522 ↓									
E	1150 Norv 114	410 ↓									
)	37 ب	436 ↓									
В	B1150 Norwich Road Notes										
	Checked TJ		Date 13/10/2		Figure 21						

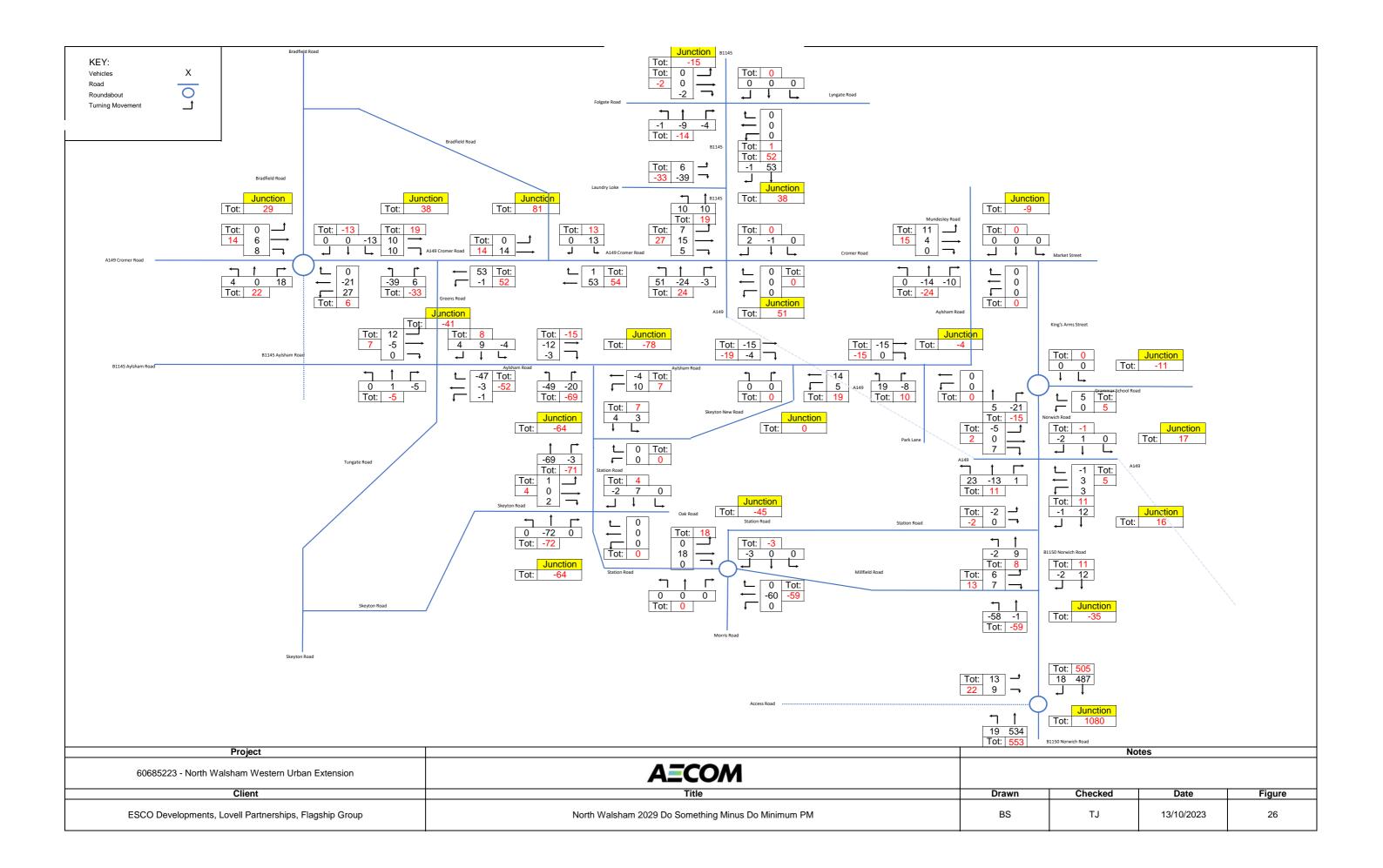


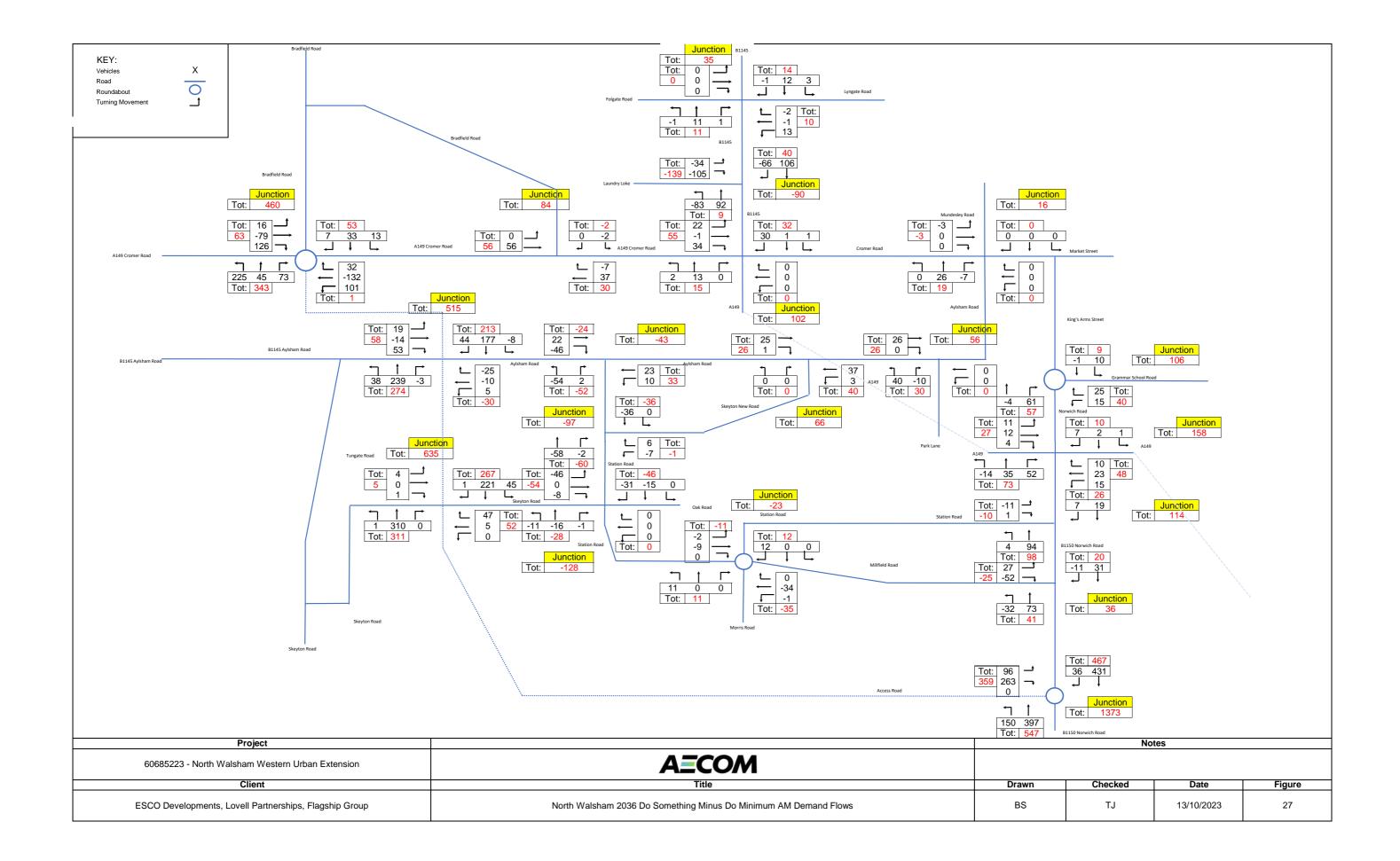


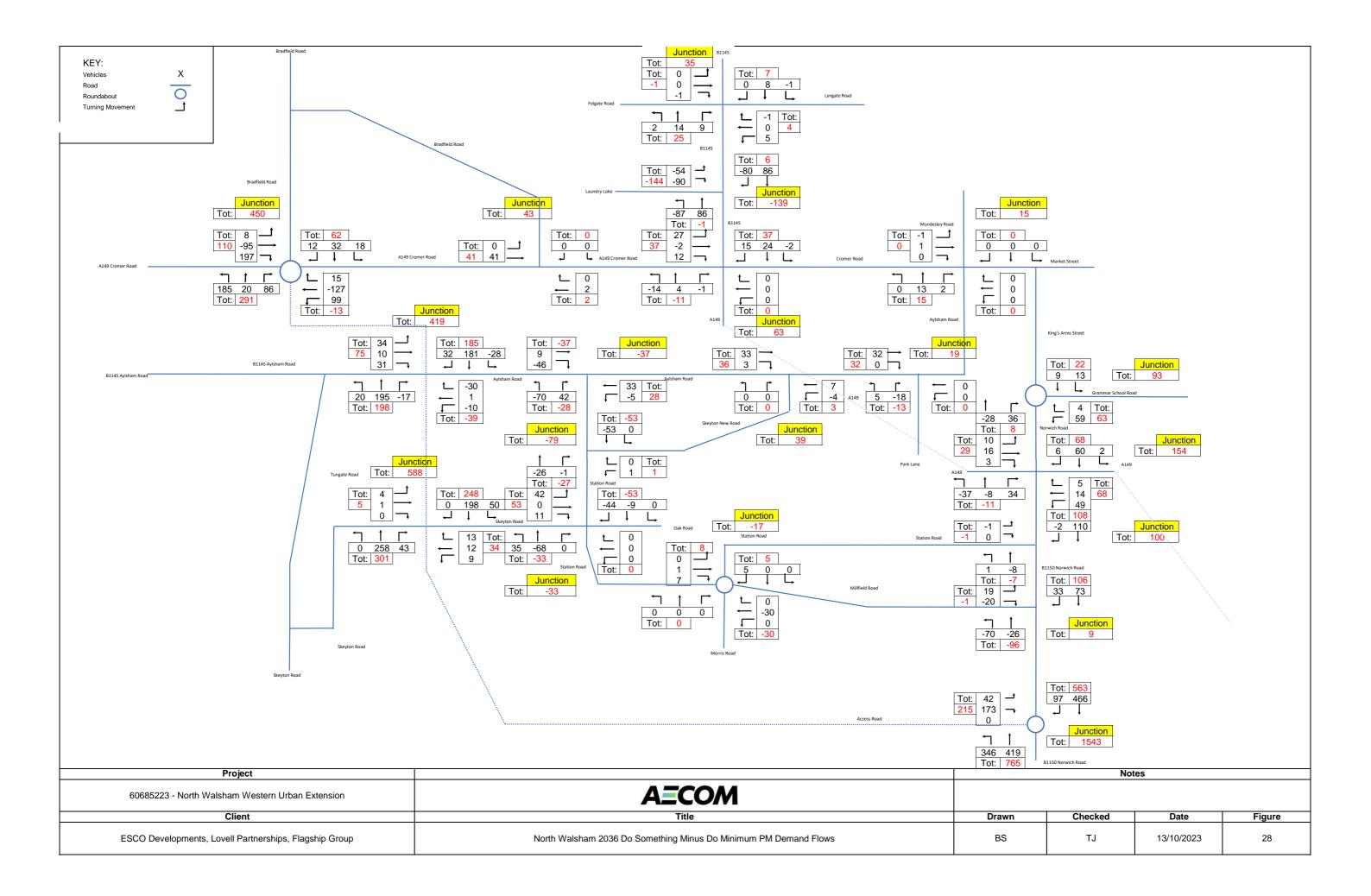
8 →	Market S	Street	-								
	King's Arm	ns Street									
	ţ	33 L									
Nor	t ↓ ■ wich Road	174 451	Grammar School Roa	la							
	┙	330 ↓	67 L _{A149}								
	-	100 248 110									
	45 ل	634 ↓									
E	125 1	wich Road 512 ↓			N						
)	91 J	475 ↓									
в	81150 Norwich Road										
	Checked		cked	Date	Figure						
		Т	J	13/10/2023	23						
				•							

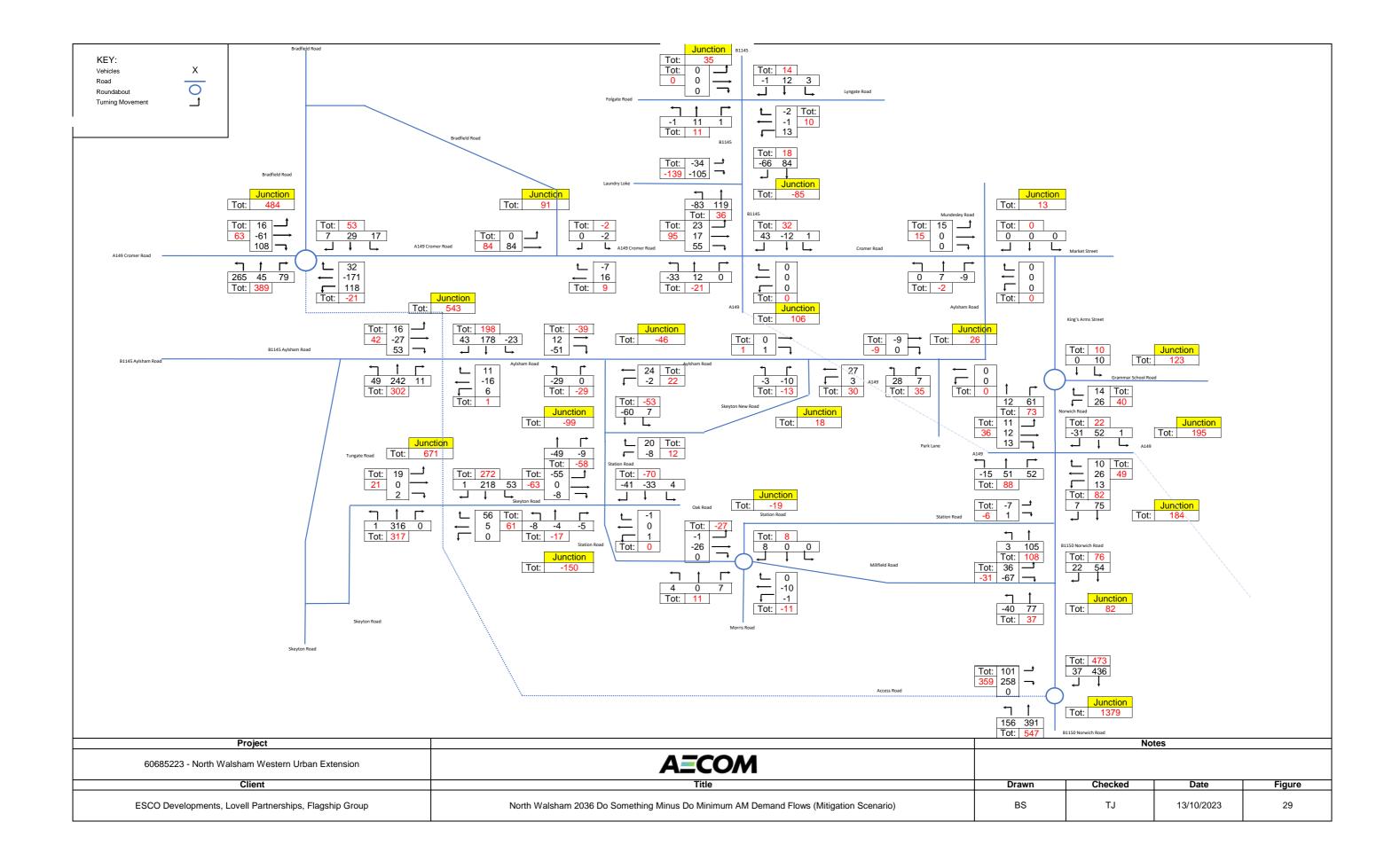


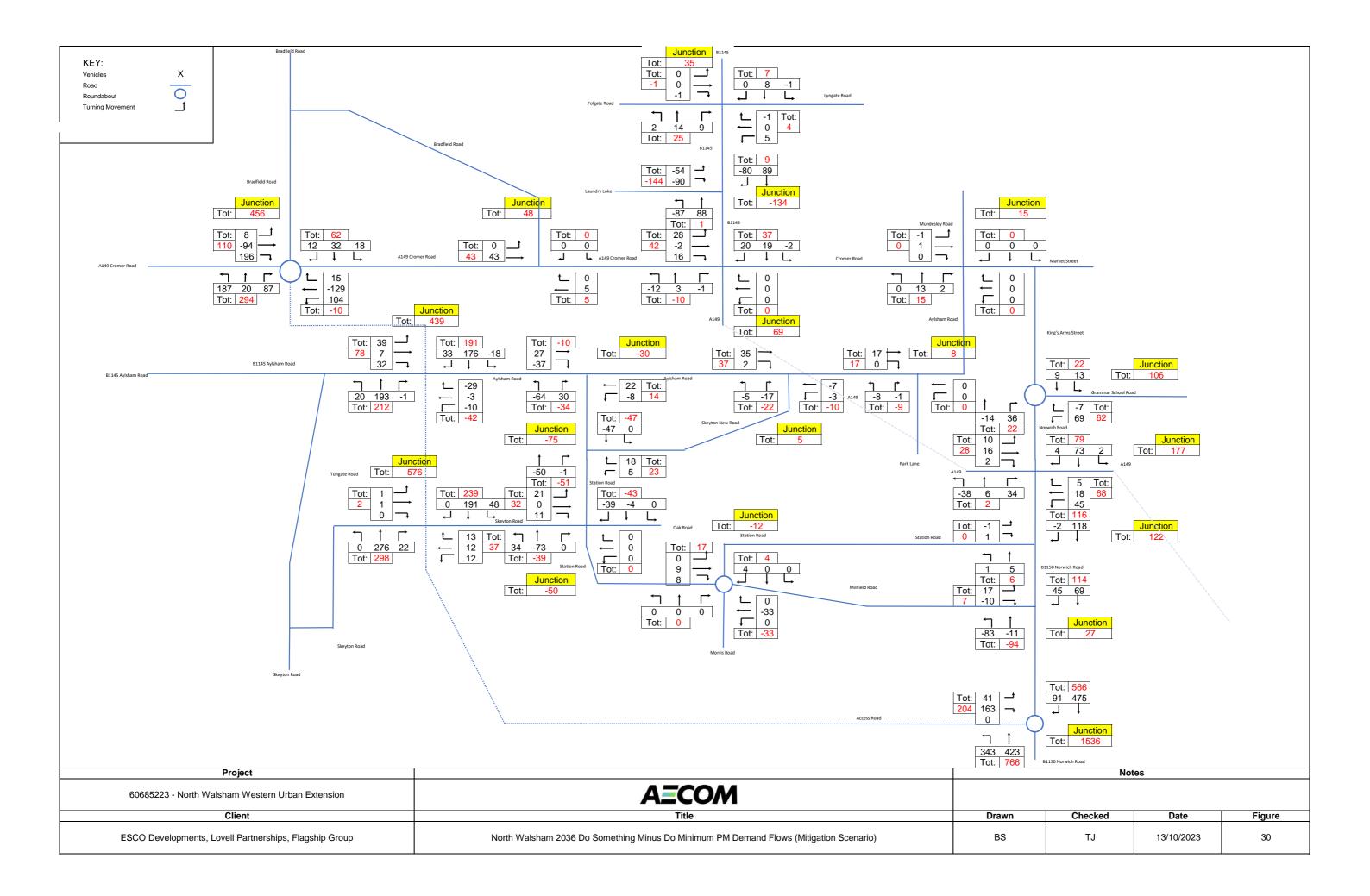


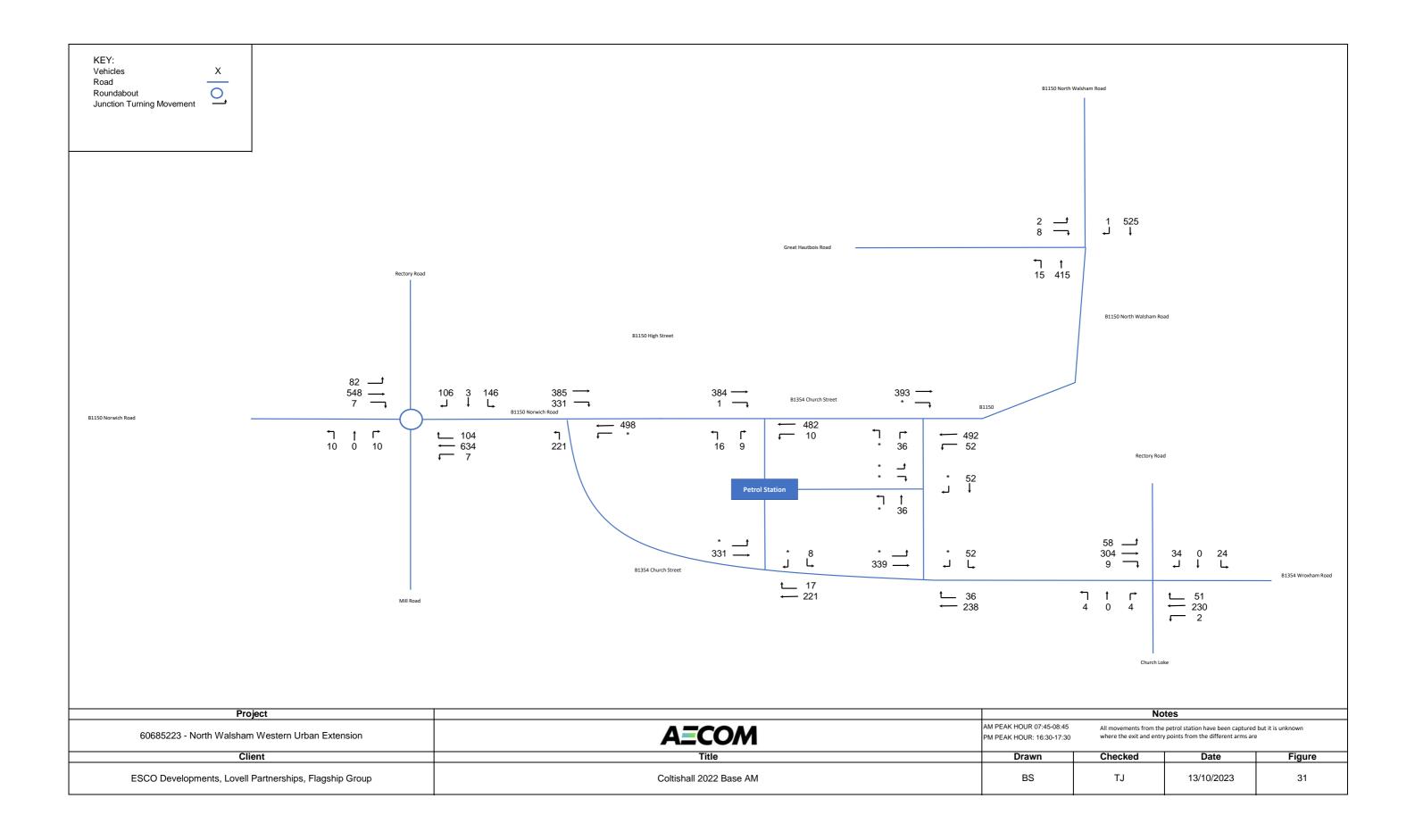


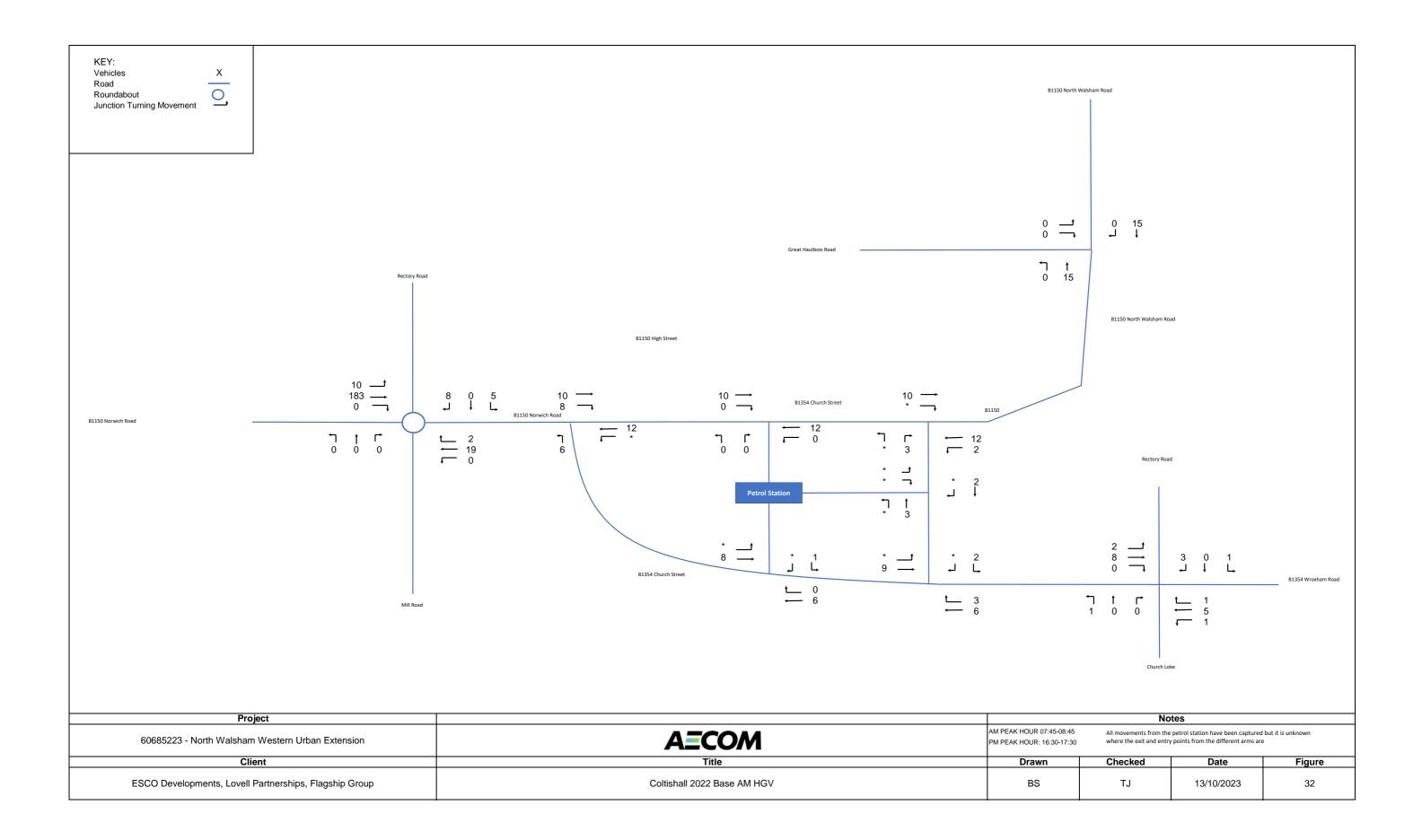


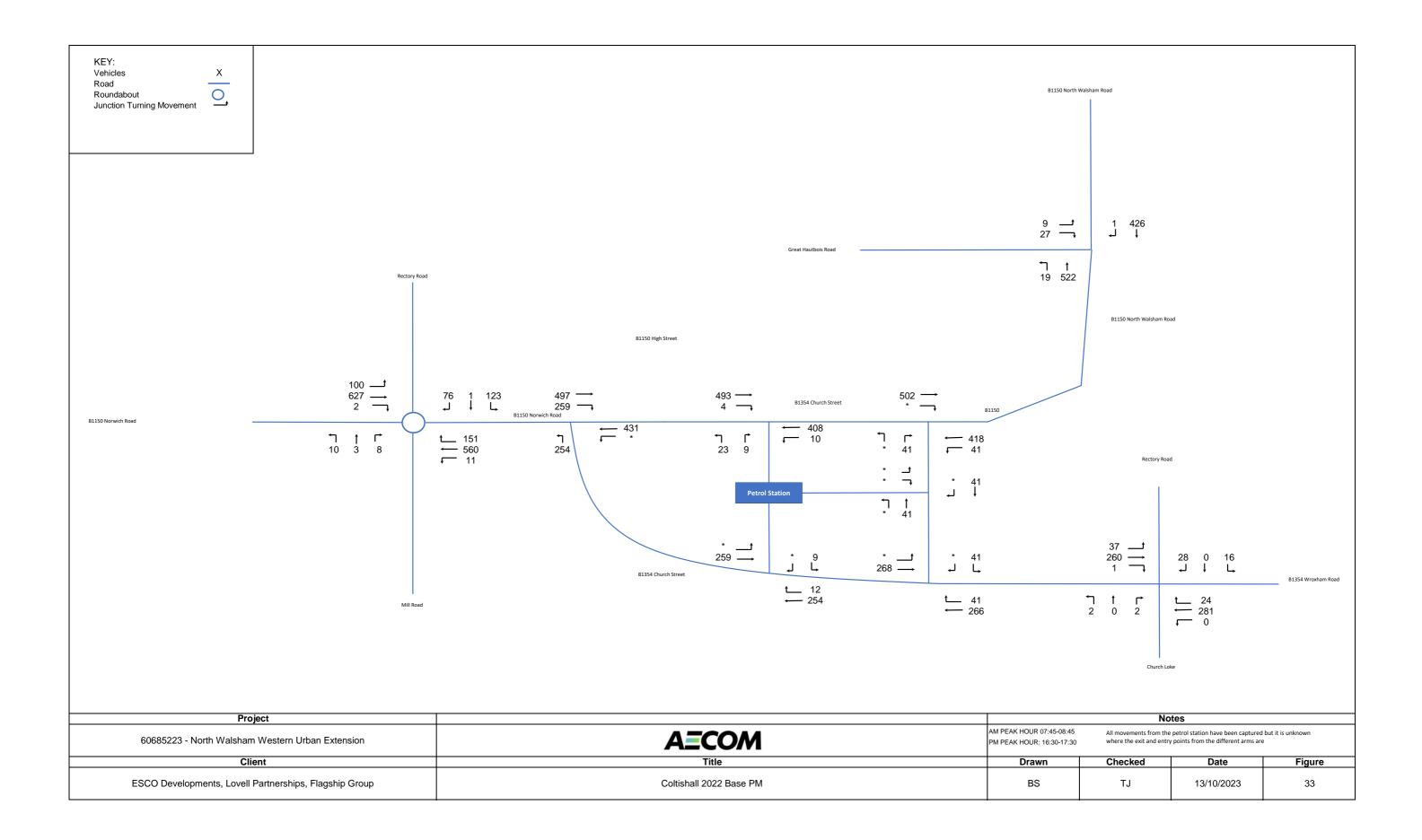


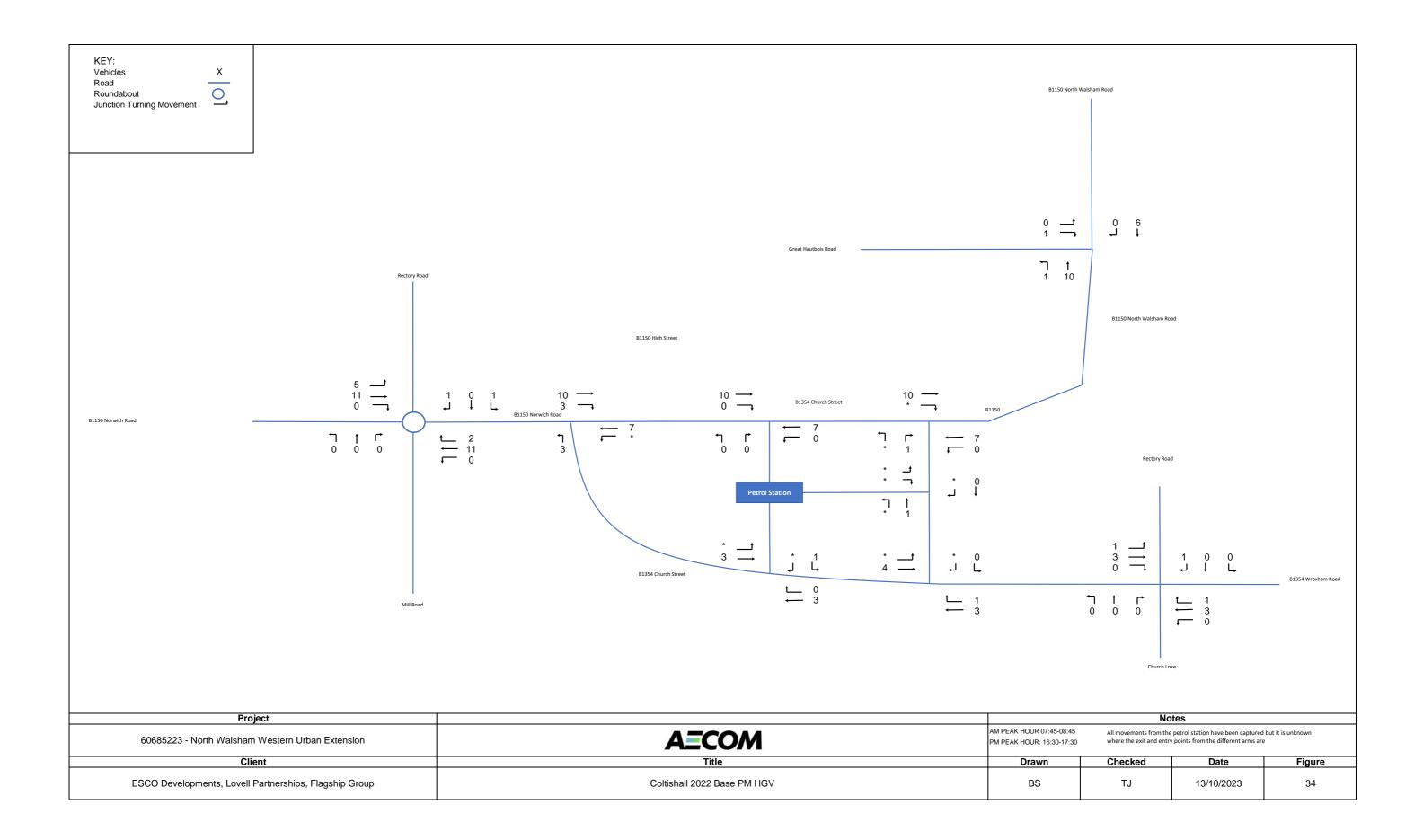


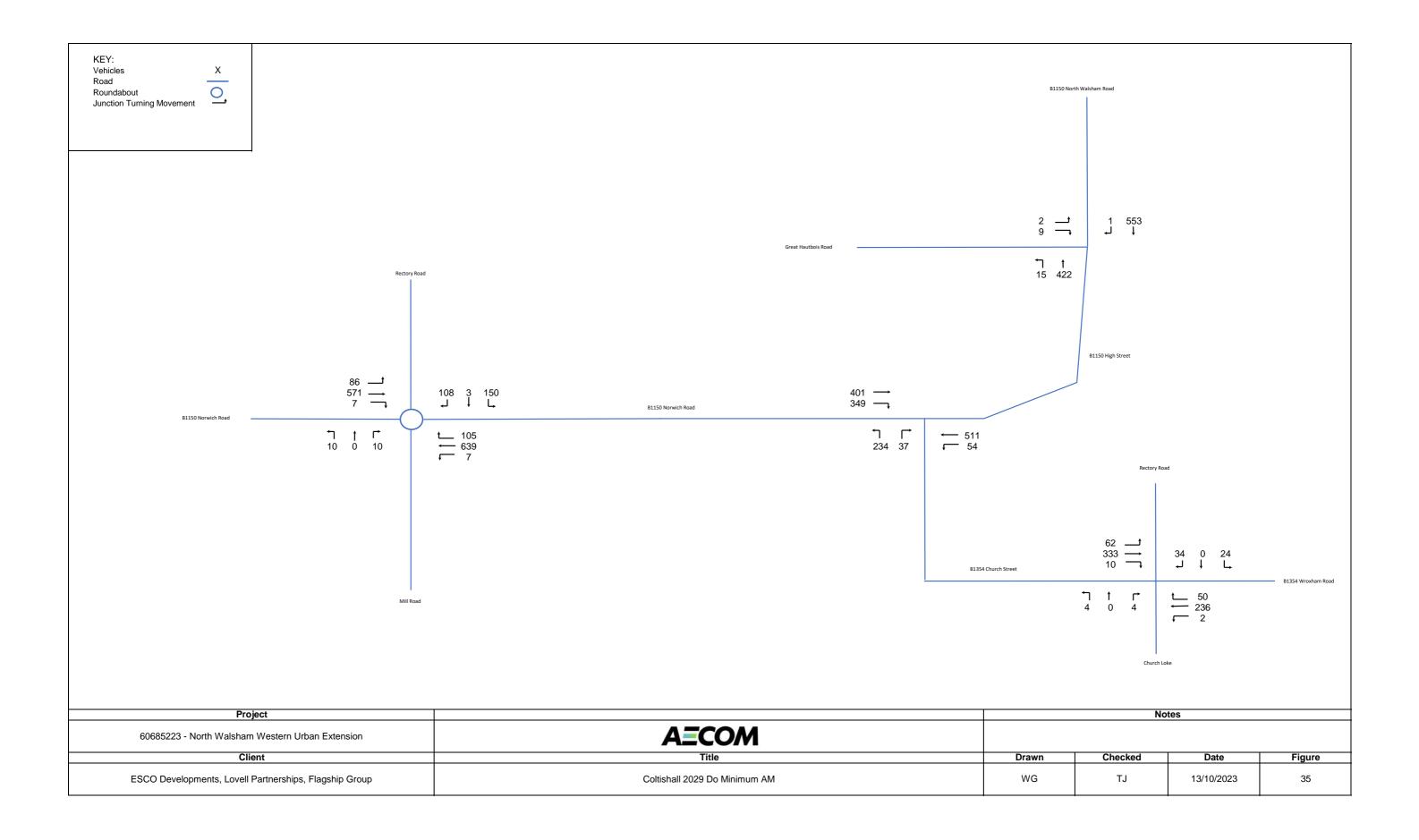


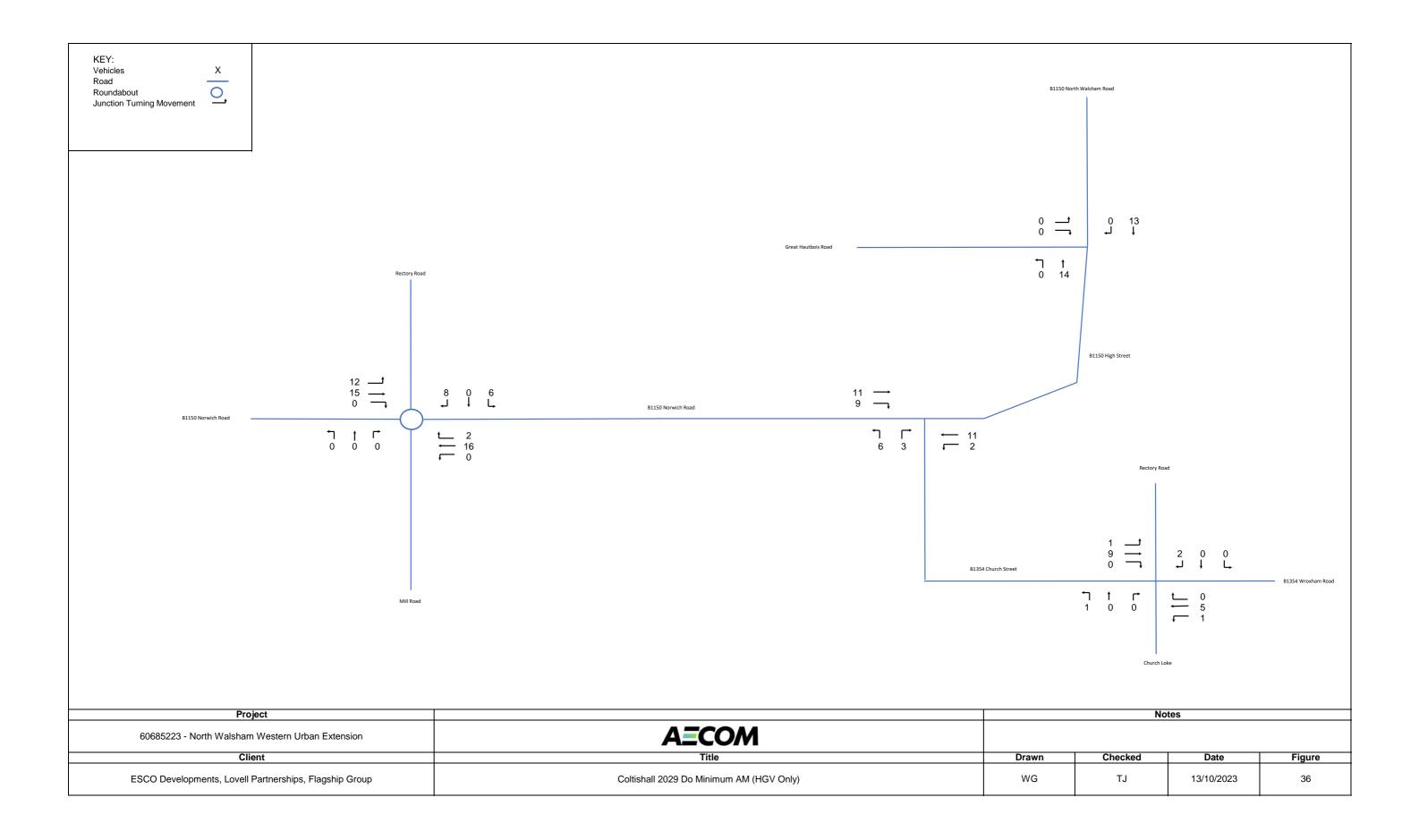


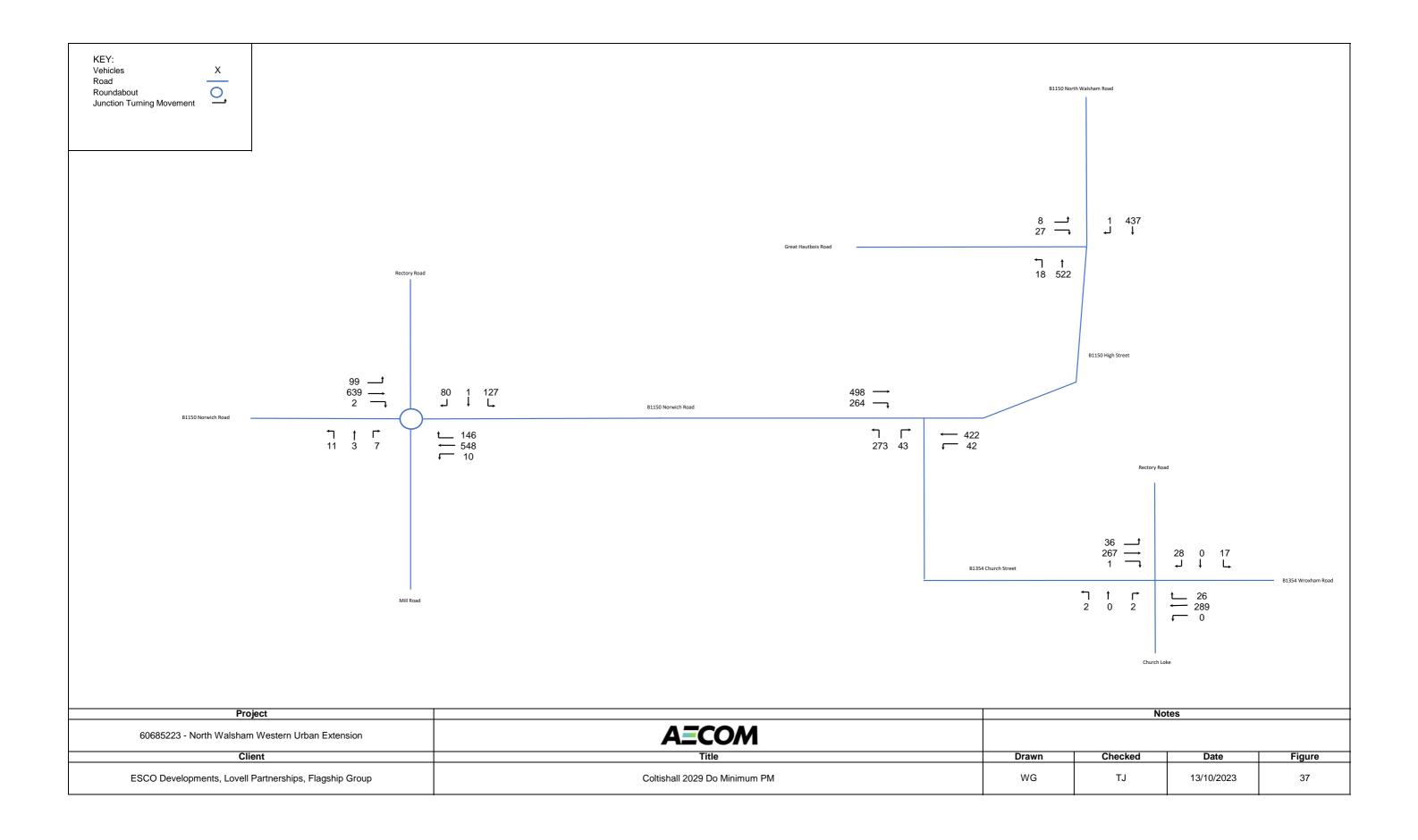


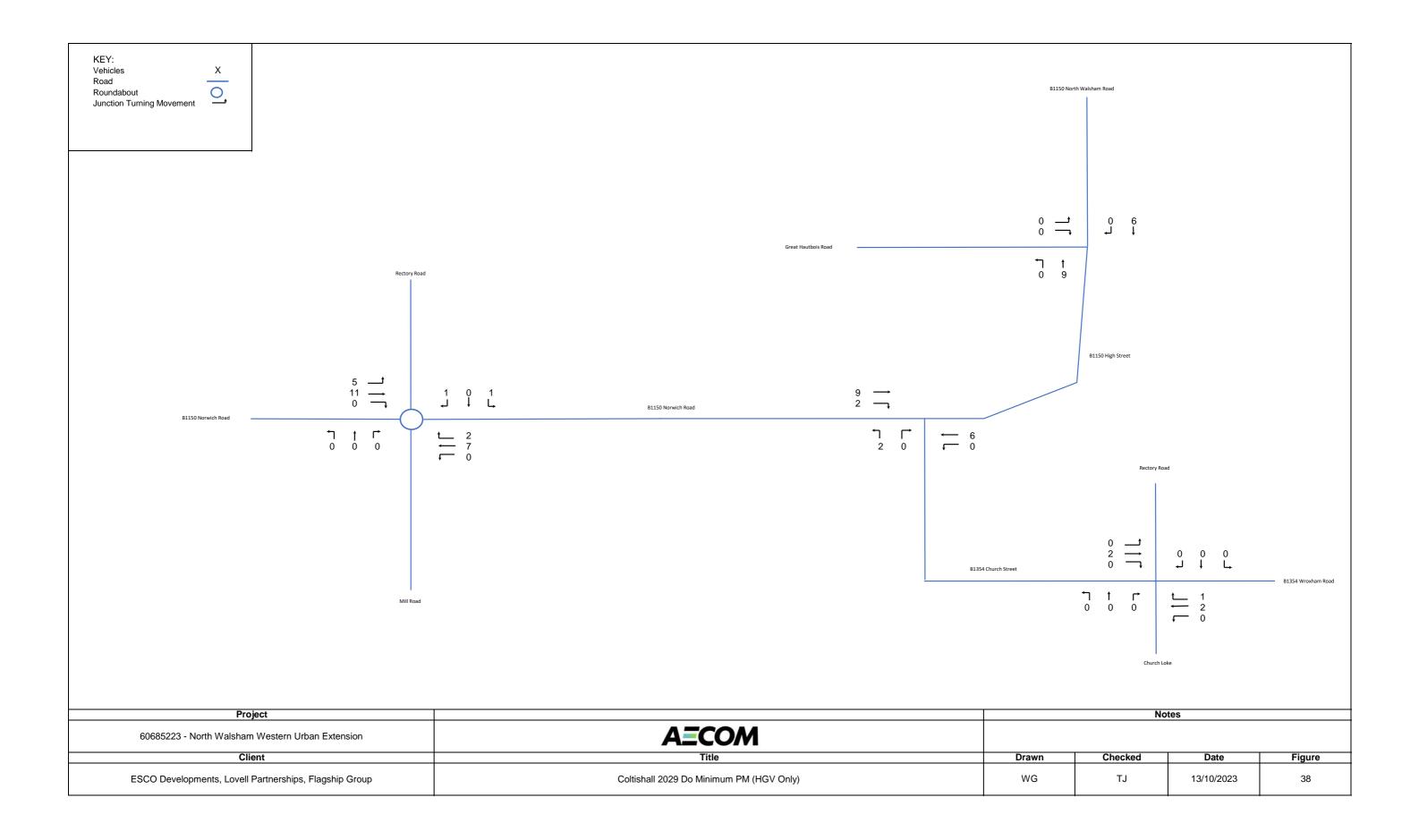


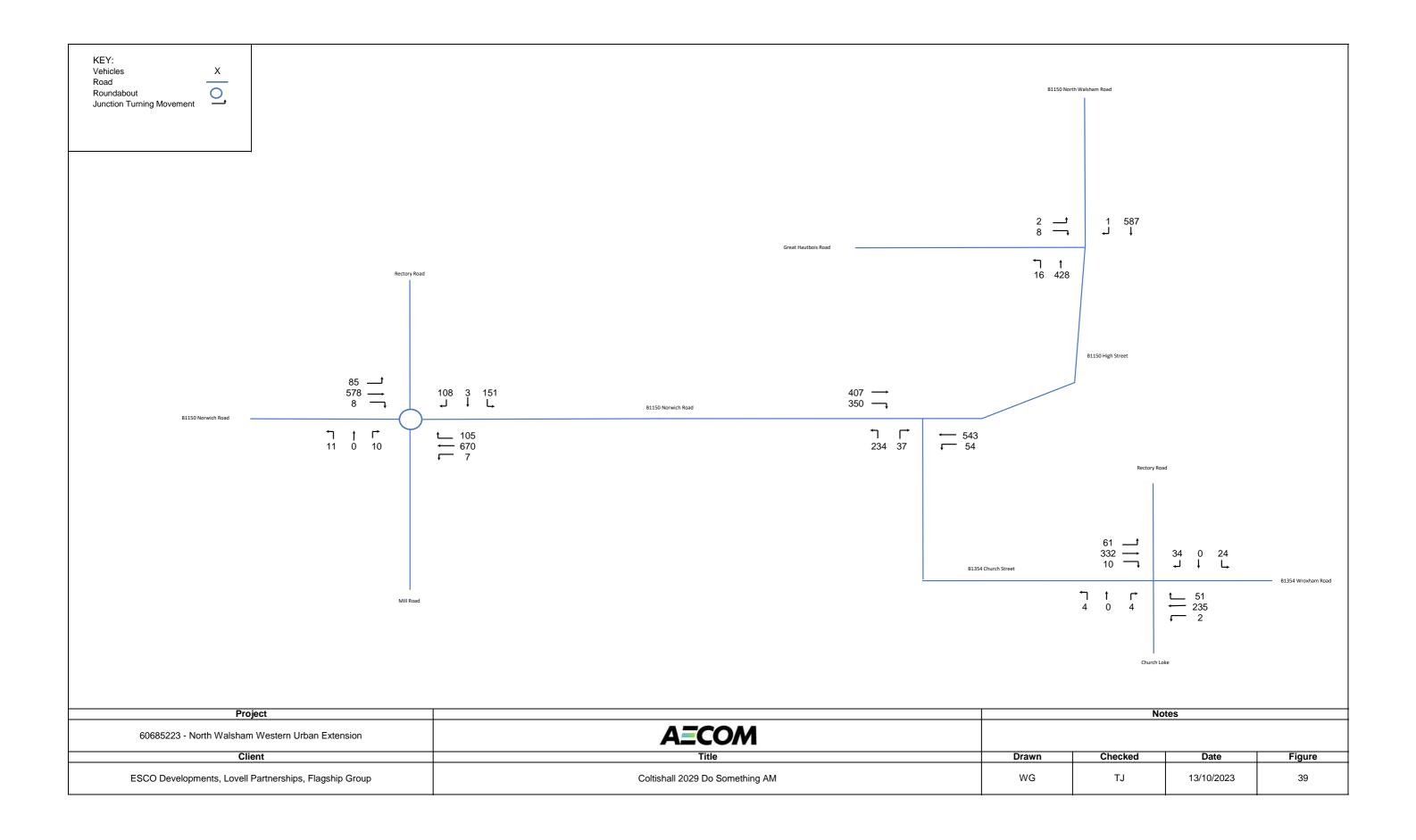


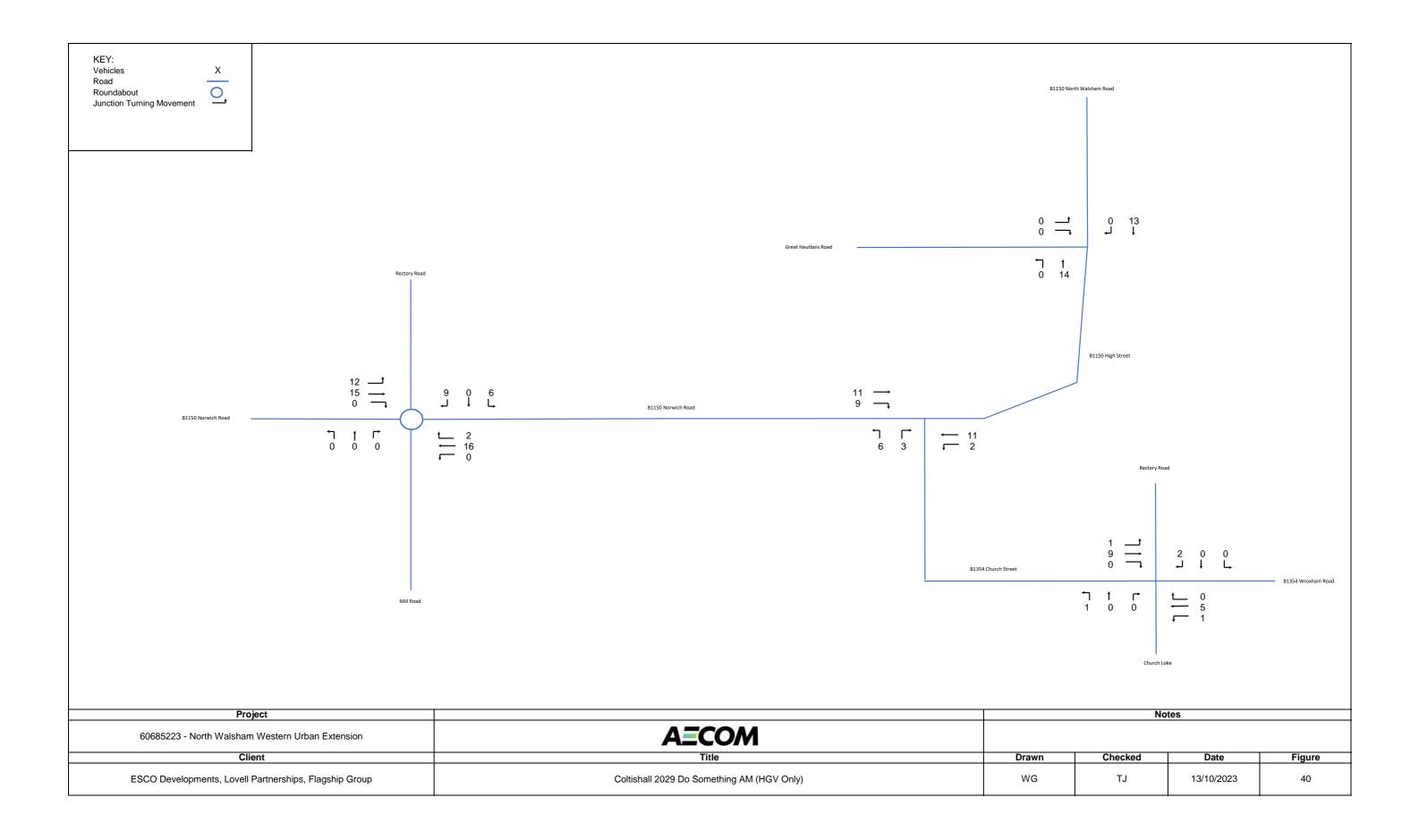


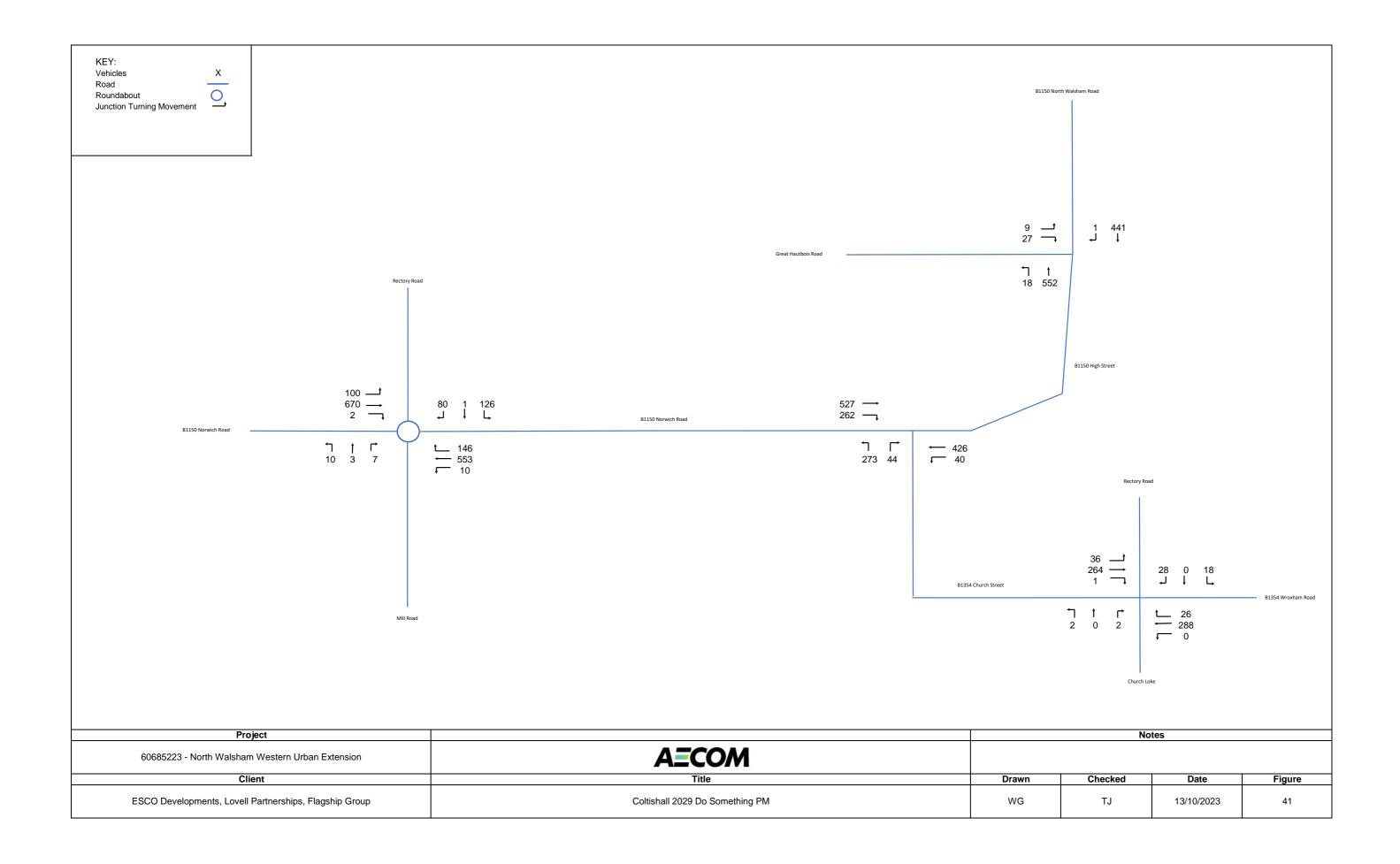


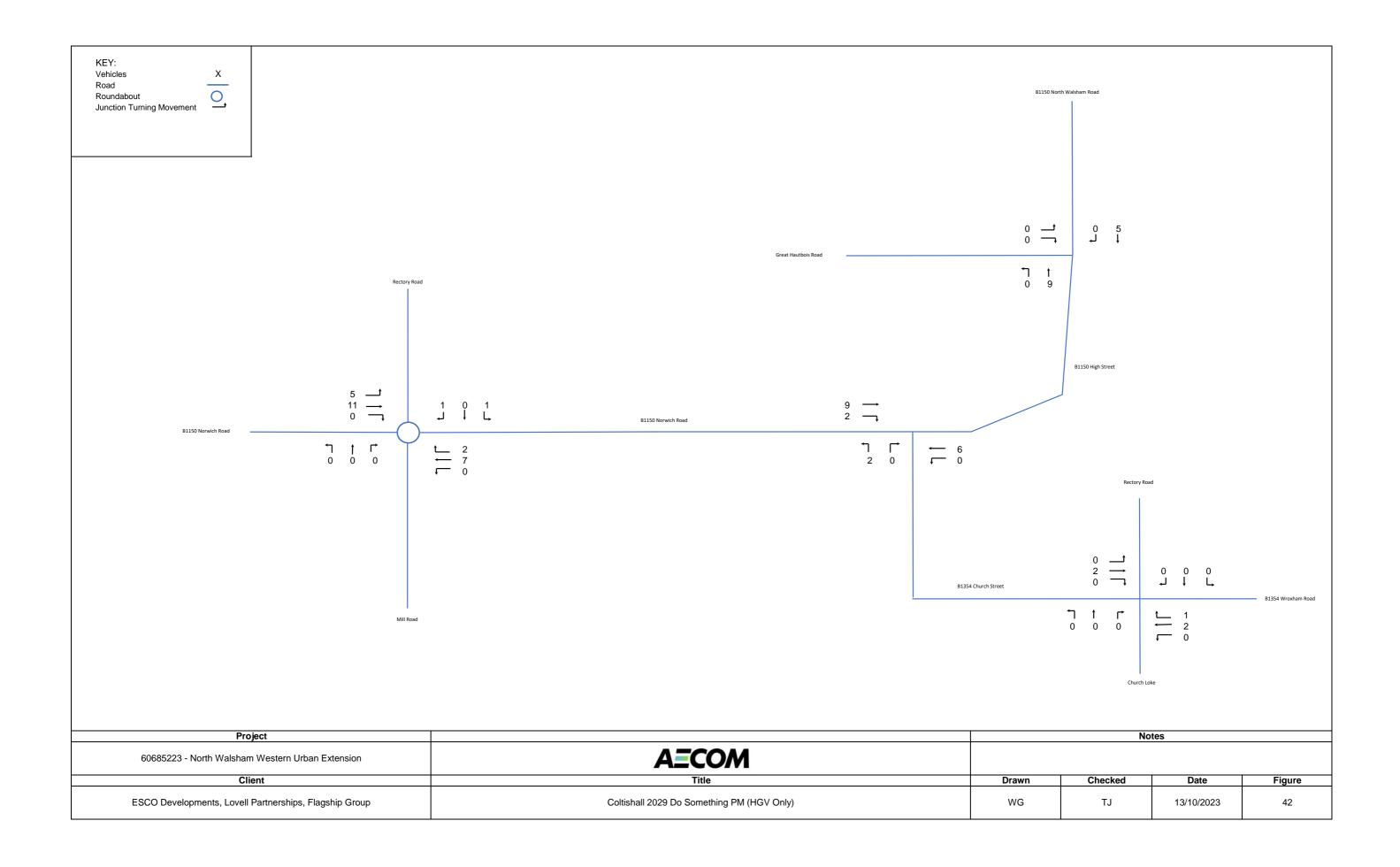


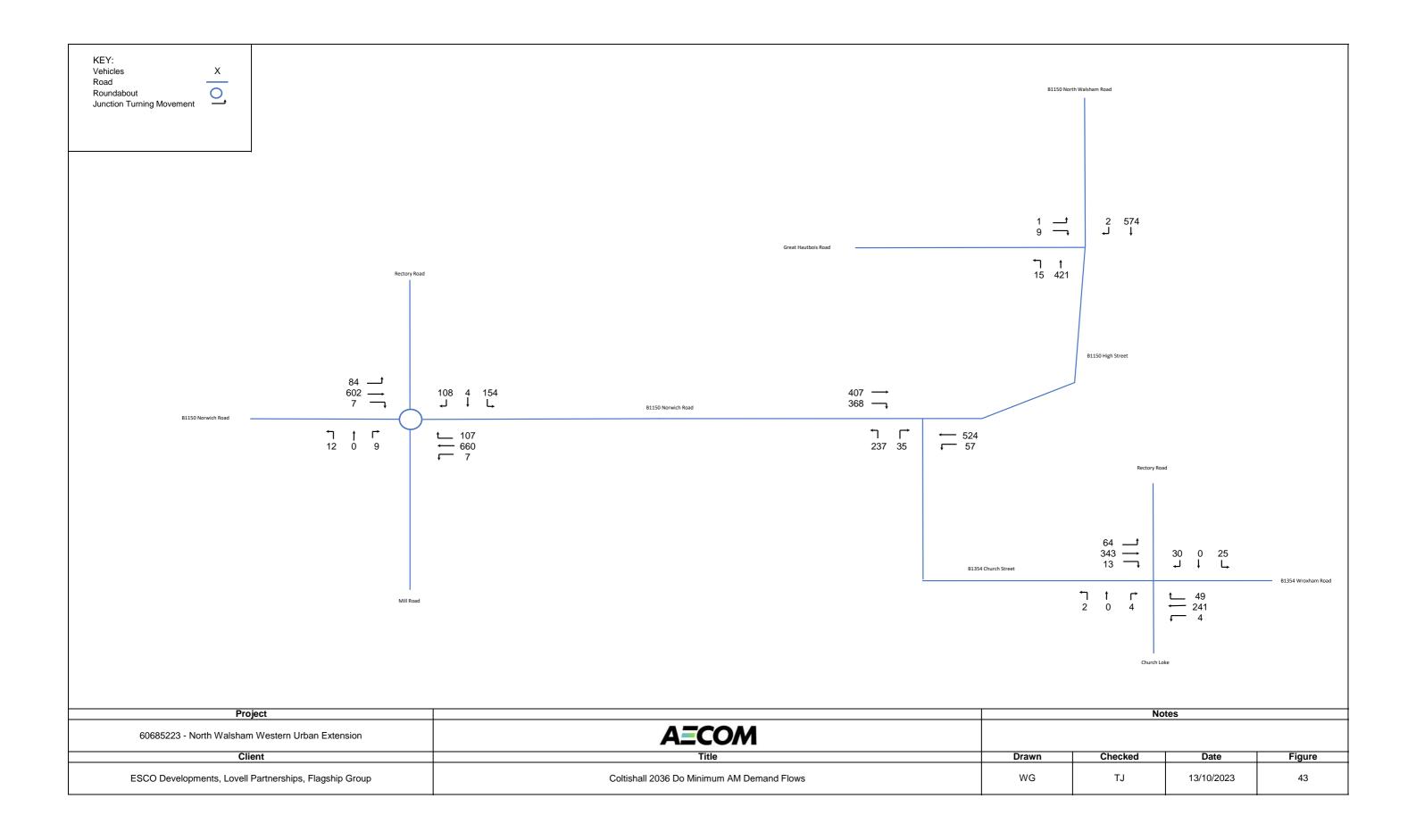


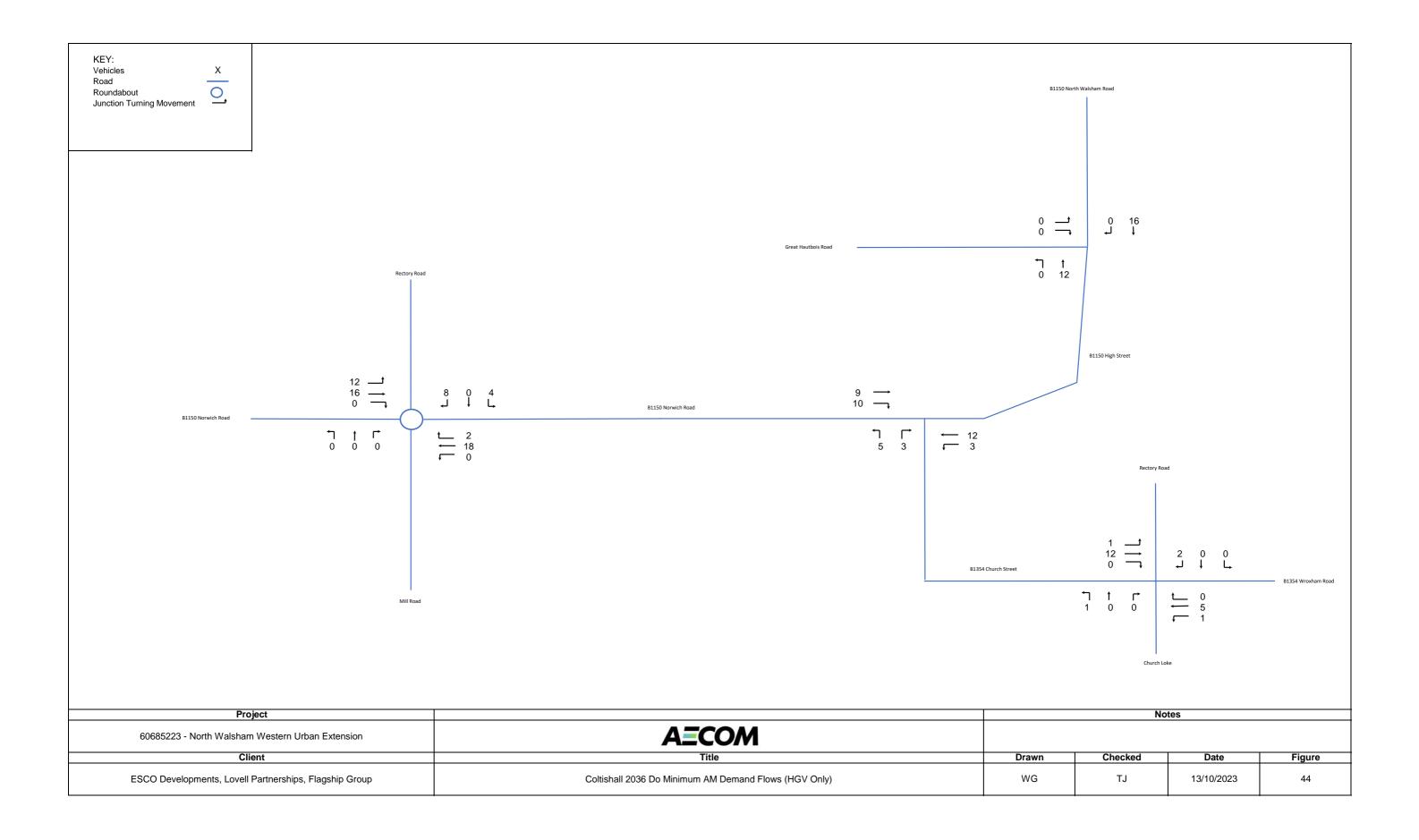


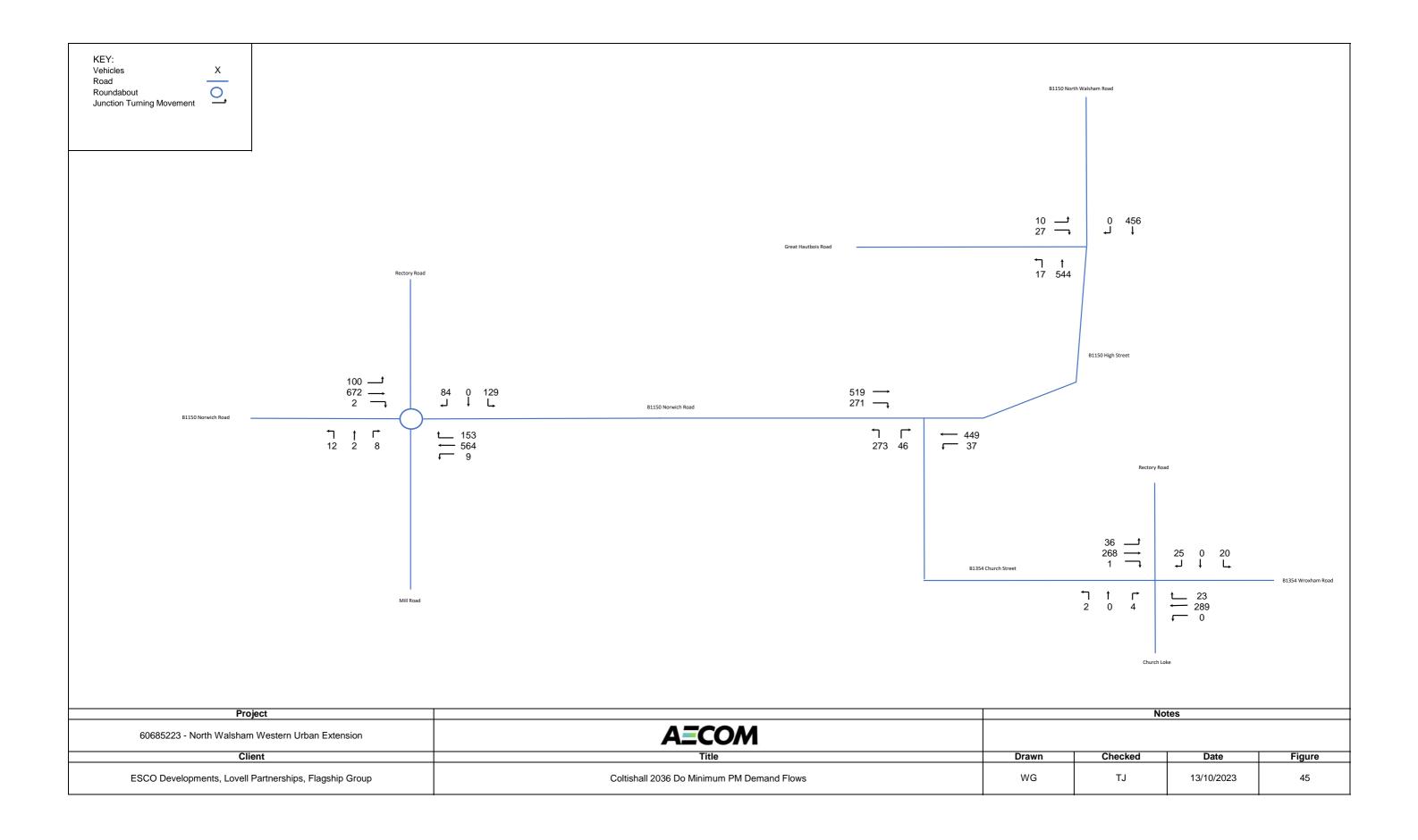


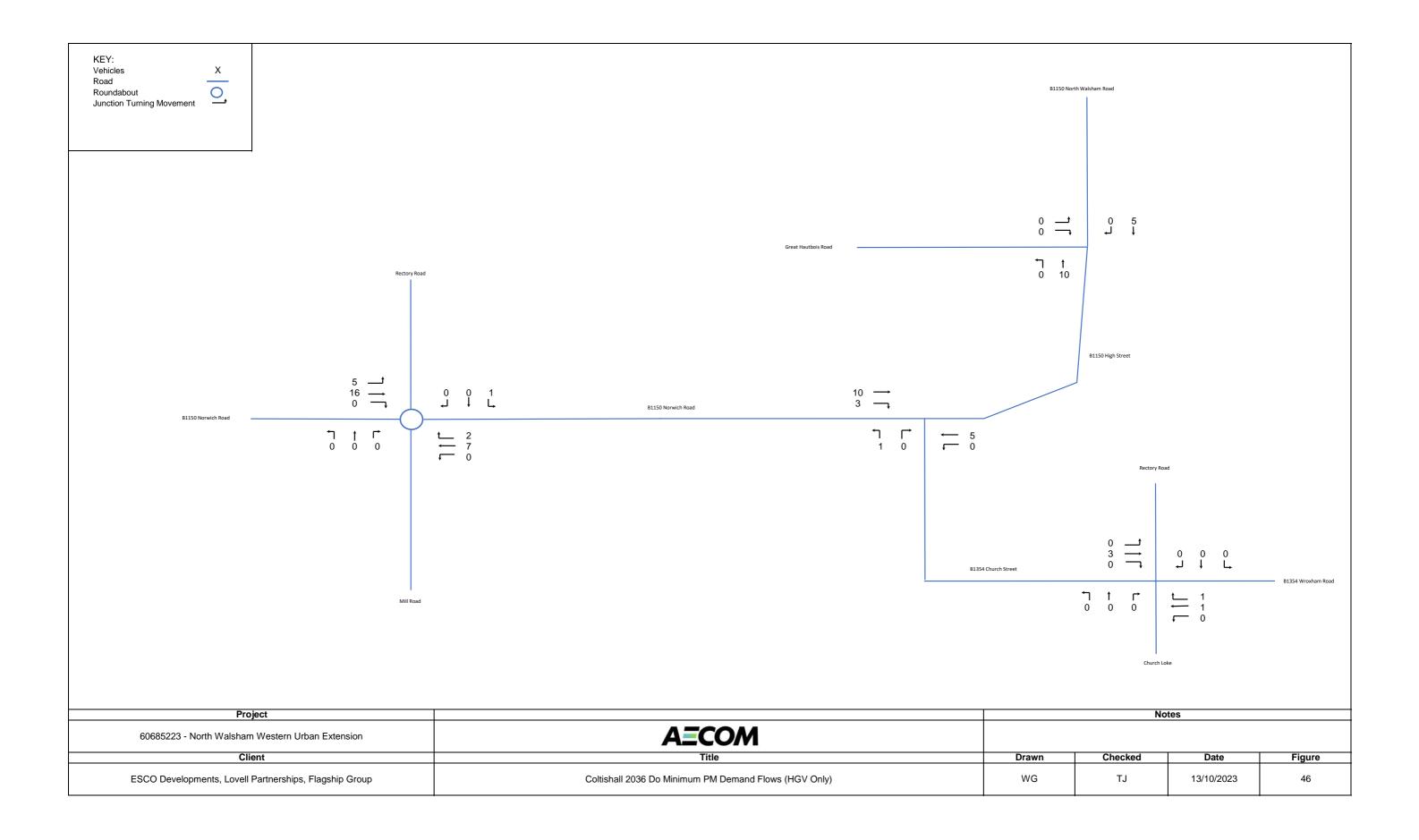


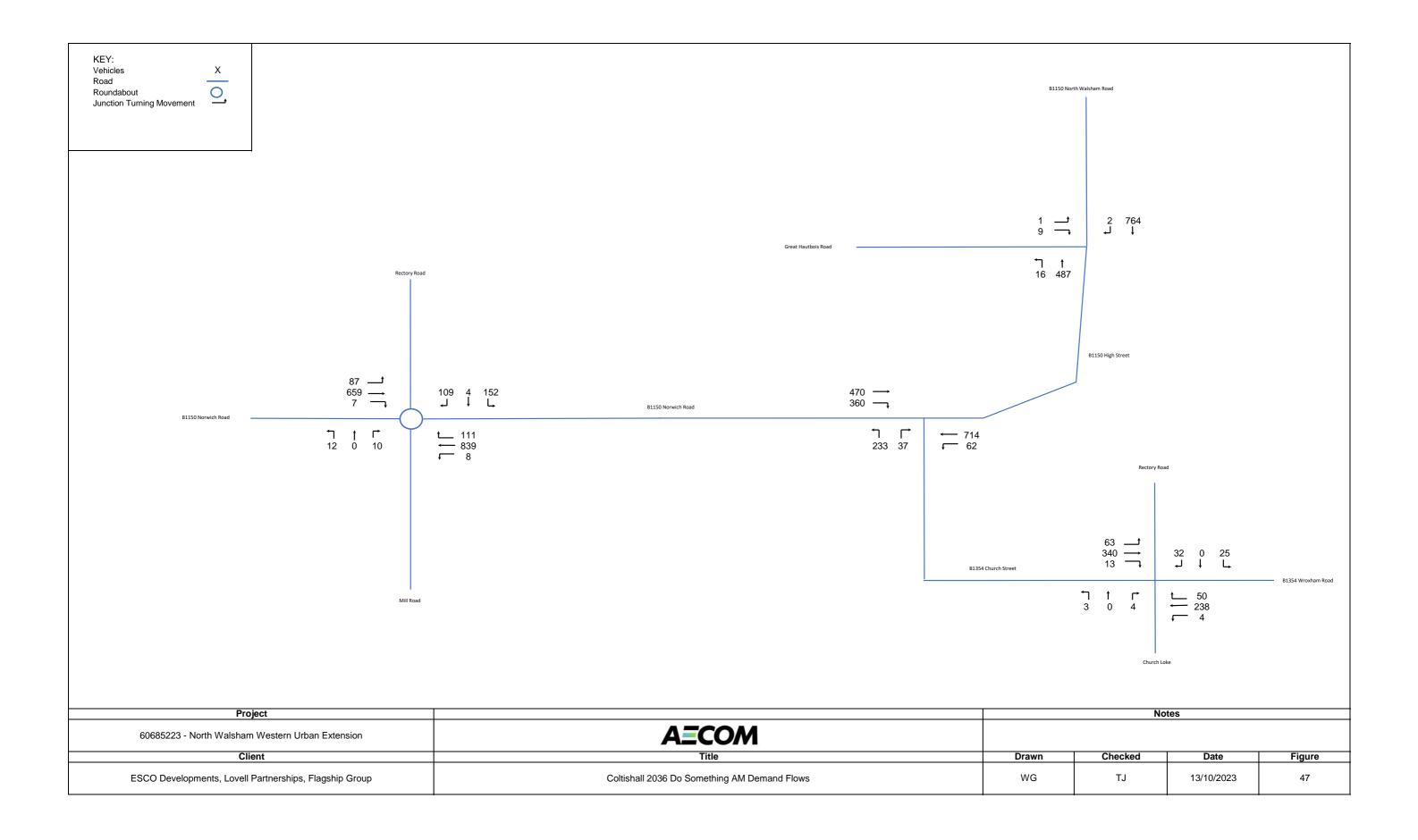


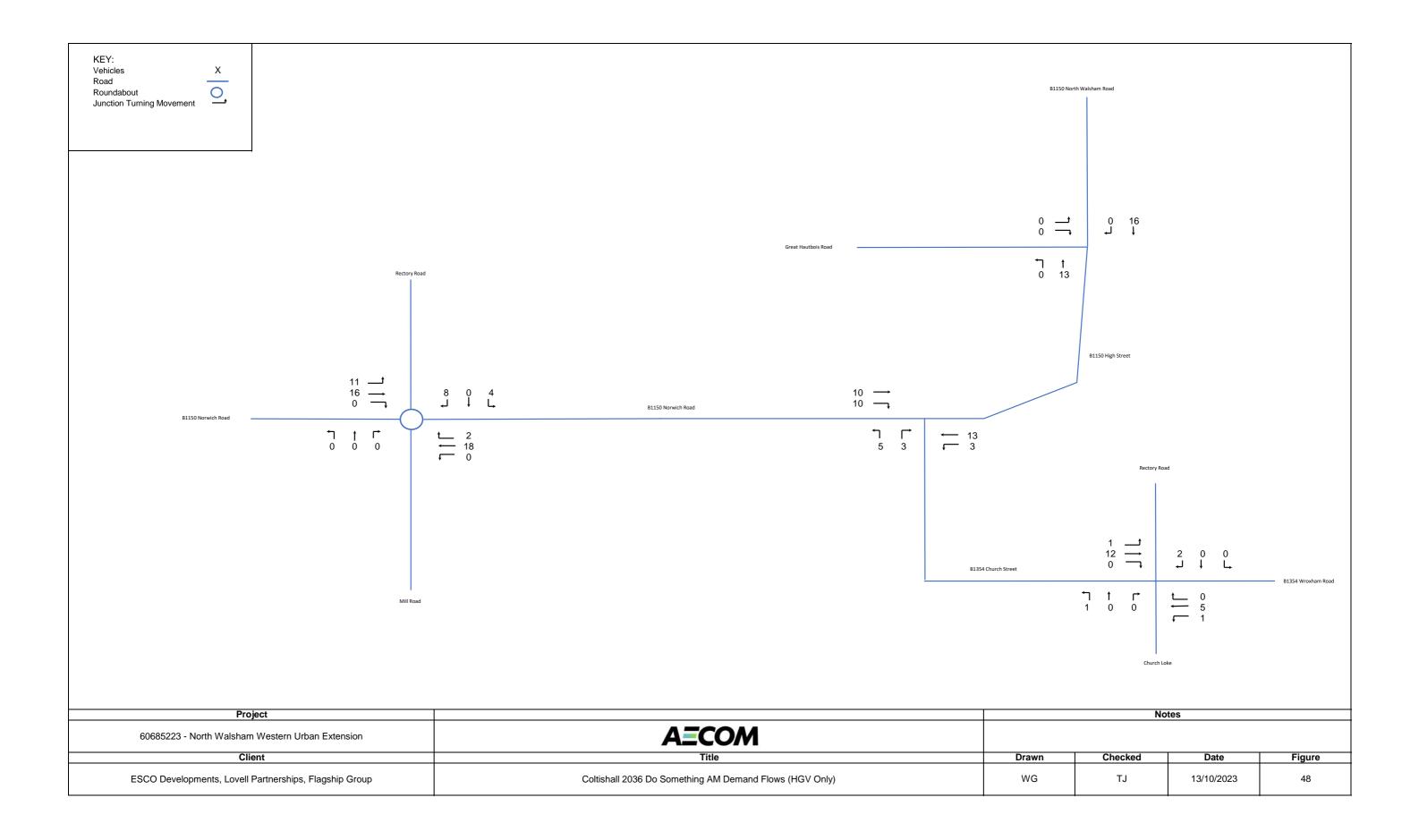


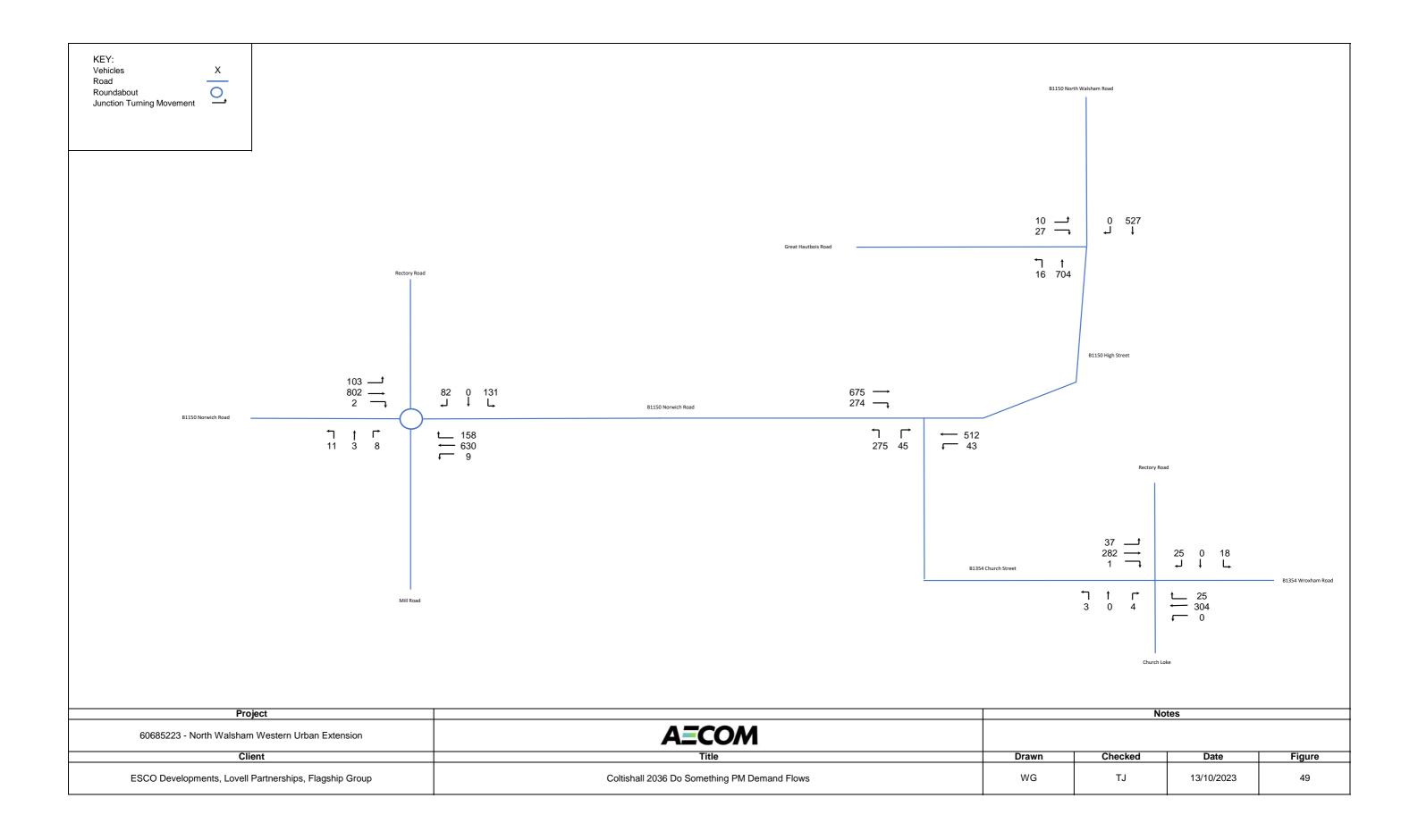


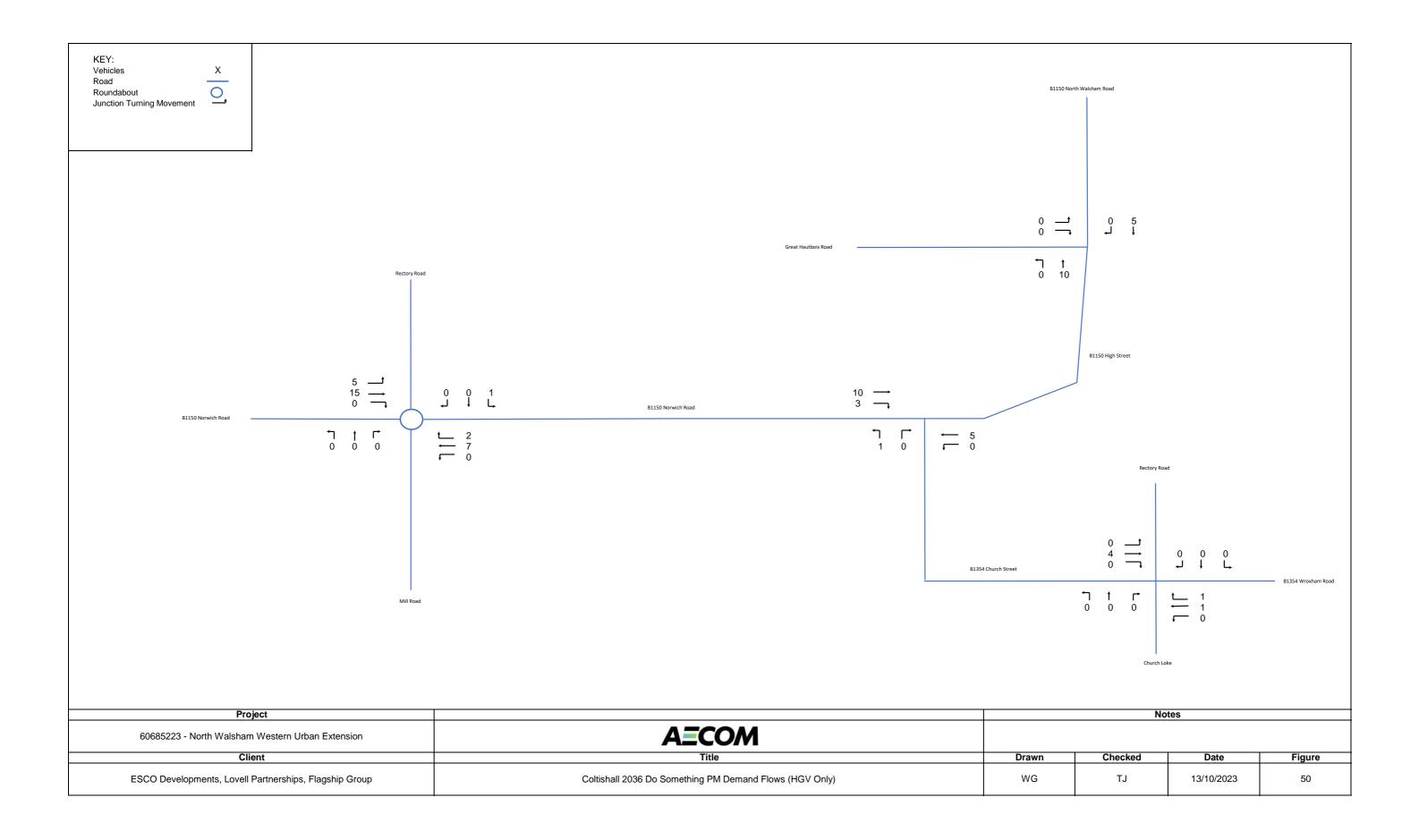


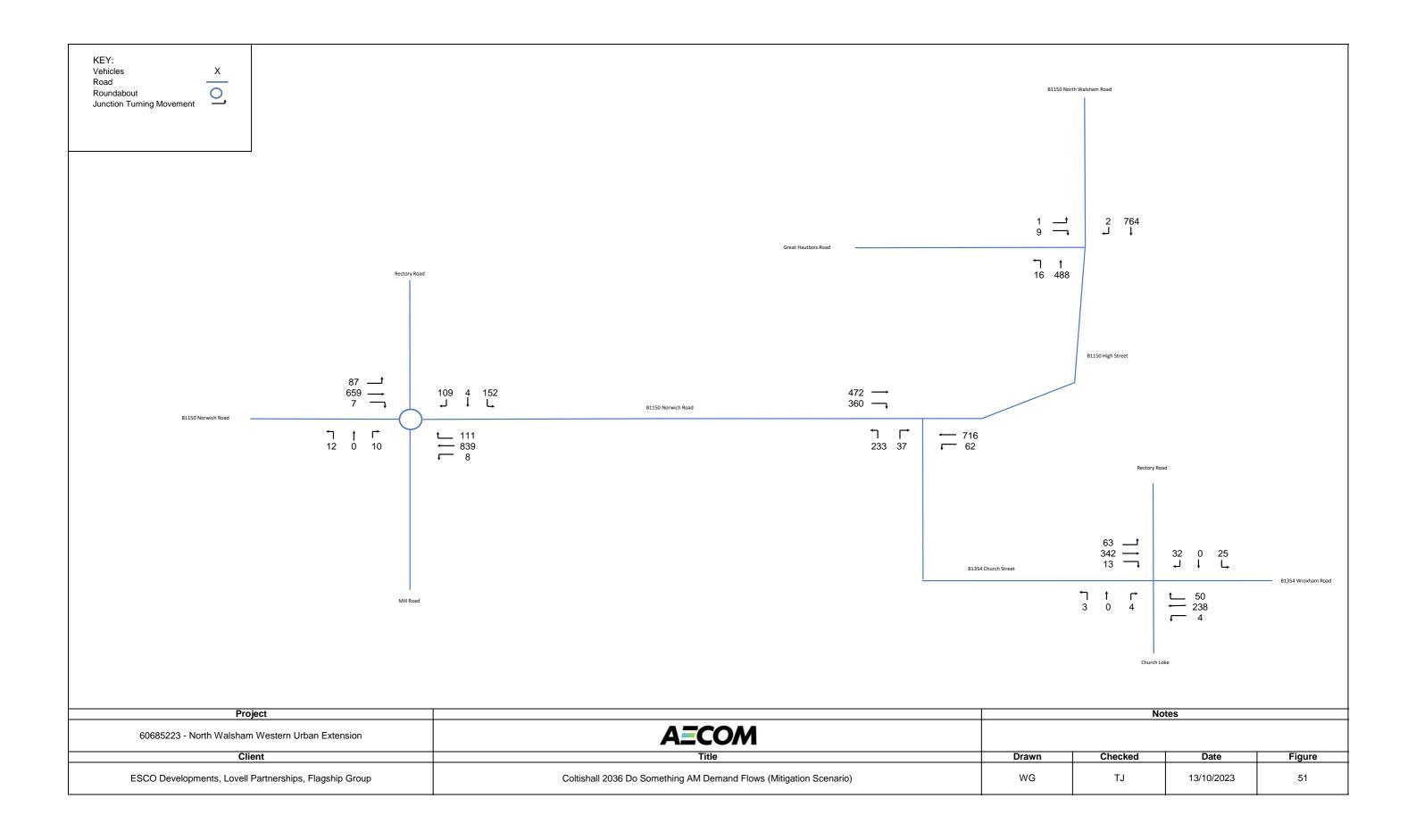


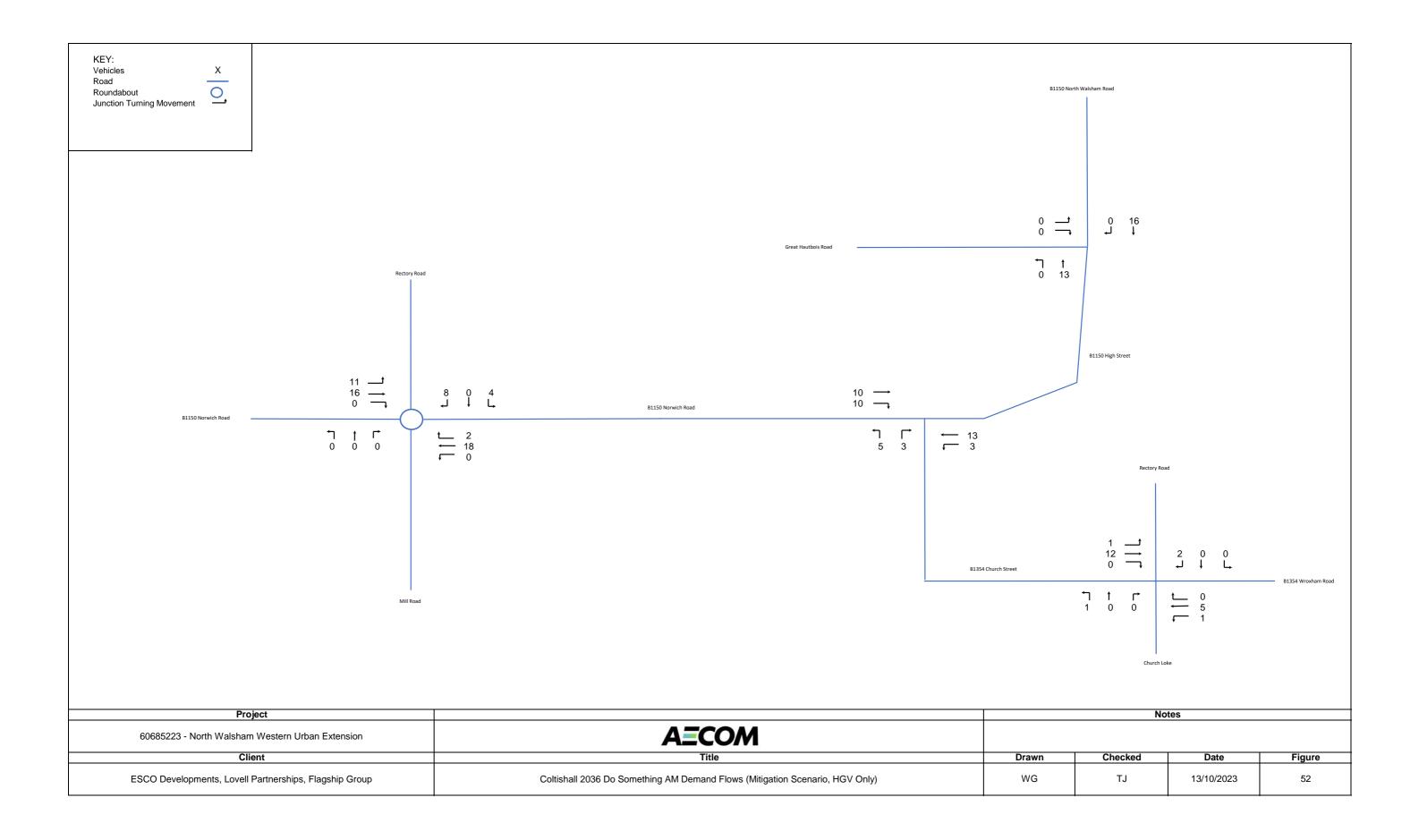


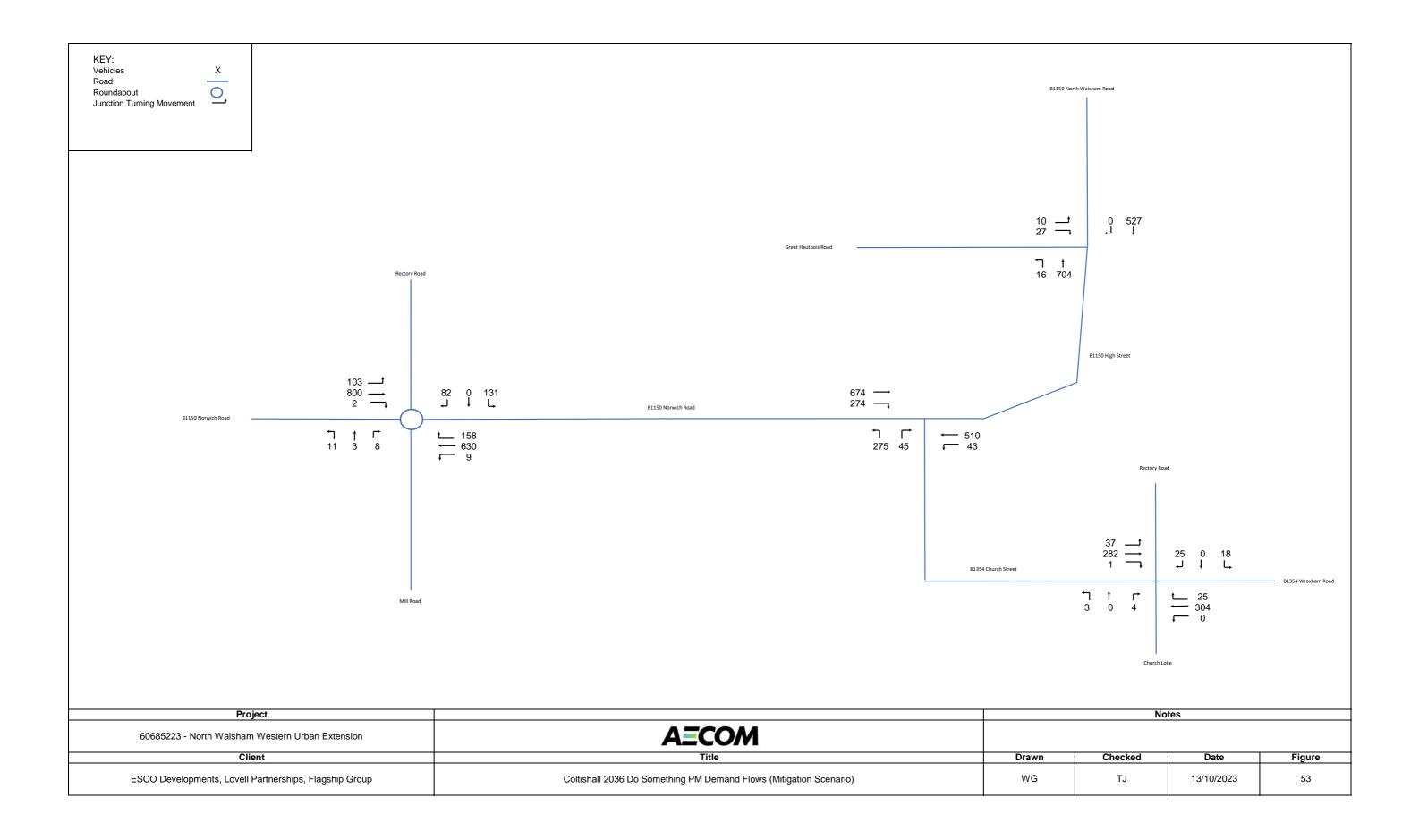


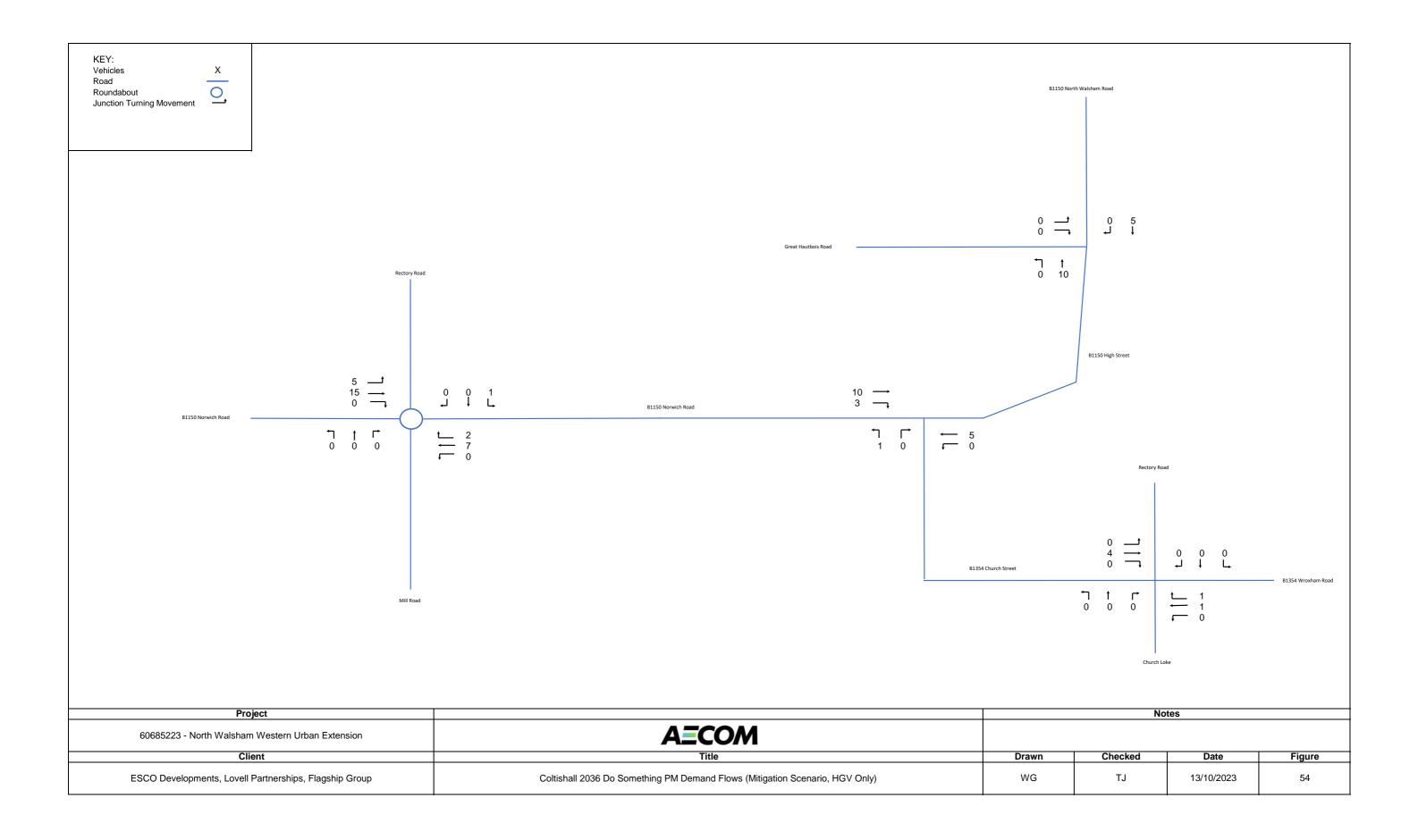


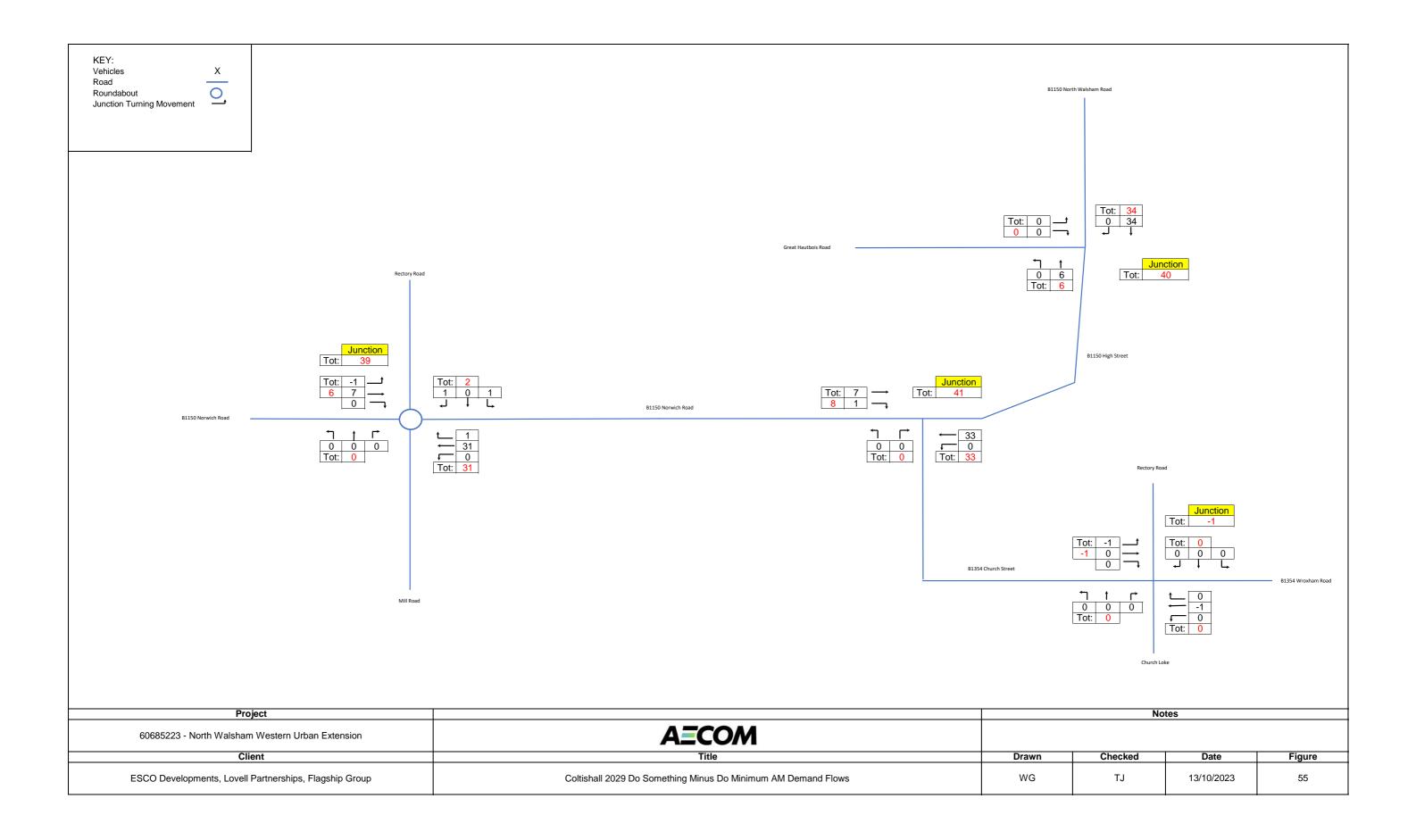


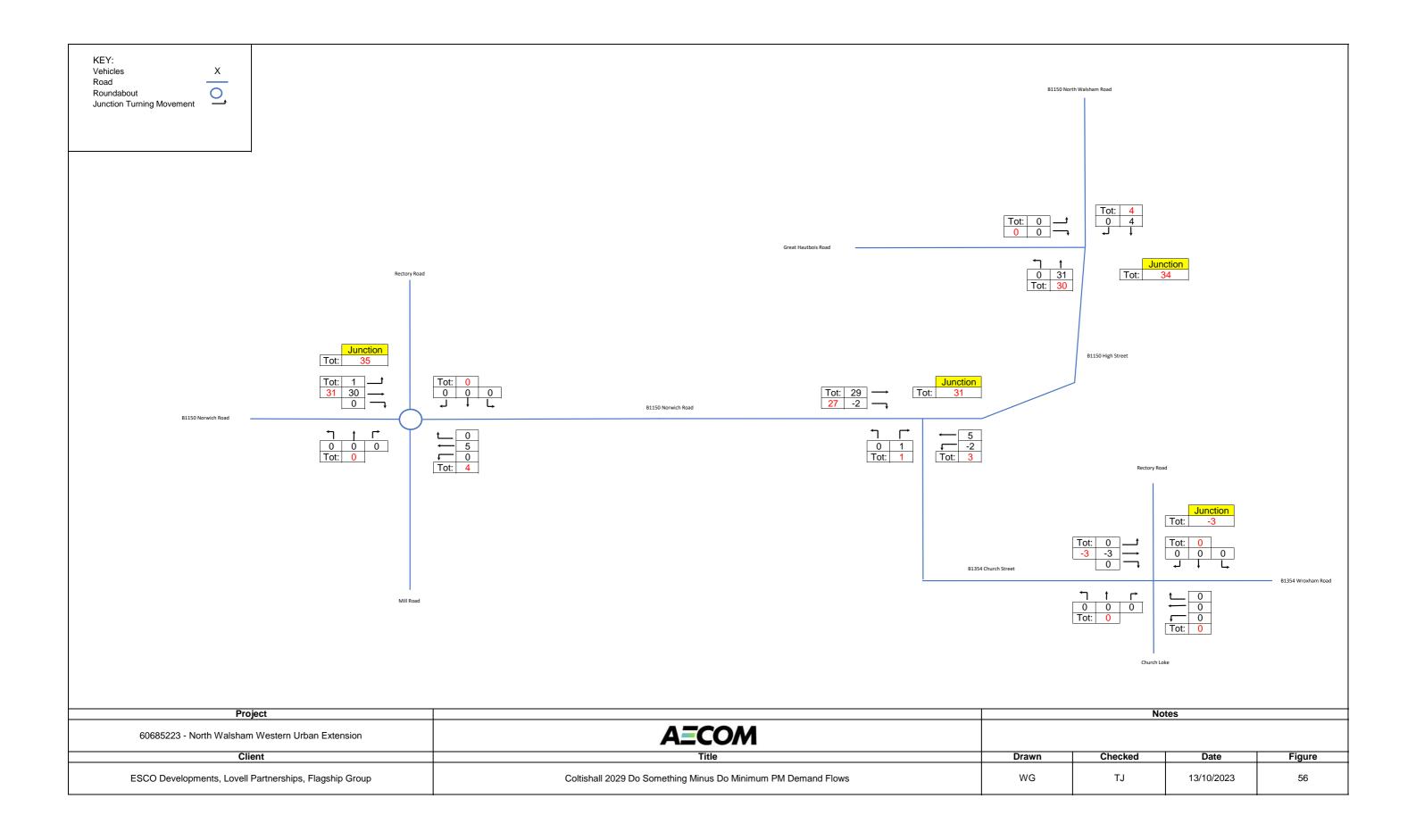


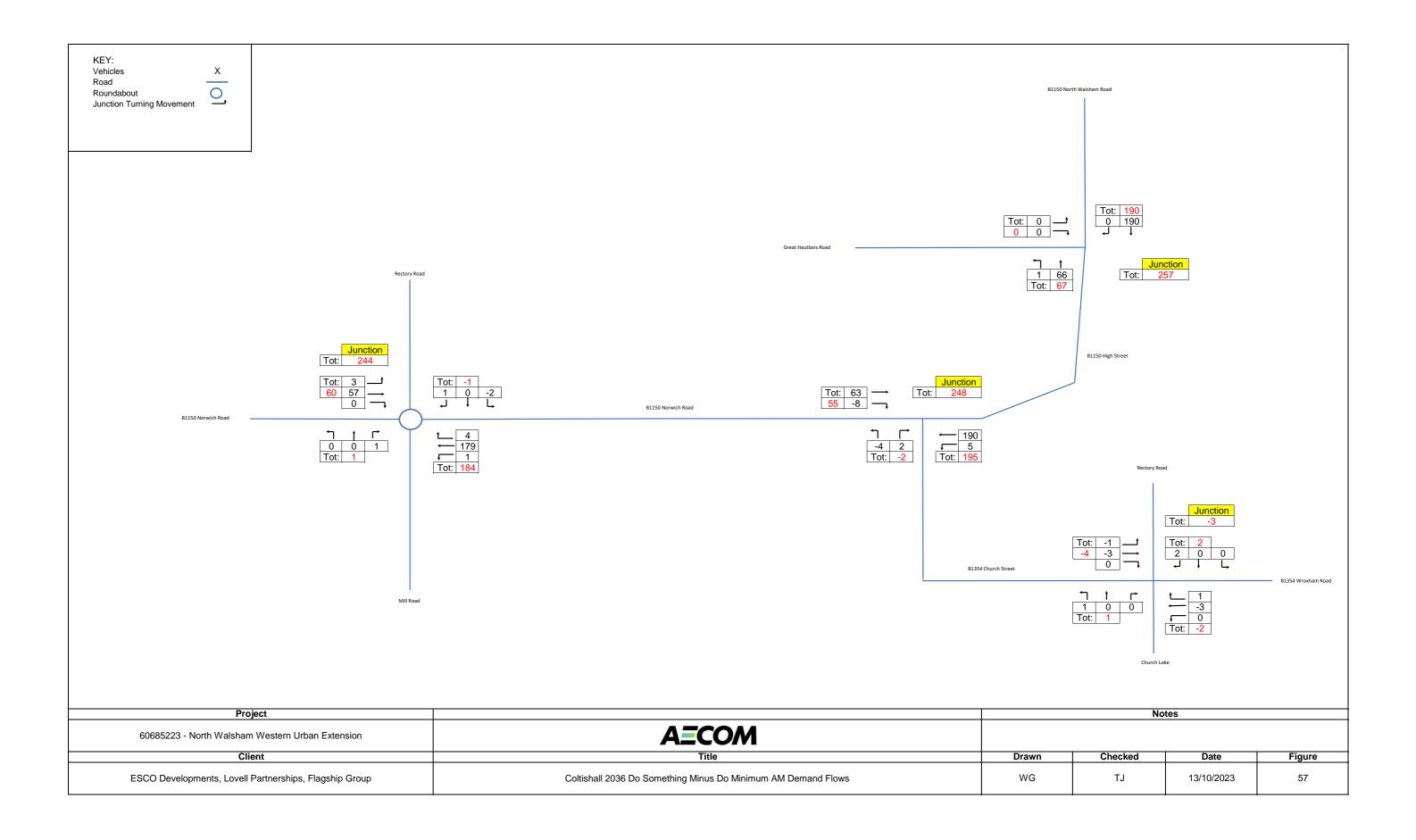


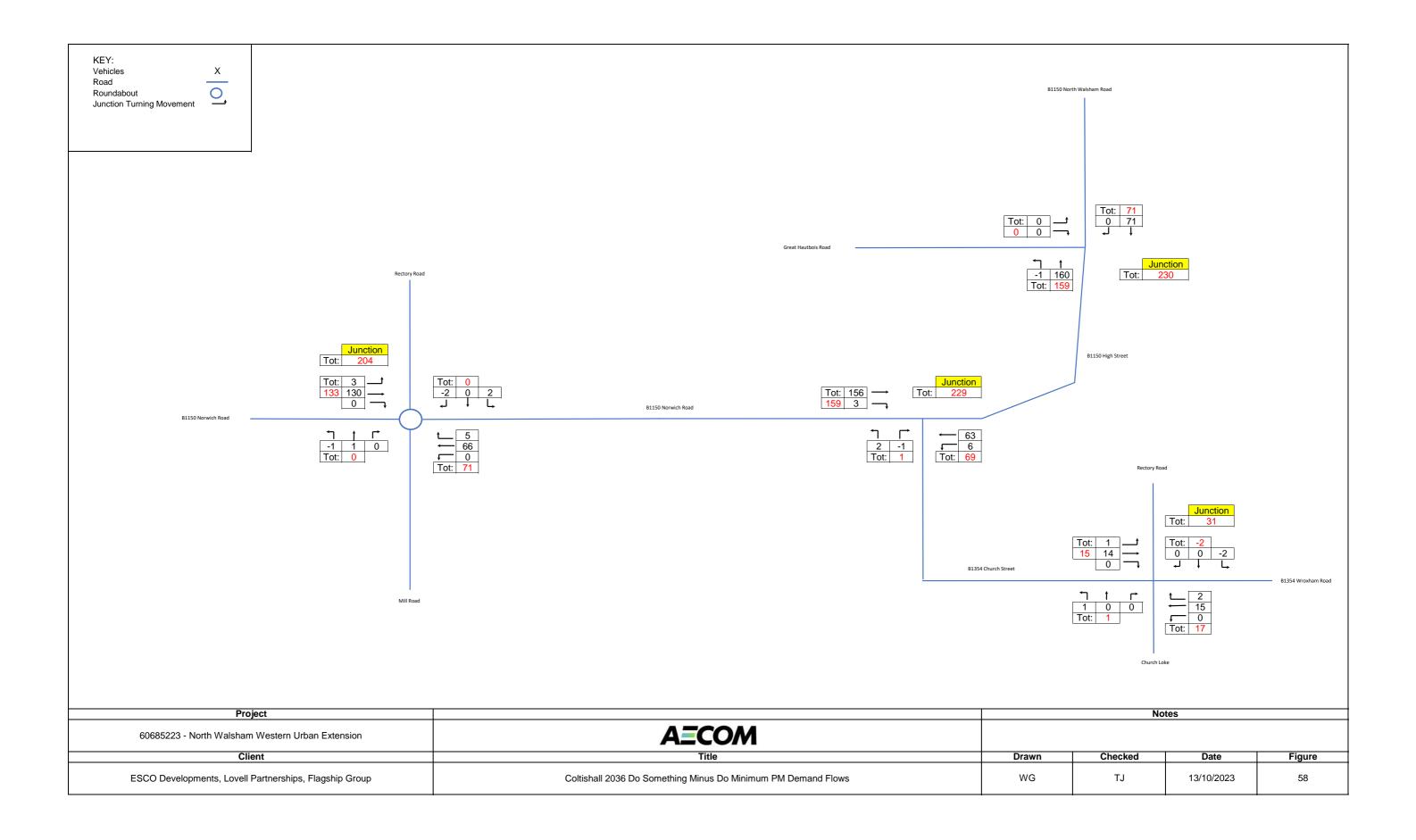


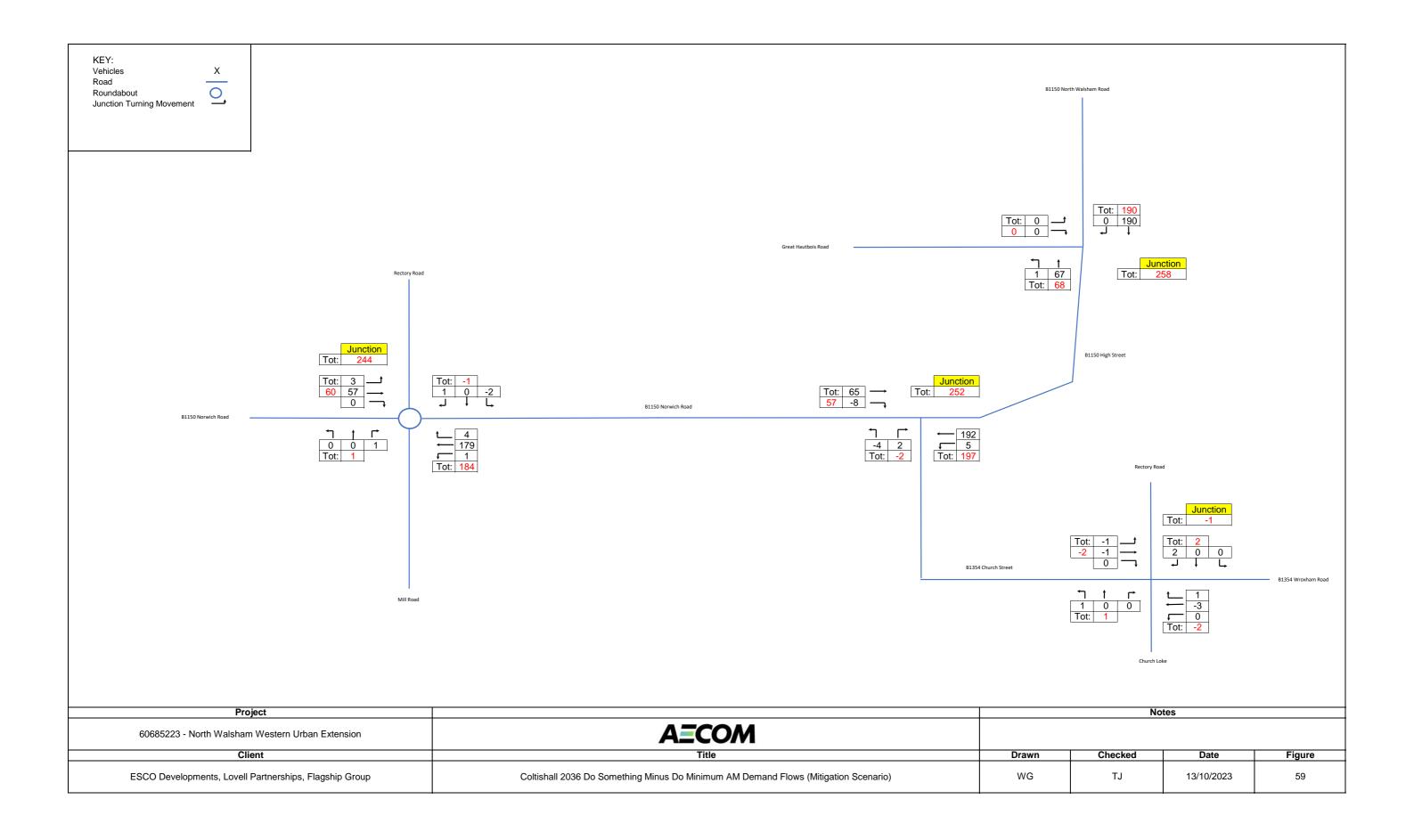


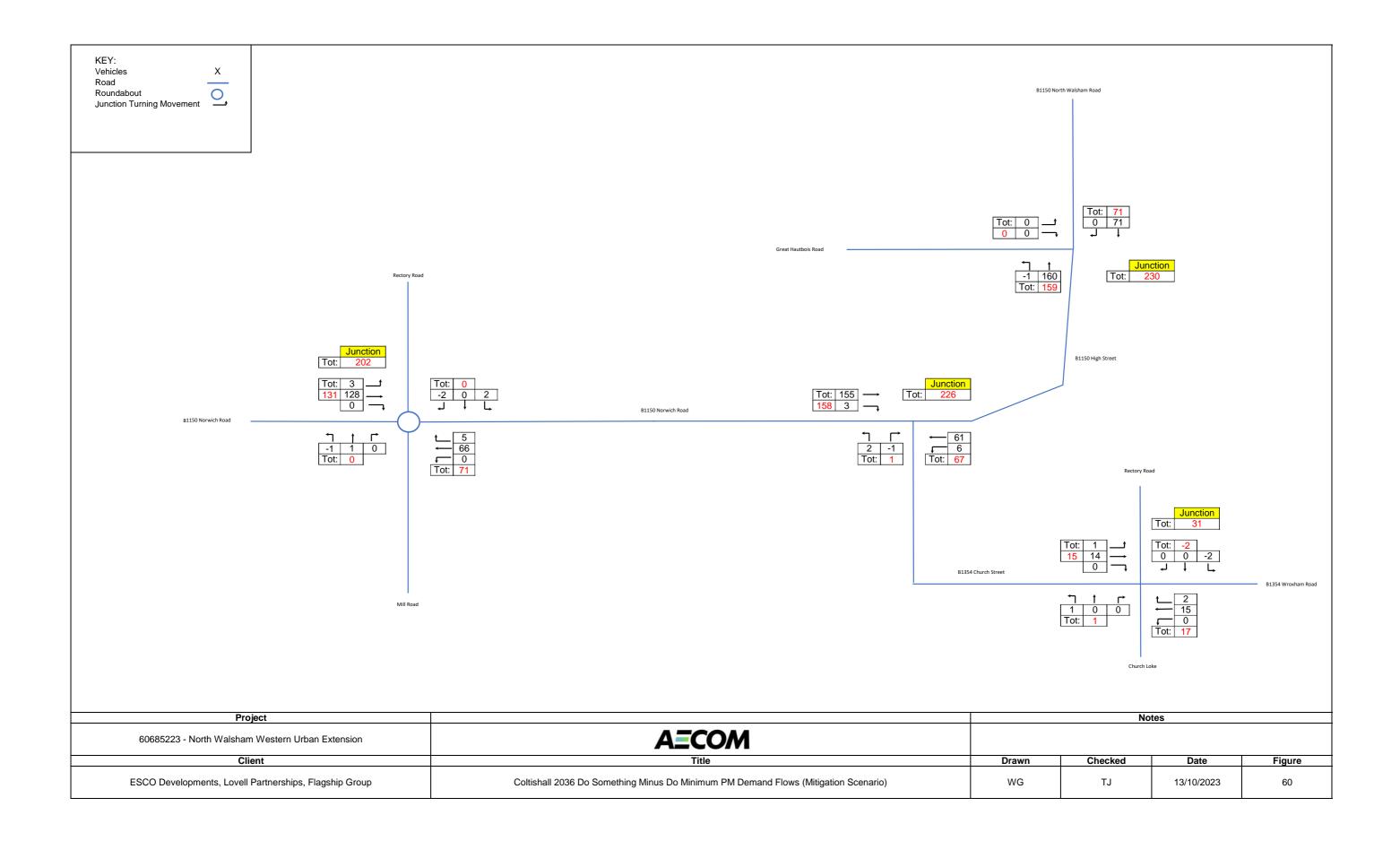












Appendix D – Local Model Validation Reports



North Walsham Vissim Model Validation Report

ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnership

13 April 2023

Delivering a better world

Quality Information

Prepared by	Checked by	Verified by	Approved by	
Michael Fowler	Javier Navarro Pardo	Phil Arnold	Bevin Carey	
Graduate Consultant	Principal Consultant	Associate Director	Regional Director	

Revision History

Revision	Revision date	Details	Authorized	Name	Position
0.1	17 February 2023	First Draft		Javier Navarro Pardo	Principal Consultant
0.2	13 March 2023	Second Draft		Phil Arnold	Associate Director
1.0	13 April 2023	Draft Issue for Client Comment		Bevin Carey	Regional Director

Distribution List

Hard Copies PDF Required Association / Company Name

Prepared for:

ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnership

Prepared by: Michael Fowler

AECOM Limited Marlborough Court 10 Bricket Road St Albans AL1 3JX United Kingdom

T: +44(0)1727 535000 aecom.com

© 2023 AECOM Limited. All Rights Reserved.

This document has been prepared by AECOM Limited ("AECOM") for sole use of our client (the "Client") in accordance with generally accepted consultancy principles, the budget for fees and the terms of reference agreed between AECOM and the Client. Any information provided by third parties and referred to herein has not been checked or verified by AECOM, unless otherwise expressly stated in the document. No third party may rely upon this document without the prior and express written agreement of AECOM.

Contents

1. Introduction	.1
Background and Report Structure	. 1
Model Scope	. 1
2. Data Collection and Analysis	.3
Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) data	
Manually Classified Turning Count (MCTC) data	
Automatic Traffic Count (ATC) data	
Camera Footage	
3. Data Review and Analysis	
Consistency Review	
Peak Hour Analysis	
4. Demand Development	.9
Overview	
Demand Development	. 9
Convergence and routing analysis	
5. Network Development1	
Network coding	
Desired Speed Decisions & Reduced Speed Areas	
Route Closures	
Priority Rules and Conflict Areas	14
Buses	
Signal Information	15
Differences between AM and PM Networks	15
6. Model Calibration1	6
Introduction	16
Saturation Flow Calibration	16
Flow Calibration Criteria	16
Flow Calibration Results	17
Calibration Parameters	19
7. Model Validation2	21
Introduction	21
Journey Time Validation Results	21
JT1	23
JT2	25
JT4	26
Queue Comparison	
Model Variability	
8. Conclusion	33
Appendix A – Consistency Checks	34
Appendix B - Calibration Results	36

Appendix C – Flow Diagram	.38
Appendix D – Journey Time Validation Results	.41
Journey Time Route 1	. 41
Journey Time Route 2	. 43
Journey Time Route 3	. 46
Journey Time Route 4	. 48
Journey Time Route 5	. 51
Journey Time Route 6	. 53
Journey Time Route 7	. 56
Journey Time Route 8	. 58
Journey Time Route 9	. 61
Appendix E – Journey Time Variability	.64

1. Introduction

Background and Report Structure

- 1.1 ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships have commissioned AECOM to develop a Vissim base model of the town of North Walsham to assess the impacts of increased demand in forecast years and the proposed North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE). The model has been calibrated and validated to replicate the operation of the town based on data collected in July and November 2022.
- 1.2 This report documents the data collection and analysis, the development of the network and base year demand, and the calibration/ validation. The report is structured as follows:
 - Data collection and analysis;
 - Demand development;
 - Modelled Network;
 - Calibration results;
 - Validation results; and
 - Conclusions.

Model Scope

1.3 The Vissim model has been developed for the area shown in Figure 1-1. The North Walsham network comprises three signalized junctions and numerous priority-controlled junctions. The Vissim model area includes the A149, which runs through the town with the signalized junctions with the B1150 and B1145.



Figure 1-1 – Modelled Area

- 1.4 Figure 1-2 below shows the key junctions/ links identified from the survey data/ observations in the model area that are significant to local network operation. The key junctions/ links are as follows:
 - 1 Cromer Road and Bradfield Road;
 - 2 Cromer Road and Greens Road;
 - 3 Cromer Road, A149 and B1145;
 - 4 Cromer Road, Aylsham Road, Mundesley Road and Market Street;

- 5 Aylsham Road underpass;
- 6 B1150 Norwich Road and A149 North Walsham Bypass; and
- 7- B1150 and Millfield Road.
- 1.5 These junctions/ links have been considered when developing the model to replicate the existing operation and driving behaviour observed in the video footage available. It should be noted that the operation at some of these locations is dependent on variable factors such as on-street parking, physical constraints, and courtesy/ give way behaviours, which have been modelled and calibrated to observed queuing patterns/levels of delay.





- 1.6 The Vissim Base models have been developed for the AM and PM peak hours, including 30 minutes warmup and 15 minutes cool-down periods, to make sure the network is saturated at the beginning of the peak hour and to allow vehicles to complete their journeys after the peak hour.
- 1.7 The Base models have been developed in line with modelling requirements and the calibration and validation criteria defined in Transport Analysis Guidance (TAG) and the Guidelines for the Use of Microsimulation Software published in May 2022 by National Highways.

2. Data Collection and Analysis

Introduction

- 2.1 The data collection exercise undertaken by AECOM to inform the Vissim Base model development has been summarised in this section. The data collection comprised the following survey types:
 - Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) data;
 - Manual Classified Turning Counts (MCTC) Data; and
 - Automatic Traffic Counts (ATC) data.
- 2.2 The data collection took place between the 12th and 14th July. However, upon review, road works were identified on the 12th of July, which resulted in non-standard delays and routing on this day. The data from the 12th of July was therefore not used.
- 2.3 Further analysis into the survey data, especially on ANPR sample rates showed that there was a noticeably lower capture rate on the 14th of July compared to the 13th of July across several cameras including key sites such as Site 11 northbound on the B1150.
- 2.4 An example of the sample rate analysis which was undertaken of the ANPR data can be found in Figure 3.1 for the AM and PM peak hours. The graphs in Figure 3.1 show a large flow difference between the vehicle numbers captured by the ANPR and the total flows along the road on the 14th of July 2022, while the data on the 13th of July show a close match between the two data sets.



Figure 2-1 – ANPR performance 13th/14th July

2.5 As a result of the initial survey data analysis undertaken it was decided that only the data collected on the 13th of July 2022 will be used to support the VISSIM model development. The ANPR data obtained on the 14th was used to as further verify that origin-destination patterns on the 13th of July were typical.

Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) data

- 2.6 The ANPR data collection was categorized into two groups of cameras, Figure 2-2 shows the camera locations.
- 2.7 The **cordon cameras** were defined to capture the origin/destination demand across the area and total journey time through the model area.
 - The internal cameras were defined to capture the internal routing within the model area and split the journey times into sections.

- 2.9 As shown in Figure 2-2 some of the ANPR cameras lie outside the modelled area. Whilst these cameras were not used as journey origins or destinations, the routing information obtained from them was also used to inform the routing within the model.
- 2.10 In addition to the routing and journey time information, the ANPR surveys also included Manual Classified Counts (MCCs) associated with each camera to record the capture rate and classify ANPR data.

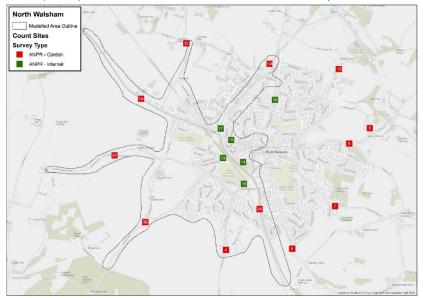


Figure 2-2 – ANPR Cameras

- 2.11 It should be noted that the ANPR data and routing information is based on the number plates captured successfully during the surveys. Table 2-1 summarizes the captured rate (number of plates that were successfully recognised by the ANPR camera).
- 2.12 The capture and matched rates in Table 2-1 show that most cameras had a very high sample/ match rate, providing a high degree of confidence that the data reflects the demand and routing patterns within the study area.

Site	Sample Rate				
Site	Overall	Inbound	Outbound		
1	99%	100%	99%		
2	99%	99%	99%		
3	98%	98%	98%		
4	98%	99%	97%		
5	99%	99%	99%		
6	99%	99%	98%		
7	94%	94%	94%		
8	98%	98%	97%		
9	86%	88%	84%		
10	99%	99%	99%		
11	98%	98%	98%		
12	94%	90%	98%		

Table 2-1 – ANPR Cameras Capture and Match Rate

Site	Sample Rate				
Site	Overall	Inbound	Outbound		
13	98%	99%	98%		
14	99%	-	99%		
15	98%	98%	96%		
16	97%	98%	97%		
17	98%	99%	97%		
18	98%	98%	99%		
Total	98%	99%	97%		

* For internal cameras inbound refers to Eastbound or Northbound movement and outbound refers to Westbound or Southbound.

Manually Classified Turning Count (MCTC) data

- 2.13 MCTCs were carried out at the sites indicated in Figure 2-3 on the 12th,13th, and 14th July 2022, between 07:00 and 19:00. The MCTC data was used to refine the base model demand and calibrate the turning flows at each junction shown in Figure 2-3.
- 2.14 Additional MCTC surveys were undertaken on 10th of November 2022 to compare the traffic flow changes from the July 2022 data.

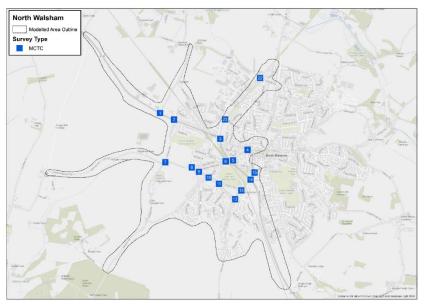


Figure 2-3 – Manual Classified Turning Counts sites

Automatic Traffic Count (ATC) data

- 2.15 The link counts were collected using ATCs. The ATC data was collected over two weeks period including the 12th, 13th, and 14th July 2022.
- 2.16 Seventeen ATC sites were surveyed in total that have been used to inform the total trip ends at the entry/ entry points to the model. Their locations are shown in Figure 2-4.

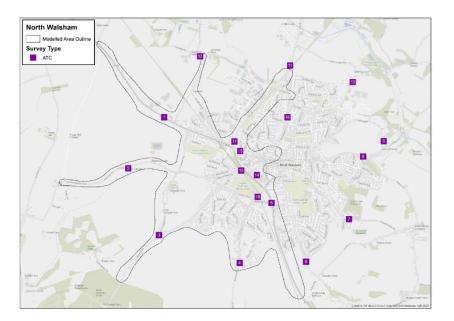


Figure 2-4 – Link counts (Automatic Traffic Counts)

Camera Footage

2.17 Camera footage, which was recorded to produce the MCTC and ANPR data, was obtained to provide the modellers with a more detailed view of the driving behaviour in the area and allow for saturation flow measurements.

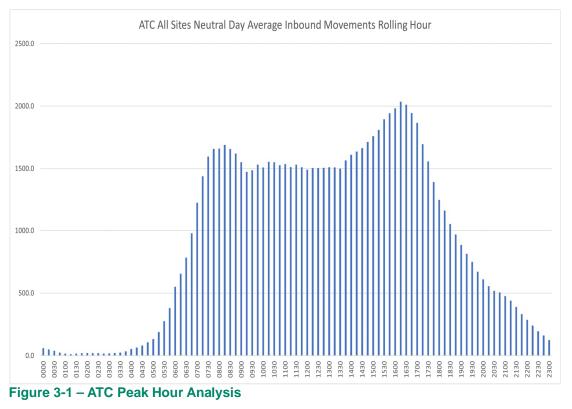
3. Data Review and Analysis

Consistency Review

- 3.1 The locations of MCTCs have been labelled approach arms and model entry points to assist with the analysis of the data consistency review and can be found in Appendix A.
- 3.2 The consistency between the different data sets was assessed to understand the reliability of the data and identify any discrepancy that could affect the model development. The key comparisons and findings found during the data analysis have been summarised below. The full details of the consistency checks undertaken can be found in Appendix A.
- 3.3 As a result of consistency checks, it was necessary to include six additional synthetic zones in the model, to balance the flow differences identified between adjacent junctions.
- 3.4 The synthetic zones identified during the survey data analysis represent minor junctions that were not surveyed during the data collection exercise. These junctions are located between surveyed junctions which were calibrated against observed counts. This is the standard modelling approach to infill volumes between surveyed junctions arising due to minor side roads, parking lots etc.
- 3.5 Additional MCTC surveys were carried out on 10th of November 2022 to compare the traffic flows against July 2022 data. The analysis showed a close match between the MCTC data of July and November 2022.

Peak Hour Analysis

- 3.6 The survey data available was processed to identify the morning and evening peak hours by analysing the profile of traffic volumes during the surveyed period. For this calculation, all vehicle movements have been considered as well as calculations of the inbound flows to the model area.
- 3.7 MCTC and ATC/ MCC data were analysed to determine the peak hour, by totalling all movements and by totalling only entries in the model area. In the AM period, the peak hour was calculated to be 08.00-09.00, both when considering entries into the modelled area and when using all available data. In the PM period calculations similarly returned a consistent peak hour of 16.30-17.30 using both methods. The ATC/MCC data was also analysed and showed the same peak hours as the analysis of the MCTC data.
- 3.8 Figure 2-4 shows the profile of the rolling hour calculated from the ATC data, which was used for calculating the peak hour.



- 3.9 This analysis has identified the following peak hours:
 - AM peak hour: 08:00 09:00; and
 - PM peak hour: 16:30 17:30
- 3.10 The modelled simulation periods include a 30-minute warm-up period to fully saturate the network before the simulated peak hour and a 15-minute cool-down period to allow vehicles to complete their journeys. The modelled periods are, therefore:
 - AM modelled period: 07:30 09:15; and
 - PM modelled period: 16:00 17:45.

Overview

- 4.1 This section describes the demand methodology and the routing analysis undertaken to develop and calibrate the traffic demand in the Vissim Base model.
- 4.2 The model was developed using the dynamic assignment module, as it would allow the model to predict future changes in routing which result from the demand growth, committed schemes or proposed mitigation measures in the area.
- 4.3 The ANPR data was used to develop the prior demand, which was then adjusted using the MCTC data to calibrate the demand to individual junction turning flows, resulting in the hourly Origin Destination (OD) matrices used in the Vissim model.
- 4.4 The traffic demand has been calculated for each vehicle type included in the model (Car, Light Goods Vehicle (LGV) and Heavy Goods Vehicle (HGV)) for the modelled peak hours. The available survey data has been used to develop the hourly Origin-destination matrices and the 15-minute profiles for each origin zone.

Demand Development

- 4.5 ANPR captures number plates at each of the camera locations providing a trip chain report documenting when and where the number plate was captured. This information has been used to develop demand matrices for the Vissim model.
- 4.6 The ANPR data has been factored up to represent all the vehicles in the network, by expanding the matched vehicles based on the capture rate at each ANPR site. However, the capture rates are not consistent between all the cameras, resulting in small discrepancies between these ANPR demand matrices and the MCTC data.
- 4.7 To minimise these discrepancies and refine the modelled demand, the ANPR matrix has been manually adjusted to match the MCTC data, allowing for a closer representation of the MCTC counts demand in the area while maintaining a direct correspondence between the VISSIM demand and the original ANPR data, preserving the observed routing data. The process followed is outlined in Figure 4-1.

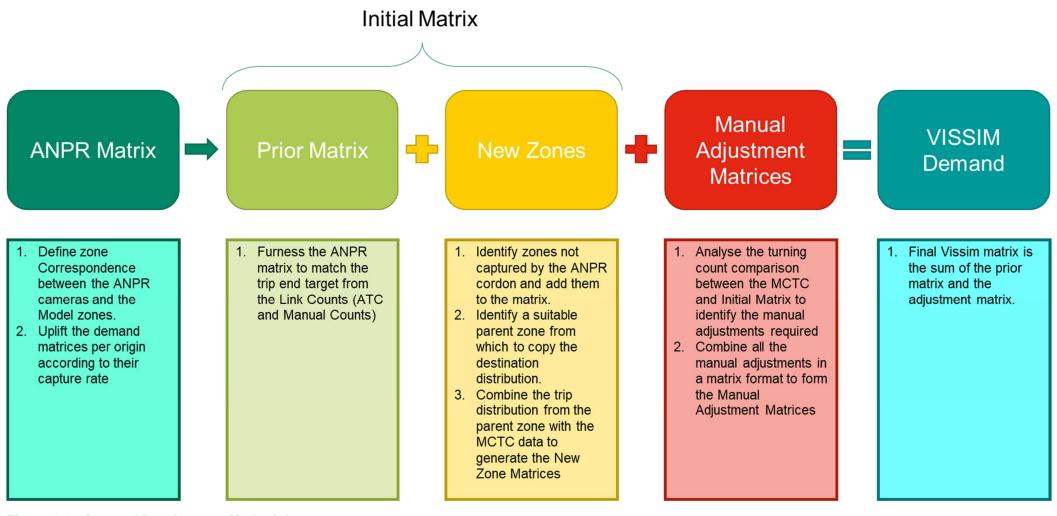


Figure 4-1 – Demand Development Methodology

- 4.8 To ensure the best possible correlation between the observed data and the Vissim model demand, the vehicle inputs and origin/destination routing have been developed by combining three different components:
 - Initial Matrix reflecting the routing patterns in the ANPR matrix and the link counts at entries and exits
 of the model;
 - New Zones Matrix additional zones required in Vissim but not directly captured by the ANPR; and
 - Manual Adjustment Matrix adjustments required to address routing and discrepancies between the Initial Matrix and MCTC data.
- 4.9 The process outline below was followed:
 - The ANPR cameras and the Vissim model zones have been consistently referenced to define a correspondence between them e.g., Camera 5 is representative of Zone 5. The OD matrix extracted from the ANPR data has then been uplifted to reflect the number of vehicles at each origin, since the ANPR capture rate is less than 100%.
 - The imperfect capture rate, with different number plates missed at each camera, means that the resulting matrix requires uplifting to outbound observed flows. The entry and exit link counts were used to furness the matrix. The last iteration has been set up to match the origin trip ends, to ensure that the demand matrix represents the traffic volumes entering the model area. This process results in an hourly OD matrix for each vehicle type: Cars, HGVs, Taxis, and LGVs.
 - Once the matrix derived from ANPR and link counts was in a usable OD matrix format, the entries to the model where ANPR data is unavailable were reviewed. The total origin and destination demand for each additional zone was derived from the differences between adjacent turning counts and the trip distribution was assumed to be the same as another zone with similar characteristics. In this way, a New Zones Matrix was developed, which will infill the Initial Matrix to include zones not covered by ANPR cameras.
 - The Initial matrix and the New Zones Matrix were combined and assigned in Vissim the modelled turning flows and observed turning counts were compared to identify manual adjustments required to meet the flow calibration criteria. This was an iterative process, and several adjustments were needed before adequate match between observed and modelled turning counts was achieved.
 - The manual adjustments identified from the comparison between the modelled and observed turning flows are implemented in a separate Manual Adjustments Matrix for each vehicle class; this is then combined with the Initial Matrix and New Zones Matrix developed previously to obtain the final Vissim demand.

Convergence and routing analysis

- 4.10 The Vissim dynamic assignment module assigns the vehicles on the different paths based on the journey time cost and distance, assigning most of the vehicles to the shorter or faster paths, depending on the convergence parameters.
- 4.11 The journey time and routing data obtained from the ANPR was used to analyse the routing patterns in the model area and calculate the parameters required to support the convergence process.
- 4.12 The results of the convergence process and dynamic assignment were then checked against the routing information obtained from the ANPR data to ensure the model provides a suitable representation of the routing patterns in the area for the OD pairs with multiple route choice.
- 4.13 An example of the routing checks is shown in Figure 4-2 below, for two possible routes between Zone 1 and Zone 4 in both directions. The routing analysis compared the flows along each route against the observed data from ANPR surveys. This analysis provided further reassurance that the observed routing patterns were replicated in the model for the main OD pairs with multiple route options.
- 4.14 It should be noted that these routing checks were undertaken to identify and address any potential routing issues in the assignment that may affect the operation of the model. However, these checks are not part of the TAG validation criteria required for microsimulation models.

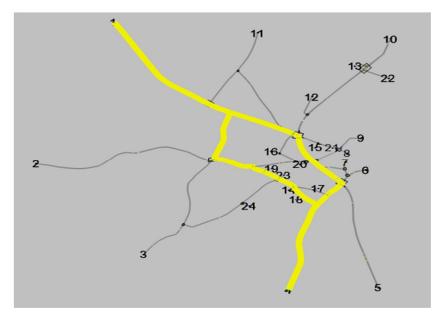


Figure 4-2 - VISSIM Dynamic Assignment with Two Possible Routes

5. Network Development

Network coding

- 5.1 Scaled Bing maps within Vissim have been used to code the network geometry and structure, such as number of lanes and flare lengths. Reference was also made to Google Maps and Street view to ensure the network reflects conditions on the ground.
- 5.2 Observation from the video footage available have also been used to inform the network coding and replicate the operation of the existing layout.

Desired Speed Decisions & Reduced Speed Areas

- 5.3 Desired Speed Decisions, defining the speed distribution that vehicles follow at each point of the network, have been updated to represent the posted speed limits for each link. Reduced Speed Areas have been included to replicate driving behaviours such as bends curves, narrow road sections or pedestrian crossings, but also, to calibrate saturation flows and replicate behaviour at signalised junctions.
- 5.4 The speed distributions used in the model have been obtained from two different sources. The Guidelines for the Use of Microsimulation Software from National Highways provide distributions for 50 mph and 70 mph, while 30 mph and 60 mph have been obtained from the SPE0111 Vehicle Speed Compliance by road type and vehicle type in Great Britain from Department for Transport (DfT).
- 5.5 On some links, the speed limits do not provide a realistic representation of the average speeds. For example, Bradfield Road is a country lane with the national speed limit of 60 mph, However, the average speed for a narrow unlit road is significantly lower according to the ANPR data. The speed limits coded on such links have been derived from observed ANPR data.
- 5.6 Similar behaviour has been observed in Tungate Road and Skeyton Road, where the journey time data suggests that vehicles travel at lower speeds. A 30 mph speed limit has been coded on Tungate Road since this is a single-track road, and vehicles will slow down at narrow sections or when a vehicle in the opposite direction approaches. Due to the unpredictable/ variable behaviour along these links, and fact that vehicle may need to pass each other/ stop at any point along the link, this can only be replicated by Reduced Speed Areas (RSAs) representing average delay along the link.
- 5.7 Closer to the town centre on the section of Aylsham Road between Cherry Tree Lane and Station Road the road narrows with residential property walls and fences at either side of the road. A lower speed limit (15mph) was introduced in the model to represent the observed behaviour along this section, where vehicles slow-down below the speed limit (20 mph).

Route Closures

- 5.8 The routing analysis undertaken during the convergence and assignment was also used to identify certain routes with negligible traffic flows. These routes have been removed from the model to avoid rat-running and improve the model stability.
- 5.9 The following route closures were implemented in the model to prohibit certain routes which are not practical, due to the conditions of the roads, and this was confirmed by ANPR and MCTC data:
 - A route closure has been coded on Skeyton Road, banning the through movement from the south, so the road is only used for access to and from Zone 24 (Brookes Drive). This assumption was supported by the ANPR and MCTC data in the area showing less than 15 vehicles per hour along this route in both directions;
 - Secondly, a route closure was applied to avoid vehicles accessing Cromer Road to and from Cherry Tree Lane, as the road is narrow and on-street parking makes this route highly unattractive; and,
 - A route closure was also added to Bradfield Road allowing vehicles to only use Cromer Road for Eastbound and Westbound movements.

Priority Rules and Conflict Areas

- 5.10 Priority Rules and Conflict Areas have been coded and calibrated based on observed network conditions and driving behaviour at roundabouts, priority junctions and other give way situations.
- 5.11 Priority Rules have also been used to replicate specific behaviours such as the operation of the underpass on Aylsham Road shown in Figure 5-1 where large vehicles use the centre of the road to go through the underpass due to the height of the bridge.



Figure 5-1 – Eastbound Road view on Aylsham Road at A149 underpass

- 5.12 In addition to the underpass on Aylsham Road there are height restrictions in place for HGVs at the B1150 Norwich Road and A149 Cromer Road. The traffic data collected at the nearby junctions suggests that the constraints created by the height restrictions do not affect all the HGVs as the data and the video footage shows OGV1 and OGV2 going through the underpass.
- 5.13 The Vissim model has been calibrated to match the number of Cars, LGVs and HGVs observed in the area. However, vehicle classification used to develop the Vissim demand (DfT vehicle classification) which defines the vehicle characteristics, such as vehicle length, acceleration or speed profile does not include any reference to vehicle height as this parameter is not linked to the vehicle type.



Figure 5-2 – Height restriction on N Walsham Rd

Buses

5.14 All bus services in the model were coded based on information available online. For all bus stops in the model a standard dwell time of 20 seconds was assumed.

Signal Information

- 5.15 The signalised junctions included in the model area have the capability to operate on MOVA (Microprocessor Optimised Vehicle Actuation). However, MOVA logs, and operational files were not collected on the day of the surveys, so it was not possible to model this operation explicitly in the model. This requires use of PCMOVA, an add-on to Vissim, which adds additional time/cost to the model development and increases run-times, so this is typically only used in complex strategic junctions where it is proportionate.
- 5.16 The signal data provided by Norfolk County Council (NCC), including the specification of the existing controller, and the average green times at the junction were used to develop a variable signal logic file included in the model using VisVAP. The Vehicle Actuated (VA) signal operation allows the model to extend or reduce the green time allocated to each arm of the junction depending on the traffic demand, which is monitored through detectors (representing loops in the road).
- 5.17 The minimum and maximum green times as well as signal patterns defining the priority of each arm have been calibrated to observed signal operation and signal information, to provide a realistic approximation of the operation of MOVA.

Differences between AM and PM Networks

5.18 Some elements of the models are expected to be different in different time periods. The demand, routing, and signal controllers represent the different flow patterns/ routeing and signal timings in the AM and the PM model. However, there are no differences between AM and PM networks to report.

6. Model Calibration

Introduction

6.1 The purpose of the model calibration process is to ensure that the model represents existing traffic conditions. Calibration is an iterative process in which the model is revised to replicate observed traffic volumes, traffic conditions and vehicle behaviour as closely as possible.

Saturation Flow Calibration

- 6.2 The saturation flow is the maximum number of vehicles that are able to pass across a lane at a signal stopline in an hour.
- 6.3 The modelled saturation flows on each signalized stop line have been compared to estimated saturation flows calculated using the RR67 formula. The measurements required for the RR67 formula (lane-width, radius, etc.) have been measured using Google Maps.
- 6.4 The modelled saturation flows were extracted from Vissim using a saturation flow script developed by AECOM. Modelled values have been compared to the RR67 values to ensure that they are within an acceptable range. The saturation flow results have been presented, below in Table 6-1.

Junction	Approach	Modelled	RR67	Difference
	Mundesley Road	1761.25	1865	-6%
Cromer Road / Aylsham Road	Aylsham Road	1761.25	1865	-6%
	Cromer Road	1761.25	1915	-8%
	A149 Northbound	1731.16	1808	-4%
	A149 Northbound	1818.8	1915	-5%
Cramer Deed (P1150 / A140	B1150 Southbound	1979.0	1915	3%
Cromer Road / B1150 / A149	B1150 Southbound	1717.74	1808	-5%
	Cromer Road	1672.69	1785	-6%
	Cromer Road	1717.74	1808	-5%
	A149 Southbound	1781.58	1915	-7%
	A149 Northbound	1780.27	1915	-7%
A140 / Narwich Bood / Crammar School Bood	A149 Southbound	1723.09	1808	-5%
A149 / Norwich Road / Grammar School Road	Norwich Road	1720.85	1783	-3%
	A149 Northbound	1727.75	1808	-4%
	Norwich Road	1935.75	1859	4%

Table 6-1 - Saturation Flows

Flow Calibration Criteria

- 6.5 This section presents the traffic flow calibration which was undertaken and compares modelled and observed traffic flows using the criteria provided in TAG Unit M3-1.
- 6.6 The observed and modelled turning flows were compared for each of the junctions for the AM and PM peak hours, using the TAG criteria (Unit M3.1) for flow calibration as shown in Table 6-2.

Туре	Criteria	Acceptability Guidelines
1 - % Flows	 a. Individual flows within 15% for flows 700- 2700 vph b. Individual flows within 100 vph for flows < 700 vph C. Individual flows within 400 vph for flows > 2700 vph 	> 85% of all cases
2 – GEH Criteria	GEH Statistic - Individual flows: GEH < 5	

Table 6-2 – TAG Calibration Criteria

- 6.7 The differences between modelled and observed flows were calculated and the TAG criteria, both for absolute differences and for GEH statistic, were used to determine if these differences were acceptable. The GEH statistic incorporates both relative and the absolute differences and provides a better indication of the significance of differences, compared to using percentage differences which can be misleading.
- 6.8 The GEH statistic is defined as:

 $GEH = \sqrt{\frac{(M-C)^2}{(M+C)/2}}$, where M and C are different datasets to be compared.

Flow Calibration Results

- 6.9 The modelled turning flows were compared against the surveyed turning flows to calibrate the demand inputs and model assignment. The models were run twenty times using different random seeds to produce a set of average turning count results for comparison with the survey data.
- 6.10 The AM calibration results in Table 5-3 show the calibration results for each vehicle type. The results demonstrate that the AM peak hour flows are also calibrated closely against the observed turning counts when analysed vehicle class, and all exceed the thresholds set out in TAG. The structure of the junctions and turning count references included in the AM calibration results can be found in Appendix B.

Vehicle Class	Tag Criteria	Within	Total Counts	Percentage Passing
Cor	% Counts within GEH <5	150	151	99%
Car	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
HGV	% Counts within GEH <5	151	151	100%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
LGV	% Counts within GEH <5	151	151	100%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
Total	% Counts within GEH <5	145	151	96%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	150	151	99%

Table 6-3 - AM Calibration Results - Peak Hour by Vehicle Class

- 6.11 The AM calibration results in Table 5.4 shows the calibration results for total vehicles entering the model. Although not required in TAG, explicitly matching the observed number of vehicles entering the network is a key metric to validate the capacity and delays of the microsimulation models.
- 6.12 The results demonstrate that modelled flows at all entries to the model are calibrated closely with observed data as all the inputs are below GEH 5 as required in TAG guidance.

Entry Road	Observed	Modelled	GEH
Bradfield Road Joining Cromer Road	7	2	2.36
Cromer Road Eastbound	346	344	0.11
Mundesley Road Southbound	136	135	0.09
Market Street Westbound	0	0	0.00
Tungate Road Northbound	46	42	0.60
Aylsham Road Eastbound	166	155	0.87
Skeyton Road Eastbound	92	92	0.00
Morris Road Eastbound	73	82	1.02
Norwich Road Northbound	428	419	0.44
North Walsham Bypass Northbound	325	320	0.28
Grammar School Road Westbound	555	551	0.17
Laundry Loke Eastbound	69	71	0.24
Lyngate Road North	225	241	1.05
Lyngate Road West	320	272	2.79
Folgate Road	47	48	0.15
Total	2835	2777	1.09

Table 6-4 - AM Calibration results - Model Entries

6.13 The calibration summary in Table 6-5 demonstrates that the PM peak hour model flows are also closely calibrated against the observed turning counts when analysed by vehicle class, exceeding the requirements set out in TAG. The structure of the junctions and turning counts references included in the PM calibration results can be found in Appendix B.

Table 6-5 - PM Calibration Results - Peak Hour by Vehicle Class

Vehicle Class	Tag Criteria	Within	Total Counts	Percentage Passing
Cars	% Counts within GEH <5	151	151	100%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
HG√s	% Counts within GEH <5	151	151	100%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
LGVs	% Counts within GEH <5	150	151	99%
_	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%
Total	% Counts within GEH <5	148	151	98%
	% Flows within Individual Flow	151	151	100%

6.14 The PM calibration results in Table 5.6 shows the calibration results for total vehicles entering the model. The results demonstrate that the total entry volumes into the model are calibrated closely with observed data.

Junction	Observed	Modelled	GEH
Bradfield Road Joining Cromer Road	5	7	0.82
Cromer Road Eastbound	552	542	0.43
Mundesley Road Southbound	135	143	0.68
Market Street Westbound	0	0	0.00
Tungate Road Northbound	55	46	1.27
Aylsham Road Eastbound	155	147	0.65
Skeyton Road Eastbound	58	54	0.53
Morris Road Eastbound	12	15	0.82
Norwich Road Northbound	537	521	0.70
North Walsham Bypass Northbound	376	373	0.16
Grammar School Road Westbound	530	522	0.35
Laundry Loke Eastbound	167	158	0.71
Lyngate Road Southbound	232	235	0.20
Lyngate Road Westbound	232	235	0.20
Folgate Road	184	188	0.29
Total	3169	3116	0.95

Table 6-6 - PM Calibration Results – Model Entries

6.15 A flow diagram was constructed to visualise the junctions/ network and show turning flows within the model. The flow diagrams, showing calibration of flows for all turning movements in the AM and PM, can be found in Appendix C.

Calibration Parameters

6.16 Table 6-7 summarises the main calibration and specific driving behaviour parameters recommended by TAG and DfT for microsimulation models. These parameters have been included in the North Walsham VISSIM model in line with the recommended guidance.

Table 6-7 - Microsimulation Model Parameters – TAG/DfT

Parameter	Value	Following Guidance	
Headway	1s time	Yes	
Gap	1 to 4 seconds, depends on location	Yes	
Vehicle Dynamics	Following graphs	Yes	
Reaction Time	-	-	
Desired Speed Distributions	Following graphs	Yes	
Driver Awareness	Following graphs	Yes	
Influence of signing on the approach to a diverge of the motorway lane selection	5	Yes	
	Yes, used on merging and weaving links		
Cooperative Merging	Maximum speed difference - 6.71mph	Yes	
	Maximum collision time – 10s		
Implied Capacity at roundabouts and signal stop lines	-	-	
Min Distance between vehicles at a standstill	1.5m	Yes	

7. Model Validation

Introduction

- 7.1 Following the model calibration process, the VISSIM models were validated using journey time data. The vehicle travel time results from the models were compared against the surveyed journey time data to validate the queuing and delay in the model. The models were run twenty times using different random seeds to produce a set of average journey time results for comparison with the survey data.
- 7.2 The TAG M3-1 criteria for journey time validation are shown in Table 7-1 below.

Table 7-1 – TAG Validation Criteria

Criteria	Acceptability Guidelines
Modelled times along routes should be within 15% of surveyed times (or 1 minute, if higher than 15%)	> 85% of routes

Journey Time Validation Results

7.3 Figure 7-1 shows the nine journey time routes which have been defined within the model area. The average observed journey times were compared to the average modelled journey times in accordance with the criteria set out in TAG M3-1. The journey times routes were defined using the camera position of the ANPR surveys used to capture the observed journey time data.

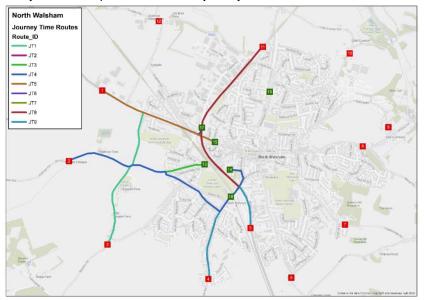


Figure 7-1 – Journey Time Routes

- 7.4 The definition of these journey times routes has been carried out using the position of the ANPR cameras used to capture the observed journey time data. The inner cameras have also been used split the longer routes into sections, so the profile of delays along the routes can be replicated to make sure the main capacity constraints in the area are validated.
- 7.5 Tables 6-2 and 6-3 show the individual performance of each of the defined journey time routes for all vehicles, all of which pass the TAG criteria. For ease, the routes are identified as JT 1 to 9 in the following paragraphs.

ID	Route Name	Observed	Modelled	% Difference	Validation
1	JT1_EB	183	173	-6%	Yes
2	JT1_WB	167	174	4%	Yes
3	JT2_NB	178	186	5%	Yes
4	JT2_SB	173	168	-3%	Yes
5	JT3_EB	105	109	4%	Yes
6	JT3_WB	129	135	4%	Yes
7	JT4_EB	340	309	-9%	Yes
8	JT4_WB	258	251	-3%	Yes
9	JT5_EB	142	134	-6%	Yes
10	JT5_WB	146	142	-3%	Yes
11	JT6_NB	158	171	8%	Yes
12	JT6_SB	176	175	0%	Yes
13	JT7_NB	222	214	-4%	Yes
14	JT7_SB	94	89	-5%	Yes
15	JT8_NB	291	303	4%	Yes
16	JT8_SB	264	255	-3%	Yes
17	JT9_EB	211	194	-8%	Yes
18	JT9_WB	160	156	-2%	Yes

Table 7-2 – AM Journey Time Validation

ID	Route Name	Observed	Modelled	% Difference	Validation
1	JT1_EB	204	176	-14%	Yes
2	JT1_WB	180	180	0%	Yes
3	JT2_NB	192	198	3%	Yes
4	JT2_SB	207	206	0%	Yes
5	JT3_EB	104	104	0%	Yes
6	JT3_WB	134	130	-3%	Yes
7	JT4_EB	364	342	-6%	Yes
8	JT4_WB	267	256	-4%	Yes
9	JT5_EB	155	151	-3%	Yes
10	JT5_WB	150	149	0%	Yes
11	JT6_NB	189	186	-1%	Yes
12	JT6_SB	192	184	-4%	Yes
13	JT7_NB	274	244	-11%	Yes
14	JT7_SB	96	94	-2%	Yes
15	JT8_NB	362	349	-4%	Yes
16	JT8_SB	294	295	0%	Yes
17	JT9_EB	265	226	-14.5%	Yes
18	JT9_WB	173	160	-8%	Yes

Table 7-3 – PM Journey Time Validation

7.6 The detailed journey time comparisons through the key parts of the model have been extracted and compared against the observed data in the sections below Figure 7-2 to Figure 7-10, showing that the model provides an accurate representation of the journey time and delays along the routes. The comparison of all the journey time routes included in the model routes can be found in Appendix D.

JT1

7.7 JT1 runs from Zone 1 – Cromer Road South to Zone 3 – Skeyton Road, as shown in Figure 7-2. This route is considered important as this is the region of the proposed development. This route shows that the lower speeds included in the models is aligned with the average speed obtained from the observed journey time data.

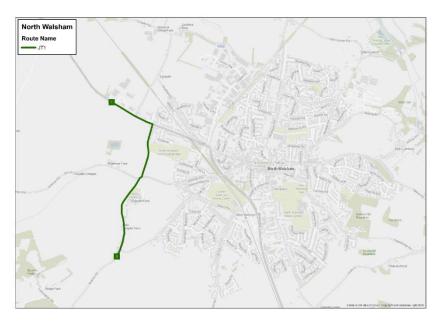
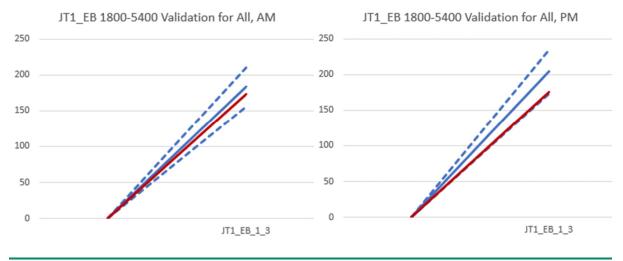


Figure 7-2 – JT1 Route Diagram

7.8 Figure 7-3 show the eastbound validation profile of this route with the observed data for both peaks.





7.9 Figure 7-4 show the westbound validation profile of this route with the observed data for both peaks.

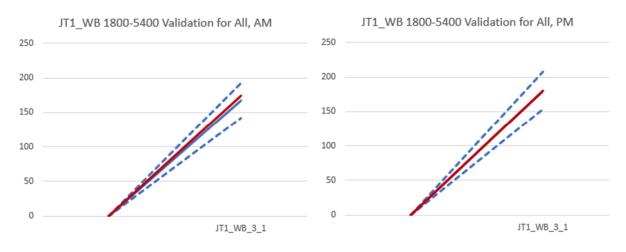


Figure 7-4 – JT1 Westbound Journey Time Validation profile

JT2

7.10 JT2 run from Zone 5 – North Walsham Bypass North to Zone 10 – North Walsham Bypass, as shown in Figure 5-5.





7.11 Figure 7-6 show the northbound validation profile of this route with the observed data for both peaks.

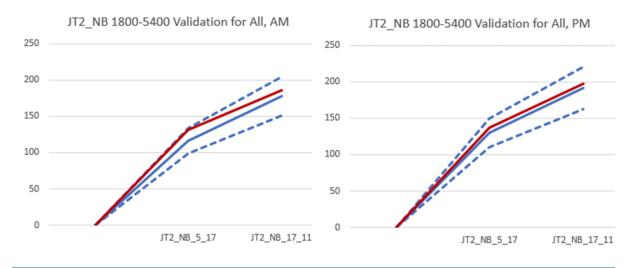


Figure 7-6 – JT2 Northbound Validation Profile



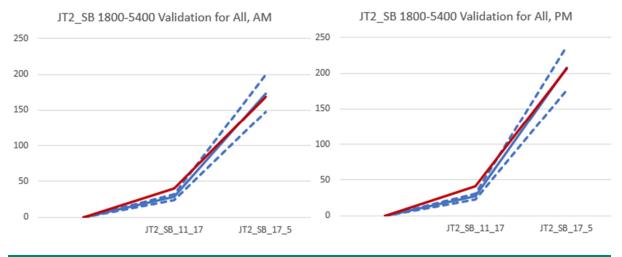


Figure 7-7 – JT2 Southbound Validation Profile

JT4

7.13 JT4 runs from Zone 2 Aylsham Road to Camera 14 Park Lane in the eastbound direction and from Zone 5 to Zone 2 in the westbound direction. This route has a different start/end point in the east as Park Lane is a one-way street.

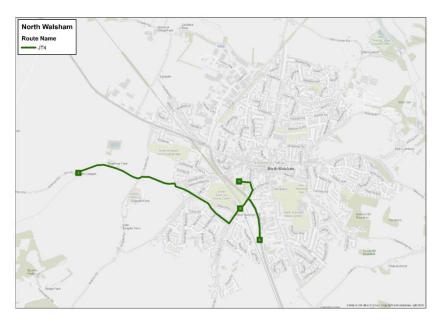
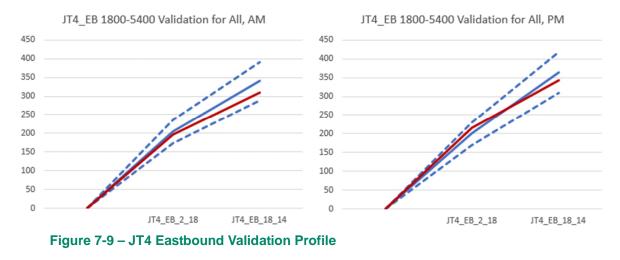
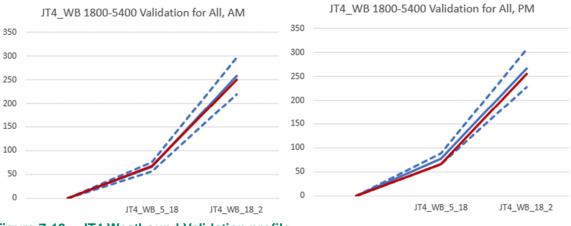


Figure 7-8 – JT4 Route Diagram

7.14 Figure 7-9 show the eastbound validation profile of this route with the observed data for both peaks.



7.15 Figure 7-10 show the westbound validation profile of this route with the observed data for both peaks.





Queue Comparison

- 7.16 In addition to the journey time validation of the model, TAG also recommends a review of the queues in the model and how these relate to existing queues. Although journey times provide a more accurate representation of the existing delays, the visual comparison of the queue patterns in the area provides further reassurance to support the model operation and results.
- 7.17 Two main sources have been used to understand the main queues in the model area: survey videos and live traffic information from Google Maps on the day the surveys took place.
- 7.18 The main queues in the AM peak hour are:
 - Queues approaching the signalised crossroads of the B1150 and A149; and
 - Queues approaching the signalised crossroad of Cromer Road and The North Walsham Bypass.
- 7.19 Figure 7-11 shows the typical traffic conditions from Google Maps, on a neutral weekday at 08:30.
- 7.20 Figure 7-12 below, shows a peak hour average speed plot extracted from the model at the same time. The comparison shows that the model provides a reasonable representation of the queuing patterns in the area.
- 7.21 It should be noted that the lower speeds along Millfield Road, Aylsham Road or Tungate Road shown on the average speed plots, result from lower speeds coded in the model to represent the impact of on-street parking or narrow roads.

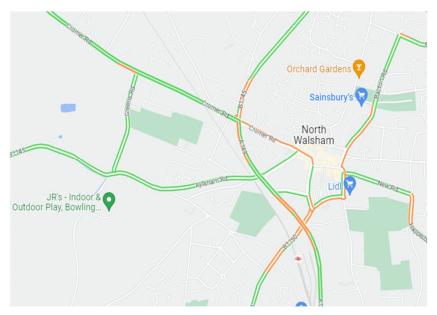


Figure 7-11 - Typical queues from Google Traffic on a Wednesday, 08:30

85223

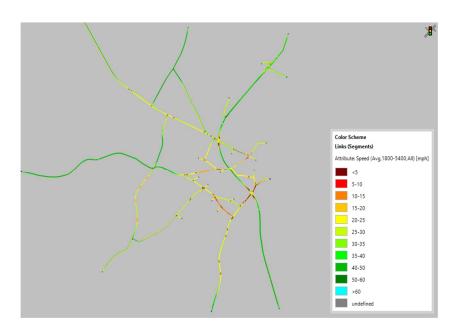
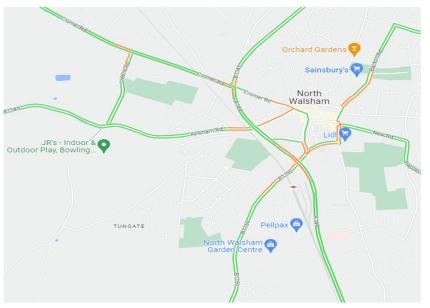


Figure 7-12 - AM Peak Hour Speed Plot

- 7.22 The main queues in PM peak are largely similar to those in the AM peak hour. These are:
 - Queues approaching the crossroads of the A149 and the B1150; and
 - Queues/ reduced speeds on Aylsham Road.





7.23 Figure 7-13 shows the typical traffic conditions from Google Maps, on a Wednesday at 17:00, and Figure 7-14 below, show the modelled queues during the PM peak. It can be observed that similar queueing patterns are replicated in the model.

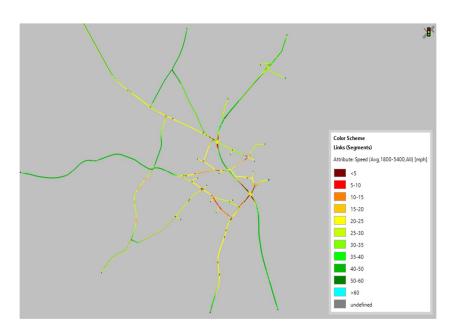


Figure 7-14 – PM Peak Hour Speed Plot

Model Variability

- 7.24 Microsimulation models are run several times with different random seeds to obtain a statistically representative result. This approach replicates daily variability, since each run has different arrival profiles which results in a different chain of events. A representative average of the results is the obtained/ presented.
- 7.25 The observed data indicates there is limited variability in the network operation except for the signalised A149/B1150 junction. The queue along Norwich Road approaching this junction is generally long but varied in length, and often disperses every cycle, resulting in highly variable journey times along this section, depending on when the vehicles arrive at the junction.
- 7.26 This operation and the associated variability have been represented in the model. Figure 7-15 and 7-16 show the operation of the signalised junction on the A149 and Norwich Road in the VISSIM model.
- 7.27 The figures show how the queues along Norwich Road northbound build up to a significant length but are discharged fully every cycle. This operation is consistent with the observations from the video footage.

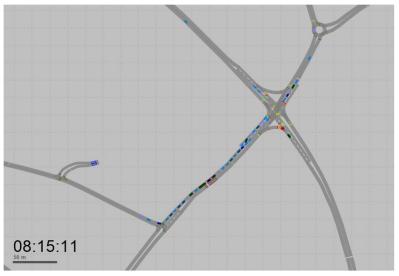


Figure 7-15 - A149/B1150 Junction – Norwich Road northbound green signal starts (AM)

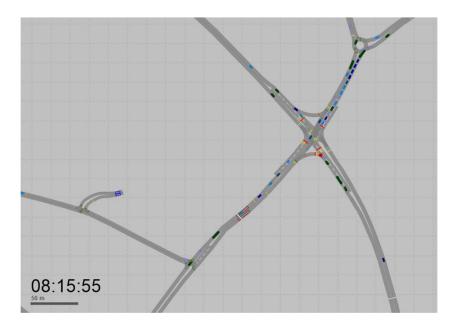


Figure 7-16 - A149/B1150 Junction – Norwich Road northbound green signal ends (AM)

7.28 Figure 7-17 shows the crossroads of the A149 and the B1150 in the VISSIM model at the moment that the green period begins for traffic from the B1150 at 16:42. While Figure 7-18 shows the same junction at the end of the green period. The two figures demonstrate how the queues in this direction build up significantly, but then disperse which is in accordance with observations from video footage.

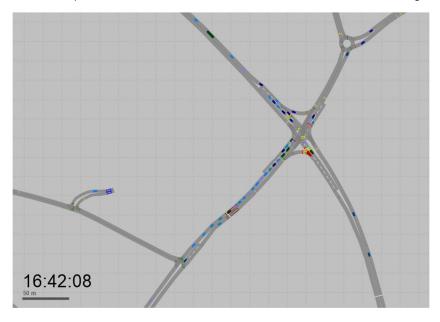


Figure 7-17 - A149/B1150 Junction – Norwich Road northbound green signal starts (PM)

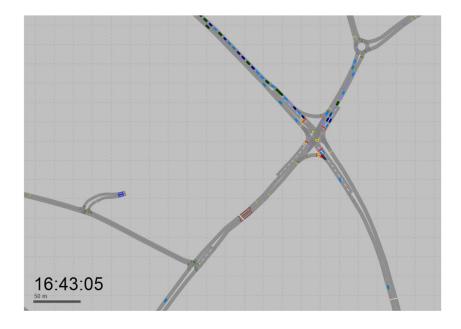
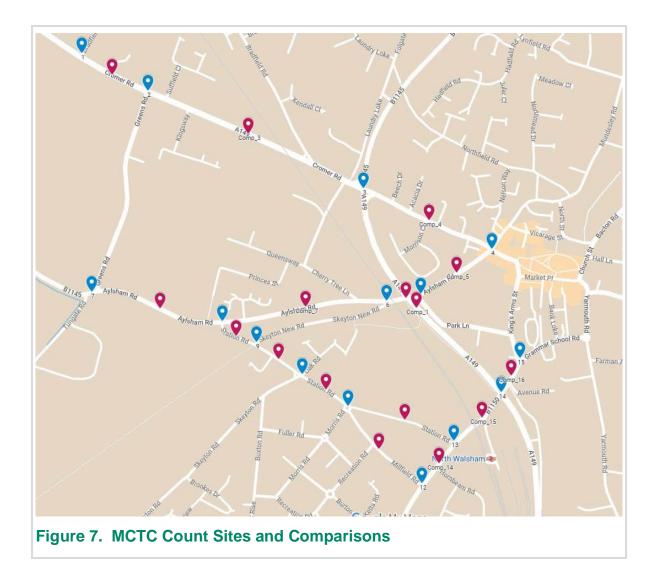


Figure 7-18 - A149/B1150 Junction – Norwich Road northbound green signal ends (PM)

8. Conclusion

- 8.1 North Walsham is located on the east of England, north of Norwich. The town experiences some congestion around the signalised junctions and the town centre roads with queues often building up in these areas at AM and PM peak times. However, these queues are not too extensive with vehicles usually progressing through signals in a single cycle, with minimum impacts on nearby junctions.
- 8.2 The base models have been calibrated and validated against the observed traffic flow and journey time data in line with the required criteria set out in TAG and best practice. The calibration/ validation results exceed the requirements for turning counts and journey times and the models are therefore closely aligned with observed data. The models also replicate observed queueing patterns and specific behaviours observed from video footage. The models are therefore validated to industry standard guidelines.
- 8.3 It is considered the base models provide a close representation of the queues and delays in the network, as well as the observed driving behaviour in the area, and are fit for the purpose of testing future traffic levels/ patterns or potential changes to the road network.

Appendix A – Consistency Checks



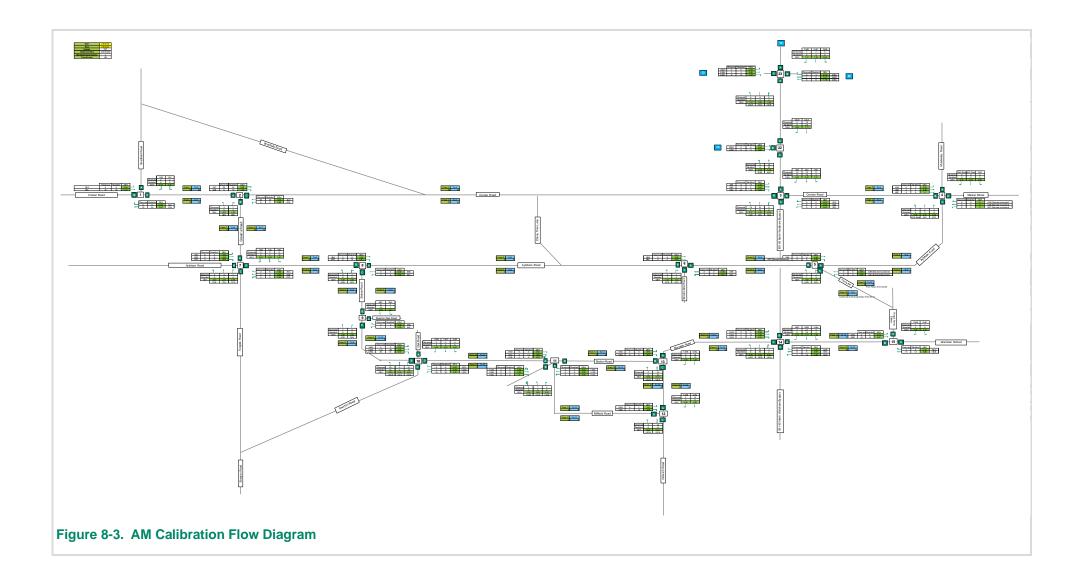
	Cite Enter		Difference						Cite Evit	Cite Ente	42/07/2022	Difference	DM Aug						
3 C	14 B									14 B						1			
1 C	2 A	11		8			0		0 1 C	2 A						0	1		
2 A	1 C	0	0	0	0	0	0		0 2 A	1 C	1	2	2		0	0	1		
2 C	3 B	56	34	45	5	3	2		2 2 C	3 B	30	57	44	4	1	3			
3 B	2 C	3	-19	-8	2	0	1		0 3 B	2 C	-40	-21	-31	4	2	1			
3 D	4 B	-10	-12	-11	2	1			1 3 D	4 B	-11	-13	-12	1	1	1			
4 B	3 D	11	15	13	6	5	5		5 4 B	3 D	5	17	11	6			1		
4 C				0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	4 C					#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/		
5 A																0			
				1			0						1		-	-			
						-													
															-		_		
				-															
			-			-	-												
14 C	15 A	-5		-0					0 14 C	15 A	4		-2		·				
15 B	14 A	-7		2					0 15 B	14 A	4		2						
	14 B 3 C 2 A 3 B 4 C 5 A 6 A 8 A 7 D 8 A 7 D 8 A 8 C 9 B 10 B 11 A 11 C 12 A 13 C 12 A 13 C 12 A 13 C 12 A 13 C 12 A 12 A 12 A 10 C 12 A 10 C 12 A 12 A 12 A 12 A 12 A 12 A 12 A 12 A	14 B 3 C 3 C 14 B 3 C 14 C 2 A 1 C 2 A 1 C 2 A 1 C 2 A 1 C 2 C 3 B 3 B 2 C 3 B 2 C 3 D 4 B 4 B 3 D 4 C 5 A 5 B 6 A 6 B 8 A 6 B 8 C 9 C 9 B 9 C 9 B 10 D 11 A 11 A 10 D 11 A 10 D 12 B 11 C 12 A 13 C 13 A 14 C	te Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14 B 3 C 14 4 3 C 14 B 0 0 1 C 2 A 111 2 1 1 2 A 1 C 0 0 2 3 B 2 3 3 B 2 C 3 B 2 3 3 0 4 B -10 4 B 3 D 14 B -10 -10 -14 -14 -16	tite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14 B 3 4 12 3C 14 B 0 5 1 C 2 A 11 4 2 2 A 1 C 0 0 0 2 C 3 B 56 34 3 B 2 C 3 11 4 3 B 2 C 3 11 15 4 B 3 D 4 B -10 -12 4 B 3 D 11 15 4 4 C 5 A 0 0 0 5 B 6 A 2 0 0 6 B 8 A 5 9 8 6 B 6 5 1 0 8 A 7 D 0 0 0 8 B 7 D 0 0 0 9 C 10 B -3 1 <td< td=""><td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td><td></td><td>tete Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ###################################</td><td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ####### ####### ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 4 12 8 17 0 1 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 16 0 0 1 C 2 A 11 4 8 0 1 0 2 A 1 C 0 0 0 0 0 2 C 3 56 34 45 5 3 2 3 2 3 19 8 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <</td><td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ####### ####### ####### ####### AM Avg 14 B 3 C 1 2 8 17 0 1 3C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 1C 2 A 11 4 8 0 1 0 0 2A 1C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3B 2C 3 56 34 45 5 3 2 5 3B 2C 3 -19 -8 2 0 1 1 4B 3D 11 15 13 6 5 5 7 4C 5 A 0 0 0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7</td></td<> <td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AMAyay ######## ######## ######## AMAyay Site Exit 14 8 3 C 4 12 8 17 0 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3</td> <td>Iduo 7/2022 Iduo 7/2022 <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>ite Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 <</td><td>Ite Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Site Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### AM Avg Site Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 8 0 5 3 16 0 0 3.2 14 8 2.3 2.3 16 1 1 2 2.0 0</td><td>Ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 14 B 3 C 16 2 7 18 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 23 223 22 0<</td></th></td>	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		tete Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ###################################	ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ####### ####### ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 4 12 8 17 0 1 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 16 0 0 1 C 2 A 11 4 8 0 1 0 2 A 1 C 0 0 0 0 0 2 C 3 56 34 45 5 3 2 3 2 3 19 8 2 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <	ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AM Avg ####### ####### ####### ####### AM Avg 14 B 3 C 1 2 8 17 0 1 3C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 1C 2 A 11 4 8 0 1 0 0 2A 1C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3B 2C 3 56 34 45 5 3 2 5 3B 2C 3 -19 -8 2 0 1 1 4B 3D 11 15 13 6 5 5 7 4C 5 A 0 0 0 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 AMAyay ######## ######## ######## AMAyay Site Exit 14 8 3 C 4 12 8 17 0 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3 D 3	Iduo 7/2022 Iduo 7/2022 <th <="" colspan="2" td=""><td>ite Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 <</td><td>Ite Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Site Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Site</td><td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### AM Avg Site Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 8 0 5 3 16 0 0 3.2 14 8 2.3 2.3 16 1 1 2 2.0 0</td><td>Ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 14 B 3 C 16 2 7 18 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 23 223 22 0<</td></th>	<td>ite Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 <</td> <td>Ite Exit Site Site</td> <td>ite Exit Site Site Exit Site Site</td> <td>ite Exit Site Site</td> <td>ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### AM Avg Site Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 8 0 5 3 16 0 0 3.2 14 8 2.3 2.3 16 1 1 2 2.0 0</td> <td>Ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 14 B 3 C 16 2 7 18 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 23 223 22 0<</td>		ite Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 16/07/2022 <	Ite Exit Site Site	ite Exit Site Site Exit Site Site	ite Exit Site Site	ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### AM Avg Site Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 8 0 5 3 16 0 0 3.2 14 8 2.3 2.3 16 1 1 2 2.0 0	Ite Exit Site Entry 13/07/2022 14/07/2022 14/07/2022 PM Avg ####### ####### 14 B 3 C 14 B 3 C 16 2 7 18 1 0 3 C 14 B 0 5 3 18 0 0 3 C 14 B 23 223 22 0<

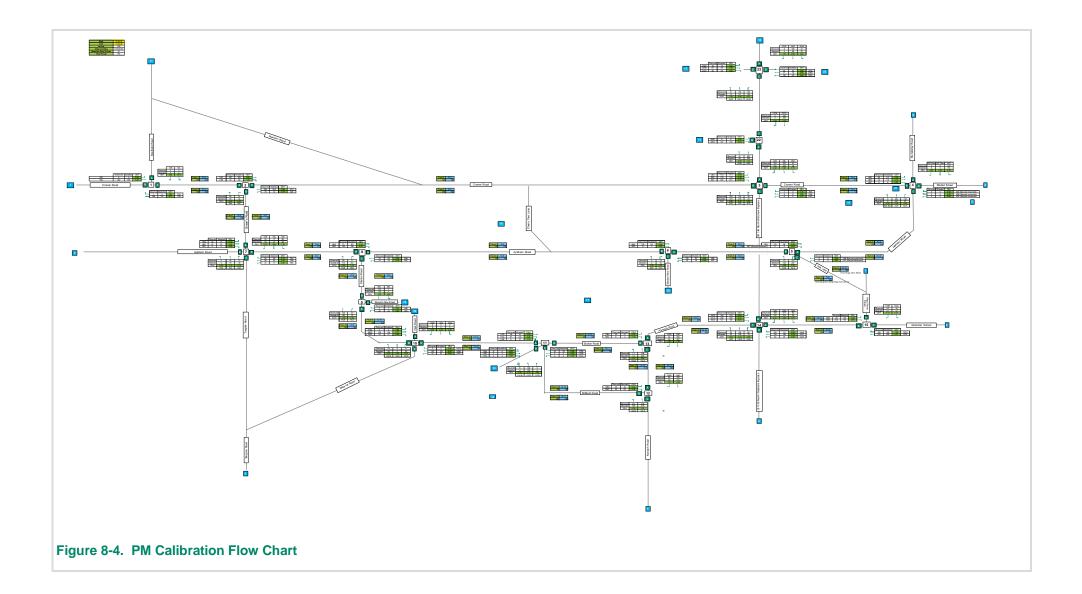
Appendix B - Calibration Results

1 1 1 1 C C A A B A C B A D C B A D C B A D A D A D A D A B A C B A C C B A D	П А В П А В А С В Ц В С В А С В 20 C A A C B A 20 C A A C B A 20 C A A C C B 20 C A C C B 20 C A A C C B 20 C A A C C B 20 C A A C C B 20 C A A C C B 20 C A C C C A C C C A C C C C C C C C C	101 101 101 102 102 102 102 102	3 3 3 3 446 537 74 159 200 70 70 70 78 3366 299 265 757 74 124 92 202 114 129 127 127 124 13 3 3 5 228 228 228 228 228 228 228	34 34 70 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	2 0.632 0.197 3.004 1.509 3.1248 0.265 2.430 6.113 1.699 5.2120 5.710 1.182 3.418 4.727 2.193 3.418 4.727 2.193 3.418 5.292 2.632 5.292 3.057 0.434 3.438	2 254 406 4 209 55 64 213 139 64 215 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 145 149 145 149 142 149 149 149 149	2 253 357 4 196 56 107 25 57 256 57 256 57 256 18 197 123 62 38 62 38 51 135 1177 184 0 2 2 4	0.816 0.000 0.085 2.511 0.129 0.881 0.564 2.300 4.828 0.841 1.073 0.461 1.073 0.461 1.087 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899 0.632	0 0 33 33 0 29 6 4 7 7 6 6 26 0 0 15 15 15 9 2 2 22 22 22 22 18 16 0 0	0 0.00 0 0.00 34 0.16 30 0.45 10 1.33 5 0.44 3 1.88 0 3.46 25 0.14 3 2.51 15 0.05 17 0.55 17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.33 14 0.46 0 0.00 0 0.000 0 0.0000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.00000 0 0.000000 0 0.000000 0 0.0000000000	00 10 14 14 15 16 17 17 17 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	56 56 88 82 4 0 46 44 16 11 17 0 7 0 8 6 79 66 32 33 21 15 15 10 12 29 28 44 40 42	12 0. 10 2. 16 0. 1. 3. 1. 1. 1. <
1 C B 1 C A C B 2 A A C B A C B 2 A A C B A C B 2 A A C B A C B 2 A A C B A C B 2 A A C B A C B 3 A A C B A D C B 3 A A C B A D C B 3 A A C B A D C B A D A A D 4 A B A C B A C B 4 A C B A C B A D	11.C.B 11.C.A 12.A.C 12.A.C 12.A.C 12.A.C 12.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.C.C 13.D.C	101 101 102 102 102 102 102 102	8 287 74 199 299 299 295 114 124 124 124 197 285 211 124 197 282 211 14 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 224 120 195	477 299 77 32 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3.004 1.509 1.248 1.248 2.2430 2.430 2.431 1.699 2.120 2.121 3.148 2.472 2.123 3.148 2.472 2.123 3.125 3.125 0.292 0.632 0.282 0.282 0.282 0.282 3.0257 3.438 4.338	406 4 209 55 64 273 16 206 135 99 72 145 192 149 12 3	357 4 196 56 107 25 57 256 18 197 123 62 38 135 1777 184 0 2	2.511 0.129 0.881 0.564 2.900 4.828 0.841 1.073 0.461 0.641 1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	333 0 29 6 4 7 6 26 26 0 15 15 15 9 2 2 22 22 22 8 16	30 0.40 0 0.00 24 0.93 10 1.33 5 0.41 3 1.86 0 3.48 0 3.42 15 0.41 3 2.51 15 0.04 17 0.55 17 2.16 2 0.01 10 3.04 9 2.33 14 0.46 0 0.00	88	88 86 4 0 46 44 16 11 14 11 7 0 8 6 79 68 21 11 15 11 10 12 29 22 68 44 40 42	12 0. 0 2. 16 0. 1. 3. 1. 2. 1. 3. 1. <t< th=""></t<>
28 C 27 A 27 A 27 A 37 A 38 A 38 D 37 C 38 C 38 C 38 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37	22 A C 22 A C 22 A C 22 A C 22 A C 23 A C 24 C C	102 102 102 102 102 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106	287 74 159 70 78 386 29 265 174 124 92 265 174 124 92 211 197 282 241 197 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 224 120 195	77 13) 22 24 34 42 24 43 15) 55 55 26 20 24 24 23 24 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24	1.248 0.265 2.430 1.699 2.120 1.699 2.120 1.13 1.699 2.120 3.148 2.4727 2.193 3.125 1.951 1.951 5.292 0.632 0.257 0.057 0.141	52 139 55 64 273 16 206 135 99 72 145 192 145 192 149 3	196 56 107 25 57 256 18 197 123 62 38 135 177 184 0 2	0.881 0.564 2.900 4.828 0.841 1.073 0.461 0.641 1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	29 6 4 7 6 26 0 15 15 15 2 2 22 18 16	24 0.93 10 1.33 5 0.44 3 1.88 0 3.46 25 0.14 3 2.57 15 0.05 17 0.55 17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.33 14 0.46 0 0.00	31 19 19 17 18 18 10 10 15 15 100 133	46 46 16 10 14 18 7 0 8 0 79 0 32 32 21 15 15 11 10 12 29 22 68 44 40 42	16 0. 0 1. 8 0. 3 6 4 2. 3 0. 1. 1. <
28 C 27 A 27 A 27 A 37 A 38 A 38 D 37 C 38 C 38 C 38 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37 C 37	2.2 8.4 22.2 8.4 22.2 0.4 22.0 0.4 23.0 0.4 24.0 0.4 24.0 0.4 25.0	102 102 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	159 70 78 386 29 265 174 124 92 117 282 211 14 3 3 3 137 70 55 224 125	13) 2 6 344 2 44 15) 8 8 5 5 16 2 3 3 2 44 2 4 2 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2.430 6.113 1.689 2.120 5.0710 1.175 1.175 1.175 3.418 4.727 2.120 3.125 1.551 5.022 0.632 0.632 0.632 0.632 0.634 3.438	139 55 64 273 16 206 135 99 72 145 192 149 12 3	25 57 256 18 197 123 62 38 135 177 184 0 2	2.900 4.828 0.841 1.073 0.461 0.641 1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	4 7 6 26 0 15 15 9 2 2 22 22 18 18	5 0.47 3 1.85 0 3.46 255 0.14 3 2.55 115 0.00 177 0.50 177 0.50 10 3.04 9 2.38 14 0.00	11	14 18 7 0 8 6 79 66 12 4 32 33 21 15 15 10 10 12 68 44 40 42	8 0. 0 3. 6 0. 5 1. 4 2. 3 0. 9 0. 1 2 0. 3 1. 5 2. 0 3. 1 2 0. 3 1. 5 2. 0 0 2. 0 0 0. 0 0 0. 0 0 0. 0 0.
2 C A 2 C A 2 C A 3 A A B 4 B 5 B A D 5 B	2: C. B 2: C. B 2: C. A 3: A, C 3: B, C 3:	102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	78 386 29 265 174 124 92 211 282 211 14 3 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 55 224 120 195	6 6 344 244 155 8 8 5 16 233 244 4 4 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 4	1.699 2.120 0.710 1.275 1.182 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.418 3.4125 1.961 2.193 2.192 0.632 3.0.057 5.0141 3.438	64 273 16 206 135 99 72 145 192 145 192 149 12 3	57 256 18 197 123 62 38 135 177 184 0 2	0.841 1.073 0.461 0.641 1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	26 0 15 15 2 2 22 22 18 16	0 3.46 25 0.14 3 2.51 15 0.05 17 0.55 17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.31 14 0.46 0 0.00	54 54 51 50 50 50 51 52 53 53 54 55 56 57 57 58 59 59 50	8 6 79 68 32 33 21 19 15 10 10 11 29 22 68 45 40 40	6 0.0 5 1.0 4 2.0 13 0.0 9 0.0 1.0 2 0.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
38 D 38 C 30 C 30 C 30 C 30 D 30 D 40 D	33 A.D 33 A.C 34 A.B 34 B.B A.D 34 B.C 34 B.C 35 C.D 35 D.C 34	103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	29 265 174 124 92 282 211 14 3 3 5 5 3 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	2 2 244 155 81 5 5 166 233 244 4 4 4 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	0.710 1.275 1.182 3.418 4.727 2.193 3.125 1.951 5.292 0.632 0.057 0.141 4.378	16 206 135 99 72 145 192 149 12 3	18 197 123 62 38 135 177 184 0 2	0.461 0.641 1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	0 15 9 2 22 22 18 16	3 2.51 15 0.05 17 0.55 17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.33 14 0.46 0 0.00	0	12 4 32 33 21 18 15 10 10 12 29 23 68 44 40 44 2 0	4 2.3 13 0.0 9 0.4 0 1.3 2 0.6 13 1.3 15 2.6 12 0.2 12 0.2 13 1.3 14 0.2 15 2.6 12 0.2 0 2.0 0 0.0
38 D 38 C 30 C 30 C 30 C 30 D 30 D 40 D	B A B B A B B B A D B B C B B C B B C B D C B D C B D D B B D C B	103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	174 124 92 197 282 211 14 3 3 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	155 81 55 233 244 1 1 1 31 33 33 33 244	 1.182 3.418 4.727 2.193 3.125 1.951 5.292 0.632 0.282 0.057 0.141 4.378 	135 99 72 145 192 149 12 3	123 62 38 135 177 184 0 2	1.097 4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	15 9 22 18 16	17 0.50 17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.37 14 0.46 0 0.00	00 00 15 70 33	21 15 15 10 10 12 29 23 68 45 40 42 2 0	9 0. 2 0. 3 1. 5 2. 0 2. 0 2. 0 0. 0 0.
38 D 38 C 30 C 30 C 30 C 30 D 30 D 40 D	3 8 A 33 8 A 34 8 B D 34 8 C 34 8 C 34 C A 34 C	103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	124 92 197 282 211 14 3 5 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	88 55 16 233 244 4 4 1 1 3 13 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 4 2 4	3 3.418 4 4.727 2 1.93 3 3.125 1 1.951 5 0.632 6 0.282 8 0.057 5 0.141 8 4.378	99 72 145 192 149 12 3	62 38 135 177 184 0 2	4.130 4.631 0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	9 22 18 16	17 2.16 2 0.00 10 3.04 9 2.37 14 0.46 0 0.00	60 00 15 70 33	15 10 10 12 29 23 68 45 40 42 2 0	0 1.2 2 0.0 3 1.2 15 2.9 12 0.2 0 2.0 0 0.0
38 C 39 C 30 C 30 C 30 C 30 D 30 D 30 D 4 A 4 B 4 C 4 C 4 C 5 C 4 A 5 C 4 C 5 C 4 A 5 C 4 A 5 C 4 C 5 C 4 A 5 C 4 C 5 C 4 A 5 C 6 C 5 C 6 A 5 C 6 C 6 C 7 A 6 C 7 A 6 C 7 A 6 C 7 A 6 C 7 A 6 C 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A	33.8.C 33.C.B 33.C.C 34.D.C 34.D.D 34.D.D 34.A.D 34.A.D 34.A.D 34.C.A 34	103 103 103 103 103 103 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	197 282 211 14 3 5 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	16 23 24 0 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 4 4	7 2.193 2 3.125 1.951 5.292 2 0.632 3 0.282 3 0.057 5 0.141 8 4.378	145 192 149 12 3	135 177 184 0 2	0.841 1.089 2.731 4.899	22 18 16	10 3.04 9 2.37 14 0.46 0 0.00	15 70 33	29 23 68 45 40 42 2 0	13 1.1 15 2.1 12 0.1 10 2.1 10 0.1
3C D 3D C 3D A 4 4 8 4 4 8 4 C A 4 C A 4 C A 4 C A 5 C A 5 C A 5 C A 5 C A 6 B 6 C A 6 B 6 C B 6 C A 7 A A D 7 A A 7 A A 8 D	3.C.A 3.C.C 3.D.D.B 3.D.D.B 3.D.D.B 3.D.D.B 4.D.D.B 4.D.D.B 4.D.D.B 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D 4.D.D.D.D 4.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D.D	103 103 103 103 104 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	211 14 3 5 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	24	0 1.951 0 5.292 2 0.632 3 0.282 3 0.057 5 0.141 3 4.378	149 12 3	184 0 2	2.731 4.899	16	14 0.46 0 0.00	53	40 42	2 0. 0 2. 0 0.
3D 8 3D 4 4 A 9 4 A 9 4 A 9 4 C 4 5 C 4 5 C 4 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 6 B 4 6 C 8 6 A 0 0 7 A 0	3. D. C 3. D. B 3. D. B 3. D. A 3. D. A 3. D. A 3. D. A 4. B. C 4. B. C 4. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3. C. A 3. C. B 3. C. A 3.	103 103 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	3 5 3 137 70 55 224 120 195	13 13 3 3 24	2 0.632 6 0.282 8 0.057 5 0.141 8 4.378	3	2		0		00		0 0.0
3D 8 3D 4 4 A 9 4 A 9 4 A 9 4 C 4 5 C 4 5 C 4 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 5 C 8 6 B 4 6 C 8 6 A 0 0 7 A 0	13 D. A 14 A. D 14 B. A 14 B. A 14 C. A 14 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 15 C. A 16 C. C 16 C. A 17 A D 17 A D	103 104 104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	3 137 70 55 224 120 195	13: 33 31 24:	8 0.057 5 0.141 8 4.378	4		0.032	0	0 0.0			2 01
4A D 4A A 4B C 4B C 4B C 4B C 4C A 4C 44 A.D 44 B.D 44 B.D 44 C.D 45 C.A 45 C.A 45 C.A 45 C.A 45 C.A 46 A.S 46 A.S 46 A.S 46 A.S 46 A.S 46 B.C 46 B.C 46 C.A 47 A.D	104 104 104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	70 55 224 120 195	13 31 31 24	5 0.141 8 4.378		3	0.258 0.057	0	0 0.00			0 0.0	
4 B D 4 C D A 4 C D A 4 C D A 4 C B A 5 C A 5 C A 6 A B 6 A C 6 A B 6 A C 6 B 6 C B 7 A D 7 A D 7 A D 7 A B 7 B D	44 B, D 44 C, A 44 C, D 45 B, A 45 C, B 45 C, A 46 A, C 46 A, C 46 A, C 46 A, C 46 B, C 46 B, C 46 B, C 46 B, C 46 B, C 46 B, C 46 C, C 46 A, C 46 C, C 46 A, C 46	104 104 105 105 105 106 106 106	55 224 120 195	3 24	4.570	119	118 26	0.064 4.483	0	0 0.00	00	17 17	7 0.0 8 1.1
58 A 5C B 5C A 6A C 6A B 6B A 6C B 6C A 7A D 7A D 7A B 78 A	J4_C_D J5_B_A J5_C_B J5_C_A J6_A_C J6_A_B J6_B_A J6_B_C J6_C_B J6_C_A J7_A_D	104 105 105 106 106 106	120 195			38	22	2.983	3	4 0.48	35	8 4	4 1.4
SC A GA C GA B GB A GB C SC B GC B GC B GC B GC A 7 A D 7 A C 7 B A 7 B A 7 B D	J5_C_B J5_C_A J6_A_C J6_A_B J6_B_A J6_B_C J6_C_B J6_C_A J7_A_D	105 106 106 106			0.046	193 93	211 102	1.249 0.936	2	3 0.77 0 2.44	19	26 29 13 17	7 1.
SC A GA C GA B GB A GB C SC B GC B GC B GC B GC A 7 A D 7 A C 7 B A 7 B A 7 B D	J6 A C J6 A B J6 B A J6 B C J6 C B J6 C A J7 A D	105 106 106 106		13	5 4.641 3 3.716	156	122	2.875 2.013	3	0 2.44		22 13 28 14	3 2.0 4 3.0
6B A 6C B 6C B 6C A 7A D 7A C 7A B 7B A 7B A	J6_A_B J6_B_A J6_B_C J6_C_B J6_C_A J7_A_D	106 106	152 46	22		131	192 41	4.768 0.562	1	3 1.54 0 1.41		19 33	13 2.1 1 1.8
6B C 6C B 6C A 7A D 7A C 7A B 7B A 7B A	J6_B_C J6_C_B J6_C_A J7_A_D	106	164	11	4.135	131	102	2.682	2	0 2.00	00	24 13	3 2.5
6 C A 7 A D 7 A C 7 A B 7 B A 7 B D	J6_C_A J7_A_D	106	179 6	12	2 1.907	146	113 0	2.881 2.828	0	0 2.00	00	22 13	2 0.1
7 B D	J7_A_D	106 106	7			4	2	1.155 4.472	0	1 1.41			0 0.0
7 B D		107 107	76 21	71	0.660	58 17	50 25	1.053 1.756	5	10 1.81	11	13 10	0 0.8
7 B D	J7_A_B	107	56	4:	5 1.526	42	25 39 27	0.511	5	0 3.16	52	9 6	6 0.9
7 B C 7 C B 7 C A 7 C D	J7_B_A J7_B_D	107 107	62 109	3	5 1.551	48	107	3.485 1.684	6	3 1.49 6 1.92	24	12 13	
7 C A 7 C D	J7_B_C J7_C_B	107 107	0		0.076	0 4	0	0.000 0.076	0	0 0.00			0 0.0
	J7_C_A J7_C_D	107 107	22 22	3	4.663	16 17	5	3.434 2.141	3	0 2.44	19	2 (0 2.0
7 D C	J7_D_C	107	18	1:	3 1.229	12	12	0.043	2	0 2.00	00	2 1	1 0.8
7 D B 7 D A	J7_D_B J7_D_A	107 107	128 146	12	1.893	96 128	105	0.854 2.503	2	3 0.48 5 1.56	51		8 1.2
 8A C 8A B	J8_A_C J8_A_B	108 108	35 141	1:	4.627	27	11 78	3.629 3.641	3	2 0.53			0 2.8 3 1.9
8 B A 8 B C	J8_B_A J8_B_C	108 108	101 105	7	2.572	79	63 120	1.868 3.466	2	5 1.64 15 2.82	15		8 2.1
8C B 8C A	J8_C_B J8_C_A	108 108	151	17/	5 1.989	123	141	1.541 5.148	5	8 1.00	9	20 28	
9 A C	J9_A_C	109	51	4	5 0.873	46	41	0.766	1	1 0.00	00	4 3	3 0.5
9A B 9B A	J9_A_B J9_B_A	109 109	2		5 1.645	0	0	1.414 2.775	0	0 0.00	6		2 0.8 0 0.0
9 B C 9 C B	J9_B_C J9_C_B	109 109	139 229	16	3 1.049	112 193	127	1.412 1.425	8	16 2.35 8 0.27	6	16 17 24 32	7 0.2
9C A 10A D	J9_C_A J10_A_D	109 110	16 4	11	0 1.711	14	10	1.202 1.414	0	0 0.00	00		0 0.0
10 A C 10 A B	J10_A_C	110	1		1.414	0	0	0.000	0	0 0.00	00	0 0	0 0.0
10 B A 10 B D	J10_A_B J10_B_A	110 110 110	2		2.000	1	0	1.414	0	0 0.00	00	1 (0 1.4
10 B C	J10_B_D J10_B_C	110	133 52	16		109 44	131 37	2.047 1.116	9	17 2.26		15 16 5 4	6 0.3 4 0.5
10 C B 10 C A	J10_C_B J10_C_A	110 110	55	6		48	53	0.690	0	0 0.00		6 11	1 1.6 0 0.0
10 C D 10 D C	J10_C_D J10_D_C	110 110	41 33	21	3 2.251	33 31	28 37	0.943 0.980	0	0 0.00	00		0 3.1
10 D B	J10_D_B	110	181	15	3 1.790	151	131	1.684	7	8 0.25	58	18 19	9 0.2
10 D A 11 A D 11 A C	J10_D_A J11_A_D	110 111	5 34	1:	5 1.627	2 30	14 25	4.198 0.924	0	0 0.00	00	2 (1 0.5 0 2.0
11 A C 11 A B 11 A A	J11_A_C J11_A_B	111 111 111	129 12	14		102	110	0.777 0.755	9	14 1.59 0 0.00		18 18	8 0.1 0 1.4
11 B A	J11_A_A J11 B A	111	1 42	1:		1 39	10	3.812 2.953	0	3 2.36			0 0.0
11 B D 11 B C	J11_B_D J11 B C	111	13	2		11	0	4.690	0	0 0.00			0 0.0
11 B B 11 C B	J11_B_B	111	0		0.000	0	0	0.000	0	0 0.00	00	0 0	0 0.0
11С В 11С А 11С D	J11_C_B J11_C_A	111 111	13 162	11	3 2.401	13 133	10 108	0.948 2.244	0	0 0.00	51	17 20	
11 C D 11 C C	J11_C_D J11_C_C	111 111	3	1		3	0	2.449 2.846	0	0 0.00		0 0	0 0.0
11 C C 11 D C 11 D B	J11_D_C J11_D_B	111 111	2		2.000 2.449	1	0	1.414 2.449	0	0 0.00			0 1.4
11 D A	J11_D_A J11_D_D	111	22		4.895	19	4	4.321	0	0 0.00	00		0 2.0
11 D D 12 A C 12 A B	J12_A_C	111 112	385	32	3.055	308	263	2.691	14	11 0.98	35	55 54	i4 0.1
12 B A	J12_A_B J12_B_A	112 112	122 86	71	0.272	105	74 73	3.237 0.093	2	0 2.00	4	12 9	3 3.3 9 0.8
12 B C 12 C B 12 C A	J12_B_C J12_C_B	112 112	89 85	12	1.495	68 66	86 68	2.078 0.202	7	15 2.38 5 0.04	15	12 19 12 21	7 3.3
12 C A 13 A C	J12_C_A J13_A_C	112 113	350 511	32	1.667	262 417	256 338	0.370 4.066	14	14 0.12 10 1.27	21	69 50 69 58	i0 2.4
13 A C 13 A B 13 P A	J13_A_B J13_B_A	113	35	2	5 1.610	33	26	1.269	0	0.00	00	1 0	0 1.4
13 B A 13 B C	J13_B_C	113	40	6	0 1.414	35	62	1.414	0	0 0.00	00	0 0	0 0.0
13 C B 13 C A 14 A D	J13_C_B J13_C_A	113 113	10 455	39	2.715	8 354	2 325	2.712 1.555	0	0 0.00	80	81 59	
14 A D 14 A C 14 A B	J14_A_D J14_A_C	114 114	47 277	7	1.825	34 236	37 205	0.520 2.067	1 5	13 4.44 5 0.06	57	11 22 33 31	7 0.6
14 A B 14 B A	J14_A_B J14_B_A	114 114	130	16	2.535	94	139 97	4.182 2.965	6	4 0.74	19	28 11	7 2.2
14 B A 14 B D 14 B C	J14_B_D	114	160 216	14	1.578	110 172	104	0.614 3.374	21	16 1.11 5 0.70	3	27 21	1 1.2
14 B C 14 C B	J14_B_C J14_C_B	114 114	179	14	5 2.630	123	114	0.789	7	3 2.90	13	44 28	8 2.6
14 C A 14 C D	J14_C_A J14_C_D	114 114	279 47	26	0.557	234 35	225 46	0.621 1.662	7	12 1.52 0 0.00	00	31 28 12 5	8 0.5 5 2.2
14 D C 14 D B 14 D A	J14_D_C J14_D_B	114 114	55 194	3	3.791	42 133	29 110	2.145 2.120	3	0 2.44	19	9 1 39 42	1 3.5
14 D A	J14_D_A J15_A_C	114	84	12	3.668	73	105	3.421	1	2 0.81	6	10 14	
15 A C 15 A B	J15_A_B	115	60	5	0.071	46	49	0.435	1	5 2.47	8	11 5	5 2.1
15 A A 15 B A	J15_A_A J15_B_A	115 115	0 139	19	3.998	0 119	0	0.000 4.269	2	0 0.00	14	16 17	
15 B C 15 B B	J15_B_C J15_B_B	115 115	307 1	29	4.716	252	248 8	0.237 3.271	15	13 0.67 2 2.00	00	33 31 0 4	4 2.8
15 C B 15 C A	J15_C_B J15_C_A	115 115	400 165	40	0.433	322 137	328 127	0.308 0.884	11	14 0.86 0 1.41	52	62 67	
15 C C	J15_C_C	115	0	14.	0.000	0	0	0.000	0	0 0.00	00	0 0	0 0.0
15 C C 22 A C 22 A B	J22_A_C J22_A_B	122	190 141	13	0.284	112	114	0.333 0.212	16	22 1.32 9 0.11	6	35 38 20 14	4 1.4
22 B C 22 B A 22 C A 22 C B	J22_B_C J22_B_A	122 122	6 63	7	2 1.125	3	0 41	2.449 1.854	0	0 0.00	5	22 20	
22 C A 22 C B	J22_C_A J22_C_B	122 122	389 12	35	1.683	327	297 8	1.704 0.000	19	24 1.10 0 0.00	9	43 35	
23 A B 23 A C	J23 A B	123	47	4	0.000	41	41	0.016	0	0 0.00	00	6 6	6 0.0
23 A C 23 A D 23 B A	J23_A_C J23_A_D	123 123	160 18	17	0.485	132 11	159 10	2.227 0.324	7	4 1.30 0 1.41	4		6 0.0
23 B C	J23_B_A J23_B_C	123 123	45 224	4	0.229	36 198	36 145	0.025 4.072	3	4 0.70 8 1.17	7	21 21	
23 B D 23 C A	J23_B_D J23_C_A	123 123	51 123	5	0.000	37 81	38 75	0.139 0.633	1 8	0 1.41	4		3 0.0
23 C B 23 C D	J23_C_B J23_C_D	123 123	67 22	5	5 1.557	47	47	0.029 0.084	8	4 1.68	81		4 2.9 1 1.4
23 D A 23 D B	J23_D_A J23_D_B	123 123 123	11	1:	0.295	4	4	0.025	4	5 0.49	34	3 3	3 0.0 9 0.0
23 D C	J23_D_B J23_D_C	123	18	1		6	2	2.000	8	12 1.25	33	9 9	9 0.0 3 0.5

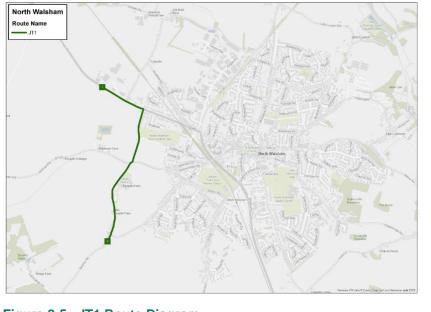
m To Turn ID C J1_A_C B J1_A_E A II B A	101 6 101 3	3 1.332 4 0.584	CAR bserved Modelled 2 3 2 3 4 4	GEH 0.717 0.661 0.050	HGV Observed Modelled GEH 0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 0 1	odelled
A J1_B_/ C J1_B_C B J1_C_E A J1_C_E	101 467 101 2	4 0.944 536 1.143 439 1.323 0 2.000	4 4 452 456 388 374 1 0	0.050 0.197 0.709 1.414	0 0 0.00 17 16 0.15 13 19 1.39 1 0 1.41	9 78 7 54	6 4
C J2_A_0 B J2_A_0 A J2_B_4	102 482 102 88 102 115	438 2.073 104 1.604 116 0.102	387 378 70 83 95 95	0.481 1.486 0.041	15 13 0.41 2 3 0.63 3 3 0.00	1 65 2 12 0 13	
C J2_B_0 B J2_C_E A J2_C_F	102 79 102 353	48 0.696 76 0.352 323 1.632	41 44 70 72 296 280	0.438 0.190 0.958	1 0 1.03 1 0 1.41 12 16 0.94	4 6 4 37	
D J3_A_C C J3_A_C B J3_A_E	103 287 103 194	52 1.104 282 0.293 184 0.727	47 46 232 219 164 161	0.191 0.842 0.220	0 0 0.00 7 8 0.27 9 8 0.29	6 45 0 14	
A J3_B_/ D J3_B_0 C J3_B_0 B J3_C_E	103 135	134 1.153 135 0.009 226 3.955 211 3.727	113 111 119 116 233 201 228 191	0.198 0.300 2.176 2.545	9 4 1.89 2 3 0.77 9 7 0.63 6 3 1.25	2 11 2 45	
B J3_C_E A J3_C_/ D J3_C_U C J3 D C	103 269 103 275 103 28 103 6	211 3.727 258 1.038 23 0.907 9 1.112	228 191 215 216 26 23 6 9	2.545 0.058 0.523 1.112	6 3 1.25 11 16 1.33 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	6 40 0 1	-
B J3_D_C B J3_D_E A J3_D_/ D J4_A_D	103 6	9 1.079 9 1.079 0 1.414 142 0.261	6 9 1 0 127 131	1.112 1.079 1.414 0.326	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 0	
A J4_B_/ D J4_B_D A J4_C_/	104 107	68 4.128 95 0.379 260 2.617	88 52 72 79 252 247	4.296 0.749 0.294	2 0 2.00 0 3 2.55 1 0 1.41	0 16 0 13	
D J4_C_E C (Banned Movement) Banned B (Banned Movement) Banned	M 104 121 M 104 0 M 104 0	131 0.930 0 0.000 0 0.000	102 97 0 0 0 0	0.486 0.000 0.000	2 3 0.63 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 0	1
A (Banned Movement) Banned C (Banned Movement) Banned B (Banned Movement) Banned	V 104 0 V 105 0 V 105 0	0 0.000 0 0.000 0 0.000 110 5.818	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0.000 0.000 0.000 4.002	0 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00	0 0	
A J5_B_/ C (Banned Movement) Banned B J5_C_B	M 105 0 105 194	110 5.818 0 0.000 139 4.304 282 2.074	142 98 0 0 171 122 213 247	4.002 0.000 4.084 2.220	1 0 1.41 0 0 0.00 4 0 2.82 2 3 0.63	0 0 0 12	1
A J5_C_/ C J6_A_C B J6_A_E A J6_B/	106 50 106 148 106 159	38 1.737 100 4.320 94 5.769	42 38 129 83 128 82	0.560 4.463 4.457	0 0 0.00 4 0 2.82 1 0 1.41	0 0 8 12	
C J6_B_C B J6_C_E A J6_C_F	106 9 106 5 106 21	7 0.670 5 0.000 16 1.162	6 7 4 4 14 16	0.430 0.000 0.516	0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 1 0	
D J7_A_C C J7_A_C B J7_A_E	107 27 107 64	101 2.052 21 1.203 59 0.625	68 80 17 21 53 55	1.356 0.939 0.232	1 3 1.41 1 0 1.41 1 0 1.41	4 4 7	
A J7_B_/ D J7_B_C C J7_B_C	107 116 107 5	35 0.741 104 1.174 5 0.000 4 0.496	30 31 91 91 5 5	0.226 0.021 0.000	0 0 0.54 2 3 0.74 0 0 0.00	4 18 0 0	
B J7_C_E A J7_C_/ D J7_C_/ C J7_D_0	107 29 107 22	4 0.496 22 1.439 16 1.266 17 1.594	4 4 24 19 17 16 21 17	0.025 1.136 0.134 0.966	0 0 0.00 2 3 0.63 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	2 2 2 5	
B J7_D_E A J7_D_F C J8_A_C	107 79	78 0.164 108 0.685 18 0.530	66 64 82 89 15 16	0.236 0.773 0.179	2 0 2.00 2 0 2.00 1 0 1.41	0 10 10 15	1
B J8_A_E A J8_B_/ C J8_B_0	108 97 108 99	67 3.331 68 3.339 153 3.194	79 59 71 62 100 126	2.453 1.142 2.424	4 0 2.82 1 0 1.41 2 6 2.09	8 13 4 22 3 11	
B J8_C_E A J8_C_/ C J9_A_C	108 106 108 77 109 43	136 2.740 56 2.549 42 0.130	89 112 59 48 42 42	2.290 1.475 0.023	0 0 0.00 1 0 1.41 0 0 0.00	4 14 0 0	2
B J9_A_E A J9_B_/ C J9_B_0	109 4 109 4 109 134	1 1.897 2 1.292 169 2.828	3 1 1 2 113 139	1.414 0.676 2.350	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 3 6 1.51	0 2 1 15	
B J9_C_E A J9_C_A D J10_A C J10_A	109 24 0 110 6	192 1.008 14 2.333 0 3.464 0 0.000	145 160 20 12 2 0	1.175 1.972 2.000 0.000	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 1 0	
C J10_A B J10_A A J10_B D J10_B	3 110 6 A 110 0	0 0.000 8 0.756 2 1.924 168 3.395	0 0 6 8 0 2 108 139	0.000 0.756 1.924 2.768	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 2 6 2.09	0 0	
C J10_B_ B J10_C_	2 110 47	41 0.905 30 0.671 0 2.000	44 41 29 30 0 0	0.460 0.221 0.000	1 0 1.41 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	4 1 2	
D J10_C_ C J10_D_ B J10_D_	0 110 28 0 110 27 3 110 162	20 1.644 45 2.978 167 0.394	21 20 19 35 130 133	0.232 3.038 0.257	0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 6 0 8 0 27	
A J10_D_ D J11_A_I C J11_A_0 B J11_A	0 111 33 0 111 111	4 0.397 18 2.993 150 3.418 12 0.854	5 4 28 16 91 122	0.397 2.583 3.044	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 2 6 2.12	0 2 9 18	
B J11_A A J11_A A J11_B D J11_B	A 111 8 A 111 8	12 0.854 9 0.293 10 0.667 2 0.632	8 12 6 9 6 6 2 2	1.193 1.046 0.000 0.000	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	2 2	
C J11_B_ B J11_B_ B J11_C_	2 111 2 3 111 0	2 0.000 0 0.000 4 2.314	2 2 0 0 6 4	0.000 0.000 0.944	0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0.00	0 0 0 0 0 0 3	
A J11_C_ D J11_C_ C J11_C_	C 111 1	154 0.703 0 2.828 2 0.782	126 124 3 0 1 2	0.183 2.449 0.782	0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0.00 0 0 0 0.00	0 1 0	
C J11_D_ B J11_D_ A J11_D_ D J11_D_	3 111 0 A 111 27	0 2.000 0 0.000 43 2.667 0 0.000	2 0 0 0 22 33 0 0	2.000 0.000 2.080 0.000	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 1 0 1.41 0 0 0.00	0 0 4 2	
D J11_D C J12_A B J12_A A J12_B_	2 112 388 3 112 101	390 0.104 56 5.137 44 0.956	303 315 80 46 44 42	0.600 0.691 4.334 0.243	10 14 1.14 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	1 68 0 20	6
C J12_B_ B J12_C_	C 112 68 3 112 109 4 112 442	85 1.987 125 1.510 395 2.292	55 63 85 109 358 319	0.991 2.446 2.097	3 7 1.64 0 0 0.00 9 12 1.05	3 10 0 19 3 66	1
A J12_C_ C J13_A_0 B J13_A_ A J13_B_	A 113 35 A 113 25	441 2.746 40 0.777 42 2.967	394 357 30 40 43 41	1.917 1.651 0.379	11 14 0.82 0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00	0 4 0 2	
A J13_B_ C J13_B_ B J13_C_ A J13_C_ D J14_A_1	A 113 492	4 2.079 10 0.667 428 2.998 61 0.173	8 4 11 10 399 350 53 49	1.753 0.309 2.537 0.517	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 10 13 0.74 1 0 1.41	0 3 5 74	6
C J14_A_ B J14_A_	2 114 237	227 0.650 122 0.892 58 4.369	194 189 105 111 80 58	0.332 0.582 2.688	1 0 1.41 5 7 0.76 3 3 0.00 4 0 2.82	0 34 0 22	3
A J14_B_ D J14_B_ C J14_B_ B J14_C_ A J14_C_	0 114 263 0 114 239	261 0.142 199 2.703 150 3.331	211 212 189 157 160 129	0.079 2.405 2.605	10 11 0.44 3 4 0.48 4 3 0.45	3 38 5 44	3
D J14_C_ C J14_D_	A 114 289 0 114 58 0 114 64	261 1.679 55 0.446 57 0.920	238 208 51 50 52 52	2.009 0.212 0.021	5 8 1.24 1 1 0.23 2 3 0.68	6 44 6 6 6 9 10	4
A J14_D_ C J15_A_0	A 114 85 C 115 20	222 1.024 93 0.858 21 0.254	195 192 65 70 16 17	0.237 0.632 0.270	10 13 0.78 2 3 0.68 1 1 0.00	9 14 2	
B J15_A A J15_A A J15_B C J15_B	3 115 60 A 115 0 A 115 190 C 115 280	51 1.215 0 0.000 172 1.304 235 2.827	50 51 0 0 151 138 230 193	0.134 0.000 1.047 2.562	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 4 0 2.82 7 11 1.43	0 0 8 31	
B J15_B_ B J15_C_	3 115 1	4 1.875 358 0.137 164 1.251	1 4 294 298 160 148	1.875 0.209 0.996	0 0 0.00 8 10 0.65 2 3 0.63	0 0	
C J15_C_ C J22_A B J22 A	115 0 122 338 122 74	0 0.000 304 1.921 89 1.709	0 0 282 259 47 69	0.000 1.411 2.859	0 0 0.00 10 10 0.04 10 10 0.04	0 0 8 46 7 17	1
A J22_B_ A J22_C_	2 122 8 A 122 163 A 122 367	8 0.018 155 0.655 363 0.194	8 8 127 125 316 303	0.018 0.218 0.750	0 0 0.00 6 2 2.00 10 14 1.11	0 0 30 5 41	2
	3 122 5 3 123 38 123 120	6 0.447 38 0.049 115 0.438 4 1.915	3 2 27 27 105 96 8 4	0.632 0.029 0.893	2 2 0.00 5 5 0.04 2 4 1.13	4 6 1 13	
B J23 A C J23 A D J23 A A J23 B C J23 B D J23 B A J23 B A J23 B B J23 C	A 123 68 C 123 152	4 1.915 69 0.121 151 0.114 15 0.816	58 59 130 125	1.609 0.085 0.483 0.577	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 5 8 1.19 0 0 0.00	0 10 4 17	
D J23_C_	A 123 160 B 123 142	15 0.816 151 0.722 145 0.284 16 0.491	11 13 124 117 132 138 8 12	0.601 0.474 1.336	6 6 0.12 0 0 0.00 4 4 0.17	1 30 0 10	
J23_D_ J23_D_ J23_D_	A 123 19 3 123 72 C 123 93	19 0.011 64 0.958 104 1.089	16 15 61 53 80 85	0.254 1.046 0.534	0 0 0.00 0 0 0.00 4 4 0.00	0 3 0 11	

Appendix C – Flow Diagram

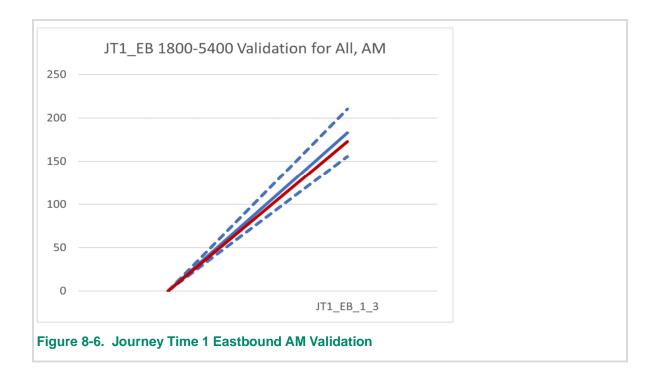


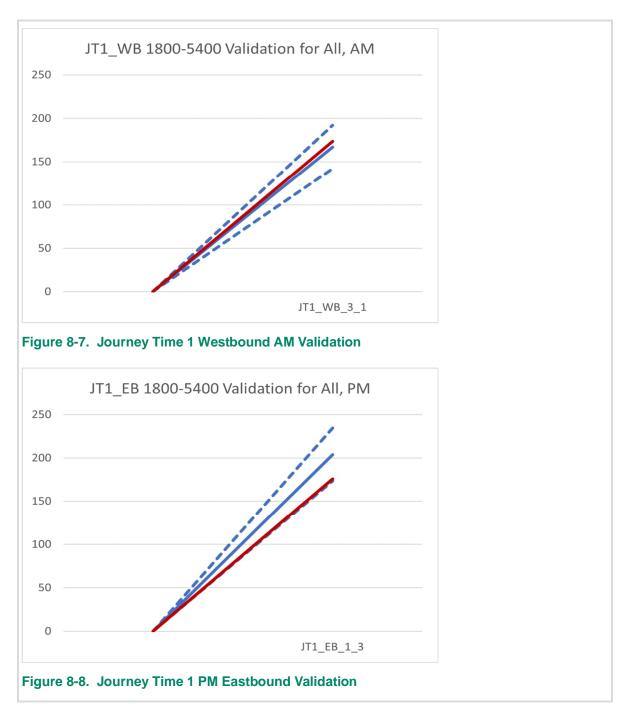


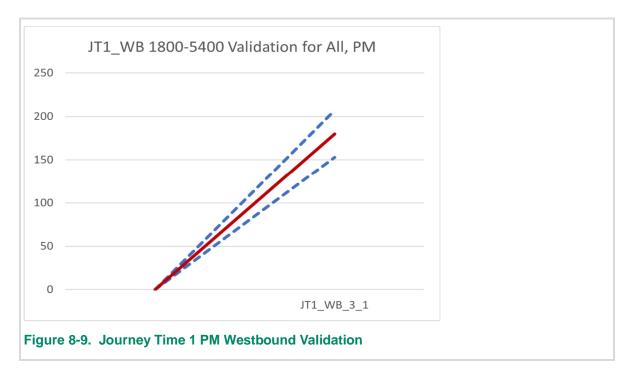
Appendix D – Journey Time Validation Results

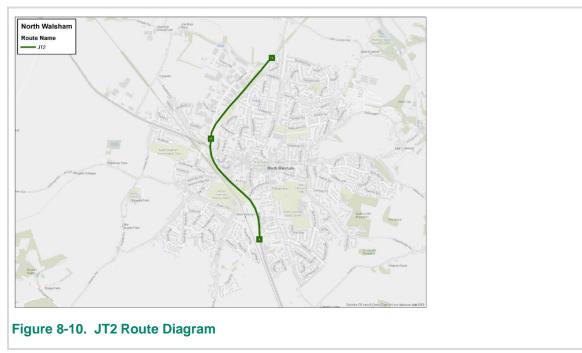


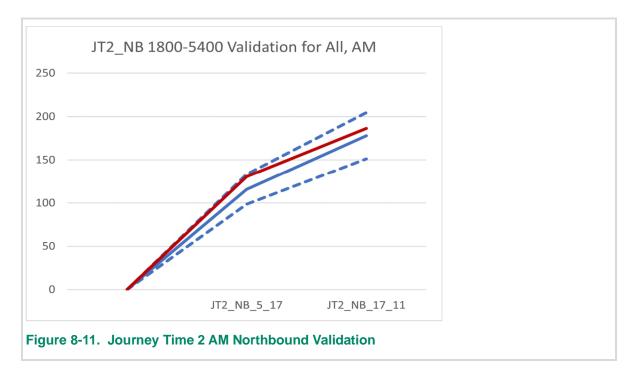


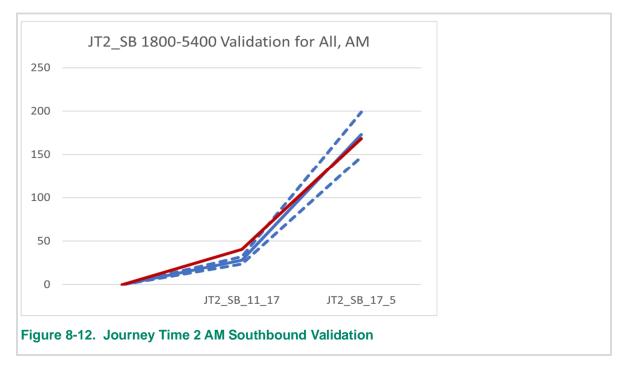


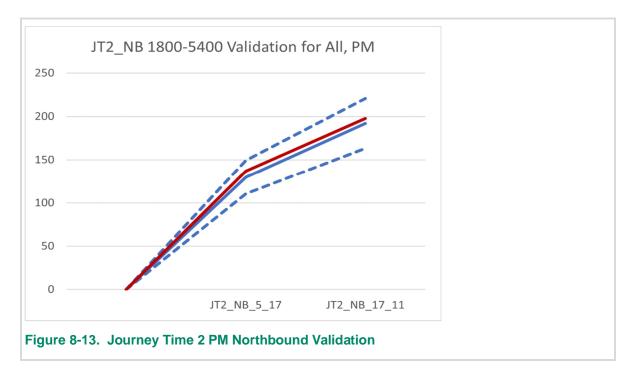


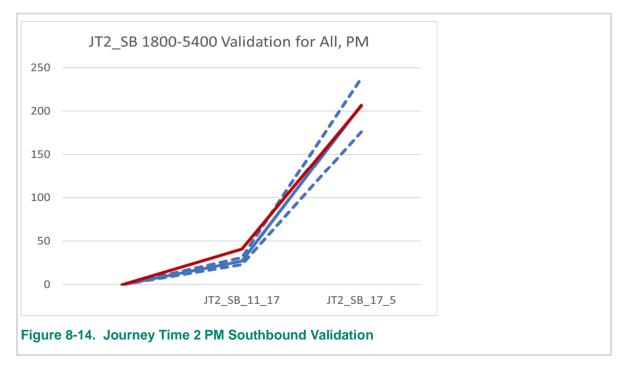


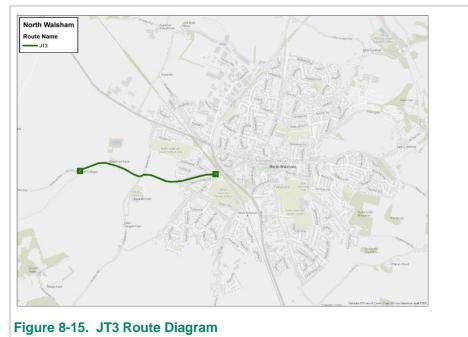


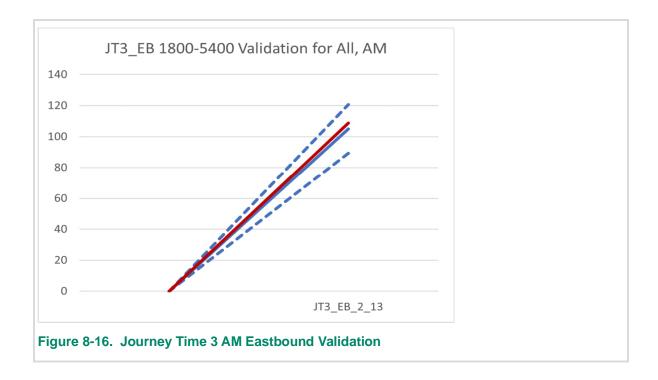


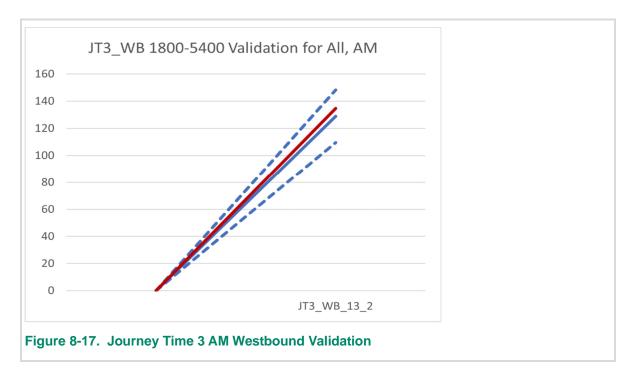


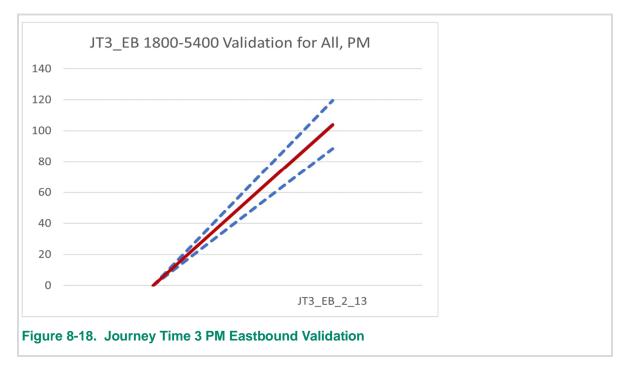


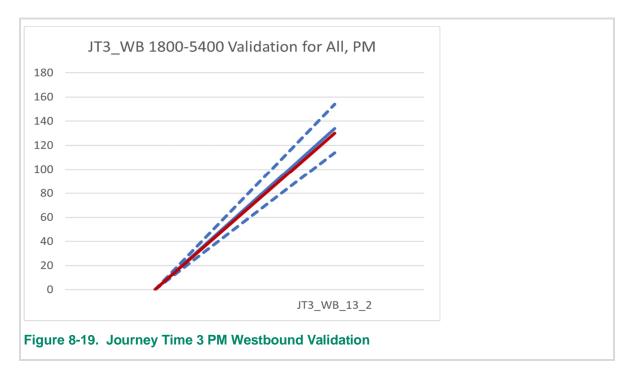


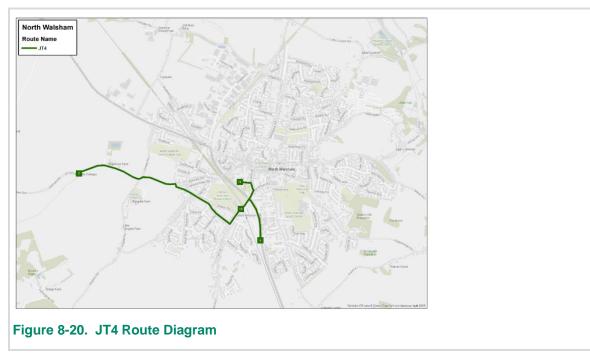


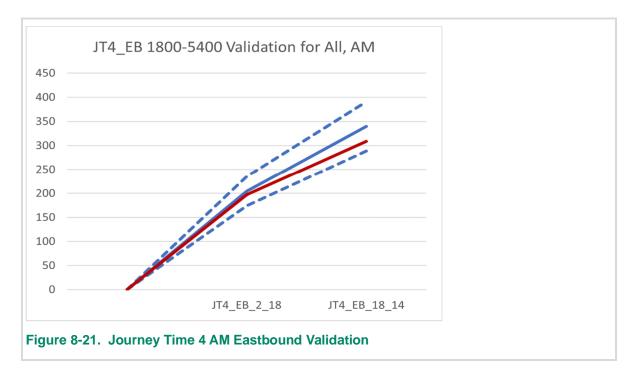


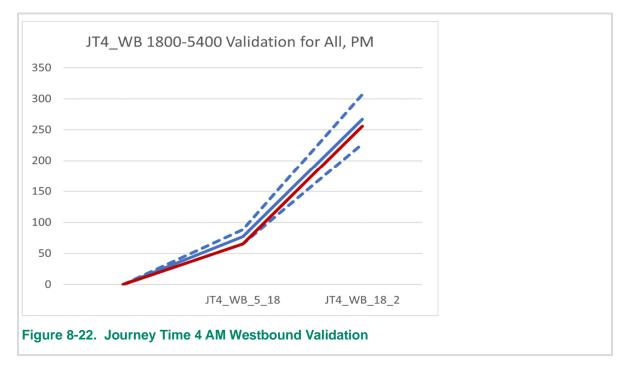


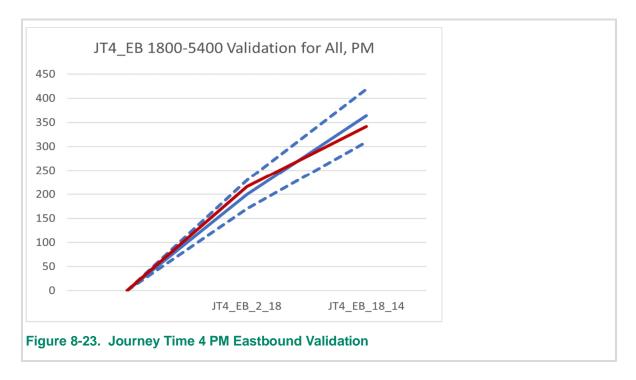












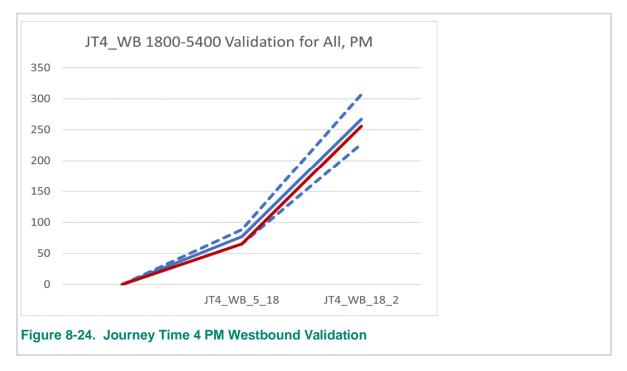
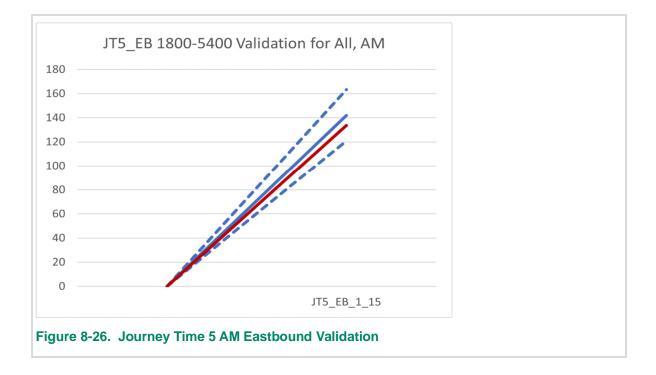
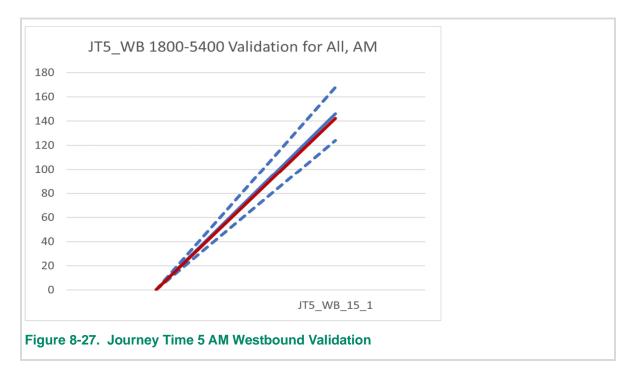
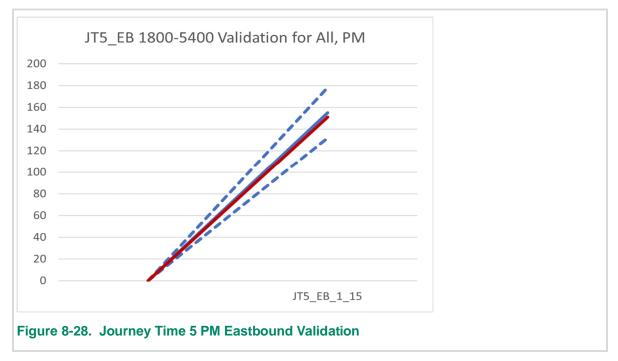


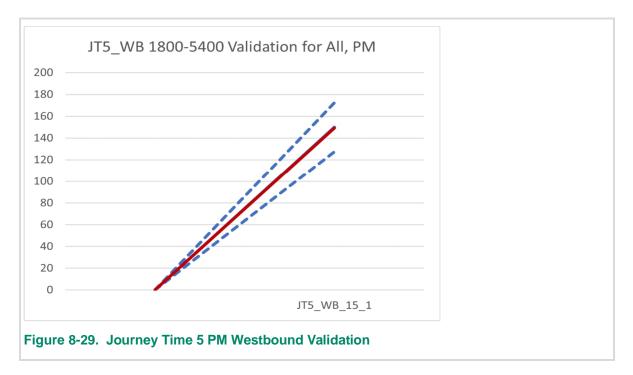


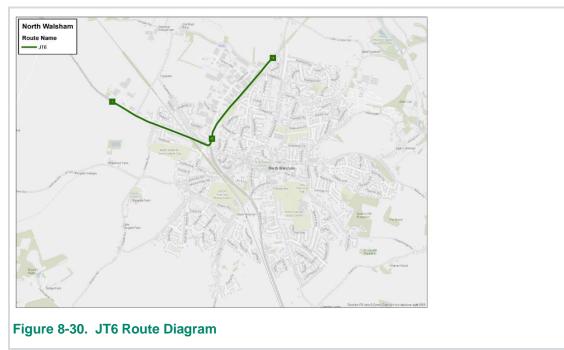
Figure 8-25. JT5 Route Diagram

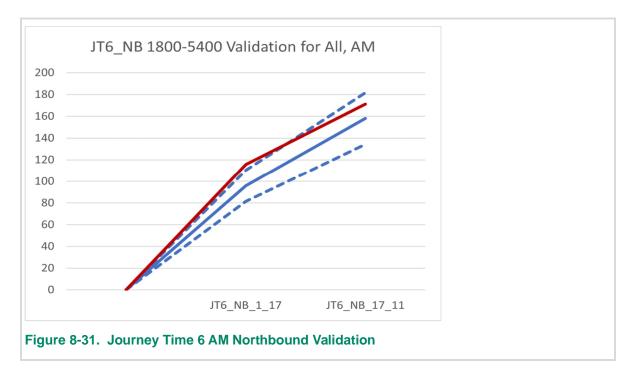


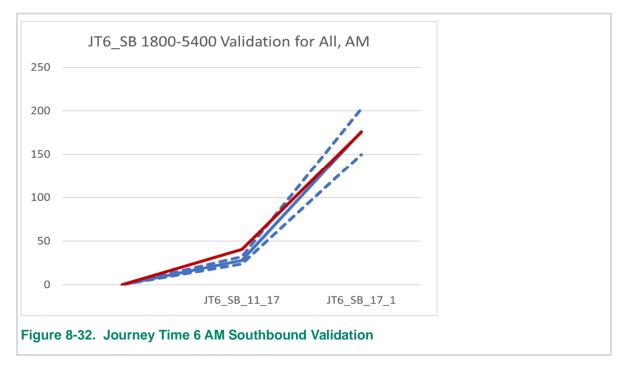


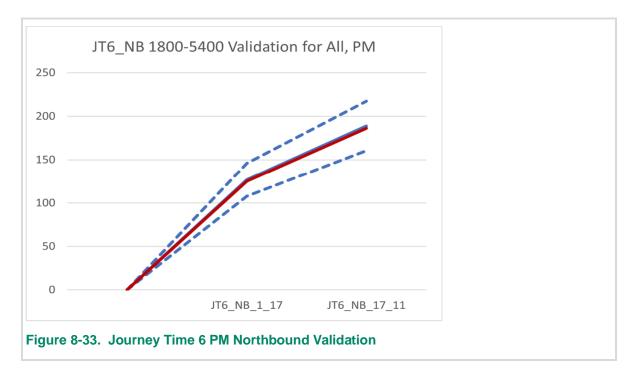












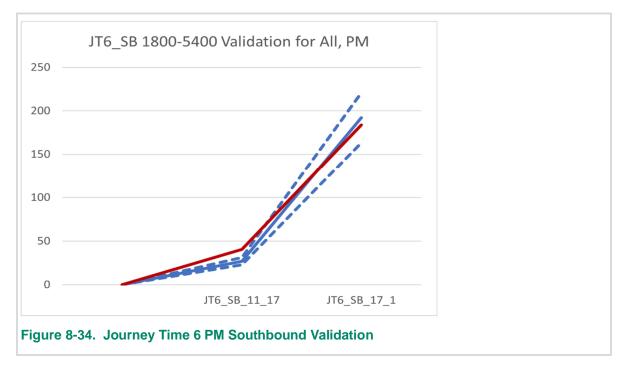
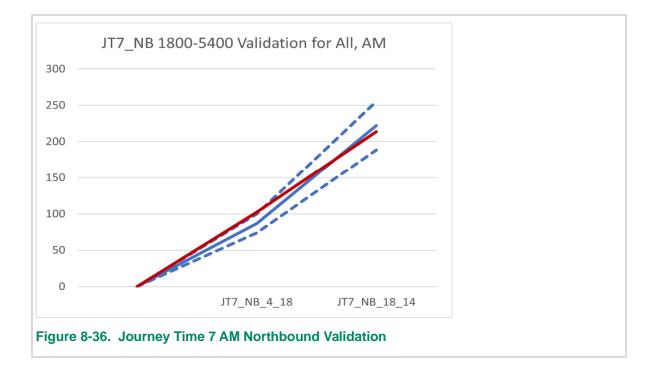
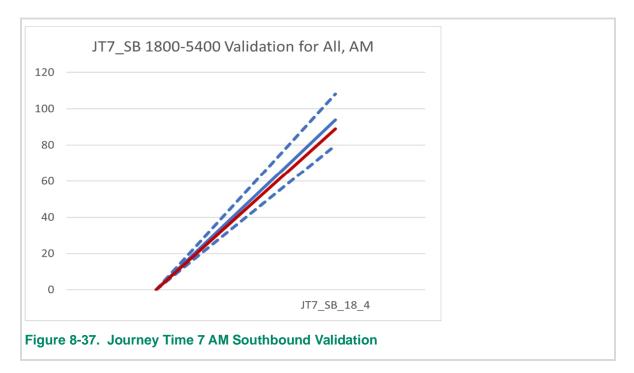
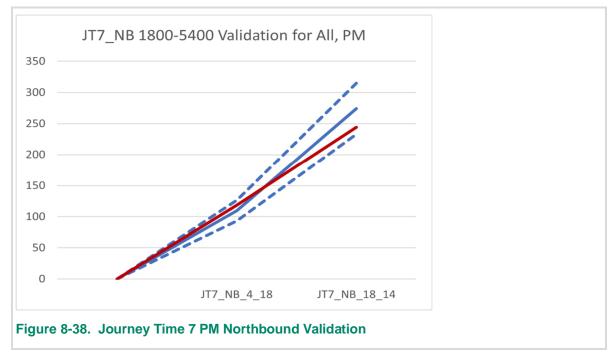


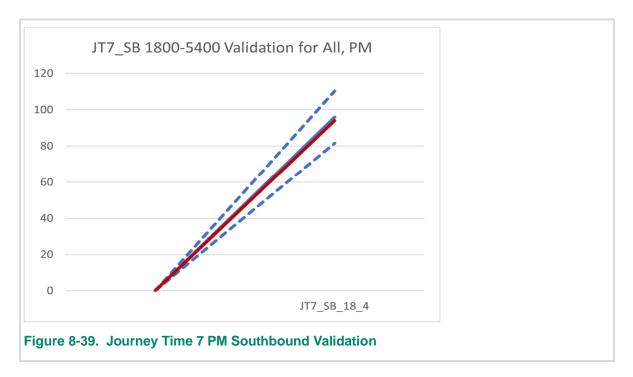


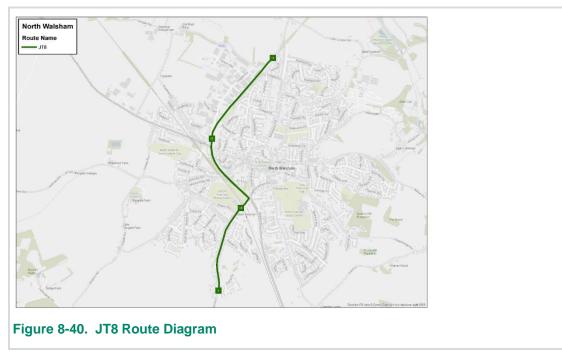
Figure 8-35. JT7 Route Diagram

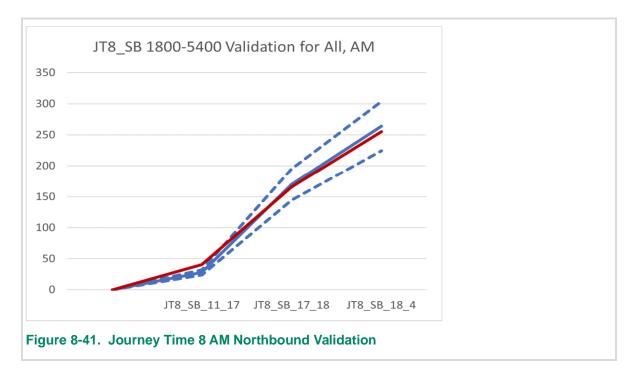


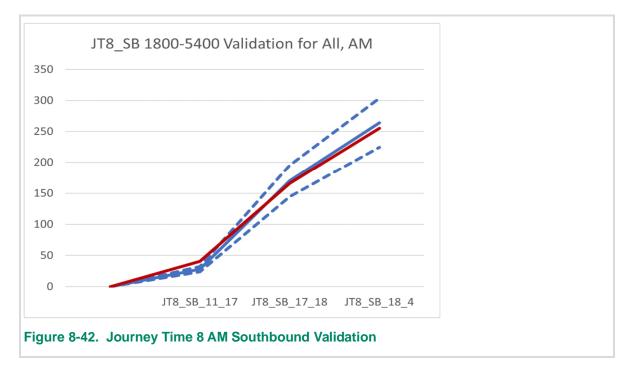


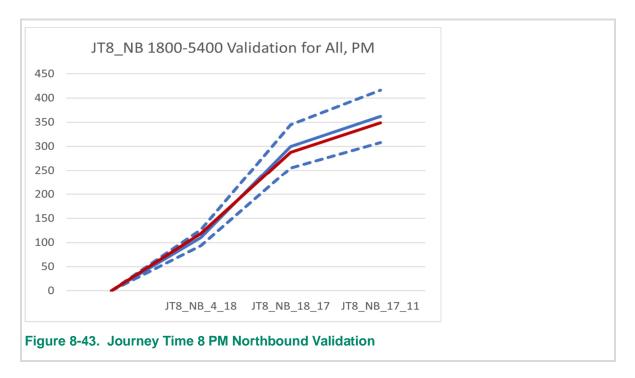


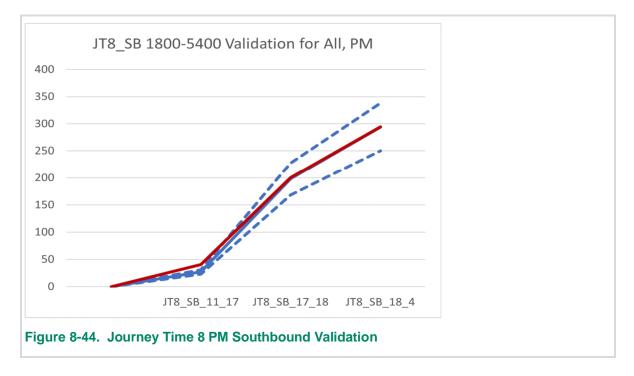


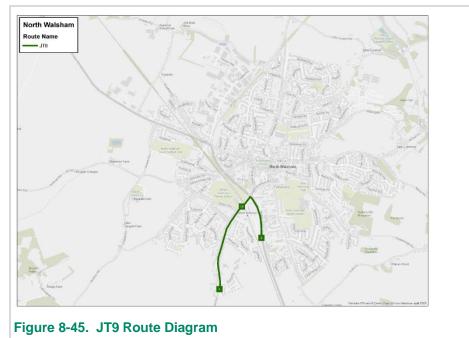


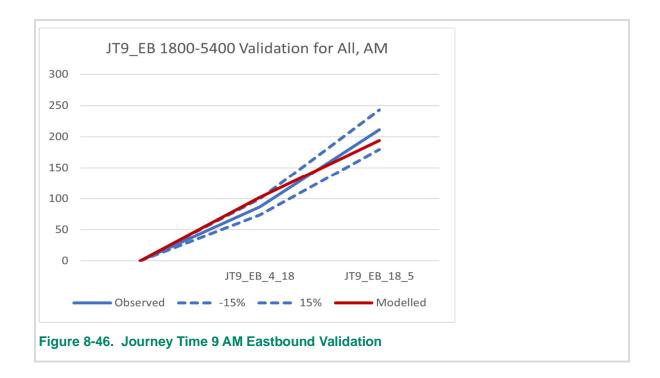


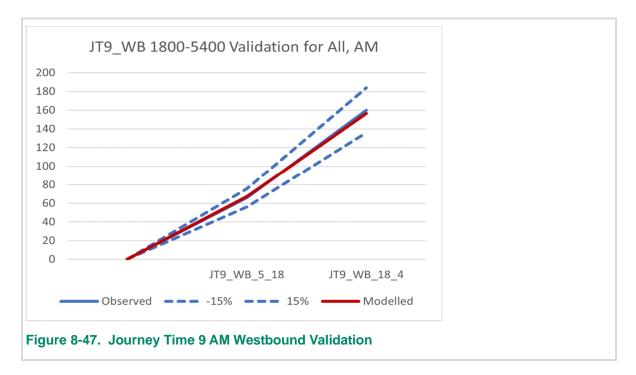


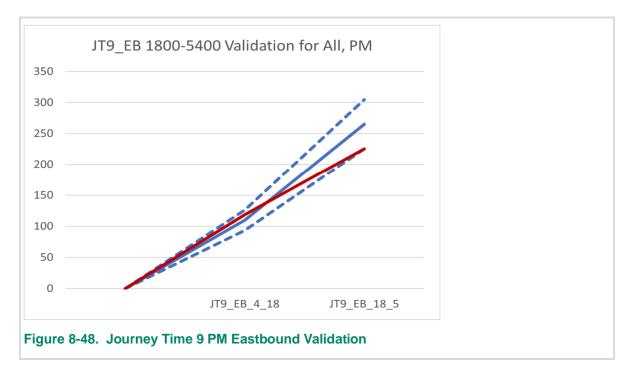


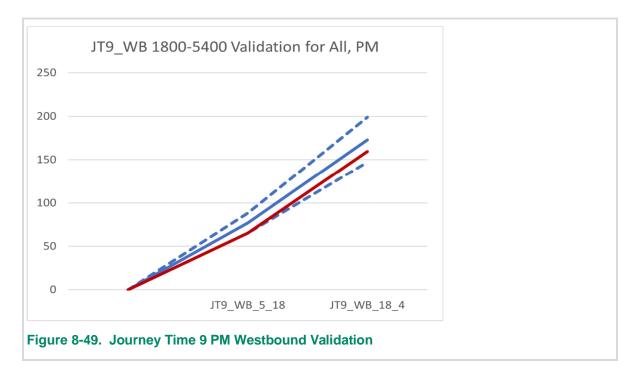




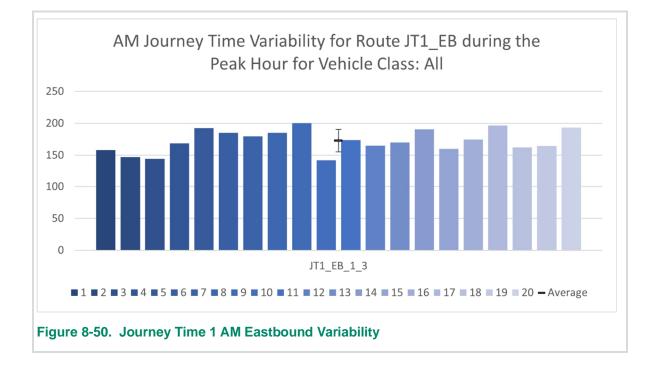


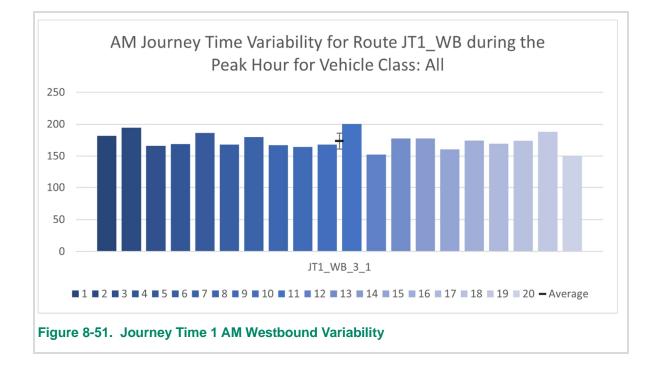


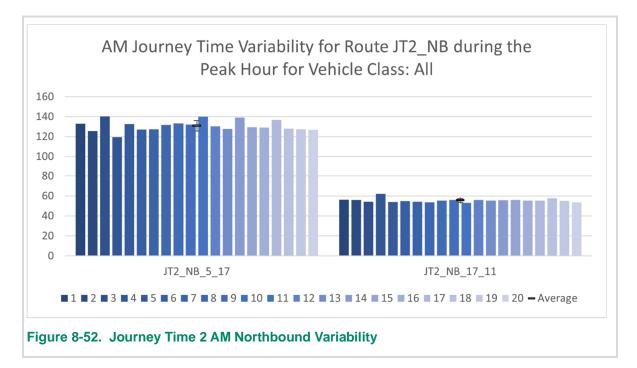


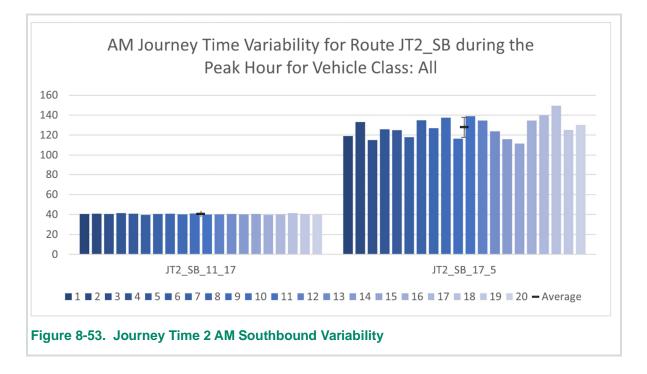


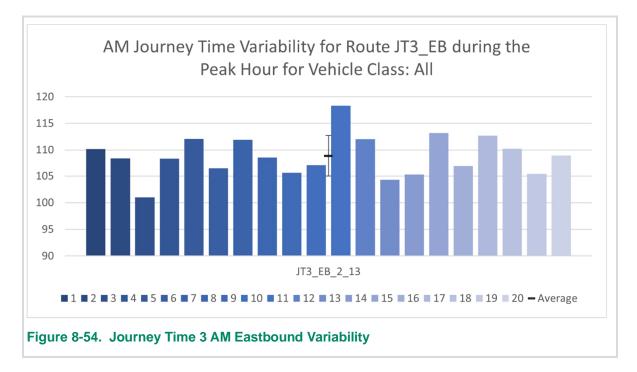
Appendix E – Journey Time Variability

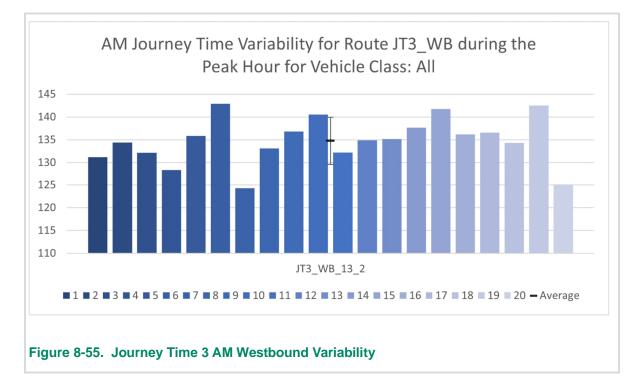


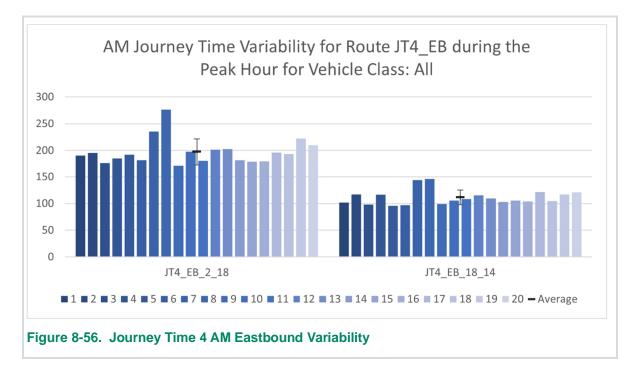


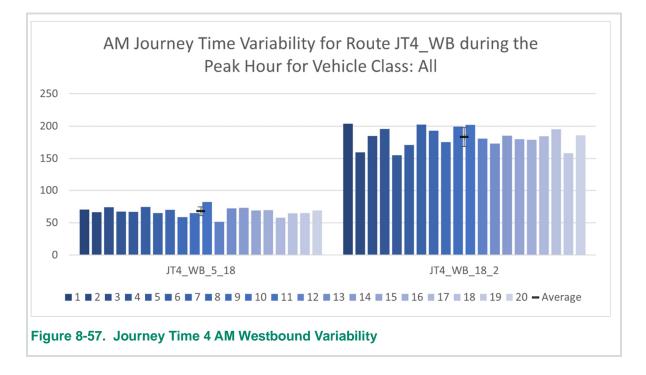


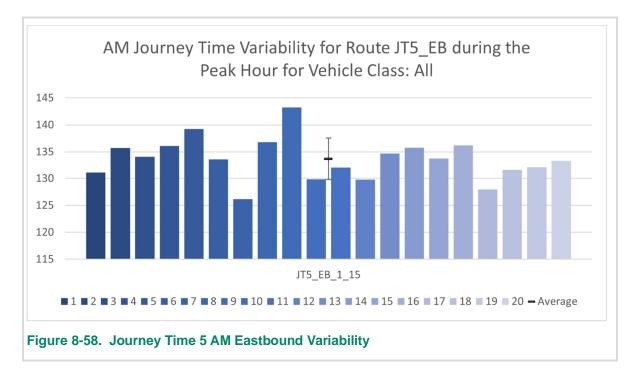


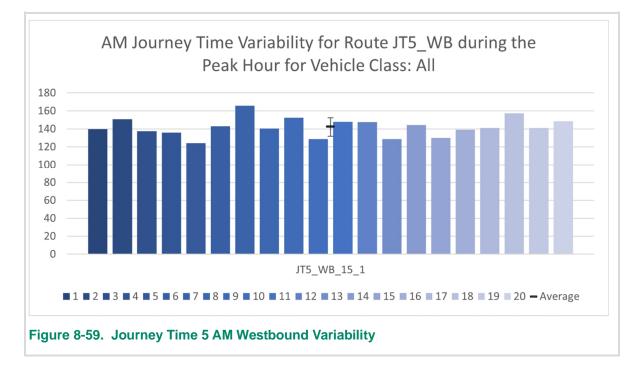


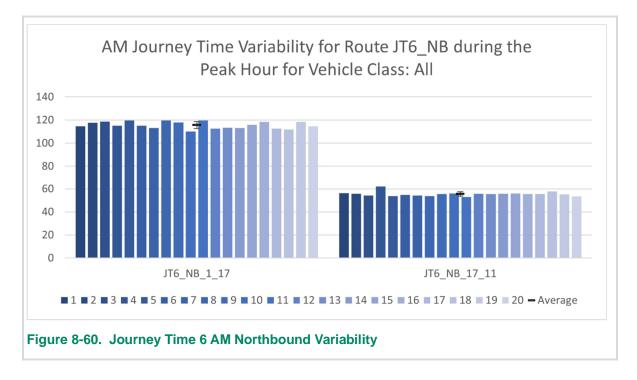


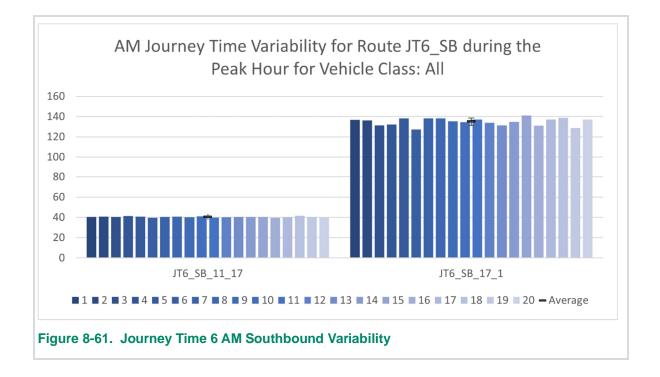


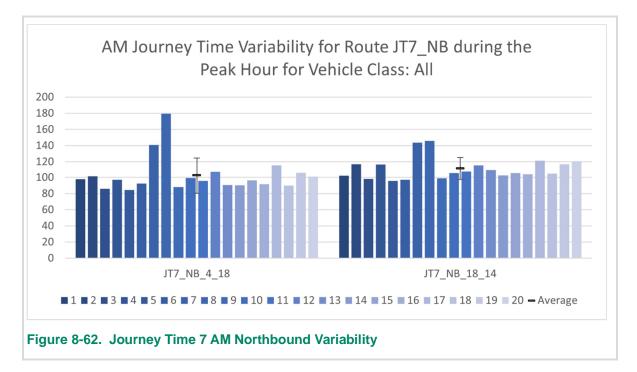


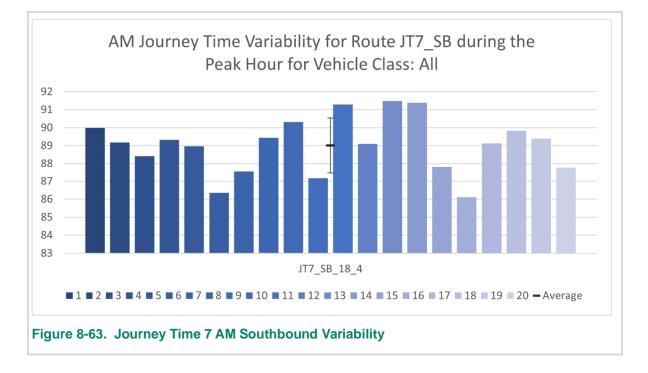


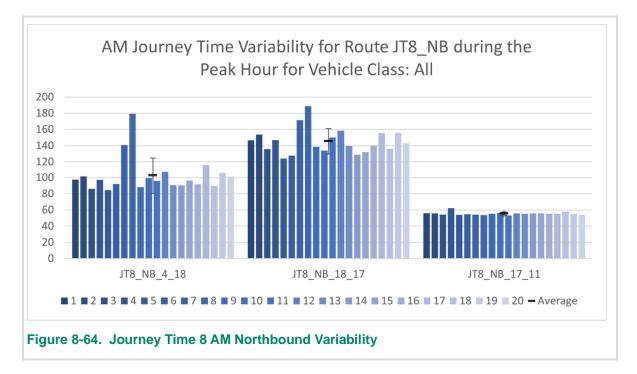


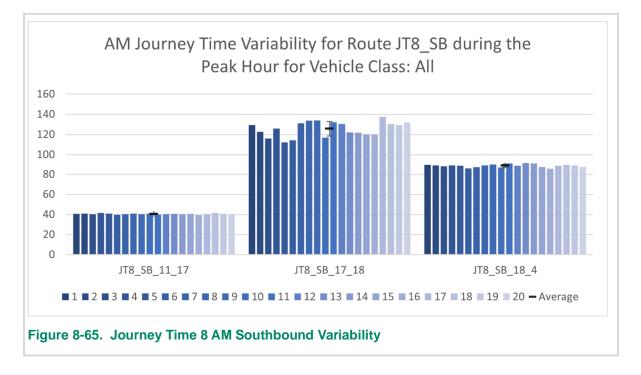


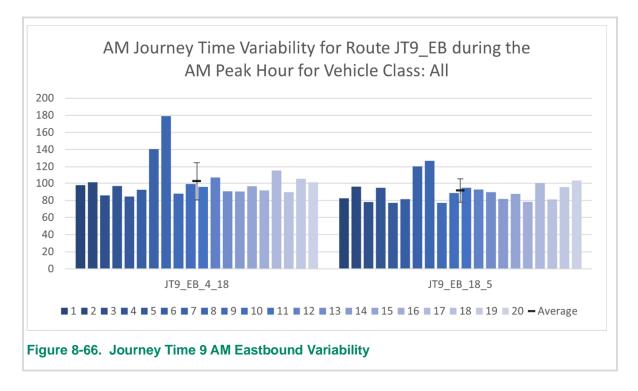


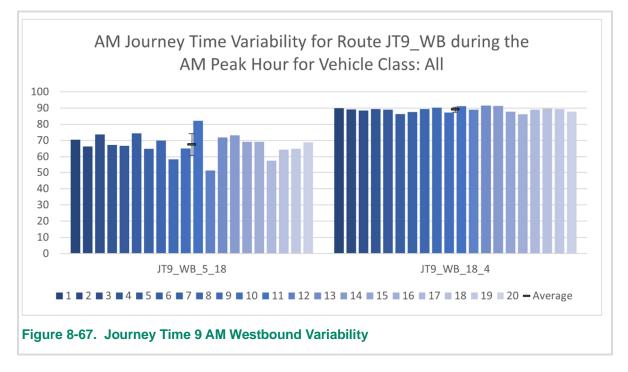


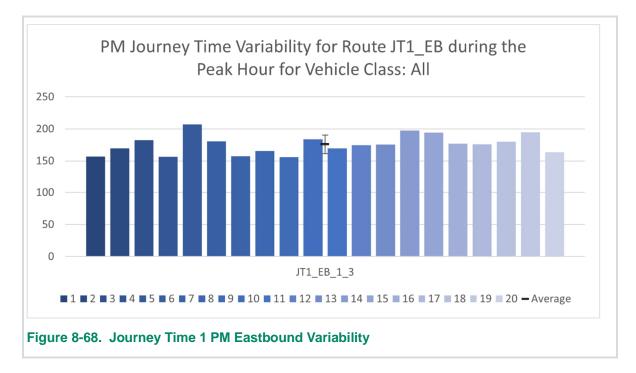


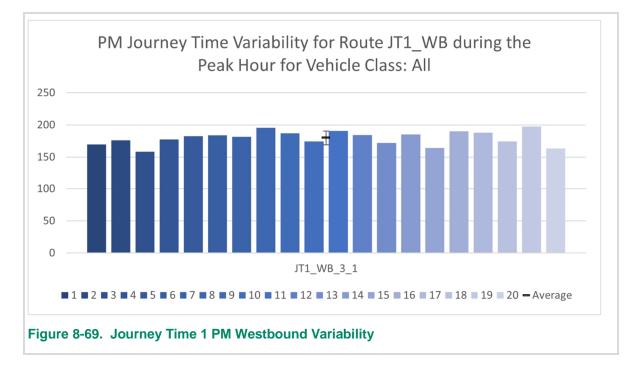


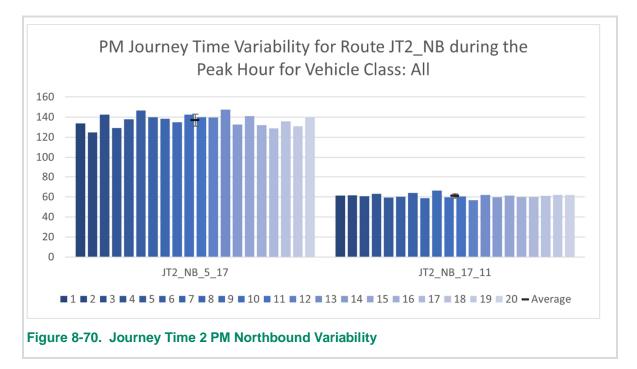


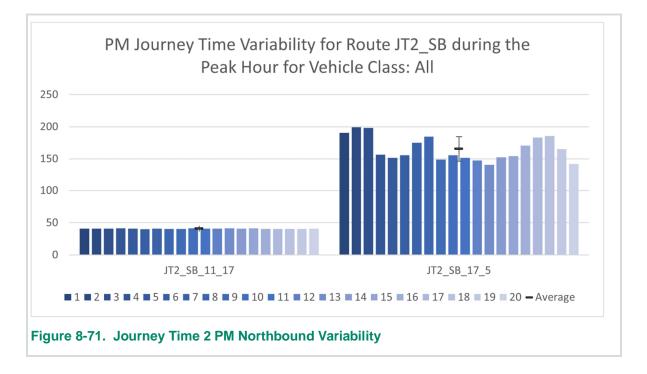


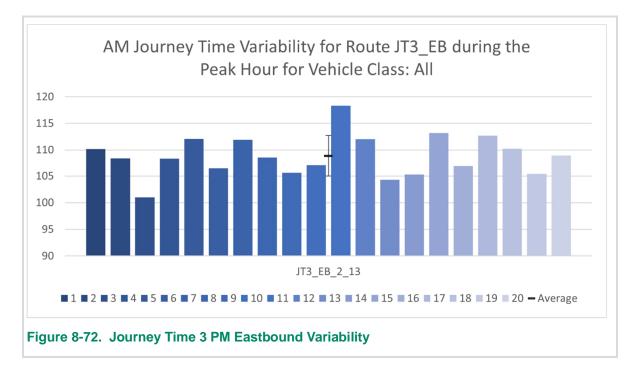


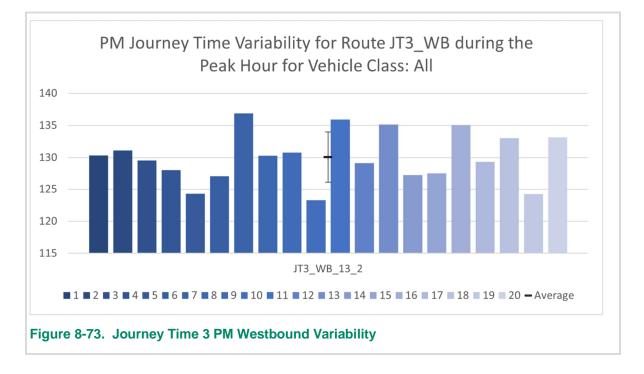


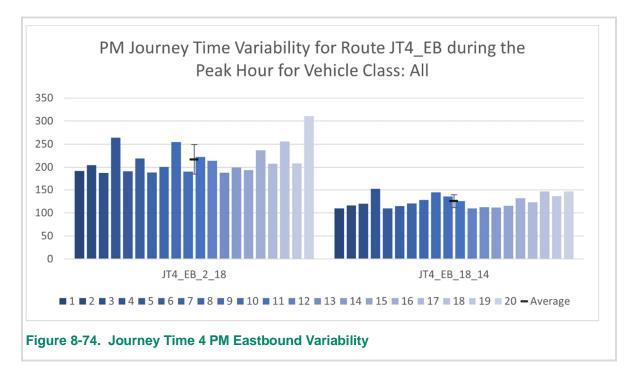


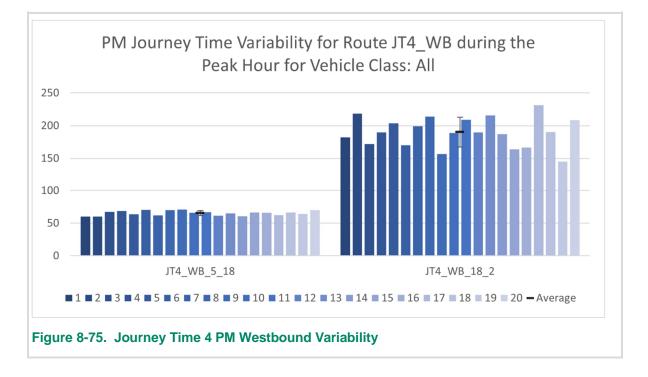


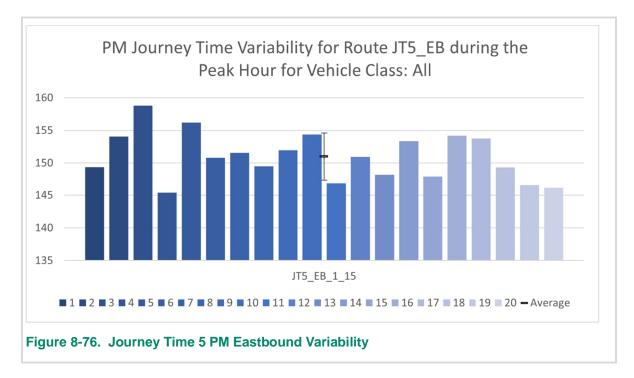


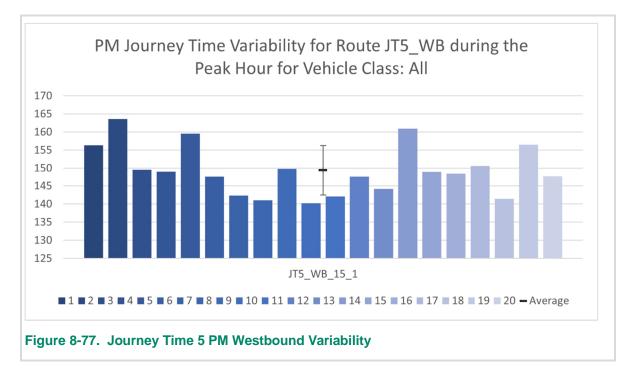


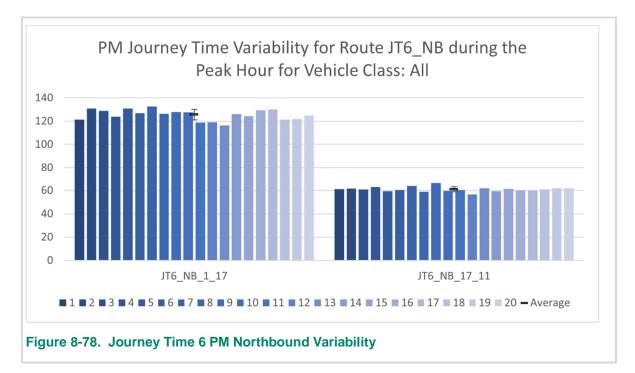


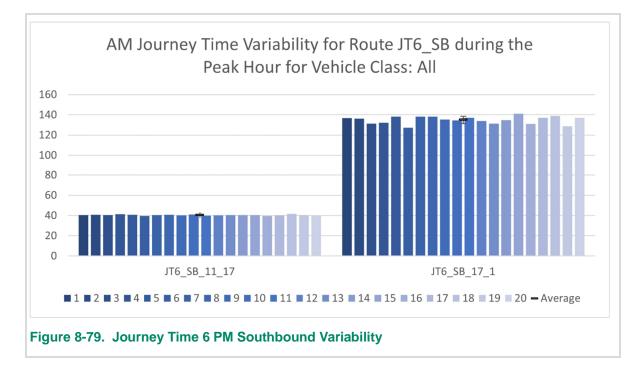


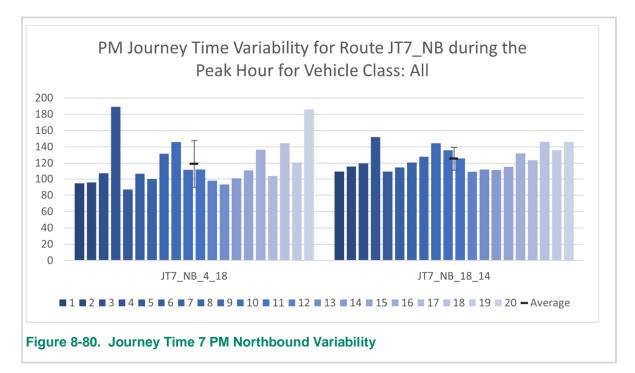


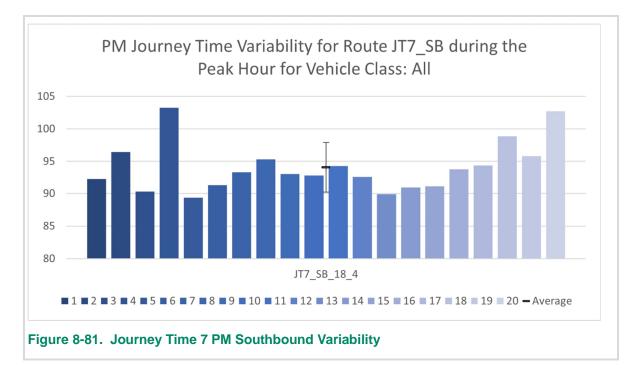


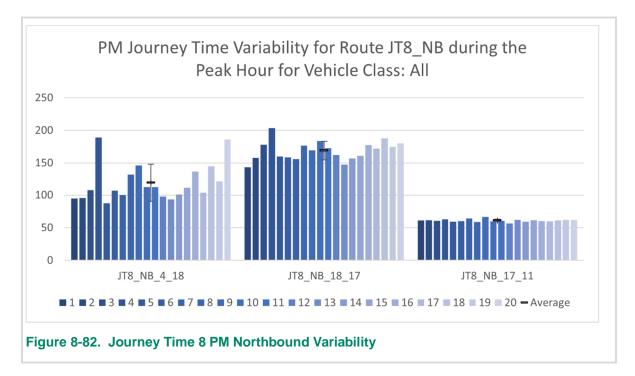


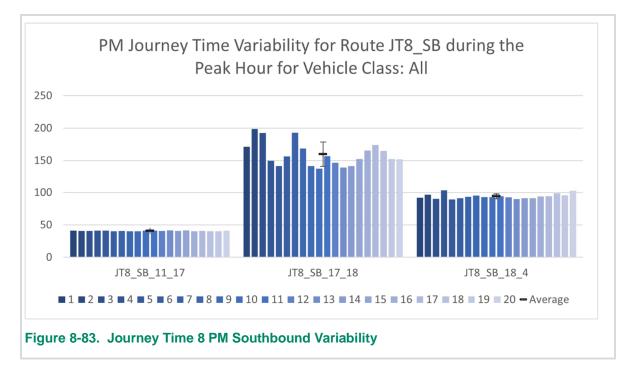


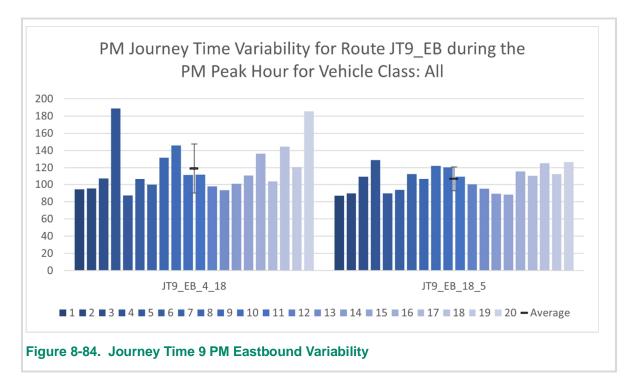


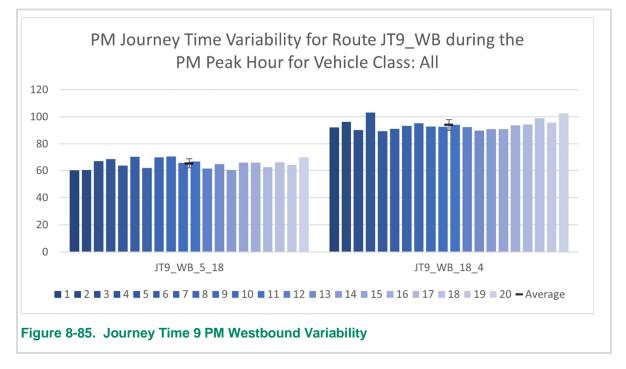












aecom.com

\varTheta aecom.com



Coltishall Vissim Model Validation Report

ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships

21 April 2023

Delivering a better world

Quality information

Prepared by	Checked by	Verified by	Approved by
WG	JNP	PA	
Will Glover Graduate Consultant	Javier Navarro Pardo Principal Consultant	Phil Arnold Associate Director	Bevin Carey Regional Director

Revision History

Revision	Revision date	Details	Authorized	Name	Position
1.0	21/04/2023	Revision for Client Review	BC	B Carey	Regional Director

Distribution List

Hard Copies PDF Required Association / Company Name

Prepared for: The Client Group

Prepared by: Will Glover

AECOM Limited Marlborough Court 10 Bricket Road St Albans AL1 3JX United Kingdom

T: +44(0)1727 535000 aecom.com

© 2023 AECOM Limited. All Rights Reserved.

This document has been prepared by AECOM Limited ("AECOM") for sole use of our client (the "Client") in accordance with generally accepted consultancy principles, the budget for fees and the terms of reference agreed between AECOM and the Client. Any information provided by third parties and referred to herein has not been checked or verified by AECOM, unless otherwise expressly stated in the document. No third party may rely upon this document without the prior and express written agreement of AECOM.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	6
Background and Report Structure	6
Model Scope	6
2. Data Collection and Analysis	8
Introduction	
Manual Classified Turning Count (MCTC) Data	
Automatic Traffic Count (ATC) data	
Journey Time Data	9
Camera Footage	9
Data Review and Analysis	10
Consistency Review	10
Peak Hour Analysis	
3. Demand Development	
Overview	
Methodology	
Convergence	
Routing Analysis & Closures	
4. Network Development	
Network coding	
Desired Speed Decisions	
Reduced Speed Areas	
Priority Rules and Conflict areas	
Public Transport	
Differences between AM and PM model networks	
5. Model Calibration	
Introduction	
Flow Calibration Criteria	
Flow Calibration Results	
Calibration Parameters	19
6. Model Validation	
Introduction	
Journey Time Validation Results	
Queue Calibration	
AM Peak Hour	
PM Peak Hour	
Model Variability	
7. Conclusion	
Appendix A MCTC Turning Counts	
AM – All vehicles	
AM – Cars	
AM – HGV	
AM – LGV	

35
37
38
39
40
40
41
43
45
47
48
50
52

1. Introduction

Background and Report Structure

- 1.1 ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships ('The Client Group') have commissioned AECOM to develop a VISSIM base model of the village of Coltishall to set up a reliable basis to assess the future operation of the network and the potential impact of the North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE). The model has been calibrated and validated to replicate the operation of the town based on data collected in November 2022.
- 1.2 This report documents the data collection and analysis, the development of the network and base year demand, and the calibration/ validation. The report is structured as follows:
 - Data collection and analysis;
 - Demand development;
 - Network Development;
 - Model Calibration results;
 - Model Validation results; and
 - Conclusion.

Model Scope

1.3 The Vissim model has been developed for the area shown in Figure 1-1. The Coltishall network has no signalised junctions with all the junctions operating as priority controlled. The model area includes a mini roundabout to the west of the village, a small gyratory road around a petrol station in the centre of the village and the narrow bridge over the river in the middle of the village. The Vissim model area shown in Figure 1-1 includes the B1150, which is the main corridor between Norwich and North Walsham, and the critical junctions/ links constraining the capacity of the corridor, such as the bridge and the village centre.



Figure 1-1 – Coltishall Modelled Area

1.4 Figure 1-2 below shows the key junctions/ locations identified from the survey data/ observations in the model area that have a critical impact on network operation.

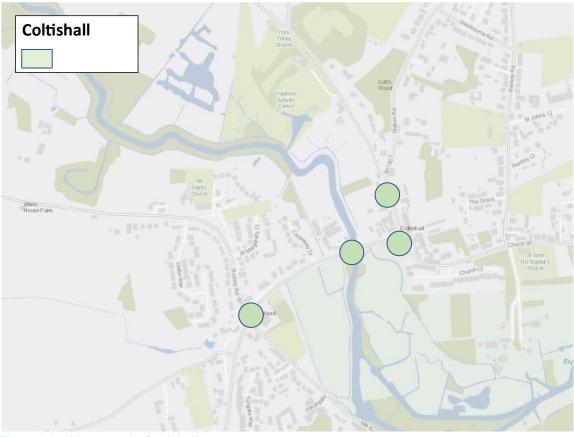


Figure 1-2 – Key areas in Coltishall

- 1.5 The key areas are defined as follows:
 - 1. Roundabout linking Rectory Road to the B1150;
 - 2. Bridge over the River Bure on the B1150;
 - 3. Gyratory road around the Esso Petrol Filling Station (PFS); and
 - 4. High Street in Coltishall.
- 1.6 These areas have been considered when developing the model to replicate the existing operation and driving behaviour observed in the video footage available. It should be noted that the operation of some of these critical areas is entirely dependent on variable factors such as on-street parking and courtesy/ give way behaviours, which have been modelled and calibrated to observed queuing patterns/ levels of delay.
- 1.7 The Vissim Base models have been developed for the AM and PM peak hours, including 15-minute warmup and 15-minute cool-down periods.
- 1.8 The Base models have been developed in line with modelling requirements and the calibration and validation criteria defined in Transport Analysis Guidance (TAG) and the Guidelines for the Use of Microsimulation Software published in May 2022 by National Highways.

2. Data Collection and Analysis

Introduction

2.1 The data collection exercise undertaken by AECOM to inform the Vissim Base model development has been summarised in this section.

Manual Classified Turning Count (MCTC) Data

2.2 Manual Classified Turning Counts (MCTCs) were carried out at the sites indicated in Figure 2-1 on Thursday 10th November 2022 between 07:00 and 19:00. The MCTC data was used to develop the base model demand and calibrate the turning flows at each junction shown in Figure 2-1.



Figure 2-1 – Manual Classified Turning Counts sites

Automatic Traffic Count (ATC) data

- 2.3 The link counts were collected using Automatic Traffic Count (ATC) loops. The ATC data was collected over two weeks between Thursday 10th of November and Wednesday 23rd of November 2022.
- 2.4 Five ATC sites were surveyed in total that have been used to inform the total trip ends at the entry/ entry points to the model. Their locations are shown below in Figure 2-2.



Figure 2-2 – Link counts (Automatic Traffic Counts)

Journey Time Data

2.5 The surveys also captured floating car data for two routes through the modelled area on 30th November 2022. The surveyed journey time routes are shown in Figure 2-3.



Figure 2-3 Journey Time Routes

Camera Footage

2.6 Camera footage, which was recorded to produce the MCTC and floating car journey time data, was obtained to provide the modellers with a more detailed view of the driving behaviour in the area.

Data Review and Analysis

Consistency Review

- 2.7 The locations of MCTC counts with labelled approach arms and model entry points to assist with the analysis of the data consistency review can be found in Appendix A.
- 2.8 The consistency between the different data sets was assessed to understand the reliability of the data and identify any discrepancies which could affect the model development. The full details of the consistency checks undertaken can be found in Appendix B.
- 2.9 The flow analysis and consistency checks highlighted a small flow difference between some junctions, these differences were below GEH 3 and will not affect the model calibration.
- 2.10 However, the flow difference between the PFS and the Rectory Road/ Norwich Road mini roundabout (Causeway Drive) could be affected by a potential increase in queue length from the bridge. To address this flow difference and ensure the model will capture any detrimental effects on Causeway Drive in the forecast scenarios, an additional model zone was added to represent Causeway Drive, to balance the flows between the junctions.

Peak Hour Analysis

- 2.11 The survey data available was processed to identify the morning and evening peak hours by analysing the profile of traffic volumes during the surveyed period. For this calculation, all vehicle movements have been considered as well as calculations of the inbound flows to the model area.
- 2.12 MCTC data was analysed using two methods to determine the peak hour, by totalling all movements and by totalling only entries in the model area. In the AM period, the peak hour was calculated to be 07.45-08.45, both when considering entries into the modelled area and when using all available data. In the PM period calculations similarly returned a consistent peak hour of 16.30-17.30 using both methods. The ATC data was also analysed and showed the same peak hours as analysis of the MCTC data.

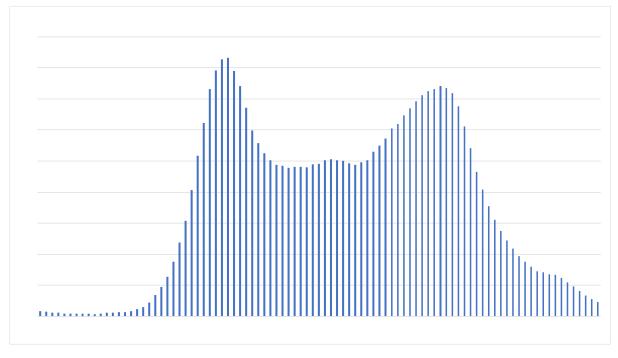


Figure 2-4 ATC Neutral Day Average All Movements Rolling Hour

- 2.13 Based on the assessment of the cumulative hourly flows shown above in Figure 2-4, the following morning and evening peak periods for the general traffic were assumed as follows:
 - Morning Peak (AM): 07:45 to 08:45; and
 - Evening Peak (PM): 16:30 to 17:30.

- 2.14 The modelled simulation periods include a 15-minute warm-up period to fully saturate the network before the simulated peak hour and a 15-minute cool-down period to allow vehicles to complete their journeys. The modelled periods are therefore:
 - AM modelled period: 07:30 09:00; and
 - PM modelled period: 16:15 17:45.

3. Demand Development

Overview

- 3.1 This section describes the demand methodology and the routing analysis undertaken to develop and calibrate the traffic demand and routing in the Vissim Base model.
- 3.2 The model was developed using the dynamic assignment module, as it would allow the model to predict future changes in routing as a consequence of the demand growth, committed schemes or proposed mitigation measures in the area.
- 3.3 The traffic demand has been calculated for each vehicle type included in the model (Car, Light Goods Vehicles (LGV) and Heavy Goods Vehicles (HGV)) for the modelled peak hours. The available survey data has been used to develop the hourly Origin-destination matrices and the 15-minute profiles for each origin zone.

Methodology

- 3.4 To ensure the best possible correlation between the observed data and the Vissim model demand, the vehicle inputs and origin/destination routing have been developed by combining two different components:
 - Prior Matrix This was developed using MCTC turning count proportions to define origin to destination routes.
 - New Zones Matrix a synthetic zone was added on Causeway Drive, labelled as Zone 2. The demand at this zone has been estimated based on the flow differences identified between the adjacent MCTC data.
- 3.5 Figure 3-1 shows the location of the defined zones in Vissim. The MCTC sites are labelled with numbers 101-105, whilst the origin zones are labelled with numbers 1-9.



Figure 3-1 Vissim Zone Map

- 3.6 The movements to and from Zone 2, which was added as a synthetic zone, were estimated from flow difference between MCTC-1 and MCTC-5. All other zone movements were estimated through turn proportion data gathered from MCTC surveys.
- 3.7 The final matrix was sense-checked against key movements in the modelled area to ensure accuracy, most notably the movement between Zones 4 to 9, since this is the central corridor which passes through Coltishall, linking North Walsham to Norwich in the south.

Convergence

3.8 The models have been converged using standard convergence criteria from Vissim, although there is no route choice available in the Coltishall model network.

Routing Analysis & Closures

- 3.9 The routing proportions obtained from the convergence process were analysed and reviewed to ensure that there are not unrealistic route patterns included in the model.
- 3.10 Several paths were highlighted as unrealistic and have been closed to prevent abnormal or unrealistic driving behaviour. Some examples of these routes are shown in Figure 3-2 and Figure 3-3.
- 3.11 As shown in Figure 3-2, a route for vehicles travelling northbound on the B1150 which involves looping around the roundabout on Rectory Road to turn onto Mill Road has been closed, since drivers can make a direct right-turn onto Mill Road before the roundabout.



Figure 3-2 Closed route at Rectory Road roundabout

3.12 As shown in Figure 3-3, a route for vehicles travelling from the B1150 onto the High Street which involves a circulating around the petrol station has been closed, since drivers can make continue straight onto the high street instead.



Figure 3-3 Closed route at petrol station gyratory

4. Network Development

Network coding

- 4.1 Scaled Bing maps within Vissim have been used to code the network geometry and structure, such as number of lanes and flare lengths and reference was also made to Google Maps and Streetview to ensure the network reflects conditions on the ground.
- 4.2 Observation from the video footage available have also been used to inform the network coding and replicate the operation of the existing layout.

Desired Speed Decisions

- 4.3 Desired Speed Decisions, defining the speed distribution that vehicles follow at each point of the network, have been updated to represent the posted speed limits for each link.
- 4.4 The speed distributions used in the model, and the variability that a group of vehicles show at the same speed limit, have been obtained from two different sources. The Guidelines for the Use of Microsimulation Software from National Highways provide distributions for 50 mph and 70 mph, while 30 mph and 60 mph have been obtained from the SPE0111 Vehicle Speed Compliance by road type and vehicle type in Great Britain from the Department for Transport (DfT).
- 4.5 40mph distributions have been obtained by interpolation between the 30 mph and the 50 mph distributions. The 30 mph, 40 mph and 50 mph distributions are shown in Appendix C.
- 4.6 It should be noted that the speed distribution for 20mph included in the models has been calculated using the journey time data on the section operating in free flow conditions.

Reduced Speed Areas

- 4.7 Reduced Speed Areas (RSAs) have been included to replicate driving behaviour, for example on curved roads and turns onto roads.
- 4.8 RSA have also been used to represent specific behaviours observed in the model area. It should be noted that additional RSAs have been coded in the PM model to represent the queuing patterns observed on the High Street. These queues are caused by parked cars which were only observed in the PM peak and these RSAs have not been included in the AM peak hour model, as the parked vehicles were not present.

Priority Rules and Conflict areas

- 4.9 Priority Rules and Conflict Areas have been coded following the industry standard approach and were calibrated to replicate the observed network conditions and driver behaviour.
- 4.10 Priority rules have also been used to represent the give way operation observed on the Norwich Road bridge, where large vehicles give way to each other as they cannot pass over the bridge at the same time.
- 4.11 It should be noted that additional priority rules were coded in the PM model to reflect the observed queuing and give way behaviour on the High Street. The floating car journey time video footage was used to observe give way behaviour, which was replicated in the model, so the queues caused by the parked cars in the PM peak are replicated.

Public Transport

4.12 Bus routes and departure times included in the modelled area were sourced from the website https://bustimes.org/. An average dwell time of ten seconds was assumed for all bus stops in the model.

Differences between AM and PM model networks

4.13 Some limited differences between the AM and PM peak hour models were coded to replicate the operation of the High Street, where the queues, delays and give way behaviour caused by the parked cars along this route were only present in the PM peak hour.

5. Model Calibration

Introduction

5.1 The purpose of the model calibration process is to ensure that the model represents existing traffic conditions. Calibration is an iterative process in which the model is revised to replicate observed traffic volumes, traffic conditions and vehicle behaviour as closely as possible.

Flow Calibration Criteria

- 5.2 This section presents the traffic flow calibration and the comparison between the modelled and observed traffic flows using the criteria provided in TAG Unit M3-1.
- 5.3 The observed and modelled turning flows were compared for each of the junctions for the AM and PM peak hours, using the TAG criteria (Unit M3.1) for flow calibration as shown in Table 1.

Table 1 – TAG Calibration Criteria

Criteria	Acceptability Guidelines
Criteria 1 - % Flows	
 a. Individual flows within 15% for flows 700-2700 vph b. Individual flows within 100 vph for flows < 700 vph c. Individual flows within 400 vph for flows > 2700 vph 	> 85% of all cases
Criteria 2 – GEH Criteria a. GEH Statistic -Individual flows: GEH < 5	_

- 5.4 The differences between modelled and observed flows were calculated and the TAG criteria, both for absolute differences and for GEH statistic, were used to determine if these differences were acceptable. The GEH statistic incorporates both relative and the absolute differences and provides a better indication of the significance of differences, compared to using percentage differences which can be misleading.
- 5.5 The GEH statistic is defined as:

 $\text{GEH} = \sqrt{\frac{(M-C)^2}{(M+C)/2}}$, where M and C are different datasets to be compared.

Flow Calibration Results

- 5.6 The modelled turning flows were compared against the surveyed turning flows to calibrate the demand inputs and model assignment. The models were run twenty times using different random seeds to produce a set of average turning count results for comparison with the survey data.
- 5.7 The structure of the junctions and turning counts references within the model area can be seen in Appendix A, whilst tables indicating the GEH scores can be found in Appendix D.
- 5.8 The AM calibration results in Table 2 show the calibration results for each vehicle type. The results demonstrate that the AM peak hour flows are calibrated closely against the observed turning counts when analysed vehicle class, and all exceed the thresholds set out in TAG.

Vehicle Class	Tag Criteria	Within	Total Counts	Percentage Passing
Cars	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
Cars	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%
LGVS	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
LGVS	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%

Table 2 – AM Calibration Results - Peak Hour by Vehicle Class

Vehicle Class	Tag Criteria	Within	Total Counts	Percentage Passing
HGVs	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
HGVS	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%
Total	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
Total	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%

- 5.9 The AM calibration results in Table 3 show the calibration results for total vehicles entering the model. Although not required in TAG, explicitly matching the observed number of vehicles entering the network is a key metric to validate the capacity and delays of the microsimulation models.
- 5.10 The results demonstrate that all entry junctions into the model are calibrated closely with observed data. It has therefore been checked that the correct number of vehicles are entering the model.

From	Observed	Modelled	% Diff.
Mill Road	20	20	0.0%
B1150 / Norwich Road (EB)	637	634	-0.5%
B1354 / Buxton Road	255	249	-2.4%
Station Road	527	523	-0.8%
Great Hautbois Road	10	10	0.0%
Rectory Road	58	56	-3.4%
B1354 / Wroxham Road (WB)	285	280	-1.8%
Church Loke	8	8	0.0%

Table 4 – AM Peak Hour Calibration results - Model Entries

5.11 The calibration summary in Table 5 demonstrates that the PM peak hour model flows are also closely calibrated against the observed turning counts when analysed by vehicle class, exceeding the requirements set out in TAG.

Table 5 – PM Calibration Results - Peak Hour by Vehicle Class

Vehicle Class	Tag Criteria	Within	Total Counts	Percentage Passing
Car	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
Car	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%
	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50 50 50 50 50 50	100%
LGV	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%
HGV	% Counts within GEH <5	50	50	100%
пGv	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%
Total	% Counts within GEH <5	6 Counts within GEH <5	50	100%
Total	% Flows within Individual Flow	50	50	100%

5.12 The PM calibration results in Table 6 shows the calibration results for total vehicles entering the model. The results demonstrate that all entry junctions into the model are calibrated closely with observed data. It has therefore been checked that the correct number of vehicles are entering the model.

Table 6 – PM Peak Hour Calibration Results – Model Entries

From	Observed	Modelled	% Diff.
Mill Road	21	20	-4.8%
B1150 / Norwich Road (EB)	730	715	-2.1%
B1354 / Buxton Road	200	197	-1.5%
Station Road	427	418	-2.1%

From	Observed	Modelled	% Diff.
Great Hautbois Road	36	34	-5.6%
Rectory Road	44	43	-2.3%
B1354 / Wroxham Road (WB)	305	302	-1.0%
Church Loke	4	4	0.0%

Calibration Parameters

5.13 Table 7 summarises the main calibration and specific driving behaviour parameters recommended by TAG and DfT for microsimulation models. These parameters have been included in the Coltishall Vissim model in line with the recommended guidance.

Table 7 – Microsimulation Model Parameters – TAG/DfT

Parameter	Value	Following guidance
Headway	1s time	Yes
Gap	1 to 4 seconds, depends on location.	Yes
Vehicle Dynamics	Following graphs	Yes
Reaction Time	-	-
Desired Speed Distributions	Following graphs	Yes
Driver Awareness	Following graphs	Yes
Influence of signing on the approach to a diverge of the motorway lane selection	5	Yes
Cooperative Merging	Yes, used on merging and weaving links.	Yes
	Maximum speed difference - 6.71mph	
	Maximum collision time – 10s	
Implied Capacity at roundabouts and signal stop lines	-	-
Min Distance between vehicles at a standstill	1.5m	Yes

N

6. Model Validation

Introduction

- 6.1 Following the model calibration process, the VISSIM models were validated using journey time data. The vehicle travel time results from the models were compared against the surveyed journey time data to validate the queuing and delay in the model. The models were run twenty times using different random seeds to produce a set of average journey time results for comparison with the survey data.
- 6.2 The TAG M3-1 criteria for journey time validation are shown in Table 8 below.

Table 8 – TAG Validation Criteria

Criteria	Acceptability Guidelines
Modelled times along routes should be within 15% of surveyed times (or 1 minute, if higher than 15%)	> 85% of routes

Journey Time Validation Results

6.3 Figure 6-1 shows the two journey time routes which have been defined within the model area. The average observed journey times were compared to the average modelled journey times in accordance with the criteria set out in TAG M3-1. The journey times routes were defined using the GPS position of the floating car video footage used to capture the observed journey time data.

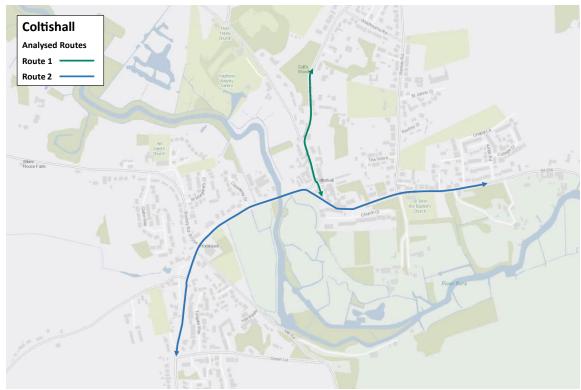


Figure 6-1 Coltishall Routes

6.4 Table 9 and Table 10 show the individual performance of each of the defined journey time routes for all vehicles, all of which pass the TAG criteria.

Table 9 – AM Journey Time Validation

ID Route Name Observed Modelled % Difference Validation

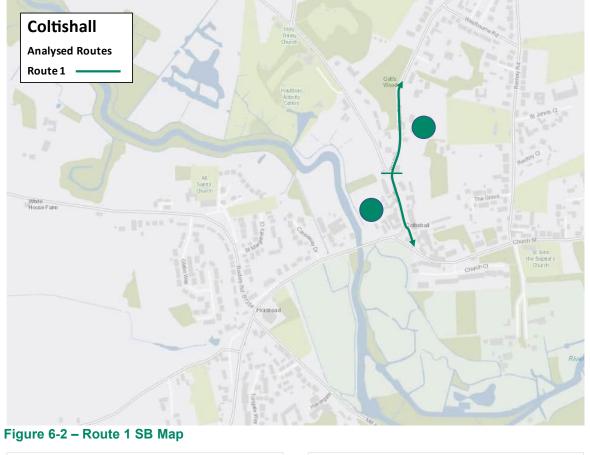
1	JT1_SB	%	Y
2	JT1_NB	- %	Y
3	JT2_EB	%	Y
4	JT2_WB	%	Y

Table 10 – PM Journey Time Validation

ID Route Name	Observed	Modelled	% Difference	Validation

1	JT1_SB	%	Y
2	JT1_NB	- %	Y
3	JT2_EB	- %	Y
4	JT2_WB	%	Y

6.5 Figure 6-2 to Figure 6-7 show the cumulative journey time profiles of these routes with the maps and observed data for both peaks. It can be seen that the models closely replicate the profile of delay along the modelled routes.



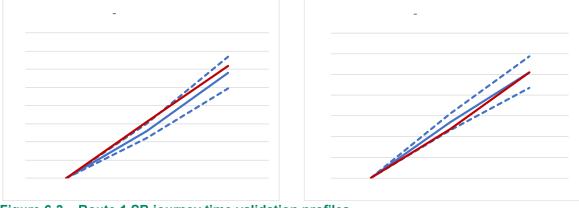
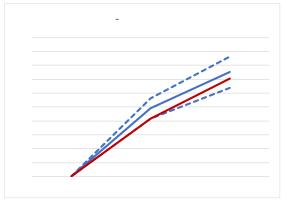


Figure 6-3 – Route 1 SB journey time validation profiles



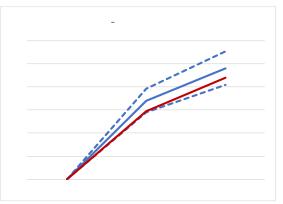


Figure 6-4 – Route 1 NB journey time validation profiles

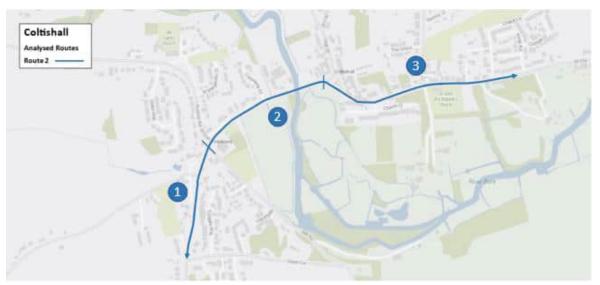
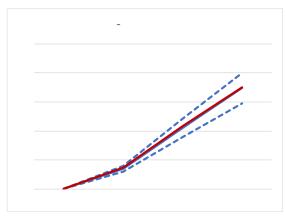


Figure 6-5 – Route 2 EB Map



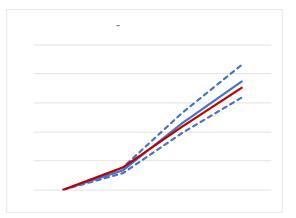


Figure 6-6 – Route 2 EB journey time validation profiles

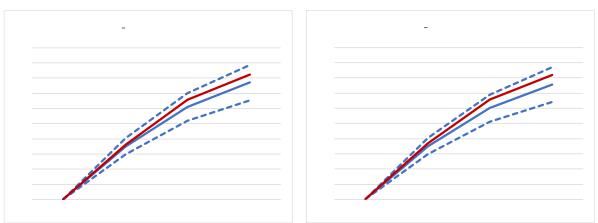


Figure 6-7 – Route 2 WB journey time validation profiles

Queue Calibration

- 6.6 In addition to the journey time validation of the model, TAG recommends a review of the representation of existing queues in the model. Although journey times provide a more accurate representation of the existing delays, the visual comparison of the queue patterns in the area provides further reassurance that the model represents the operation of the network.
- 6.7 Two main sources have been used to define the main queues of the model: the floating car footage of driving behaviour in Coltishall and the typical travel speed information taken from Google Maps.

AM Peak Hour

6.8 The main queue in the AM period occurs on the B1150 as traffic approaches the petrol station from the southwest. This queueing behaviour can be seen in Figure 6-8, which was captured from floating car footage of Route 2, this was a moving queue caused by right turning vehicles waiting to turn into the B1150 northwards.



Figure 6-8 – Floating car footage of AM queuing on B1150

6.9 Figure 6-9 shows the typical traffic conditions according to Google Maps on a Tuesday at 08:30. Figure 6-10 shows the peak hour average speed plot from the AM model, where it can be observed that a similar queue is present.

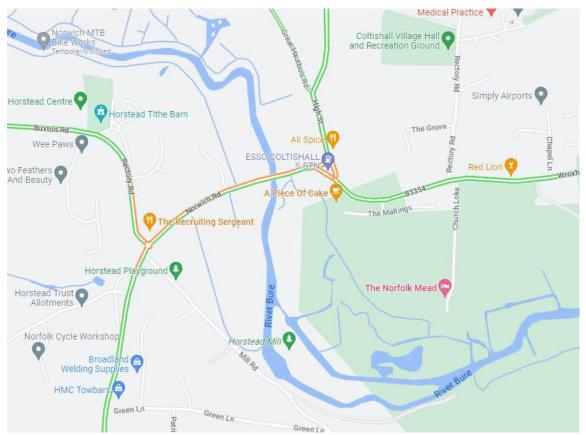


Figure 9 - Typical queues from Google traffic on a Wednesday, 08:30



Figure 10 – AM Peak Hour Speed Plot

PM Peak Hour

6.10 The main queue in PM period occurs on the High Street, where parked cars prevent the free flow of traffic in both directions simultaneously. The presence of parked cars can be seen in Figure 6-11, taken from a Google StreetView. This image shows that cars are parked on both sides of the street, which limits the road space available for vehicles to pass. Figure 6-12 is a still taken from the floating car footage of the Route 1 southbound journey in the PM period which shows how parked cars impede the free flow of traffic in both directions.



Figure 6-11-1 Parked cars on High Street



Figure 6-12 PM queuing on High Street, from floating car footage

6.11 Figure 6-13 shows the typical traffic conditions according to Google Maps on a Tuesday at 16:40, whilst Figure 6-14 shows the modelled queues during the PM peak, where this queuing is replicated.

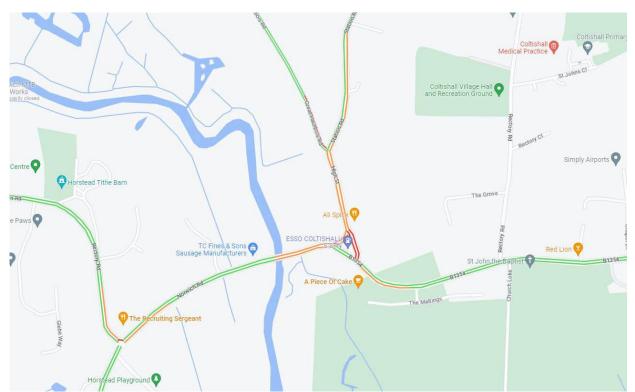


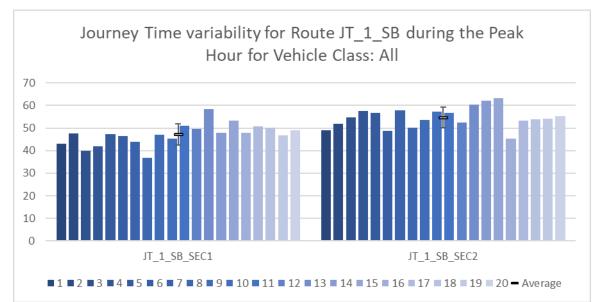
Figure 6-13 – Google traffic view captured on a Monday at 16:40



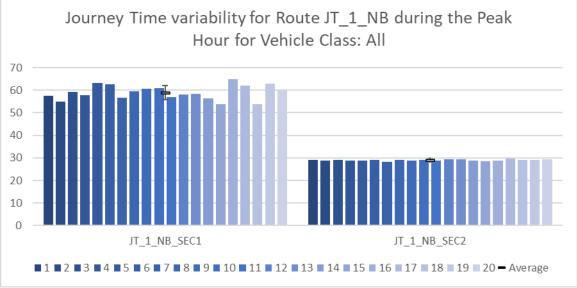
Figure 6-14 – PM peak hour Speed Plot

Model Variability

- 6.12 Microsimulation models are run several times with different random seeds to obtain a statistically representative result. This approach replicates daily variability, since each run has different arrival profiles which results in a different chain of events. A representative average of the results is the obtained/ presented.
- 6.13 The survey videos show that the queues on the High Street in the PM period can be highly variable since they can appear and disappear in short periods of time.
- 6.14 A variability analysis of the modelling journey times results has been undertaken in this section. Figure 6-15 shows the modelled journey times for Route 1 SB in the PM period for all of the model runs, whilst Figure 6-16 shows the modelled journey times for Route 1 NB in the PM period for all the model runs.









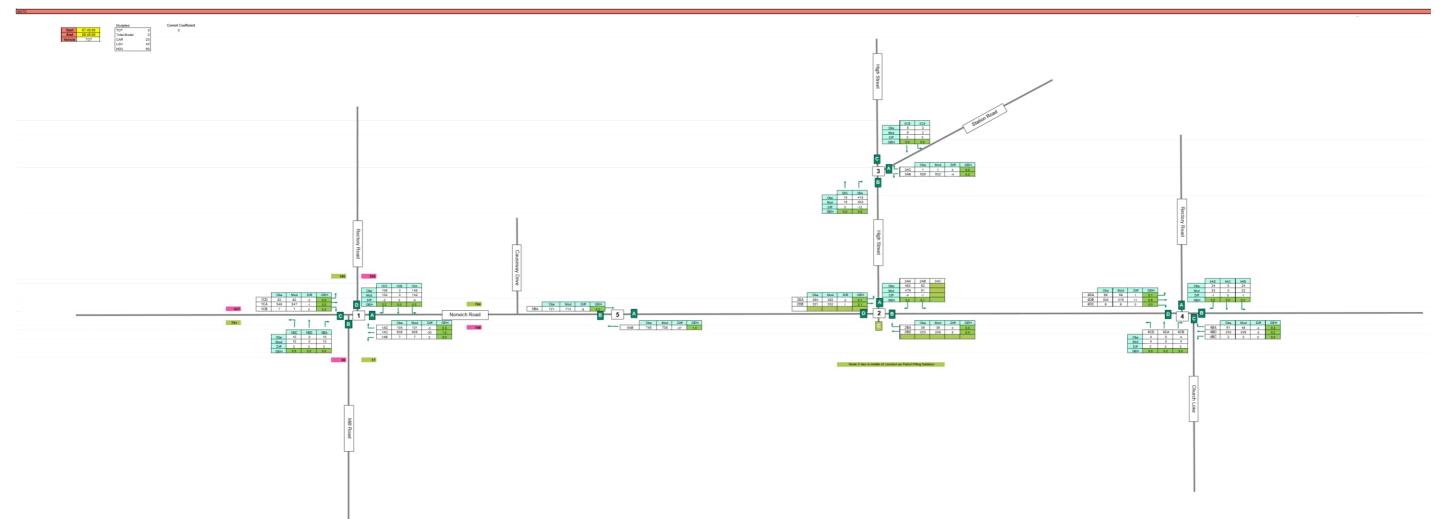
6.15 As can be seen in these graphs, the modelled journey times in the PM peak are variable, particularly in the southbound direction. This variability is caused by parked cars on the High Street and the subsequent give way behaviour and queuing. This phenomenon has been replicated in the model, replicating the variability seen in the surveys.

7. Conclusion

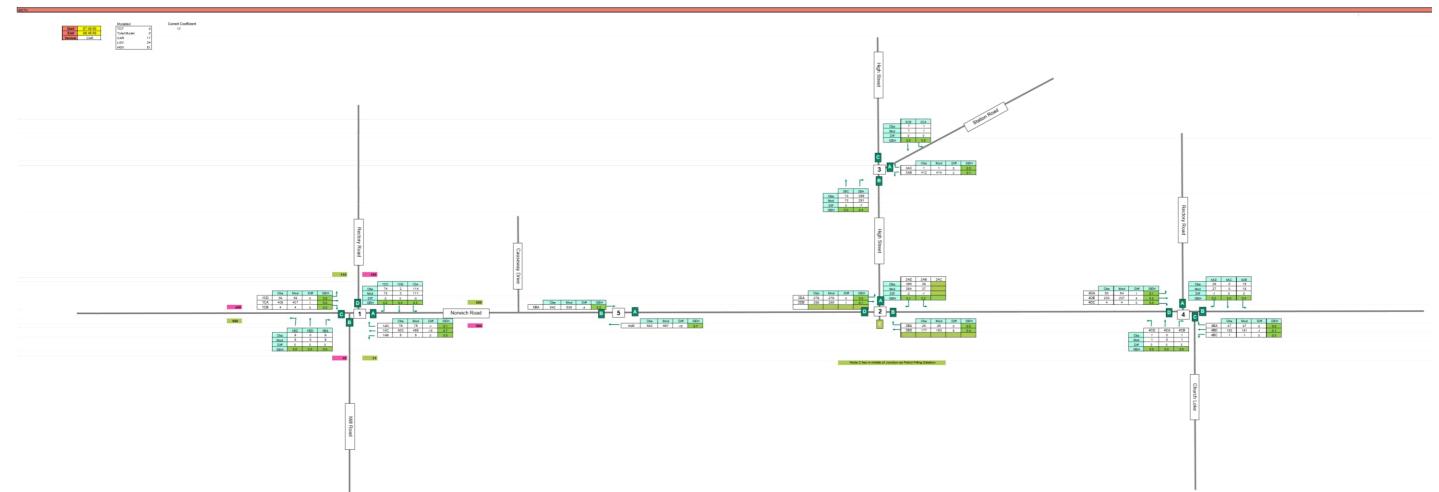
- 7.1 Coltishall is a village located on the B1150 between Norwich and North Walsham and the road network is therefore busy at peak times. In the AM period there is a small amount of congestion on the eastbound approach to the petrol station due to the vehicles waiting to turn right into B1150 northwards, as explained in paragraph 6.8, whilst in the PM period parked cars on the High Street were seen to cause a significant amount of queuing, particularly in the southbound direction.
- 7.2 The base models have been calibrated and validated against the observed data in line with the required criteria. The calibration/validation results exceed the requirements for turning counts and journey times and the models are therefore closely aligned with observed data. The models also replicate observed queueing patterns well. The models are therefore validated to industry standard guidelines.
- 7.3 It is considered the base models provide a close representation of the queues and delays in the network, as well as the observed driving behaviour in the area, and are fit for the purpose of testing future traffic levels/ patterns or potential changes to the road network.

Appendix A MCTC Turning Counts

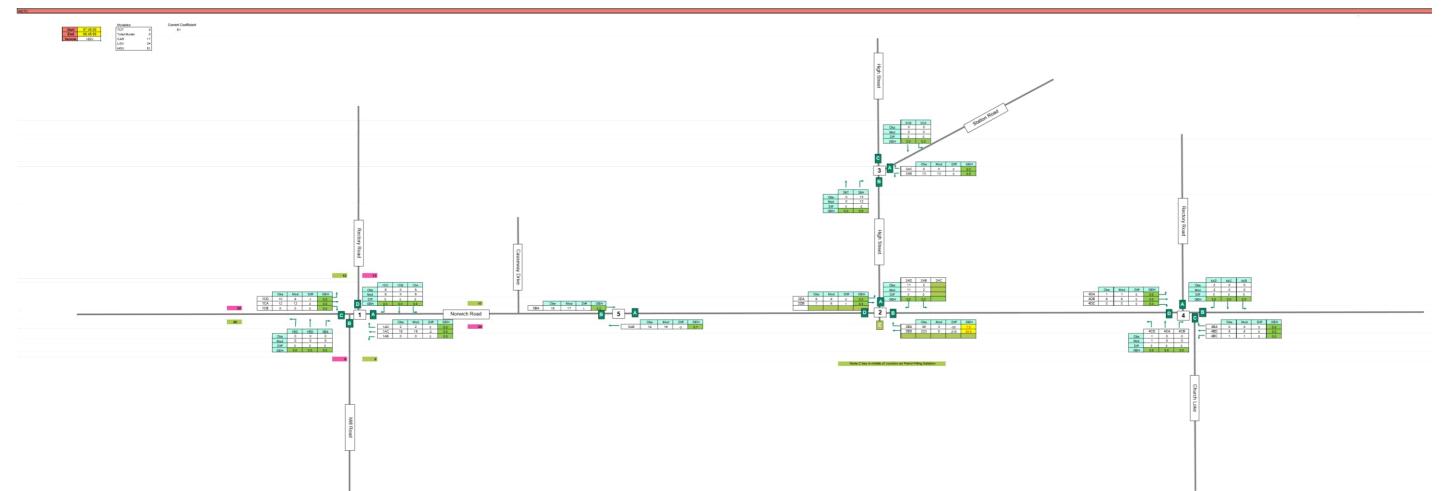
AM – All vehicles



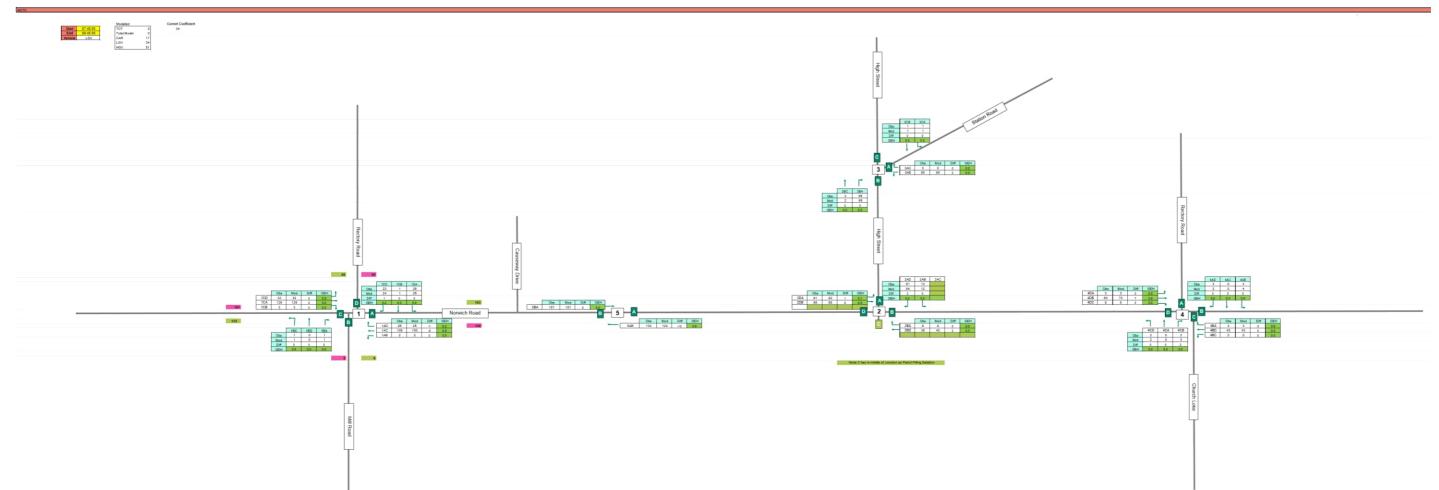
AM – Cars



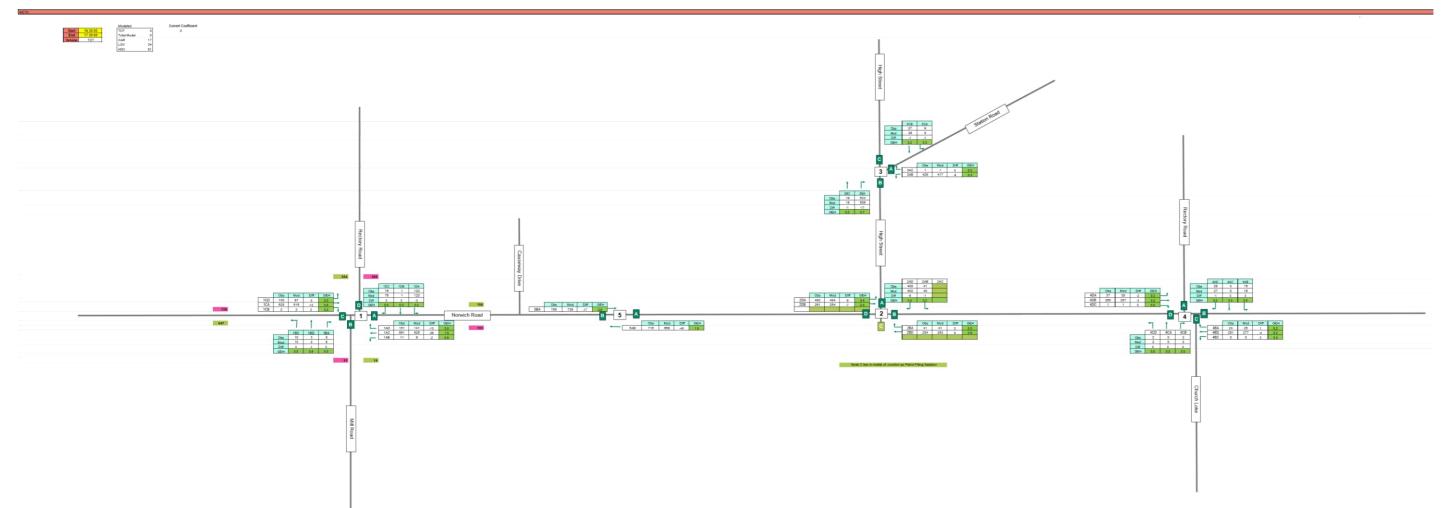
AM – HGV



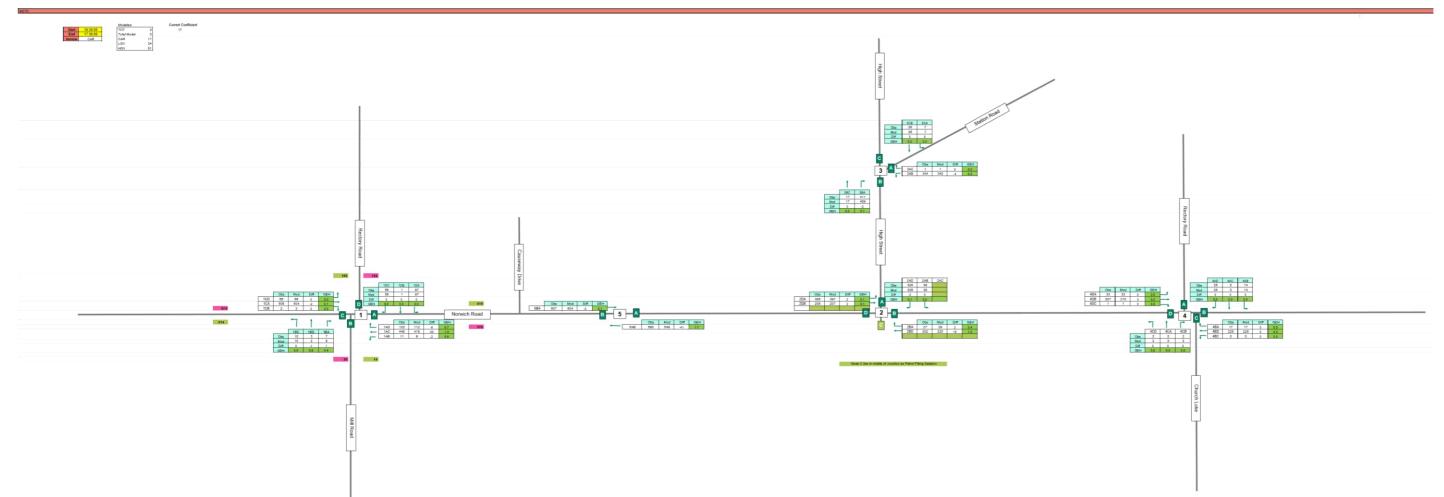
AM – LGV



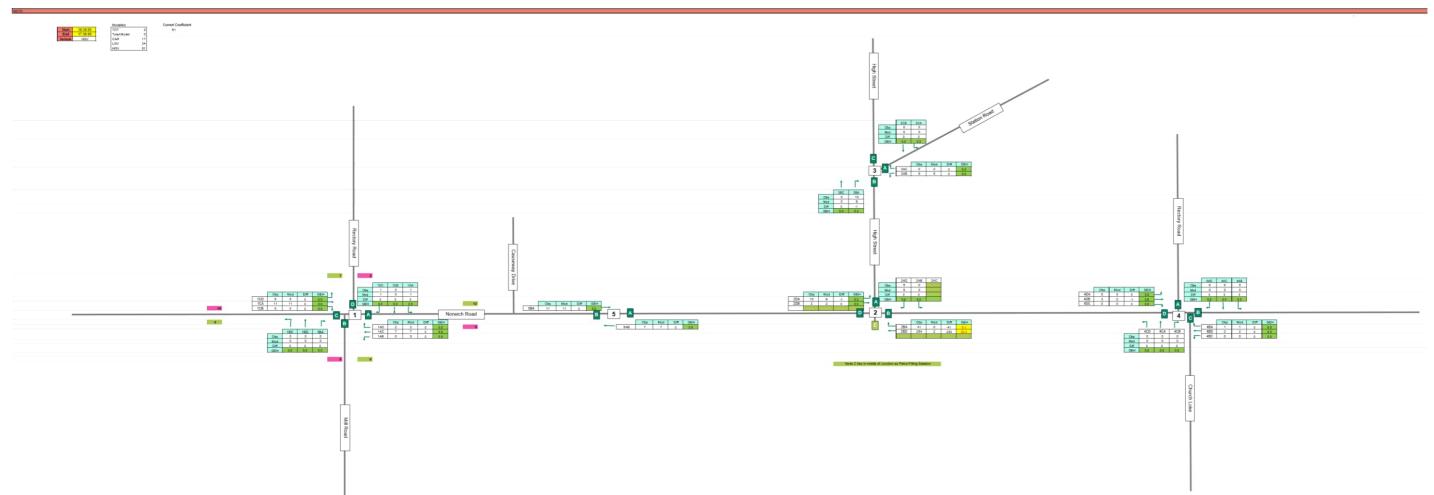
PM – All Vehicles



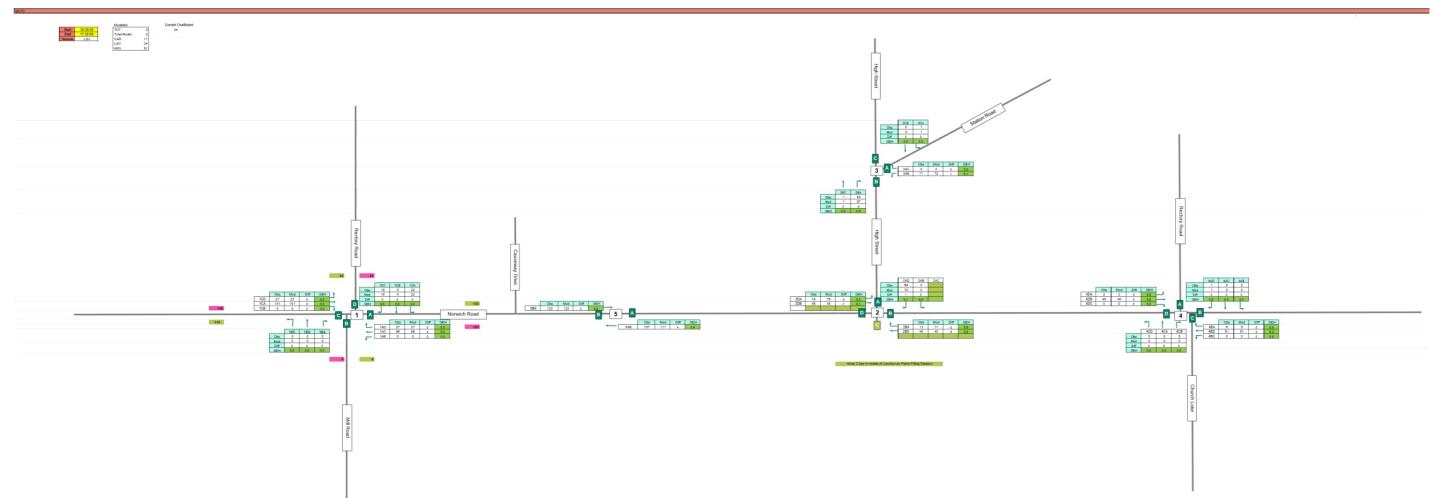
PM – Cars

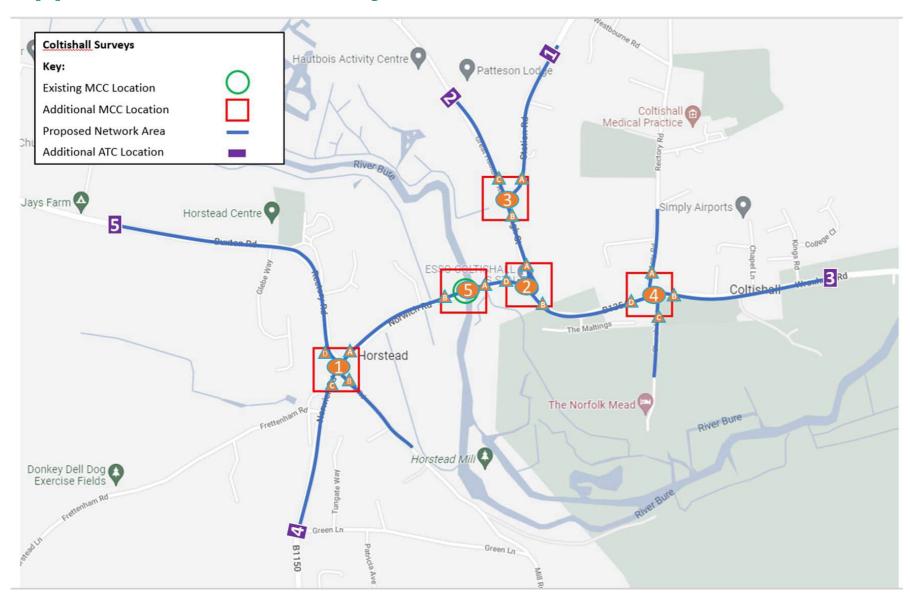


PM – HGV



PM – LGV





Appendix B Consistency Checks

Fr	From Traffic Flow		Flow	1	to	Traffic	: Flow	Differ	ence	GEH		
Site	Arm	CAR	LGV	Site	Arm	CAR	LGV	CAR	LGV	CAR	LGV	
1	А	3398	714	5	В	3390	701	8	13	0.1	0.5	
5	В	3410	809	1	A	3427	788	-17	21	0.3	0.7	
5	А	3390	701	2	D	3312	659	78	42	1.3	1.6	
2	D	3403	808	5	A	3410	809	-7	-1	0.1	0.0	
2	А	2384	474	3	В	2339	472	45	2	0.9	0.1	
3	В	2343	549	2	A	2348	558	-5	-9	0.1	0.4	
2	В	1383	288	4	D	1405	266	-22	22	0.6	1.3	
4	D	1481	334	2	В	1556	357	-75	-23	1.9	1.2	

Appendix C Desired Speed Distributions

Description	Posted Limit		Normal Distribut	ions (mph)				
		LVs		ŀ	łVs			
	-	Lower	Upper	Lower	Upper			
DfT's Motorways	70	50	89	50	89			
DfT's Dual Carriageways	70	58	80	48	80			
DfT's Single Carriageways	60	20	70	20	69			

Appendix D Turning Count Calibration Tables

AM – All vehicles

VISSIM Node	101		Vehicle Type	Total										
		Nede						Flow Peak	Time	Differen	се		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	0	2	2	-	2	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	В	19	1AB	7	7	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	С	22	1AC	635	605	-30	-5%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	D	18	1AD	104	101	-3	-3%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	А	3	1BA	10	10	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	10	10	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	А	3	1CA	548	547	-1	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	7	7	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	82	80	-2	-2%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	А	3	1DA	146	142	-4	-3%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	106	104	-2	-2%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

VISSIM Node

Vehicle Type Total

102

		Nada					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	А	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	52	51	-1	-2%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	483	479	-4	-1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	36	36	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	223	229	6	3%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	384	382	-2	-1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	331	332	1	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK

 VISSIM Node
 103
 Vehicle Type
 Total

Junction Name	MCC Site	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	Flow Peak Time	Difference	GEH	

		Node No.					MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	А	4	А	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	526	522	-4	-1%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	415	403	-12	-3%	1	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	15	15	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	А	33	3CA	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	8	8	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

104

Vehicle Type Total

		Mede					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	В	29	4AB	24	23	-1	-4%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	34	33	-1	-3%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	51	49	-2	-4%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	232	229	-3	-1%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	А	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	4	4	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	4	4	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	А	23	4DA	58	59	1	2%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	304	315	11	4%	1	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	9	9	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

105

Vehicle Type Total

		Nede					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	А	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	745	708	-37	-5%	1	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	А	37	5BA	721	713	-8	-1%	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

AM – Cars

VISSIM Node	101	Vehicle Type Car				
Junction Name		From Arm FromLin	k To Arm ToLink	MCC ID Flow	w Peak Time Difference	GEH

	MCC Site	Node No.						Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	A	3	1AA	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	В	19	1AB	5	5	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	С	22	1AC	503	488	-15	-3%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	D	18	1AD	76	75	-1	-1%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	A	3	1BA	9	9	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	9	9	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	A	3	1CA	406	407	1	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	4	4	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	39	39	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	A	3	1DA	114	111	-3	-3%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	74	72	-2	-3%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

102

Vehicle Type Car

	МСС	Node						Flow Pe	ak Time	Differ	ence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	А	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	В	10	2AB	38	37	-1	-3%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	386	384	-2	-1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	25	25	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	177	183	6	3%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	279	279	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	258	259	1	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

103

Vehicle Type Car

	мсс	Node						Flow Pe	ak Time	Differ	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	A	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	А	4	В	34	3AB	412	414	2	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	А	4	С	31	3AC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	298	291	-7	-2%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	13	13	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	A	33	3CA	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	7	7	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node 104 Vehicle Type Car

	MCC	Nede						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	A	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	В	29	4AB	19	19	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	28	27	-1	-4%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	A	23	4BA	47	47	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	182	181	-1	-1%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	A	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	A	23	4DA	53	54	1	2%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	233	237	4	2%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	4	4	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

105

Vehicle Type Car

	MCC	Mada						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID							Individual
	Sile	NO.						Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	А	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	583	567	-16	-3%	1	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	А	37	5BA	542	538	-4	-1%	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

AM – LGV

VISSIM Node

101

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	В	19	1AB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	С	22	1AC	108	100	-8	-7%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	D	18	1AD	26	25	-1	-4%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	А	3	1BA	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	A	3	1CA	126	126	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK

Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	ОК
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	32	32	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	A	3	1DA	26	26	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	23	24	1	4%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

102

Vehicle Type LGV

	MCC	Mada						Flow Peak	Time	Differend	e:		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Medallad	Value	0/	Value	<5	Individual Flows
								Observed	Modelled	value	%	value	<0	
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	A	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	12	12	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	81	84	3	4%	0	Υ	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	8	8	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	38	40	2	5%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	91	92	1	1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	65	65	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

103

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	A	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	95	95	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	A	33	3BA	98	98	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	A	33	3CA	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

Ve

104

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Differ	ence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	В	29	4AB	4	4	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	43	43	0	0%	0	Y	ОК
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	A	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	A	23	4DA	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	63	70	7	11%	1	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	5	5	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

105

Vehicle Type LGV

	MCC	Nede						Flow P	eak Time	Differ	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID							Individual
	Sile	NO.						Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	А	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	134	124	-10	-7%	1	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	А	37	5BA	157	157	0	0%	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

AM – HGV

VISSIM Node

101

Vehicle Type HGV

	МСС	Nede						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	В	19	1AB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	С	22	1AC	18	16	-2	-11%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	D	18	1AD	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	А	3	1BA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	А	3	1CA	12	12	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	10	9	-1	-10%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	А	3	1DA	5	5	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	8	8	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

102

Vehicle Type HGV

	мсс	Nodo						Flow P	eak Time	Differ	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	0/	Value	-5	Individual Flows
								Observed	wodened	value	70	value	<၁	FIOWS

Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	A	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	11	11	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	Α	15	2BA	3	3	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	5	5	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	9	9	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	7	8	1	14%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

103

Vehicle Type HGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	А	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	13	13	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	14	12	-2	-14%	1	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	А	33	3CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

VISSIM Node

104

Vehicle Type HGV

	МСС	Nede						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	В	29	4AB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	D	26	4AD	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	1	1	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	5	5	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	А	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	A	23	4DA	1	1	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	8	8	0	0%	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

VISSIM Node

105

Vehicle Type HGV

	мсс	Mada						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
P1150 Pridge	E	105	Δ	10	٥	07	500	Observed	Modelled	Value	70	Value	V	
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	A	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0		OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	19	16	-3	-16%	1	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	А	37	5BA	16	17	1	6%	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

PM – All Vehicles

VISSIM Node

101

Vehicle Type Total

		Nede						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	1	2	1	100%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	В	19	1AB	11	9	-2	-18%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	С	22	1AC	561	525	-36	-6%	2	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	D	18	1AD	151	141	-10	-7%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	А	3	1BA	8	8	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	10	10	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	3	2	-1	-33%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	А	3	1CA	628	616	-12	-2%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	100	97	-3	-3%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	А	3	1DA	123	120	-3	-2%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	76	76	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

102

Vehicle Type Total

		Nada					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Differ	ence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	А	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	В	10	2AB	41	40	-1	-2%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	34	D	12	2AD	408	402	-6	-1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	41	41	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	254	263	9	4%	1	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	493	484	-9	-2%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	261	254	-7	-3%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	3	3	-	2	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

103

Vehicle Type Total

		Nodo					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	А	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	426	417	-9	-2%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	А	4	С	31	3AC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	523	506	-17	-3%	1	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	19	18	-1	-5%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	А	33	3CA	9	8	-1	-11%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	27	26	-1	-4%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

104

Vehicle Type Total

		Nede					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	В	29	4AB	16	16	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	28	27	-1	-4%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	24	25	1	4%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	281	277	-4	-1%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	А	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	А	23	4DA	37	35	-2	-5%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	260	257	-3	-1%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Υ	OK

VISSIM Node

105

Vehicle Type Total

		Nodo					мсс	Flow Pea	ak Time	Differ	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	А	12	А	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	А	12	В	12	5AB	716	668	-48	-7%	2	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	А	37	5BA	756	739	-17	-2%	1	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

PM – Cars

VISSIM Node

101

Vehicle Type Car

	MOO	Nede						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	В	19	1AB	11	9	-2	-18%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	С	22	1AC	448	418	-30	-7%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	А	38	D	18	1AD	120	112	-8	-7%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	А	3	1BA	7	8	1	14%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	10	10	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	3	2	-1	-33%	1	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	А	3	1CA	506	504	-2	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	66	66	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	А	3	1DA	97	97	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	56	56	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

102

Vehicle Type Car

	мсс	Node						Flow Peak	Time	Differenc	е		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modellad	Valua	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Detrol Station Curatany	2	400	•	40044	•	45		Observed	Modelled	value	70	value	<:) V	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	۷ ک	102	A	10011	А	15		0	0	0	-	0	I	
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	38	38	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	328	326	-2	-1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	27	29	2	7%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	202	220	18	9%	1	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	395	397	2	1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	205	207	2	1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

103

Vehicle Type Car

	мсс	Node						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	A	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	344	340	-4	-1%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	411	409	-2	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	17	17	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	A	33	3CA	7	7	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	26	26	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node	104		Vehicle Type	Car										
	МСС	Node						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	А	24	В	29	4AB	14	14	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	25	25	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	17	17	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	225	225	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	A	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	А	23	4DA	33	33	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	207	210	3	1%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

105

101

Vehicle Type Car

	мее	Nede						Flow Pe	ak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	MCC Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	A	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	590	549	-41	-7%	2	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	A	37	5BA	607	604	-3	0%	0	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

PM – LGV

VISSIM Node

Vehicle Type LGV

Flow Peak Time Differ MCC Node Junction Name ToLink MCC ID From Arm FromLink To Arm Site No. Observed Modelled Value Rectory Road roundabout 1 101 А 38 3 1AA 0 0 0 А Rectory Road roundabout 1 38 В 19 1AB 0 0 0 101 А Rectory Road roundabout 1 101 А 38 С 22 1AC 96 99 3 Rectory Road roundabout 27 27 0 1 101 А 38 D 18 1AD Rectory Road roundabout 1 0 0 В 20 А 3 1BA 0 101 Rectory Road roundabout 1BB 0 0 0 1 101 В 20 В 19 Rectory Road roundabout 1 1BC 0 0 В 0 101 20 С 22 Rectory Road roundabout 1BD 0 0 0 1 В 101 20 D 18 Rectory Road roundabout 1 101 101 0 101 С 3 1CA 1 А

ence		GEH	
%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
-	0	Y	OK
-	0	Y	OK
3%	0	Y	OK
0%	0	Y	OK
-	0	Y	OK
-	0	Y	ОК
-	0	Y	OK
-	0	Y	OK
0%	0	Y	OK

Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	ОК
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	27	27	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	А	3	1DA	22	22	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	19	19	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

102

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Differ	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	A	10011	А	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	69	70	1	1%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	А	15	2BA	13	11	-2	-15%	1	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	45	40	-5	-11%	1	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	А	15	2DA	79	76	-3	-4%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	46	45	-1	-2%	0	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	1	1	-	1	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

103

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	А	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	71	72	1	1%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	А	33	3BA	92	87	-5	-5%	1	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	А	33	3CA	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

104

Vehicle Type LGV

	МСС	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	А	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	В	29	4AB	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	1	1	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	А	23	4BA	6	6	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	ОК
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	51	51	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	A	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	A	23	4DA	2	2	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	45	45	0	0%	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0	Y	OK

105

Flow Peak Time Differ MCC Node MCC ID FromLink To Arm ToLink Junction Name From Arm Site No. Observed Modelled Value B1150 Bridge 5 37 5AA 0 0 0 105 А 12 А B1150 Bridge 5 12 5AB 107 111 4 105 А 12 В B1150 Bridge 5 122 122 0 105 В 37 37 5BA А B1150 Bridge 5 12 5BB 0 0 0 105 В 37 В

PM – HGV

```
VISSIM Node
```

101

102

Vehicle Type HGV

Vehicle Type LGV

	мсс	Node						Flow P	eak Time	Diffe	rence		GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	А	3	1AA	0	0	0	-	0%	Υ	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	В	19	1AB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	С	22	1AC	7	7	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	A	38	D	18	1AD	2	2	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	A	3	1BA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	В	19	1BB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	С	22	1BC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	В	20	D	18	1BD	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	A	3	1CA	11	11	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	В	19	1CB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	С	22	1CC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	С	1	D	18	1CD	5	5	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	A	3	1DA	1	1	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	В	19	1DB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	С	22	1DC	1	1	0	0%	0%	Υ	OK
Rectory Road roundabout	1	101	D	17	D	18	1DD	0	0	0	-	0%	Υ	OK

VISSIM Node

Vehicle Type HGV

Junction Name		From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Flow Peak Time	Difference	GEH	

ence		GEH	
%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
-	0	Y	OK
4%	0	Y	OK
0%	0	Y	OK
-	0	Y	OK

	MCC Site	Node No.						Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	A	15	2AA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	10011	В	10	2AB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	А	34	D	12	2AD	5	5	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	Α	15	2BA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	В	10	2BB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	В	11	D	12	2BD	2	2	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	A	15	2DA	10	9	-1	-10%	32%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	В	10	2DB	2	2	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Petrol Station Gyratory	2	102	D	37	D	12	2DD	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK

103

Vehicle Type HGV

Junction Name	MCC Node Site No.	Node No.			C To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Flow Peak Time		Difference		GEH		
			From Arm	FromLink				Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	А	33	3AA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	В	34	3AB	5	5	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	A	4	С	31	3AC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	A	33	3BA	10	9	-1	-10%	32%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	В	34	3BB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	В	15	С	31	3BC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	А	33	3CA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	В	34	3CB	0	0	0	-	0%	Υ	OK
Great Hautbois Road / Station Road	3	103	С	32	С	31	3CC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK

VISSIM Node

104

Vehicle Type HGV

	мсс	Node	From Arm From Ink			ToLink	MCC ID	Flow Peak Time		Difference			GEH	
Junction Name	Site	Node No.		FromLink	To Arm			Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	A	23	4AA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	В	29	4AB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	С	27	4AC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	A	24	D	26	4AD	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	A	23	4BA	1	1	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	В	29	4BB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	С	27	4BC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	В	6	D	26	4BD	2	2	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	A	23	4CA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	В	29	4CB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	С	27	4CC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	С	28	D	26	4CD	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	A	23	4DA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	В	29	4DB	3	2	-1	-33%	63%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	С	27	4DC	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
Church Loke	4	104	D	10	D	26	4DD	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK

Coltishall Vissim Model Validation Report

VISSIM Node	105		Vehicle Type	HGV										
	МСС	Node						Flow Peak Time		Difference			GEH	
Junction Name	Site	No.	From Arm	FromLink	To Arm	ToLink	MCC ID	Observed	Modelled	Value	%	Value	<5	Individual Flows
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	А	37	5AA	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	A	12	В	12	5AB	7	7	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	A	37	5BA	11	11	0	0%	0%	Y	OK
B1150 Bridge	5	105	В	37	В	12	5BB	0	0	0	-	0%	Y	OK



Appendix E – Forecast Reports



North Walsham Modelling

Forecast Report

ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships

22nd September 2023

Delivering a better world

Quality information

Prepared by	CI	necked by	Verified by		Approved by MA Ad	
BO		Monsi Progie				
B Stock Graduate Consultant		Drapier Gomis enior Consultant	Javier Navarro Pardo Principal Consultant		Phil Arnold Associate Director	
Revision Histor	У					
Revision	Revision date	Details	Authorized	Name	Position	
Distribution List	t					
# Hard Copies	PDF Required	Association /	Company Name			

Prepared for:

ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships

Prepared by:

Ben Stock Graduate Consultant

Contact:

Martin Drapier Gomis Senior Consultant M: +44 7921646161 E: martin.drapiergomis@aecom.com

AECOM Limited AECOM House 63-77 Victoria Street St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 3ER United Kingdom

T: +44(0)1727 535000 aecom.com

© 2023 AECOM Limited. All Rights Reserved.

This document has been prepared by AECOM Limited ("AECOM") for sole use of our client (the "Client") in accordance with generally accepted consultancy principles, the budget for fees and the terms of reference agreed between AECOM and the Client. Any information provided by third parties and referred to herein has not been checked or verified by AECOM, unless otherwise expressly stated in the document. No third party may rely upon this document without the prior and express written agreement of AECOM.

Table Of Contents

1. Introduction	.1
Base VISSIM Model	1
Model Purpose	1
Report Structure	2
2. Forecast Model Development	.3
Overview	3
Network Coding	3
Network Coding – Do Minimum	3
Network Coding – Do Something	4
Network Coding – Do Something with Mitigation	5
3. Future Year Demand	.7
Zoning	7
Demand Methodology	8
Routing Assumptions	9
4. Model Assignment	10
Convergence	10
5. Model Evaluation	11
Introduction	11
AM Peak Hour Results	11
Network Performance – AM Peak	11
Average Delay	11
Average Speed Plots	12
Journey Times	14
Journey Time Route 2 – A149 and B1145	14
Journey Time Route 8 – B1150, A149, and B1145	15
PM Peak Hour Results	17
Network Performance – PM Peak	17
Average Delay	17
Average Speed Plots	18
Journey Times – PM Peak	20
Journey Time Route 2 – A149 and B1145	
Journey Time Route 8 – B1150, A149, and B1145	21
6. Junction Analysis	<u>2</u> 4
Introduction	
Key Junctions	
Cromer Road / A149 / B1145 Junction (1)	
Cromer Road / Aylsham Road / Mundesley Road Junction (2)	
B1150 Norwich Road / A149 Junction (3)	
Norwich Road / Millfield Road Junction (4)	30
7. Conclusions	32
8. Appendix A – Demand Development	33
External Residential Trips – AM Peak	33
Internal Residential Trips – AM Peak	33
External Residential Trips – PM Peak	34
Internal Residential Trips – PM Peak	34
Employment Trips (Car/LGV) – AM Peak	
Employment Trips (HGV) – AM Peak	35

Employment Trips (Car/LGV) – PM Peak	36
Employment Trips (HGV) – PM Peak	36

1. Introduction

Base VISSIM Model

- 1.1 The 2022 VISSIM Base model for North Walsham has been used as a starting point to develop the forecast scenarios. AECOM developed and validated the Vissim Base model at the end of 2022.
- 1.2 The 2022 Base model was successfully calibrated and validated to replicate the existing operation during the traffic surveys for the North Walsham Model area, shown in Figure 1-1. Further details regarding the Base model operation and the calibration and validation results can be found in the VISSIM Local Model Validation Report for North Walsham: "North Walsham Local Model Validation Report."

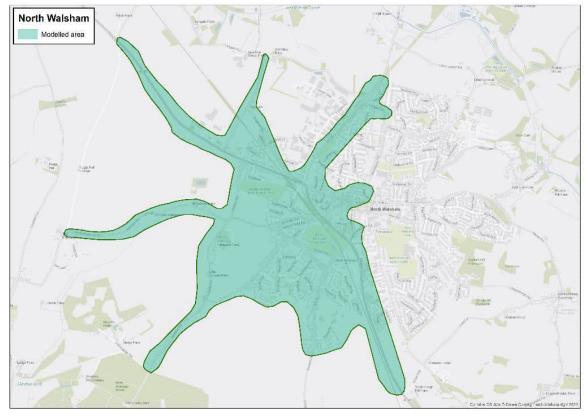


Figure 1-1 – North Walsham Modelled Area

1.3 The forecast year models have been developed for the 2036 forecast year. The models were developed for the Weekday AM and PM peak hours defined as 07:45 – 08:45 in AM and 16:30 – 17:30 in PM. Thirty-minute warm-up and fifteen-minute cool-down periods have also been modelled to saturate the network with traffic and allow journeys to be completed after the peak hour.

Model Purpose

- 1.4 The forecast models have been used to assess the operation of the network in 2036 in line with the forecast assumptions contained in the Transport Assessment (TA) for North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE). Three different scenarios: 'Do Minimum', 'Do Something', and 'Do Something with Mitigation' have been developed for the 2036 forecast year.
- 1.5 The Do Minimum scenario includes the estimated traffic growth in the area for the forecast year and proposed infrastructure changes at the Norwich Road/A149/Grammar School Road junction. The infrastructure changes are discussed in the Network Coding section.
- 1.6 The Do Something scenario has been developed using the Do Minimum scenario as a starting point. In addition to the same demand and network changes included in the Do Minimum scenario, the Do Something

scenarios include the additional trips generated by the NWWUE which were added on top of the Do Minimum demand and the proposed Link Road through the NWWUE development.

- 1.7 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario is the Do Something scenario with a proposed mitigation on Aylsham Road. Further detail on the differences between scenarios can be found in Table 2-1.
- 1.8 The operation of the Do Minimum model has been used as a benchmark to assess the impact of the trip generation and infrastructure changes linked to the NWWUE included in the Do Something scenarios.

Report Structure

- 1.9 The remainder of the report is structured as follows:
 - Section 2 provides an overview of the forecast scenarios and outlines the development of the forecast model networks;
 - Section 3 describes the demand development methodology for future scenarios;
 - Section 4 describes the assignment methodology;
 - Section 5 presents and analyses the forecast modelling results;
 - Section 6 provides an analysis of key areas/ locations in the models; and
 - Section 7 provides a summary and conclusions.

2. Forecast Model Development

Overview

- 2.1 The North Walsham forecast models were coded using the same software version (Vissim 21.00-12) as used to develop the 2022 Base models. This section outlines the changes made to the Base models to build the forecast models.
- 2.2 Three forecast model scenarios were developed:
 - 2036 'Do Minimum' model for AM and PM peak periods;
 - 2036 'Do Something' model for AM and PM peak periods; and
 - 2036 'Do Something + Mitigation' model for AM and PM peak periods.
- 2.3 The demand and network assumptions included in each scenario have been summarised in Table 2-1.

Scenario	Network	Demand
Do Minimum	Base Model network + B1150/A149 Improvement	2022 Base * 2022-2036 Growth Factor
Do Something	Do Minimum network + Link Road	Do Minimum + WUE 2036 Demand
Do Something + Mitigation	Do Something network + Aylsham Road Improvement	Do Minimum + WUE 2036 Demand

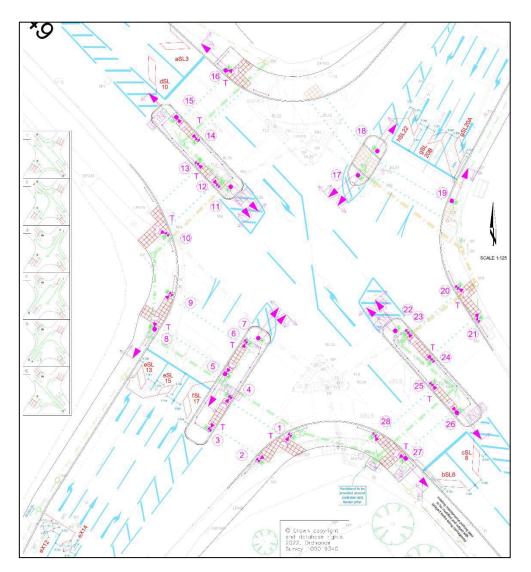
Table 2-1 – Forecast Scenarios

Network Coding

2.4 This section discusses the committed schemes and development sites coded in the forecast scenarios. Unless otherwise stated, all the modelling elements not affected by the proposed schemes – such as the desired speed decisions, reduced speed areas, public transport, and priority rules – have been coded consistently with the 2022 Base model.

Network Coding – Do Minimum

2.5 The Do Minimum network has been updated to include the proposed new layout for the B1150 / A149 / Grammar School Road junction. The layout for this junction is shown below in Figure 2-1.





- 2.6 The timings at the signalised junctions have been optimised to reflect the predicted growth in traffic flows. The proposed signal optimisation has been consistently applied in all the forecast scenarios and assumes that the existing signal controllers will be appropriately maintained and updated in the future.
- 2.7 Furthermore, some additional priority rules have been added to the models to accurately represent the expected cooperative/ keep clear driving behaviours at locations which become more congested in the future year models, due to higher traffic flows. These rules would have no impact in the base year as this congestion is not present.

Network Coding – Do Something

- 2.8 The Do Something scenarios have been developed using the Do Minimum as a starting point, including the B1150 / A149 / Grammar School Road junction improvement shown in Table 2-1. In addition to the changes and optimisation included in the Do Minimum scenarios, the Do Something scenarios also include the new link road through the NWWUE development and the roundabout junctions at either end to connect to the existing network.
- 2.9 The 2036 scenarios include the full extent of the proposed link road within the existing road network. Figure 2-2 shows the alignment of the NWWUE link road, highlighting the key junctions and signalised crossings included in the model, which include the access junctions with the B1150 and A149, the junctions with Aylsham Road and Skeyton Road and the crossing of Weavers Way.



Figure 2-2 – Do Something Network

Network Coding – Do Something with Mitigation

2.10 The Do Something with Mitigation scenarios have been developed using the Do Something as a starting point. In addition to the changes included in the Do Something scenarios, the Do Something with Mitigation scenarios also include the proposed one-way signalised layout on Aylsham Road under the bridge. The proposed layout is shown below in Figure 2-3.

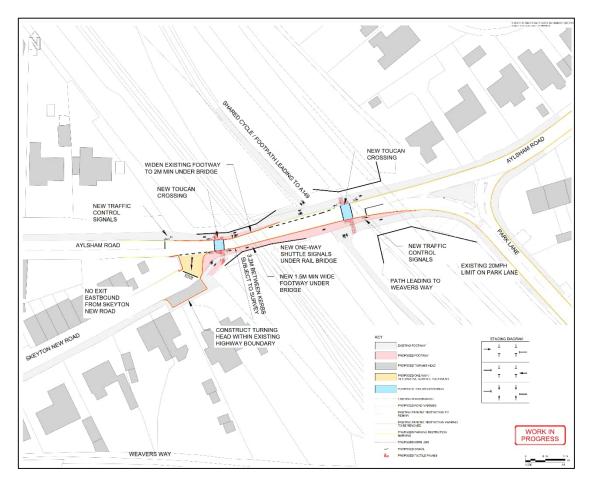


Figure 2-3 – Aylsham Road One-way Signalised Layout

2.11 The signals at the proposed one-way signalised junction have been optimised, with signal timings adapting to arrival patterns, allowing the model to provide a more realistic representation of the proposed signal operation, minimising delay.

3. Future Year Demand

Zoning

- 3.1 The zoning system developed for the Vissim Base model has also been used for the Do Minimum models.
- 3.2 The zoning system included in the Do Something scenarios has been updated to include the additional loading points for the NWWUE demand. In the Do Something scenario, seven additional zones have been added to represent access points to the development.
- 3.3 Table 3-1 shows the correspondence between the zone numbers and the development sites.

Table 3-1 – Development Zones

Development Site	Zone
Residential Zone South	25
Residential Zone Central	26
Residential Zone North Central	27
Residential Zone North	28
Local Centre / School	29
Employment North Central	30
Employment North	31

3.4 Figure 3-1 shows the locations of the VISSIM zones in the Do Something networks.

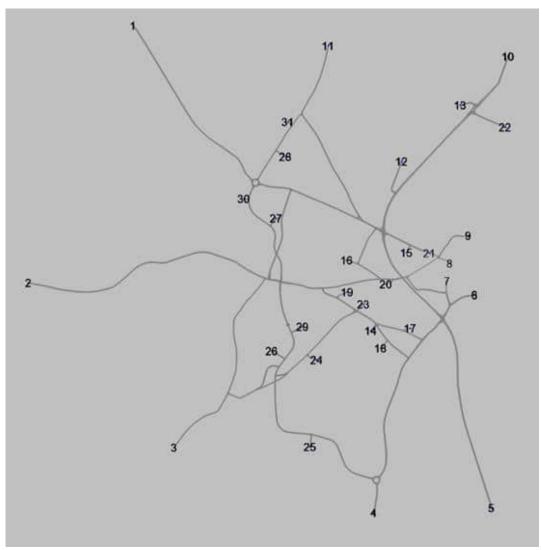


Figure 3-1 – Do Something Scenario Zones

Demand Methodology

- 3.5 The forecast Vissim demand matrices were derived using the growth factors and the trip distribution from the Transport Assessment (TA) developed by AECOM.
- 3.6 Table 3-2 shows the growth factors derived for each forecast year based on TEMPRO, as set out in the TA. These growth factors were applied to the Base model demand matrices to uplift traffic volumes for the 2036 Do Minimum scenarios.

Table 3-2 – Growth Factors

Vehicle	2036 AM	2036 PM	
Car/LGV	1.084	1.080	
HGV	1.039	1.039	

- 3.7 The NWWUE trip generation and trip distribution assumptions included in the TA have been used to derive the number of additional trips associated with the NWWUE and the distribution in North Walsham. These trips have been added to the Do Minimum scenarios to develop the Do Something forecast demand matrix forecasts.
- 3.8 Table 3-3 details the additional trips included in the Do Something models for each forecast year.

Table 3-3 – Do Something Development Demand

Development Demand 2036 AM 2036 PM

Car/LGV	1,261	1,013
HGV	12	7

- 3.9 It should be noted that the development trip totals were provided in two vehicle types: Cars/Light Goods Vehicles (LGVs) and Heavy Goods Vehicles (HGVs). However, since the Vissim models categorise Cars and LGVs as separate vehicle types, Car and LGV proportions were calculated from the base matrix and used to split the development demand.
- 3.10 The absolute demand changes for each Origin-Destination (O-D) pair were applied by vehicle class (Cars, LGVs and HGVs) to the base peak hour matrices from the Vissim base model to develop the Forecast demand matrices.
- 3.11 The forecast peak hour matrices were profiled into 15-minute periods using the same profiles used in the Vissim base model matrices to develop each 15-minute matrix, creating six matrices for each vehicle type.

Routing Assumptions

- 3.12 There are multiple routes available between the development zones and the eastern side of the town centre. For a few O-D pairs, the assignment of trips within the model area was not considered realistic, due to some town-centre networks not being included in the model area, such as King's Arms Street or Yarmouth Road (due to lack of survey data). In these cases, the model was unable to dynamically adjust routeing to respond to delay increases, as the destinations were fixed.
- 3.13 The O-D patterns were therefore adjusted in a few cases. Google Maps was used to indicate which routes would be attractive, as shown in Figure 3-2, to define adjustments to the preferred town centre destination zones for each of the development zones. These routing assumptions have been developed consistently with the TA to provide a realistic representation of the trip distribution expected in the area.

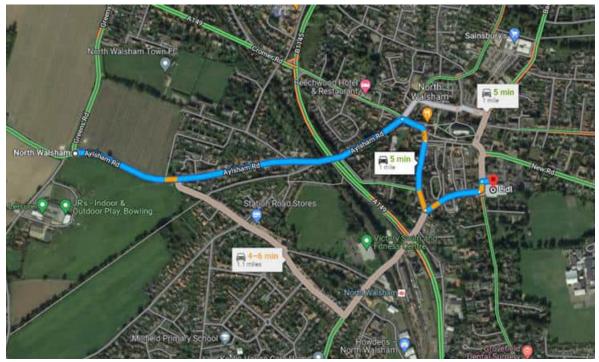


Figure 3-2 – Route Comparison from Development Location to Zone 6

4. Model Assignment

Convergence

- 4.1 The model assignment and convergence parameters for the 2036 models used the same settings as the base year models with a minor change in the Kirchhoff parameter (it was changed from 10 to 3.5), as it was not possible to converge the 2036 Do Something PM model using the same parameters defined in the Base model, as there are significant changes in future congestion patterns. The Kirchhoff parameter is consistent in all the 2036 scenarios to allow reliable comparison of Do Minimum and Do Something scenarios. Further details of the convergence process followed can be found in the North Walsham Vissim Local Model Validation Report (LMVR).
- 4.2 Fixed signal timings, based on average green times, were used during forecast model convergence, allowing the model to reach a stable convergence.
- 4.3 The Kirchoff parameter affects the flow balance between the lowest cost route for each O-D pair and the alternative routes. Analysis was undertaken of the 2036 AM model assignments, which converged using both settings, which showed that the routing changes caused by the different Kirchhoff values had a negligible effect on the model operation.

5. Model Evaluation

Introduction

- 5.1 This section presents the analysis of results for the Do Minimum, Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation forecast scenarios. The results were extracted for the following models and analysed:
 - Base (2022) AM and PM peak hours;
 - Do Minimum (2036) AM and PM peak hours;
 - Do Something (2036) AM and PM peak hours; and
 - Do Something with Mitigation (2036) AM and PM peak hours.
- 5.2 The analysis in the following section has been divided into the peak hours for each scenario, as each has unique characteristics.
- 5.3 The results were extracted from the models and averaged for 20 simulation runs with different random seeds. Different seeds randomise the release of vehicles into the network, resulting in a different chain of events, replicating daily variability.

AM Peak Hour Results

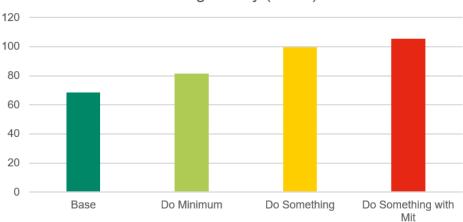
5.4 This section presents results for the modelled network in the AM period and includes an analysis of total delay, plots of average speeds and journey times within the modelled area.

Network Performance – AM Peak

5.5 The Network Performance results and average speed plots have been extracted from the models to assess the operation of the overall network. These results show the overall delays for each scenario to enable comparison of the performance of the network.

Average Delay

- 5.6 Average delay, including latent delay, has been extracted from the models in seconds per vehicle for the AM peak. The average delay is higher in all forecast scenarios when compared to the Base model, which has an average delay of 69 seconds per vehicle. The Do Minimum has 82 seconds per vehicle; the Do Something has 100 seconds per vehicle and Do Something with Mitigation has 105 seconds per vehicle.
- 5.7 The increase in average delay in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario is caused by the additional delay and routing changes in the area as a result of the proposed mitigation scheme. The results are shown in Figure 5-1 below.



Average delay (s/veh)

Figure 5-1 – AM Average Delay Per Vehicle (In Seconds)

5.8 The AM forecast models have an average of 2 vehicles in latent demand. This result is caused by vehicles trying to join the network just as the model is finishing and is considered negligible.

Average Speed Plots

- 5.9 The average speeds have been plotted on the network for the Base and Forecast models (Do Minimum, Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation) in Figure 5-2 to Figure 5-5.
- 5.10 A comparison between the speed plots for the Base AM model and the speed plots for the forecast models indicates that the main congestion points across the network remain consistent (darker blue areas) although the increased demand results in longer queues in future.
- 5.11 The Do Minimum scenario results predict slow moving traffic/ queues which extend along B1150 Norwich Road northbound, approaching the A149 / Norwich Road / Grammar School Road signalised junction. Although there are a significant number of additional trips from the NWSUE in the Do Something model, the Do Something scenario only predicts slightly lower speeds along B1150 Norwich Road compared to the Do Minimum scenario, since the Link Road mitigates for much of the impact of the NWWUE trips.
- 5.12 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario shows a very similar performance to the Do Something. The main differences are observed in Aylsham Road, where the proposed mitigation scheme results in a minor increase in delays and queues approaching the underpass, since the signals mean vehicles have to stop. The changes on the B1150 Norwich Road are caused by the routing changes predicted by the model, as drivers change their route to avoid the additional delays on Aylsham Road.
- 5.13 The operation of other key locations identified in the model, such as Cromer Road, or the A149/ B1150 junction are broadly consistent with the existing traffic conditions in all the forecast models.

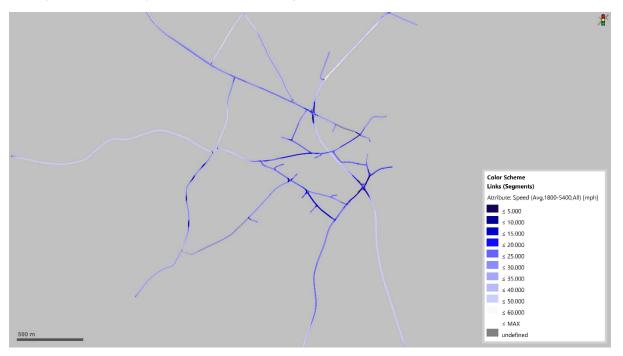


Figure 5-2 – AM Base Speeds

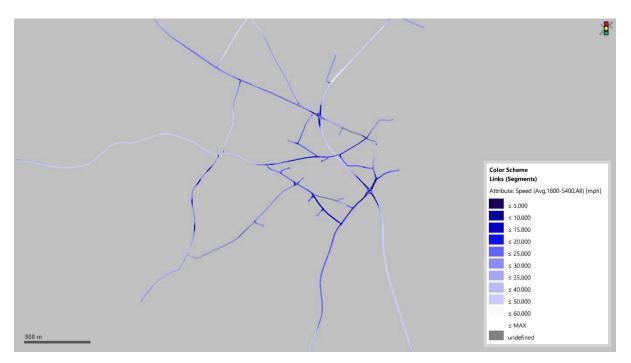


Figure 5-3 – AM Do Minimum 2036 Speeds

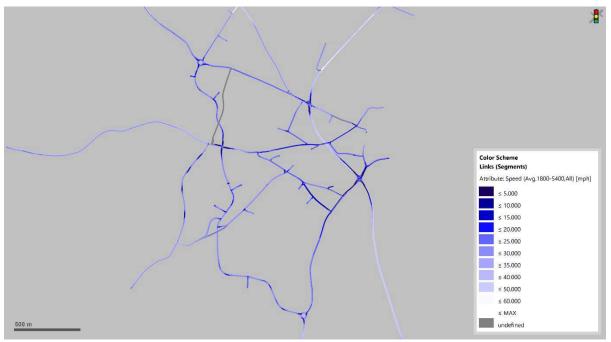


Figure 5-4 – AM Do Something 2036 Speed Plot

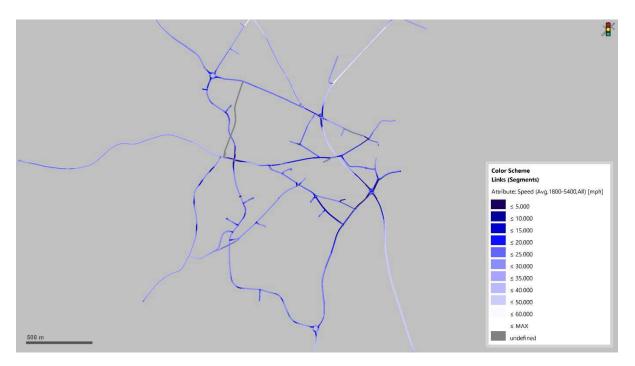


Figure 5-5 – AM Do Something with Mitigation 2036 Speed Plot

Journey Times

- 5.14 As part of the performance assessment carried out in the present study, the key journey time routes have been analysed to compare delays across the forecast scenarios in the AM peak hour.
- 5.15 Figure 5-6 and Figure 5-9 show the journey time routes selected within the model area, Journey Time Route 2 (A149 and B1145), and Journey Time Route 8 (B1150 Norwich Road, A149, and B1145).

Journey Time Route 2 – A149 and B1145

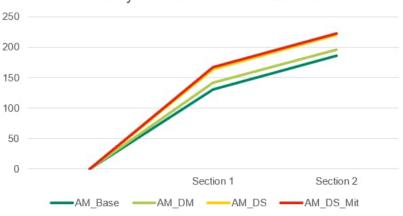
5.16 Figure 5-6 below shows Journey Time Route (JTR) 2, along the A149 and B1145.



Figure 5-6 – Journey Time Route 2 Diagram

5.17 Figure 5-7 and Figure 5-8 show the modelled results for the Base and all Forecast scenarios in the AM peak hour, for Journey Time Route 2.

- 5.18 Consistent with the average speed analysis above, the journey time results for JTR 2 show that the increase in demand included in the forecast scenarios does not significantly affect the operation of the A149 route, with only a slight increase in journey times in the Do Minimum scenario, relative to the Base year, and a more significant increase in the Do Something scenarios (with and without mitigation).
- 5.19 The additional delay in the Do Something scenarios, in both directions, is focused on the southern section, which includes the Norwich Road (B1150) junction with the A149. In the northbound direction, the overall journey time is 24 seconds higher in the Do Something scenario and 26 seconds higher for the Do Something with Mitigation, relative to the Do Minimum. In the southbound direction, the overall journey time in the Do Something is 30 seconds higher than the Do Minimum and 35 seconds higher for the Do Something with Mitigation, relative to the Do Minimum.



Journey Time Route 2 - Northbound







Journey Time Route 8 - B1150, A149, and B1145

5.20 Figure 5-9 below shows Journey Time Route (JTR) 8, along the B1150, A149 and B1145.



Figure 5-9 – Journey Time Route 8 Diagram

- 5.21 Figure 5-10 and Figure 5-11 show the modelled results for the Base and all Forecast scenarios in the AM peak hour, for Journey Time Route 8.
- 5.22 The northbound journey times on JTR 8 in the forecast models are higher than the Base, especially on the two southernmost sections, which include the effects of the congestion at the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road Junction. The overall journey time on this route for the Do Minimum is 400 seconds, with the journey times for the Do Something and the Do Something with Mitigation 40 seconds and 41 seconds higher respectively.
- 5.23 There is a smaller difference between the journey times on JTR 8 southbound between the different scenarios, with the Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation models have a journey time 26 seconds higher (for both scenarios) across the route compared to the Do Minimum.

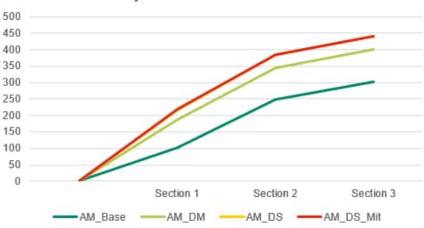
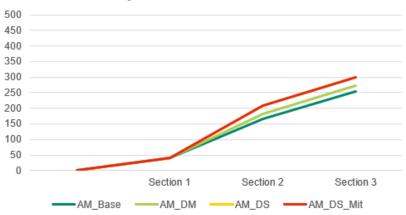




Figure 5-10 – Journey Time 8 Northbound AM



Journey Time Route 8 - Southbound

Figure 5-11 – Journey Time 8 Southbound AM

PM Peak Hour Results

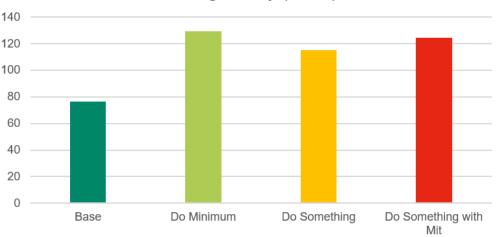
5.24 This section presents the results for the modelled network in the PM peak hour for all modelled scenarios. It includes an analysis of total delay, average speed results and journey times within the modelled area.

Network Performance – PM Peak

5.25 The Network Performance results and average speed plots have been extracted from the models to assess the operation of the overall network. These results show the overall delays for each scenario to enable comparison of the performance of the network in each scenario.

Average Delay

- 5.26 Average delay, including latent delay, has been extracted from the models in seconds per vehicle for the PM peak. The average delay is higher in all forecast year scenarios when compared to the base year, where there is an average delay of 76 seconds per vehicle. There is an averaged delay of 129 seconds per vehicle in the Do Minimum, while the Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation models have an average delay of 115 and 125 seconds per vehicle respectively.
- 5.27 The Do Something results show that the Link road creates an alternative route in the network improving the overall performance of the model.
- 5.28 The increase in average delay in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario is caused by routing changes in the area resulting from the proposed mitigation scheme. The results are shown in Figure 5-12 below.



Average delay (s/veh)

Figure 5-12 – PM Average Delay Per Vehicle (In Seconds)

5.29 The PM forecast models have an average of 3 vehicles in latent demand. This result is caused by vehicles trying to join the network just as the model is finishing and is considered negligible.

Average Speed Plots

- 5.30 The average speeds have been plotted on the network for the Base and Forecast PM models Figure 5-13 to Figure 5-16.
- 5.31 A comparison between the PM base year speed plots and the speed plots for the forecast models indicates that the main low speed areas across the network remained consistent (darker blue areas) differing only in magnitude.
- 5.32 There are slow speeds in the Do Minimum scenario along the B1150 Norwich Road northbound, approaching the A149 / Norwich Road / Grammar School Road signalised junction. The Do Something scenario speed plot is similar with queues along the B1150 Norwich Road, but despite the increased number of trips, the average speed is similar due to the addition of the Link Road, which reduces the number of vehicles using B1150 Norwich Road.
- 5.33 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario shows a very similar operation to the Do Something scenario, with only a slight reduction in speeds on Aylsham Road and the B1150 Norwich Road. The decrease in speeds on Aylsham Road is caused by the mitigation scheme, as the introduction of the signals means vehicles need to stop. The reduction in speeds on the B1150 Norwich Road is due to more vehicles choosing this route as due to the additional delay on Aylsham Road.
- 5.34 The operation of other key locations identified in the model, such as Cromer Road, or the A149/ B1150 junction are broadly consistent with the existing traffic conditions in all the forecast models.

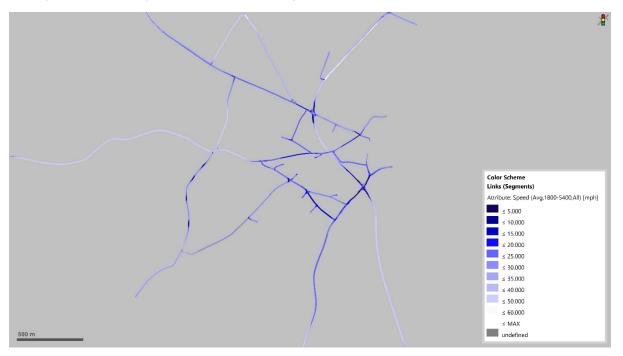


Figure 5-13 – PM Base Speeds

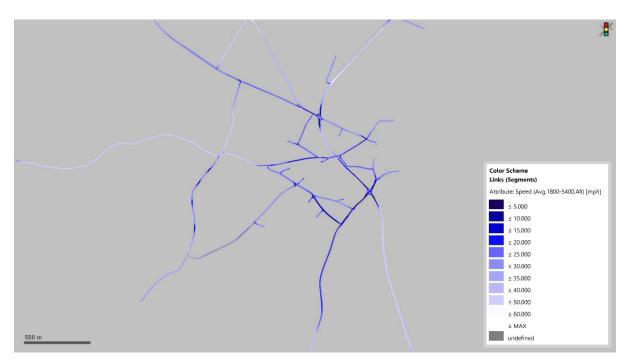


Figure 5-14 – PM Do Minimum 2036 Speeds

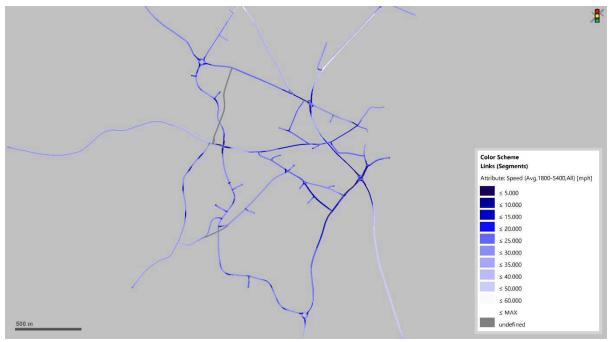


Figure 5-15 – PM Do Something 2036 Speeds

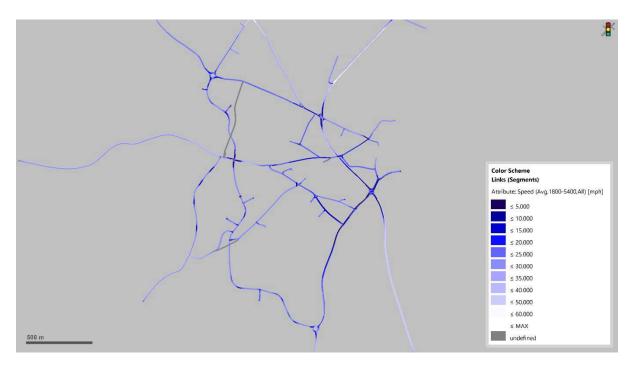


Figure 5-16 – PM Do Something with Mitigation 2036 Speeds

Journey Times – PM Peak

- 5.35 As part of the performance assessment carried out in the present study, the key journey time routes have been analysed to compare delays across the forecast scenarios in the AM peak hour.
- 5.36 Figure 5-17 and Figure 5-20 shown in the PM peak section show the key journey time routes selected within the model area, Journey Time Route 2 (A149 and B1145), and Journey Time Route 8 (B1150 Norwich Road, A149, and B1145).

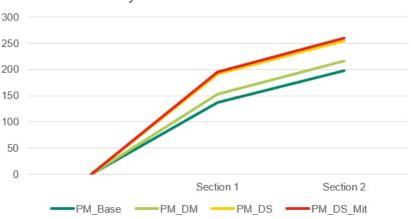
Journey Time Route 2 – A149 and B1145

5.37 Figure 5-17 below shows Journey Time Route (JTR) 2, along the A149 and B1145.



Figure 5-17 – Journey Time Route 2 Diagram

- 5.38 Figure 5-18 and Figure 5-19 show the modelled results for the Base and forecast scenarios in the PM peak hour, for Journey Time Route 2.
- 5.39 The increased demand in the Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation models translates to an increased delay on the northbound approach to the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction. This junction cannot accommodate the forecast demand in the 2036 Do Minimum PM, so is further over capacity when the development trips are added. The Do Something shows an increase in journey time of 39 seconds, relative to the Do Minimum, while the Do Something with Mitigation show an increase of 44 seconds.
- 5.40 The journey time results are not significantly different between the Do Minimum and Do Something for JTR 2 southbound on the northern section of the route; there are higher journey times in the Do Something scenario, relative to the Do Minimum on the southern section of the route, but in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario the overall journey times are only slightly higher than the Do Minimum.



Journey Time Route 2 - Northbound

Figure 5-18 - Journey Time Route 2 Northbound PM



Figure 5-19 Journey Time Route 2 Southbound PM

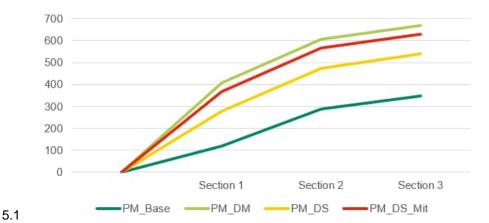
Journey Time Route 8 – B1150, A149, and B1145

5.41 Figure 5-20 below shows Journey Time Route (JTR) 8, which runs along the B1150, A149 and B1145.



Figure 5-20 – Journey Time Route 8 Diagram

- 5.42 Figure 5-21 and Figure 5-22 show the modelled results for the Base and forecast scenarios in the PM peak hour, for Journey Time Route 8.
- 5.43 The JTR 8 northbound journey times in the 2036 forecast models are higher than the Base year, especially on the two southernmost sections, which include the effects of the congestion in the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction. The overall Do Something journey time is 130 seconds faster than the Do Minimum and the Do Something with Mitigation is 38 seconds faster. It can be observed that despite the increase in trips from the NWWUE, the Link Road releaves some of the congestion on the B1150 Norwich Road.
- 5.44 In the Do Something with Mitigation scenario, vehicles which are deterred from routing along Aylsham Road due to the mitigation, add to the already congested B1150 Norwich Road route, increasing the journey times through the junction. However, the journey time is still faster than the Do Minimum scenario.
- 5.45 There is a smaller difference on JTR 8 southbound between the different scenarios: the Do Something is 32 seconds slower than the Do Minimum, while Do Something with Mitigation is 9 seconds slower than the Do Minimum.



Journey Time Route 8 - Northbound



Journey Time Route 8 - Southbound

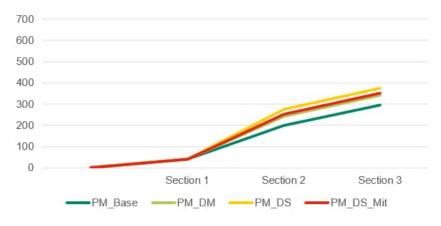


Figure 5-22 – Journey Time 8 Southbound PM

6. Junction Analysis

Introduction

6.1 This section presents the analysis of results for the junctions within the study area which have been identified from the survey data/observations in the model area as having the most significant impact on network operation.

Key Junctions

- 6.2 The key locations are defined as follows and can also be seen in Figure 6-1 below:
 - 1 Cromer Road / A149 / B1145 Junction;
 - 2 Cromer Road / Aylsham Road / Mundesley Road Junction;
 - 3 B1150 Norwich Road / A149 Junction; and
 - 4 Norwich Road / Millfield Road Junction.
- 6.3 These locations have been analysed individually in the models to extract queue and delay results for the Do Minimum, Do Something, and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios, to provide an assessment of the NWWUE development impact.
- 6.4 The junction analysis results have been extracted from the Forecast models for each junction. The Millfield Road junction has been run independently with the signals at B1150 Norwich Road / A149 / Grammar School Road being deactivated so that queues and delays can be accurately attributed to this junction.
- 6.5 It should be noted that the operation of some of these key locations depends on variable factors such as on-street parking and courtesy/give-way behaviours, which have been modelled and calibrated to observed queuing patterns/ levels of delay.



Figure 6-1 – Key Junctions in North Walsham Model Area

Cromer Road / A149 / B1145 Junction (1)

- 6.6 Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3 show the queues and delays in the AM and PM peak hours at the Cromer Road / A149 / B1145 junction. The queue results are set out in the top junction layout and the delays are in the bottom junction layout.
- 6.7 The model results show that the NWWUE development demand included in the AM and PM Do Something / Do Something with Mitigation scenarios results in only a negligible increase in queues and delays at the junction.

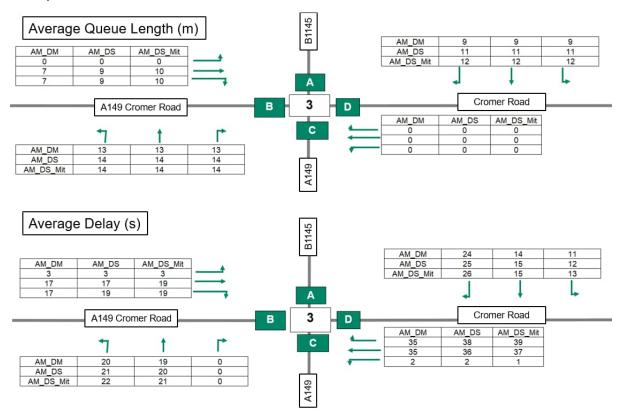


Figure 6-2 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM Peak

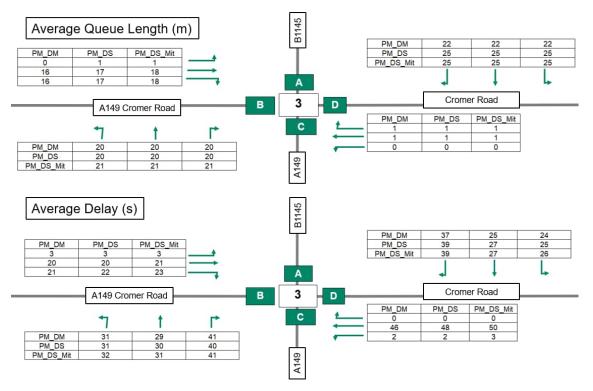
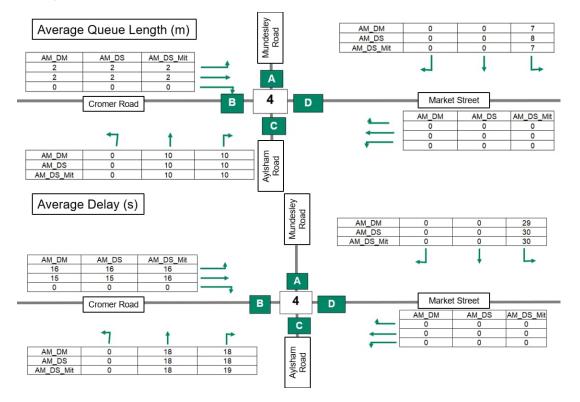


Figure 6-3 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM Peak

Cromer Road / Aylsham Road / Mundesley Road Junction (2)

- 6.8 Figure 6-4 and Figure 6-5 show the queues and delays in the AM and PM peak hours at the Cromer Road / Aylsham Road / Mundesley Road junction. The queue results are set out in the top junction layout and the delays are in the bottom junction layout.
- 6.9 The model results show that the NWWUE development demand included in the AM and PM Do Something / Do Something with Mitigation scenarios results in only a negligible increase in queues and delays at the junction.



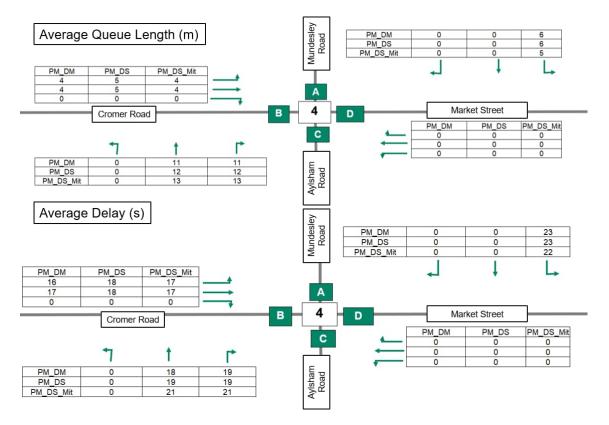


Figure 6-4 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

Figure 6-5 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

B1150 Norwich Road / A149 Junction (3)

- 6.10 Figure 6-6 shows the queues and delays at the signalised junction between Norwich Road and A149 (North Walsham Bypass) in the AM peak hour. The queue results are set out in the top junction layout and the delays are in the bottom junction layout.
- 6.11 The junction analysis results show that the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction does not provide enough capacity to accommodate the forecasted demand in the AM Do Something / Do Something with Mitigation, resulting in significant queues and delays approaching the junction, with Norwich Road being the most affected.
- 6.12 When comparing the Do Minimum with the Do Something scenario, the addition of the NWWUE development trips in the AM Do Something scenario results in an increase in delay of approximately 150 seconds approaching the junction from the west for the left-turn, though this reduces to approximately 50-60 seconds for the straight-ahead and right-turn movements. The main capacity issue is for the left-turn movement from Norwich Road to the A149 northbound; due to the extensive queuing on this approach the left-turn flare struggles to be accessed, as vehicles need to change lanes twice, and is therefore inefficiently utilised and there is also limited green time allocated to the left-turn movement.
- 6.13 The increase in delay noted above in the Do something scenario relative to the Do Minimmum is also reflected in longer queues. Queues increase by approximately 120 metres on the Norwich Road approach. The queues generated at the A149/ Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction reach the Norwich Road/ Millfield Road junction reducing gap availability for the vehicles from Millfield Road to access Norwich Road northbound.
- 6.14 When comparing the Do Something scenario with the Do Something with Mitigation, it can be observed that the mitigation scheme causes a small, but consistent increase in queues and delays at all arms of the junction. This is caused by the mitigation making Aylsham Road a less attractive route and vehicles rerouting through this junction.

6.15 The increase in delay at the other arms and movements is significantly lower at approximately 10 to 20 seconds on the remaining three arms.

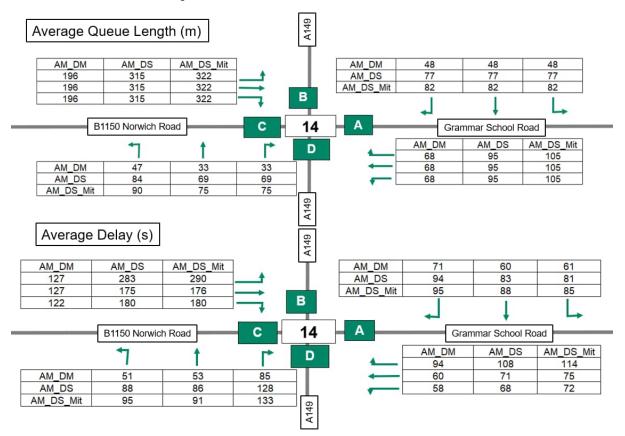


Figure 6-6 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

- 6.16 Figure 6-8 shows the queues and delays at the signalised junction between Norwich Road and A149 for the PM peak hour.
- 6.17 As in the AM peak, the junction analysis results show that the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction does not provide enough capacity to accommodate the demand in any of the forecast scenarios, resulting in significant queues and delays approaching the junction, especially in Norwich Road.
- 6.18 The addition of the NWWUE development trips and link road in the Do Something scenario results in an approximate 10-second reduction in delay approaching the junction from B1150 Norwich Road. There are, however, increases in delay of approximately 30-50 seconds in the remaining three arms.
- 6.19 When comparing the Do Minimum scenario to the Do Something, the average queue length along B1150 Norwich Road was reduced by approximately 80 metres in the Do Something scenario. However, the A149 arms and Grammar School Road arm increased by approximately 50-60 metres. Delays follow similar suit as there is a decrease in the B1150 Norwich Road but an increase in the rest of the arms. This is caused by the routing allowed by the Link Road. Additionally, this effect seems to be also caused by the signals at the junction, which respond differently to the different arrival patterns.
- 6.20 When comparing the Do Somethingscenario to the Do Something with Mitigation scenario it can be observed that the mitigation causes more delay, which results in more vehicles routeing through the B1150 Norwich Road junction, increasing delay in this location. This changes the arrival patterns at the junction, meaning these is less queueing on the A149 southbound but an increased queue on Norwich Road in the Do Something with Mitigation.
- 6.21 The routing patterns in the PM peak are mainly formed by vehicles travelling to North Walsham town centre from the main access points (Norwich road and A149). The Link Road together with Aylsham Road provides a suitable alternative route that allows some of these vehicles to reach the town centre and avoid the delays at Norwich road / A149 junction. Figure 6-7, shows the different routes in blue, orange and green.

- 6.22 It should be noted that the additional delay in Aylsham Road created by the proposed mitigation makes both routes (Link Road in blue and Millfield Road in orange) less attractive, reducing the number of vehicles that choose this route over the B1150 Norwich Road / A149 junction (green in the figure).
- 6.23 This difference between Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation is not apparent in the AM peak due to the different routing patterns and the tidal nature of flows.

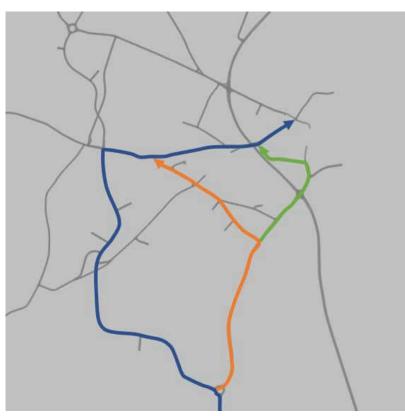


Figure 6-7 Alternative routes into North Walsham town centre from the south.

- 6.24 Changes in delay and queues on Grammar School Road and the A149 Northbound are negligible between the Do Something and the Do Something with Mitigation.
- 6.25 The difference in queues and delays between the Do Minimum and Do Something is lower than in the AM Peak, due to higher congestion levels in the PM Do Minimum scenario and the different travel patterns generated by the NWWUE development.

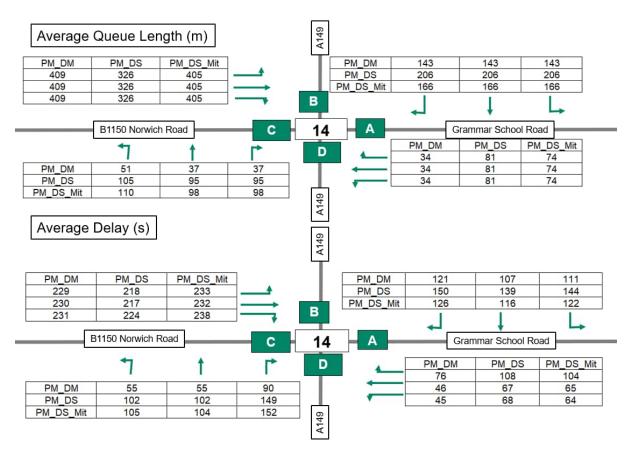


Figure 6-8 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

Norwich Road / Millfield Road Junction (4)

- 6.26 Figure 6-9 shows the queues and delays at the signalised Norwich Road/ Millfield Road junction for the AM peak hour. The queue results are set out in the top junction layout and the delays are in the bottom junction layout.
- 6.27 The results show no significant impact on this junction in the AM and PM peaks as the queues and delays are relatively stable after additional trips from the NWWUE development. It should be noted that the operation of this junction is likely to be affected by the queues generated at the A149/Norwich Road/Grammar School Road junction.

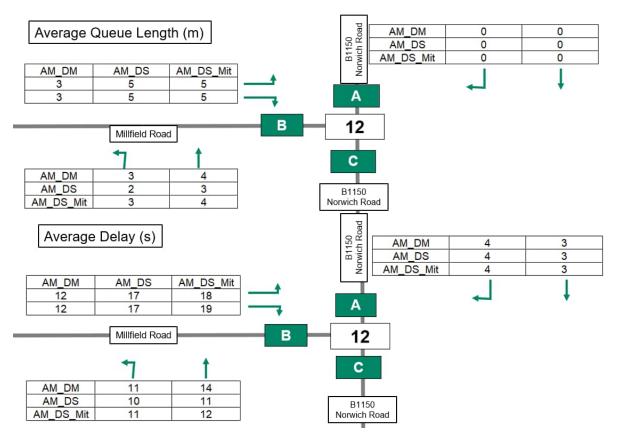


Figure 6-9 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

6.28 Figure 6-10 shows the queues and delays at the Norwich Road/ Millfield Road junction in the PM peak hour.

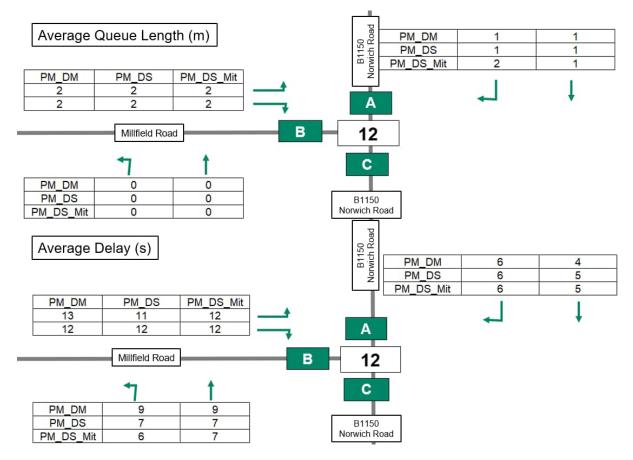


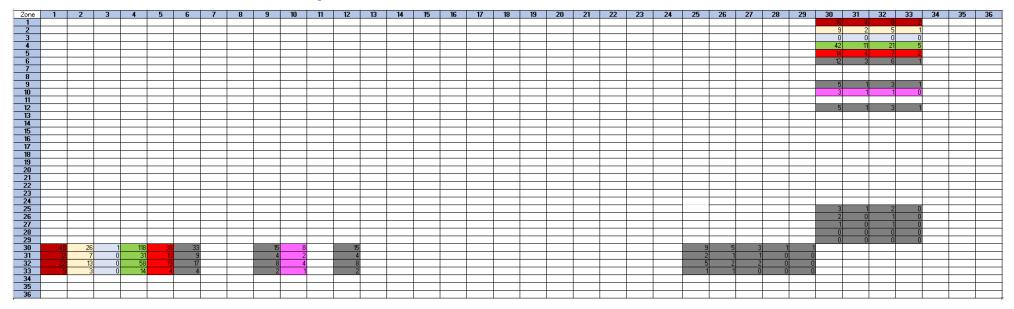
Figure 6-10 – Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

7. Conclusions

- 7.1 The forecast Vissim models have been developed and updated to represent the 2036 future year scenarios for the Do Minimum (future growth without North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE) but including the proposed infrastructure changes at the B1150 / A149 signalised junction) and Do Something (with NWWUE). A further Do Something with Mitigation model has also been developed to include the Aylsham Road one-way signalised junction under the bridge. The comparison of the Do Something and Do Minimum has been made to assess the impact of the NWWUE development.
- 7.2 The models show that the Norwich Road / A149 signalised junction struggles to accommodate the forecasted demand, resulting in longer queues and delays on all approaches which can impact other junctions such as the Norwich Road / Millfield Road junction. While there is an increase in queue and delay in the AM peak, in the PM peak, the Do Something model has a shorter queue length and lower delay when compared to the Do Minimum PM. The Do Something with Mitigation PM peak has a similar queue length and delay as the Do Minimum PM model.
- 7.3 The Do Something with Mitigation models increase slightly queue lengths and delays at other locations in the network, such as Aylsham Road with the Link Road junction, due to the mitigation reducing the attractiveness of the Aylsham Road underpass. However, these rerouting effects are considered negligible when comparing the Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios.
- 7.4 The model operation and results from the other key locations identified in the area, such as Aylsham Road or the Cromer Road/ B1145 signalised junction, show that the additional NWWUE trip generation in the 2036 forecast year will not significantly increase queues and delays at these locations.

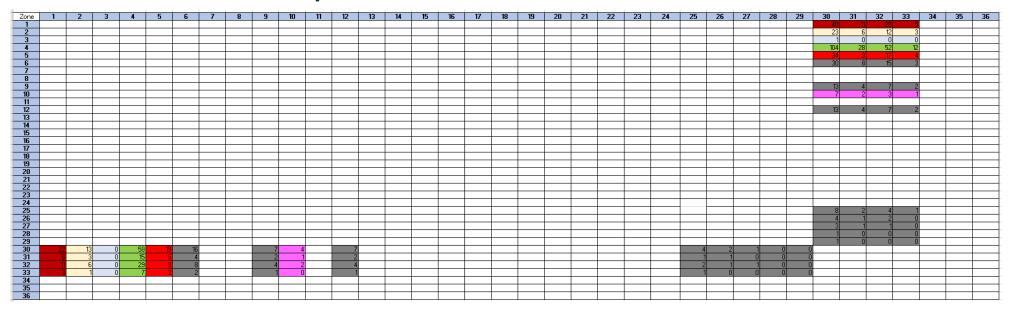
8. Appendix A – Demand Development

External Residential Trips – AM Peak



Internal Residential Trips – AM Peak

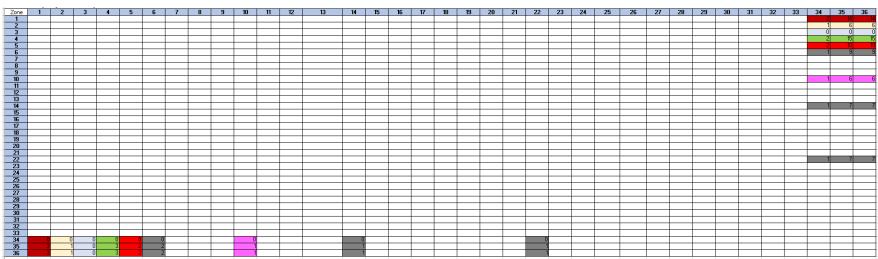
Zone	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
30					87	7	7
31					23	2	2
32					43	4	4
33					10	1	1
34	31	8	16	4			
35	3	1	1	0			
36	3	1	1	0			



External Residential Trips – PM Peak

Internal Residential Trips – PM Peak

Zone	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
30					2	3	3
31					1	1	1
32					1	1	1
33					0	0	0
34	4	1	2	0			
35	5	1	2	1			
36	5	1	2	1			



Employment Trips (Car/LGV) – AM Peak

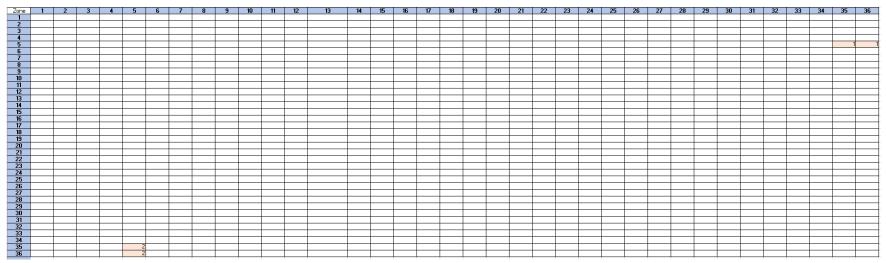
Employment Trips (HGV) – AM Peak

Zone	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
1																																				
2																																				
3																																				
4																																				
5																																			4	4
6																																				
7																																				
8																																				
9																																				
10																																				
11																																				
12																																				
13																																				
14																																				
15																																				
16																																				
17																																				
18																																				
19																																				,
20																																				,
21																																				,
22																																				,
23																																				,
24																																				,
25																																				,
26																																				
27																																				,
28																																				
29																																				,
30																																				
31																																				
32																																				
33																																				
34																																				,
35					2																															
36					2																															

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1

Employment Trips (Car/LGV) – PM Peak

Employment Trips (HGV) – PM Peak



aecom.com



Coltishall Forecast Model Report

The Client ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships

22nd September 2023

Delivering a better world

Quality information

Prepared by		Check	and by	Verified by		Approved by			
BO		M	ni Propie	Navan		his Ad			
Martin Drapier Gomis Senior Consultant Graduate Consultant		Martin Senior	Drapier Gomis Consultant	Javier Navarro Principal Const		Phil Arnold Associate Director			
Revision History	1								
Revision	Revision	date	Details	Authorized	Name	Position			
Distribution List									
# Hard Copies	PDF Req	uired	Association / Con	npany Name					

Prepared for:

The Client ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships

Prepared by:

Martin Drapier Gomis Senior Consultant M: +44 7921646161 E: martin.drapiergomis@aecom.com

AECOM Limited Aldgate Tower 2 Leman Street London E1 8FA United Kingdom aecom.com

© 2023 AECOM Limited. All Rights Reserved.

This document has been prepared by AECOM Limited ("AECOM") for sole use of our client (the "Client") in accordance with generally accepted consultancy principles, the budget for fees and the terms of reference agreed between AECOM and the Client. Any information provided by third parties and referred to herein has not been checked or verified by AECOM, unless otherwise expressly stated in the document. No third party may rely upon this document without the prior and express written agreement of AECOM.

Table of Contents

1.	Table of Contents	. 4
2.	Figures	. 5
3.	Tables	. 5
4.	Introduction	. 6
Backg	round	6
Base \	/issim Model	6
	Purpose	
	t Structure	
5.	Forecast Model Development	. 8
Overvi	ew	8
Netwo	rk Coding	. 8
6.	Future Year Demand	11
	uction	
Zoning]	.11
Demar	nd Methodology	.11
7.	Model Assignment and Evaluation	13
8.	Model Results	14
Introdu	uction	14
AM Re	esults	14
1.9.1	Network Performance – AM Peak	14
	Average Delay	
1.9.3	Average Speed Plots	15
1.9.4	Journey Time Results – AM Peak	17
PM Re	esults	19
	PM – Overall Network Performance	
	Average Delay	
	Average Speed Plots	
1.9.8	Journey Time Results – PM Peak	22
9.	Junction Analysis	25
Introdu	uction	25
Rector	ry Road / Norwich Road Roundabout (1)	26
Norwic	ch Road and B1354 Gyratory (PFS) (2)	27
	Street (3)	
High S	St / Gt Hautbois Rd / Station Rd Junction (4)	31
	Conclusions	
Appe	ndix A – Demand Development Matrices	35

Figures

Figure 4-1 Coltishall Vissim Model Area	
Figure 5-1 B1150 Norwich Road Proposed Infrastructure Change Layout	9
Figure 5-2 Parked cars on High Street	
Figure 5-3 PM queuing on High Street, from floating car footage	10
Figure 6-1 Vissim Forecast Model Zone Map	11
Figure 8-1 Average AM Delay	
Figure 8-2 Base AM Average Speeds	
Figure 8-3 2036 AM Do Minimum Speeds	
Figure 8-4 2036 AM Do Something Speeds	
Figure 8-5 2036 AM Do Something with Mitigation Speeds	
Figure 8-6 Coltishall Routes	
Figure 8-7 Journey Time Route 1 – Northbound	
Figure 8-8 Journey Time Route 1 – Southbound	
Figure 8-9 Journey Time Route 2 – Eastbound	
Figure 8-10 Journey Time Route 2 – Westbound	
Figure 8-11 Average PM Delay	
Figure 8-12 Base PM Speeds	
Figure 8-13 2036 PM Do Minimum Speeds	
Figure 8-14 2036 PM Do Something Speeds	
Figure 8-15 2036 PM Do Something with Mitigation Speeds	
Figure 8-16 Journey Time Route 1 – Northbound	
Figure 8-17 Journey Time Route 1 – Southbound	
Figure 8-18 Journey Time Route 2 – Eastbound	
Figure 8-19 Journey Time Route 2 – Westbound	
Figure 9-1 Key locations in Coltishall	
Figure 9-2 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak	
Figure 9-3 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak	
Figure 9-4 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak	
Figure 9-5 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak	
Figure 9-6 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak	
Figure 9-7 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak	
Figure 9-8 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak	
Figure 9-9 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak	33

Tables

Table 5-1 Forecast Scenarios	8
Table 6-1 Growth Factors	11
Table 6-2 WUE Development Demand	12
Table 10-1 2036 AM Forecast Demand	35
Table 10-2 2036 PM Forecast Demand	35

1. Introduction

Background

- 1.1 ESCO Developments, Flagship Housing Group and Lovell Partnerships ('The Client Group') have commissioned AECOM to develop Vissim forecast models of the village of Coltishall to assess the future operation of the road network and the potential impact of the North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE).
- 1.2 The Vissim models have been developed for the 2036 year to assess the impact of the NWWUE development and predict the future traffic conditions in the model area. The growth in traffic demand and the additional demand generated by the NWWUE has been calculated in line with the Transport Assessment (TA) developed by AECOM.
- 1.3 This Forecast Modelling Report documents the development of the models from the base year scenario and presents the results of the future year assessments.

Base Vissim Model

- 1.4 The 2022 Vissim Base model for Coltishall has been used as a starting point to develop the forecast scenarios. AECOM developed and validated the Vissim Base model in late 2022.
- 1.5 The Base model was successfully calibrated and validated to replicate the existing operation during the traffic surveys, for the Coltishall modelled area, as shown in Figure 1-1. Further details regarding the Base model operation and the calibration and validation results can be found in the Vissim Local Model Validation Report (LMVR) for Coltishall.





1.6 The forecast year models have been developed for the 2036 forecast year. The models were developed for the Weekday AM and PM peak hours, defined as 07:45 – 08:45 and 16:30 – 17:30. Fifteen-minute warmup and cool-down periods have also been modelled to saturate the network with traffic, before the evaluated peak hour, and allow journeys to complete after the peak hour.

Model Purpose

- 1.7 The forecast models have been used to assess the operation of the network in 2036 in line with the forecast assumptions contained in the Transport Assessment for the NWWUE. Three different scenarios: 'Do Minimum', 'Do Something', and 'Do Something with Mitigation' have been developed for the 2036 forecast year. Definition of these scenarios and the changes they include from the base modelling can be found in Table 2-1.
- 1.8 The operation of the Do Minimum model was used as a benchmark to assess the impact of the trips generated by the NWWUE which were included in the Do Something scenarios.

Report Structure

- 1.9 The remainder of the report is structured as follows:
 - Section 2 outlines the development of the forecast models and scenarios that have been tested;
 - Section 3 describes the demand development methodology for the future year;
 - Section 4 describes the assignment methodology;
 - Section 5 presents and analyses the forecast modelling results;
 - Section 6 presents and analyses the operation of the key areas; and
 - Section 7 provides a summary and concludes the forecast modelling.

2. Forecast Model Development

Overview

- 2.1 The Coltishall forecast models were coded using the same version of Vissim 21.00-12 (64-bit) used to develop the 2022 Base models. This section outlines the changes made to the Base models to build the forecast models.
- 2.2 Three forecast model scenarios were developed:
 - 2036 'Do Minimum' model for AM and PM peak periods;
 - 2036 'Do Something' model for AM and PM peak periods; and
 - 2036 'Do Something with Mitigation' model for AM and PM peak periods.
- 2.3 The networks and demand flows used for each of the scenarios are set out in Table 2-1 below.

Table 2-1	Forecast	Scenarios
-----------	----------	-----------

Scenario	Network	Demand
2036 Do Minimum	Base Model network	2022 Base * 2022-2036 Growth Factor
2036 Do Something	Base Model network	2036 Do Minimum + NWWUE 2036 Demand
2036 Do Something with Mitigation	Base Model network + Right-turn lane on Norwich Road	2036 Do Minimum + NWWUE 2036 Demand

+ Removal of on-street parking on High Street

Network Coding

- 2.4 There are no proposed changes to the network in the 2036 Do Minimum and Do Something scenarios, so all modelling features such as the desired speed decisions, reduced speed areas, public transport and priority rules remain consistent with the Base models.
- 2.5 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario includes a network change along B1150 Norwich Road, where a 20-metre right turn pocket is introduced to avoid right turners to the B1354 Church Street blocking northbound traffic on B1150 Norwich Road. The general layout of this infrastructure change can be seen in Figure 2-1 below.

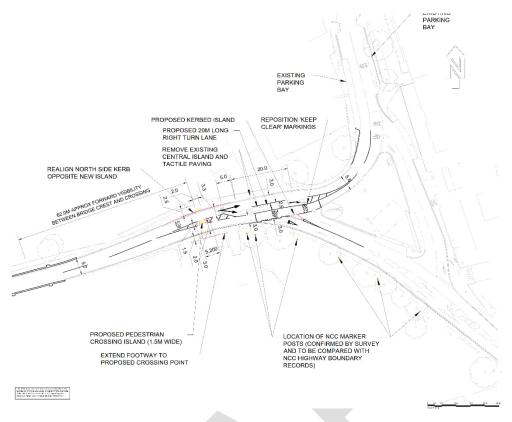


Figure 2-1 B1150 Norwich Road Proposed Infrastructure Change Layout

2.6 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario also includes removal of on-street parking along High Street in the PM peak. The PM base model includes a section of carriageway where traffic cannot pass in both directions at the same time, to replicate observed behaviour caused by the on street parking. This is not included in the AM peak base year as this behaviour/ parking was not observed, with traffic flowing freely along this section. The presence of parked cars can be seen in Figure 2-2, in an image taken from Google StreetView. This image shows that cars are parked on both sides of the street, which limits the road space available for vehicles to pass. In addition, Figure 2-3 shows a still taken from the in-vehicle footage used to survey journey times in the PM period, which shows how parked cars impede the free flow of traffic in both directions.



Figure 2-2 Parked cars on High Street



Figure 2-3 PM queuing on High Street, from floating car footage

2.7 It should be noted that the links at the edges of the forecast models have been extended to allow the models to capture the full extent of longer queues caused by the increased traffic volumes in future years. These are only theoretical extensions, so the full extent of the delay is reported in the results, however, this does not represent any change to the modelled area.

3. Future Year Demand

Introduction

3.1 The forecast demand included in the Vissim models has been derived from the Transport Assessment (TA) developed by AECOM.

Zoning

- 3.2 Since the forecast models do not include any significant network changes from the base models, the zoning system developed for the Vissim Base models remains unchanged in the forecast scenarios.
- 3.3 A map of the zones from the forecast scenarios has been reproduced below in Figure 3-1.



Figure 3-1 Vissim Forecast Model Zone Map

Demand Methodology

- 3.4 The forecast Vissim demand matrices were derived using the growth factors and the trip distribution from the TA developed by AECOM. A complete list of the development demand matrices can be found in Appendix A.
- 3.5 Table 3-1 shows the growth factors derived from the Trip End Model Presentation Program (TEMPro) for each forecast year. These have been taken from the TA. These growth factors were applied to the base model demand matrices to uplift traffic volumes for the Do Minimum scenarios.

Table 3-1 Growth Factors

Vehicle Type	2036 AM	2036 PM
Car	1.084	1.080
LGV	1.084	1.080
HGV	1.050	1.050

3.6 The NWWUE trip generation and trip distribution assumptions included in the TA have been used to derive the number of additional trips and routes through Coltishall associated with the NWWUE. Table 3-2 details the additional development-related trips included in the Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation models which would travel through Coltishall on their journey to and from the development. Full details of the forecast demand changes can be found in Appendix A.

Table 3-2 WUE Development Demand

Development Demand	2036 AM	2036 PM
Car / LGV	260	251
HGV	0	0

- 3.7 It should be noted that the development trip totals were provided split into two vehicle types: Cars/Light Good Vehicles (LGVs) and Heavy Goods Vehicles (HGVs). However, the Vissim models categorise Cars and LGVs as separate vehicle types. To account for this, Car and LGV proportions were calculated from the base matrix and used to split the development demand.
- 3.8 The development of additional demand from Zone 4 to itself included in the figures provided by the TA was manually reduced to 0 in the Vissim model. These trips were determined to be U-turns that would realistically occur outside the modelled area.
- 3.9 The absolute demand changes for each Origin-Destination (OD) pair were applied by vehicle class (Cars, LGVs and HGVs) to the base peak hour matrices from the Vissim base model to develop the Forecast demand matrices.
- 3.10 The forecast peak hour matrices were profiled into 15-minute periods using the same profiles used in the Vissim base model matrices to develop each 15-minute matrix, creating six matrices for each vehicle type.

4. Model Assignment and Evaluation

- 4.1 The assignment methodology used in the forecast models has been kept consistent with the base models and as set out in the LMVR.
- 4.2 The evaluation results are based on the average of 20 simulation runs with different random seeds. Different random seeds randomise the release of vehicles into the network, resulting in a different chain of events, replicating daily variability.

5. Model Results

Introduction

- 5.1 This section presents the analysis of results for the Base, Do Minimum, Do Something, and Do Something with Mitigation forecast scenarios. The results were extracted for the following models:
 - Base (2022) AM and PM peak hours;
 - Do Minimum (2036) AM and PM peak hours;
 - Do Something (2036) AM and PM peak hours; and
 - Do Something with Mitigation (2036) AM and PM peak hours.
- 5.2 The analysis in the following section has been divided into the AM and PM peak hours which have unique characteristics. A detailed analysis of the critical areas in the network is provided in Section 6.

AM Results

5.3 This section presents results for the full modelled network in the AM period and includes an analysis of average delay, plots of average speeds and journey times within the modelled area.

Network Performance – AM Peak

5.4 The Network Performance results and average speed plots have been extracted from the models to assess the operation of the overall network. These results provide the overall delays for each scenario to enable comparison of the performance of the network in each scenario.

Average Delay

- 5.5 Figure 5-1 shows the average delay per vehicle within the network for the four scenarios for the AM peak hour.
- 5.6 The graph shows that there is a large increase in average delay per vehicle in the Do Minimum, Do Something, and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios, when compared to the base scenario. The Do Minimum scenario increases to an average of 118 seconds per vehicle from 84 seconds per vehicle in the Base. While the Do Something scenario has the greatest average delay, increasing to 236 seconds per vehicle. However, when the mitigation is in place, the average delay is reduced to 141 seconds per vehicle, so the mitigation is predicted to offset most of the impact of the additional NWWUE trips, so the development would only increase delay by 23 seconds on average.



Figure 5-1 Average AM Delay

Average Speed Plots

- 5.7 The average speed results have been plotted on the modelled network for the AM Base and the three AM forecast scenarios and these are shown in Figure 5-2 through to Figure 5-5.
- 5.8 The increase in NWWUE demand included in the Do Something scenario increases queues through Colitshall, as shown in Figure 5-4. A significant proportion of this congestion originates from the right turn from Norwich Road to the B1354, just before the garage; the increase in southbound traffic volumes significantly reduces the gaps available for right-turning vehicles, blocking the eastbound and northbound movements. The speeds are higher in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario, due to the provision of a right-turn pocket, allowing traffic to flow more freely on the B1150 Norwich Road northbound.



Figure 5-2 Base AM Average Speeds

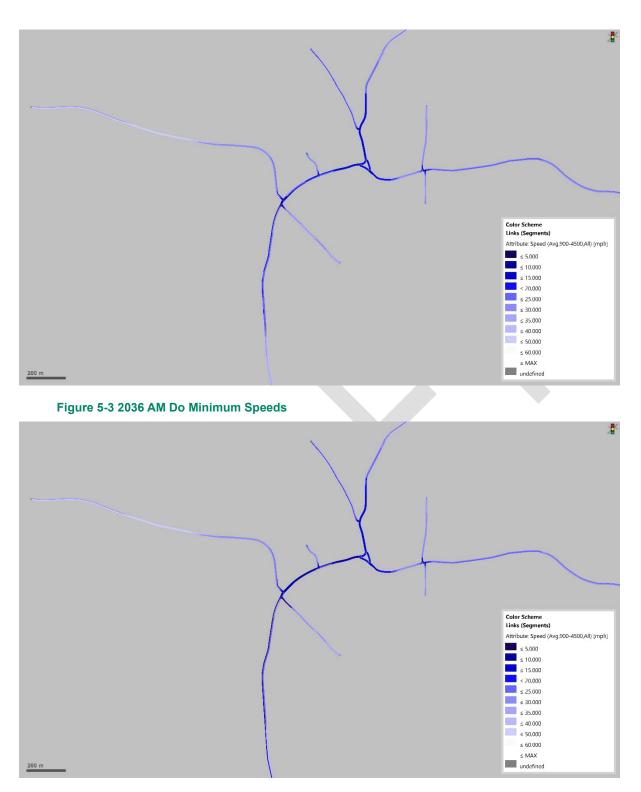


Figure 5-4 2036 AM Do Something Speeds

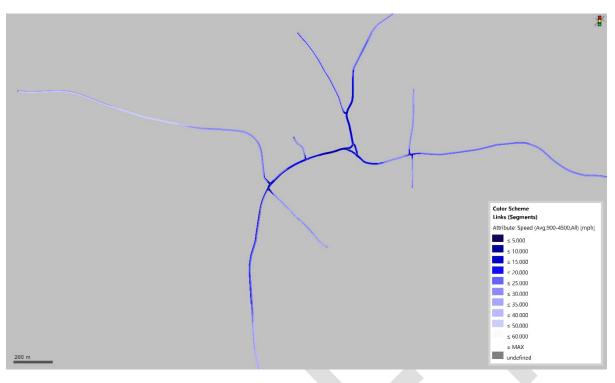


Figure 5-5 2036 AM Do Something with Mitigation Speeds

Journey Time Results – AM Peak

5.9 Journey time data has been extracted for the forecast model for the two journey time routes which were validated in the base model. The results have been used to compare delays across the forecast scenarios for the AM peak hour. Figure 5-6 shows the two journey time routes defined within the model area.



Figure 5-6 Coltishall Routes

5.10 Journey Time Route (JTR) 1 is along the B1150 Station Road and High Street to the junction of the B1150 and B1354 to the south of the Petrol Filling Station (PFS) in the centre of Coltishall. Journey Time Route

(JTR) 2 extends along the B1150 Norwich Road from the junction with Green Lane, over the river bridge and along the B1354 to the junctions with Kings Road.

- 5.11 Figure 5-7 to Figure 5-10 show the modelled results for the Base and all forecast scenarios in the AM peak hour, for the defined routes.
- 5.12 The journey time results for the forecast models are broadly similar for all routes when compared to the Base. For the JTR 1 in the northbound direction, the Do Minimum, Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios have similar journey times to the Base in both directions, although the Do Something journey times are slightly longer overall.
- 5.13 The journey times for JTR 2 westbound are also broadly similar for all forecast scenarios, although there is an increase of just under 20 seconds in the Do Something scenarios.
- 5.14 The journey times on JTR 2 eastbound are consistent with the average speed analysis above, with significant increase in journey times in the Do Something scenario, relative to the Do Minimum due to blocking back from the right turn into the B1354, which results in longer queues. However, it can be seen than the provision of the right turn pocket in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario, significantly reduces journey times, bringing them down to a similar level to the Do Minimum scenario.



Figure 5-7 Journey Time Route 1 – Northbound



Figure 5-8 Journey Time Route 1 – Southbound



Figure 5-9 Journey Time Route 2 – Eastbound



Figure 5-10 Journey Time Route 2 – Westbound

PM Results

5.15 This section presents the network performance results for the modelled network in the PM peak hour. It includes an analysis of average delay, average speed results and journey times within the modelled area as a whole.

PM – Overall Network Performance

5.16 The Network Performance results and average speed plots have been extracted from the model to assess the operation of the entire network. These results provide an overview of the delays in each scenario for comparison.

Average Delay

- 5.17 Figure 5-13 shows the average delay per vehicle within the network across the four PM scenarios.
- 5.18 The graph shows there is a significant predicted increase in delay in the Do Minimum scenario relative to the Base year, with delay increasing from 48 seconds per vehicle to 145 seconds per vehicle. When the additional NWWUE trips are added this delay increases to 321 seconds per vehicle. The main causes of this additional delay is queuing at the parked cars (observed in the PM scenario and modelled in the base year) which allow only one direction of traffic to pass at a time.
- 5.19 The average delay per vehicle is reduced to 137 seconds per vehicle in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario, showing that the proposed mitigation offsets the impact of the development traffic in the PM peak, with average delay below the level in the Do Minimum.

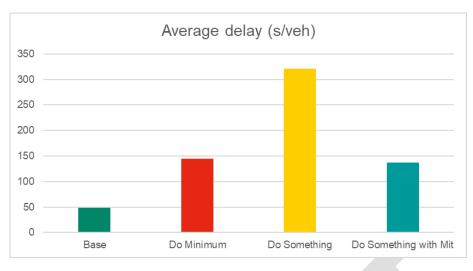


Figure 5-11 Average PM Delay

Average Speed Plots

- 5.20 The average speed results for the Base PM models and the three forecast scenarios are shown in Figure 5-12 to Figure 5-15 below.
- 5.21 The speed plots show how the additional demand added in the Do Minimum, Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios increases the queue lengths (red and dark red areas) in the network, especially along the High Street area.
- 5.22 The results show how the additional demand added to each scenario gradually increases the queue lengths (red and dark red areas) in the network, especially along the High Street area, as shown in Figure 5-14. This queue along the B1150 is caused by a section of the High Street effectively being a single lane due to on-street parking in the PM peak. Furthermore, over 90% of the NWWUE development trips that travel through Coltishall do so via the High Street, resulting in queues building up along the B1150.
- 5.23 It should be noted that the operation of this movement was highlighted as a capacity pinch point in the base model. The operation and cooperative behaviour along the one-way section of the High Street is dependent on the arrival patterns and demand levels in northbound and southbound directions.
- 5.24 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario assumes that parking restrictions will avoid vehicles parking on street in this short section of the High Street which has such a significant impact on two-way flow. The models predict that the queues and delay along High Street would be reduced significantly, increasing the speeds of vehicles along that route.

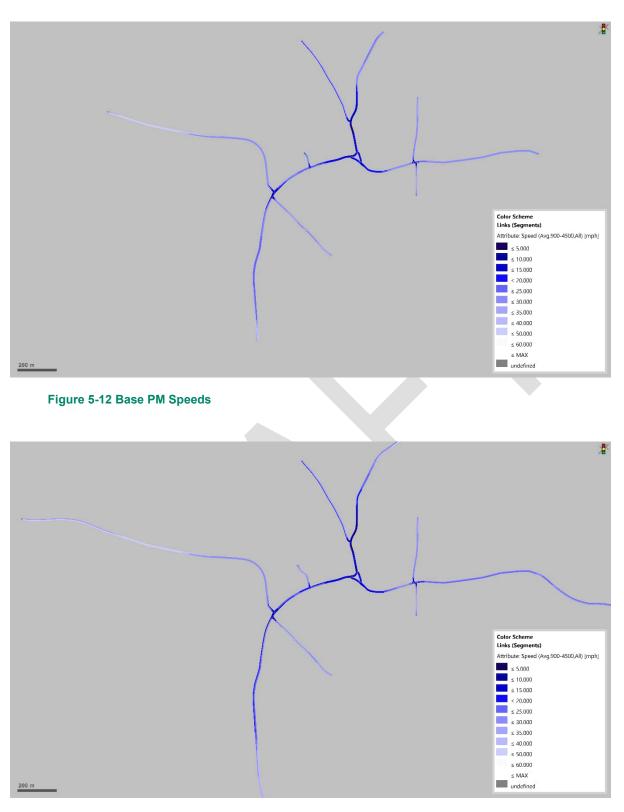


Figure 5-13 2036 PM Do Minimum Speeds

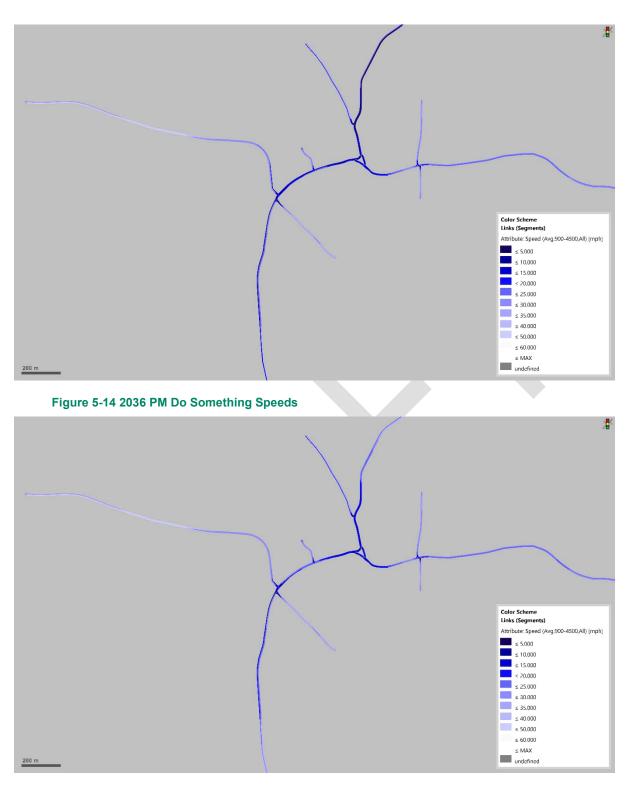


Figure 5-15 2036 PM Do Something with Mitigation Speeds

Journey Time Results – PM Peak

- 5.25 Modelled journey times have been extracted for the two routes which were validated in the base model and compared across scenarios. These are shown in Figure 5-6.
- 5.26 Figure 5-16 to Figure 5-19 show the modelled results for all the forecast scenarios along the base year journey time routes in the model.
- 5.27 The journey time results show that the operation of High Street, where traffic cannot pass in both directions at once at the parked cars, has an impact on the results for Journey Time Route (JTR) 1

(northbound and southbound) in the Do Minimum and Do Something scenarios, with the delay increasing as traffic volumes increase.

- 5.28 In the northbound direction, the journey time is 103 seconds in the Do Minimum and 60 seconds higher in the Do Something. In the Do Something with Mitigation scenario, where the on-street parking on the High Street is restricted, the journey time is reduced and is 17 seconds faster than the Do Minimum.
- 5.29 Similarly, in the southbound direction, the 2036 Do Minimum results show that it will take 161 seconds to travel along the full route. The journey times along this route are predicted to increase significantly in the Do Something scenario, as a result of the additional development demand. However, the model results show that the two way operation due to removal of parked cars in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario will completely offset the development impact, reducing the journey times along this route to only 67 seconds.
- 5.30 For JTR 2 eastbound the removal of on-street parking also has a positive effect, reducing the Do Something with Mitigation journey time to a similar level as the Do Minimum scenario.

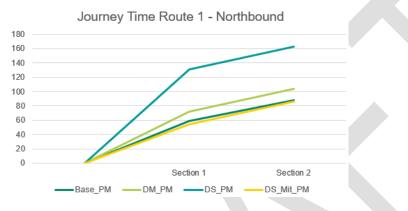


Figure 5-16 Journey Time Route 1 – Northbound



Figure 5-17 Journey Time Route 1 – Southbound



Figure 5-18 Journey Time Route 2 – Eastbound



Figure 5-19 Journey Time Route 2 – Westbound

6. Junction Analysis

Introduction

6.1 Figure 6-1 below shows the key junctions/ locations identified from the survey data/ observations in the model area that most impact network operation.

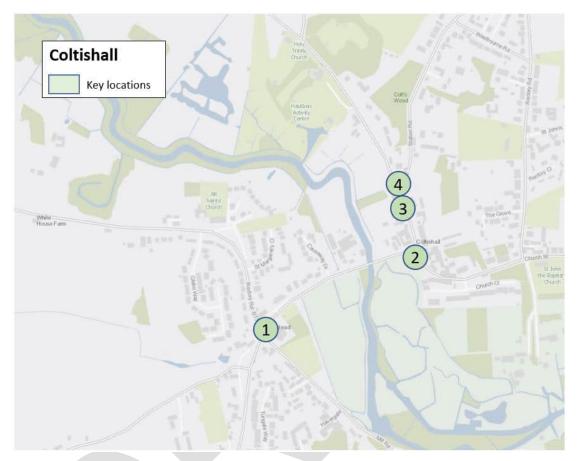


Figure 6-1 Key locations in Coltishall

- 6.2 The key locations are defined as follows:
 - 1.Rectory Road/ B1150 roundabout;
 - 2. High Street/ B1354 gyratory at the Petrol Filling Station;
 - 3. High Street at the war memorial; and
 - 4. High Street / Great Hautbois Road priority junction.
- 6.3 These locations have been analysed individually in the models to extract queue and delay results for the Do Minimum, Do Something and Do Something with Mitigation scenarios, to provide an assessment of the NWWUE development impact.
- 6.4 It should be noted that the operation of some of these critical locations depends on variable factors such as on-street parking and courtesy/give-way behaviours, which have been modelled and calibrated to observed queuing patterns/ levels of delay.

Rectory Road / Norwich Road Roundabout (1)

- 6.5 Figure 6-2 shows the queues and delays at the AM peak hour at the Rectory Road / Norwich Road Roundabout. The queue results are set out in the top junction layout and the delays are in the bottom junction layout.
- 6.6 The model results show that the NWWUE development demand included in the Do Something scenario results in a small increase in queues and delays at the junction.
- 6.7 It is worth noting that this delay and queue have been analysed with this junction operating in isolation the full model results show that the queue from B1150 Norwich Road at the gyratory would impact this junction in some scenarios.

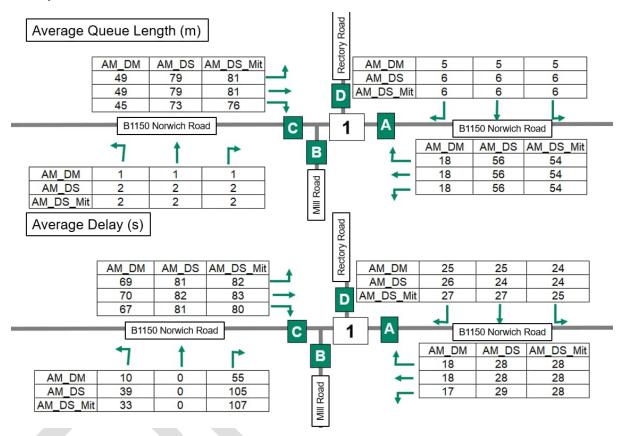


Figure 6-2 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

- 6.8 Figure 6-3 shows the queues and delays in the PM peak hour at the Rectory Road / Norwich Road miniroundabout.
- 6.9 The model results show that the NWWUE development demand included in the Do Something scenario results in approximately 30 seconds more delay on Norwich Road northbound. The delay increase is also reflected in a longer section of slow-moving traffic approaching the roundabout, approximately 100 metres in length. The queues and delay in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario are similar.

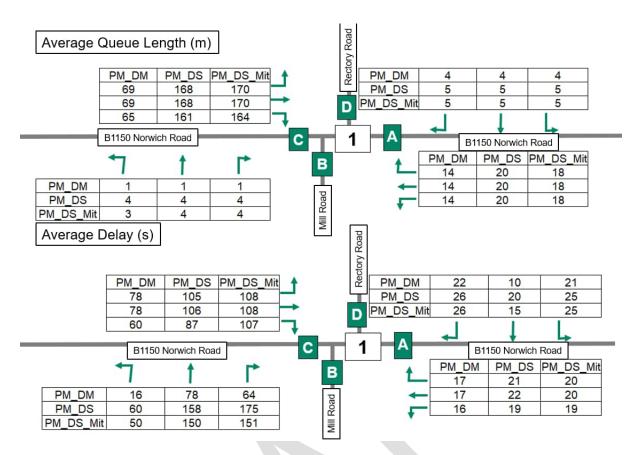


Figure 6-3 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

Norwich Road and B1354 Gyratory (PFS) (2)

- 6.10 Figure 6-4 shows the queues and delays at the gyratory between Norwich Road and B1354 in the AM peak hour.
- 6.11 The model results show that the NWWUE development trips in the Do Something scenario result in approximately 80 seconds more delay on the eastbound approach to the gyratory. The increase in delay is also reflected in longer queues, approximately 390 metres in length, on the eastbound approach.
- 6.12 The junction analysis results show that the right turn from Norwich Road to the B1354, just before the Petrol Filling Station (PFS), is over capacity with the Do Something forecast trips. The additional southbound traffic volumes in this scenario result in fewer gaps for right turners, so right turners block vehicles travelling ahead.
- 6.13 The results for Do Something with Mitigation scenario, where a right turn pocket is provided, has a similar queue length and delay as the Do Minimum scenario along B1150 Norwich Road eastbound, effectively mitigating the impacts of the NWWUE development.
- 6.14 There are no significant increases or reductions in delay across the other arms.

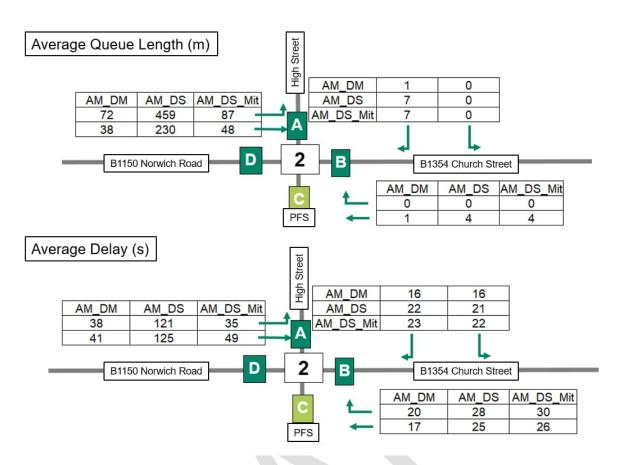


Figure 6-4 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

- 6.15 Figure 6-5 shows the queues and delays at the gyratory between Norwich Road and B1354 (PFS) in the PM peak hour.
- 6.16 The model results show that the NWWUE development demand in the Do Something scenario increases queues and delays along B1150 Norwich Road eastbound by approximately 150 metres and 40 seconds respectively. The Do Something with Mitigation scenario, however, reduces the queues and delays to lower levels that in the Do Minimum scenario; the mitigations (right turn pocket and removal of on-street parking o the High Street), effectively mitigate the impacts of both the NWWUE and the projected growth in the area.

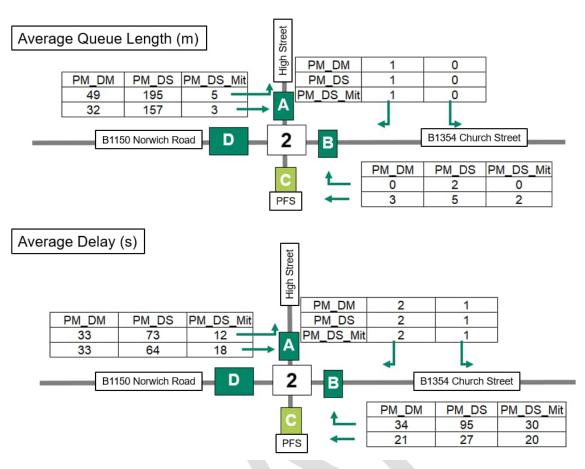


Figure 6-5 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

High Street (3)

- 6.17 Figure 6-6 shows the queues and delays at High Street northbound and southbound in the AM peak hour.
- 6.18 There are no queues and no significant delays in any scenarios, which is consistent with the Base model where there are no vehicles parked on-street in the AM causing vehicles to give way.

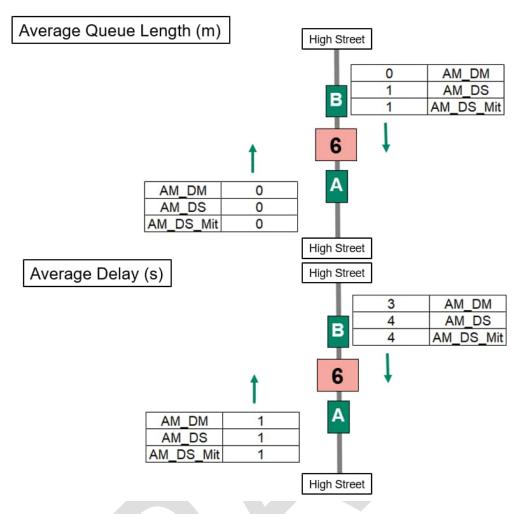


Figure 6-6 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

6.19 Figure 6-7 shows the queues and delays on the High Street in the PM peak hour.

The Do Minimum model results show a southbound queue of approximately 120 metres long and 108 seconds of delay caused by the section where two way flow isn't possible, which is caused by the on-street parking.

- 6.20 The Do Something scenario shows a significant increase in the queues and delays due to the NWWUE development demand along this route. It should be noted that due to the cooperative nature of the calibrated driving behaviour in the model where parking limits capacity, the increase in queue lengths is not directly related to the direction of the flow.
- 6.21 The Do Something with Mitigation scenario, which removes the on-street parking on High Street, removes all restrictions along the road therefore allowing traffic to flow freely without having to give way. This means that there are average queue lengths of one metre and an average delay of 14 seconds along the southbound movement.

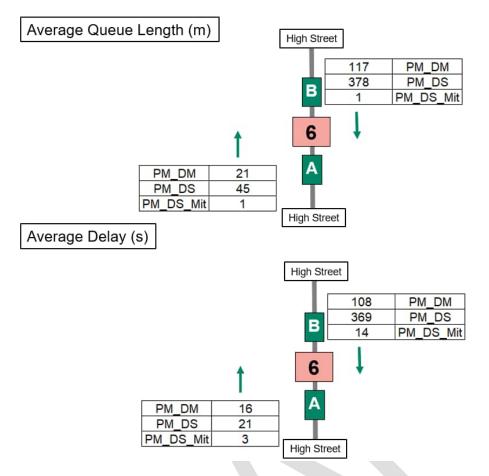


Figure 6-7 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

High St / Gt Hautbois Rd / Station Rd Junction (4)

- 6.22 Figure 6-8 shows the queues and delays at the High Street / Great Hautbois Road / Station Road priority junction in the AM peak hour.
- 6.23 There are no average queues along High Street or Great Hautbois Road and an insignificant average queue length on Station Road in any of the forecast scenarios. There is a slight increase in delay and queue lengths from the Do Minimum to Do Something scenario along the Station Road arm, but this junction is predicted to operate within capacity when assessed in isolation.

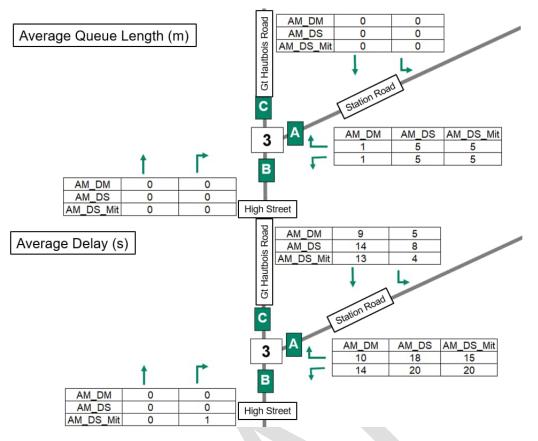


Figure 6-8 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - AM peak

6.24 Figure 6-9 shows the queues and delays on the High Street in the PM peak hour for the different scenarios tested. There is a slight increase in delay on Great Hautbois Road, however the junction operates within capacity when assessed in isolation.

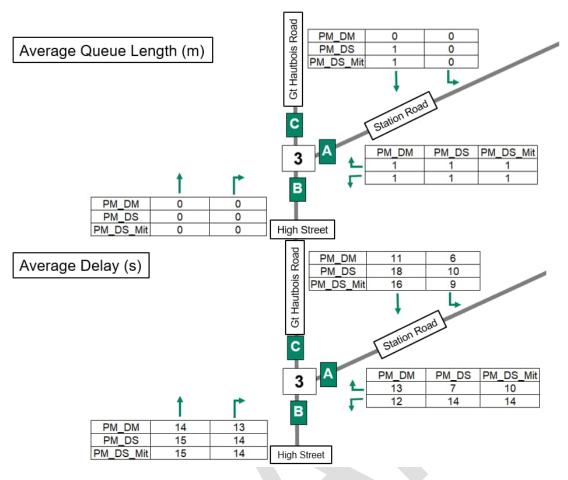


Figure 6-9 Queues in metres and delay in seconds - PM peak

7. Conclusions

- 7.1 The 2036 forecast Vissim models were developed to assess future network conditions and the impact of the North Walsham Western Urban Extension (NWWUE) development.
- 7.2 The predicted demand growth and the additional demand generated by the NWWUE taken from the Transport Assessment (TA) was added to the 2022 Vissim Base model demand to calculate the Vissim forecast demand for all the modelled scenarios.
- 7.3 The analysis of the modelling results has highlighted two key locations in Coltishall where increased queuing and delay are predicted in 2036 withinout the NWWUE development (the Do Minimum scenario). The models predict that these queues and delays will be significantly worsened as a result of the increase in traffic from the NWWUE.
- 7.4 Mitigations were identified and tested in the Do Something with Mitigation scenario: provision of a right turn pocket into the B1354 from Norwich Road to avoid blocking of the Norwich Road and removal of on street parking on a short stretch of the High Street to allow two-way movement. The models predict that almost all the development impact observed in the Do Something scenario in the AM and PM peaks would be mitigated for and that the performance of the network through Coltishall would be similar to the Do Minimum scenario with the mitigations in place.

Appendix A – Demand Development Matrices

Table 7-1 2036 AM Forecast Demand

		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Sum
1			0.6						0.6
2			2.5						2.5
3									0.0
4 0.4	0.7		2.8		1.5			188.3	193.7
5									0.0
6			1.1						1.1
7			0.6						0.6
8									0.0
9			61.4						61.4
Sum 0.4	0.7	0.0	69.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	188.3	

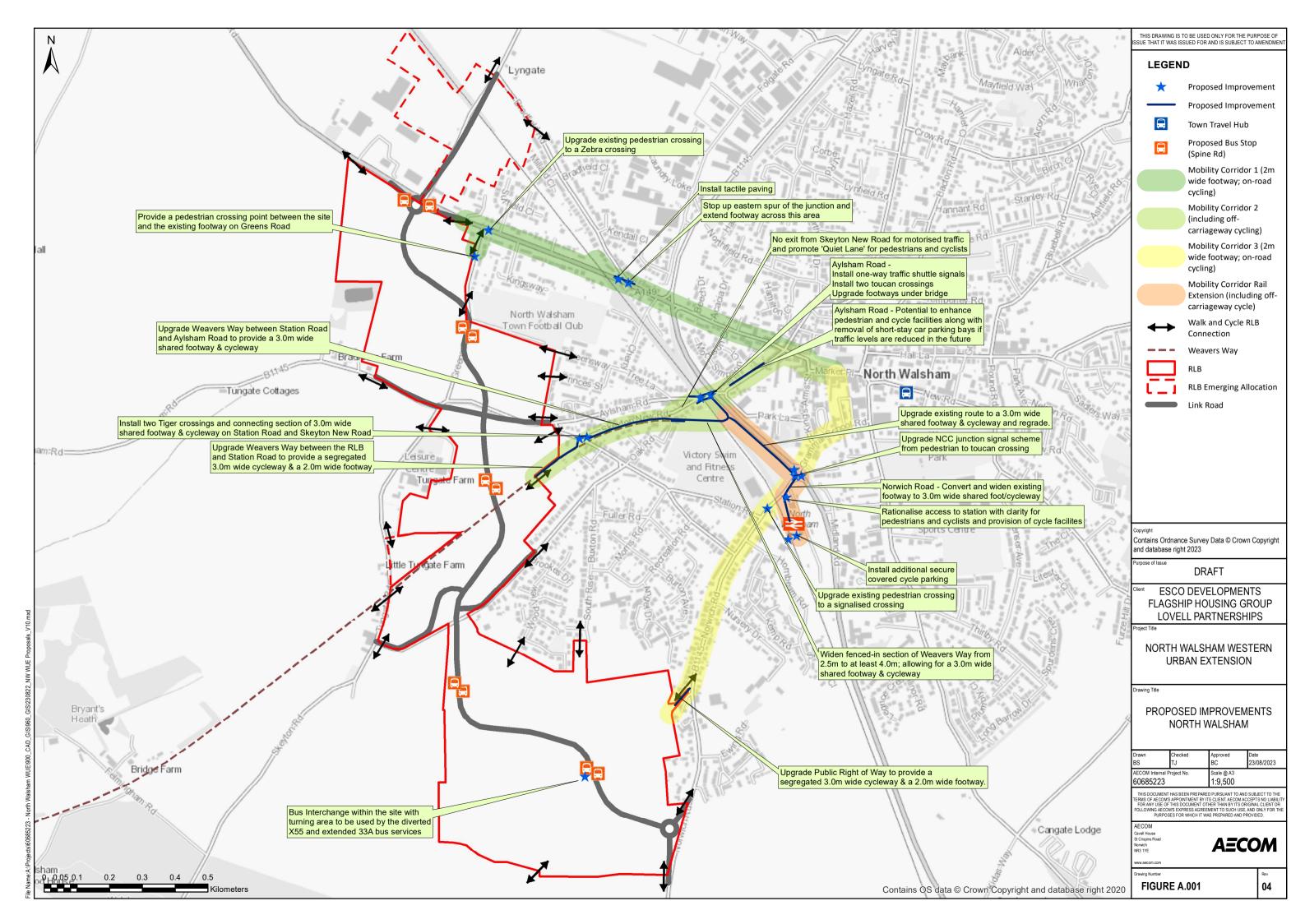
Table 7-2 2036 PM Forecast Demand

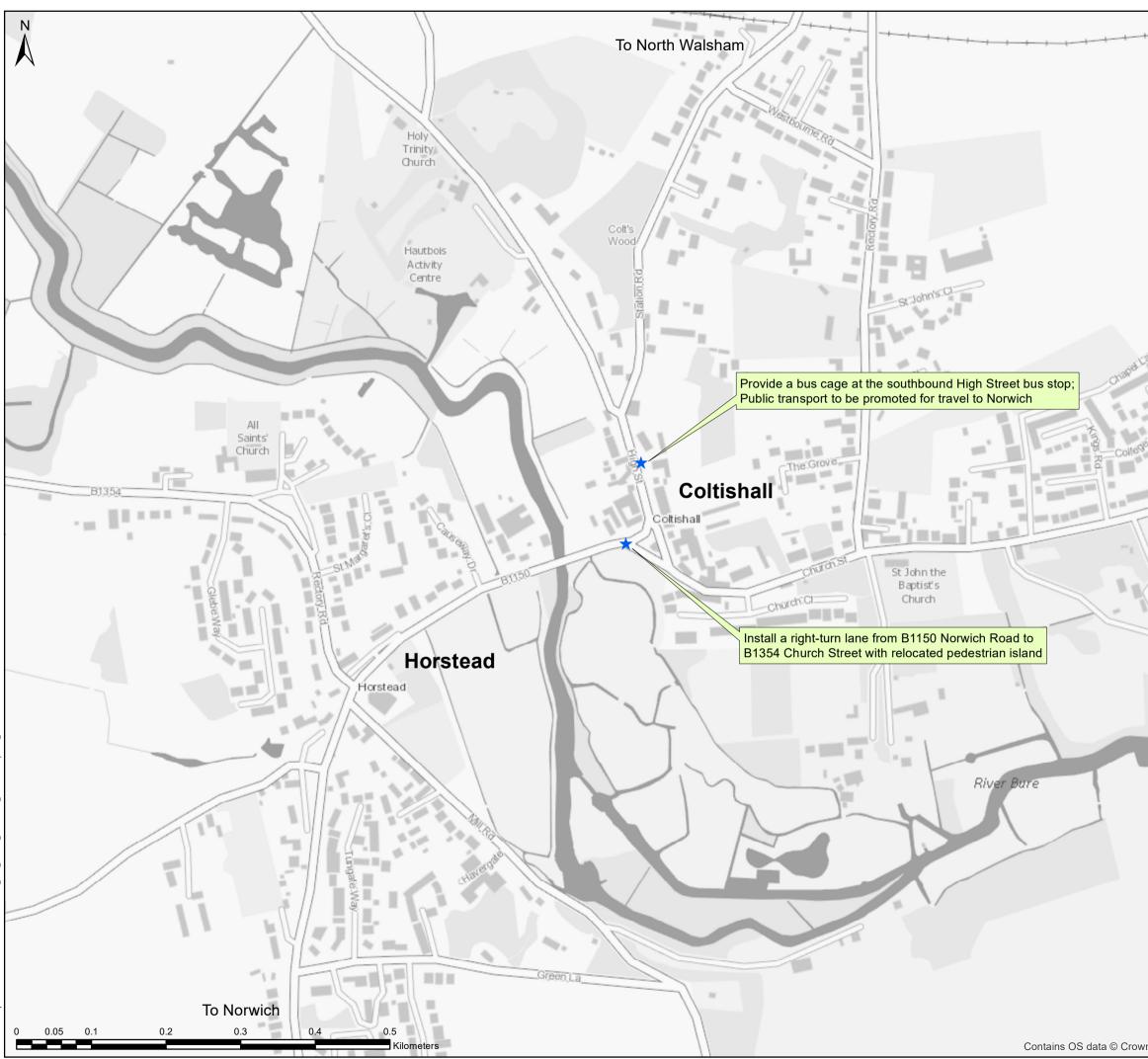
Zone	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Sum
1				0.4						0.4
2				0.6						0.6
3										0.0
4	0.7	2.9		2.9		1.3			71.8	79.6
5										0.0
6				1.4						1.4
7				0.4						0.4
8										0.0
9				168.6						168.6
Sum	0.7	2.9	0.0	174.3	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	71.8	

aecom.com

ecom.com

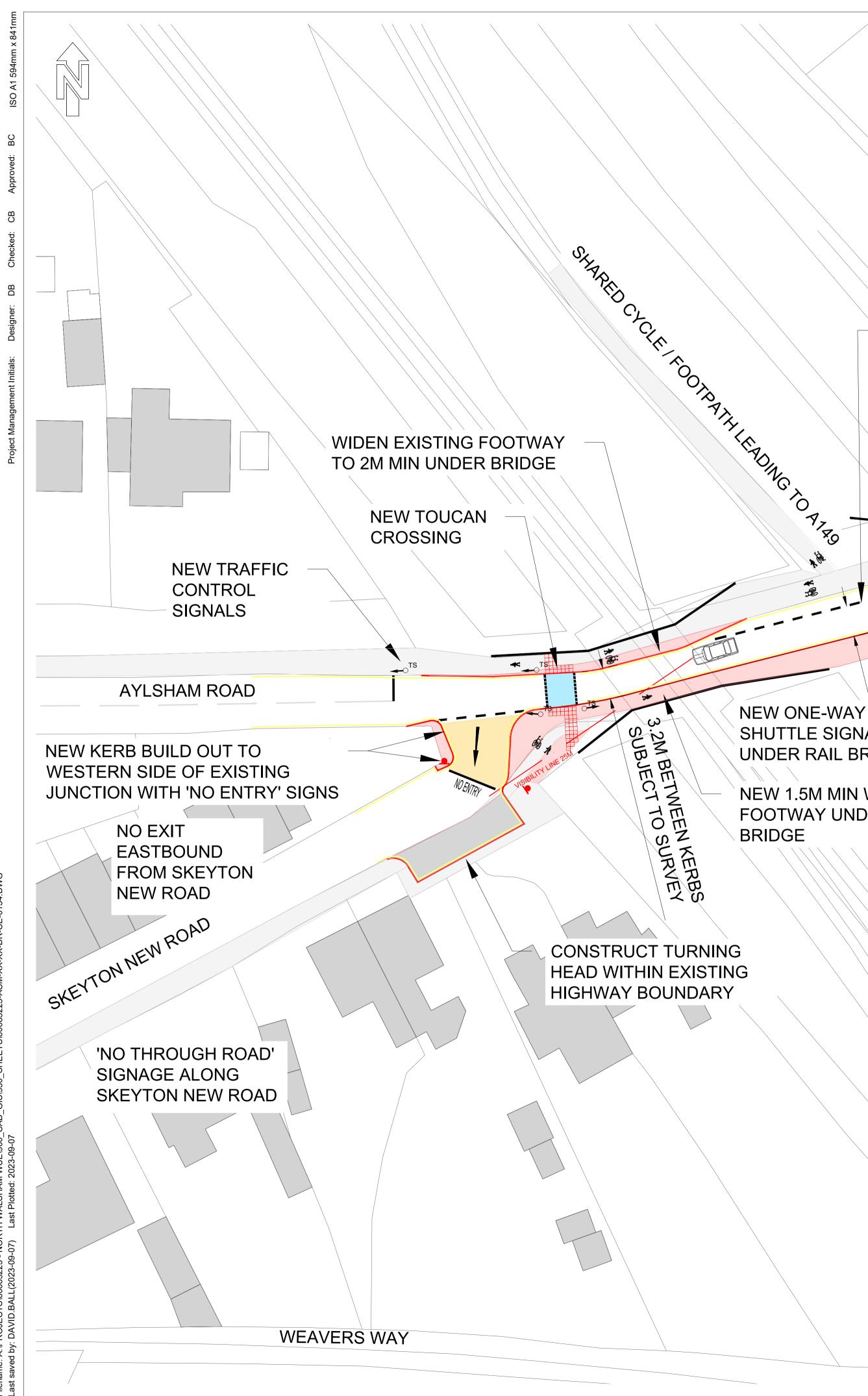
Appendix F – Proposals and Design Drawings



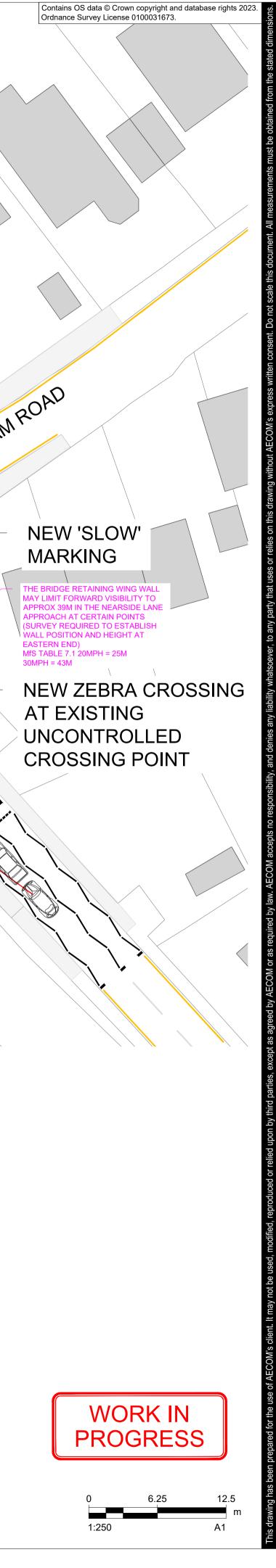


lame.A\Projects\60685223 - North Walsham WUE\900_CAD_GIS\960_GIS\230822_NW WUE Propos

	THIS DRAWING IS TO BE USED ONLY FOR THE PURI ISSUE THAT IT WAS ISSUED FOR AND IS SUBJECT TO A	
	LEGEND	
	Proposed Improvem	nent
1 × 1		
0		
To Wroxham		
B1354		
H.		
	Copyright Contains Ordnance Survey Data © Crown Co and database right 2023	opyright
	Purpose of Issue	
-	DRAFT Client ESCO DEVELOPMENTS	
	FLAGSHIP HOUSING GRC	UP
	LOVELL PARTNERSHIP	S
1	NORTH WALSHAM WESTE	RN
	URBAN EXTENSION	
	Drawing Title	
	PROPOSED IMPROVEMEN	ITS
	COLTISHALL	
	Drawn Checked Approved Date	
	BS TJ BC 23/C AECOM Internal Project No. Scale @ A3	08/2023
	60685223 1:5,000 THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED PURSUANT TO AND SUBJ TERMS OF AECOM'S APPOINTMENT BY ITS CLIENT AECOM ACCEPT:	ECT TO THE
	TERMS OF AECOM'S APPOINTMENT BY ITS CLIENT. AECOM ACCEPT: FOR ANY USE OF THIS DOCUMENT OTHER THAN BY ITS ORIGINAL FOLLOWING AECOM'S EXPRESS AGREEMENT TO SUCH USE, AND O PURPOSES FOR WHICH IT WAS PREPARED AND PROVIDI	CLIENT OR
	AECOM Cavell House St Crispins Road	
	Norwich NR3 1YE AECO	M
	www.aecom.com Drawing Number	Rev
n Copyright and database right 2020	FIGURE A.003	02



EDGE OF LANE MARKINGS TO GUIDE TALL HGV's THROUGH THE BRIDGE AT ITS HIGHEST POINT (NO AYLSHAMROAD PHYSICAL CONSTRAINT AS REQUIREMENTS TO BE ABLE TO PASS A BROKEN DOWN VEHICLE TO BE RETAINED) **NEW TOUCAN** CROSSING * Ht PPP+LPAK. ¢¶ ¥ ധ .2M **NEW ONE-WAY** NEW TRAFFIC SHUTTLE SIGNALS CONTROL UNDER RAIL BRIDGE SIGNALS EXISTING NEW 1.5M MIN WIDE PATH LEADING TO 20MPH LIMIT FOOTWAY UNDER WEAVERS WAY ON PARK LANE BRIDGE KEY EXISTING FOOTWAY PROPOSED FOOTWAY PROPOSED TURNING HEAD PROPOSED ONE WAY / ALTERNATIVE SURFACE TREATMENT PROPOSED TOUCAN CROSSINGS EXISTING ROAD MARKING - PROPOSED ROAD MARKING EXISTING PARKING RESTRICTION TO REMAIN EXISTING PARKING RESTRICTION MARKING TO BE REMOVED PROPOSED PARKING RESTRICTION MARKING PROPOSED KERB LINE PROPOSED SIGNAL PROPOSED TACTILE PAVING





PROJECT North Walsham Western Urban Extension

CLIENT

Esco Developments Flagship Group Lovel

CONSULTANT

AECOM CAVELL HOUSE, STANNARD PLACE ST CRISPINS ROAD NORWICH, NR3 1YE, UK www.aecom.com

NOTES

LEGEND

SUITABILITY

S0 WORK IN PROGRESS

ISSUE/REVISION

P03	05/09/2023	FORWARD VISIBILITY ON PARK RD ADDED
P02	07/08/2023	AMENDMENTS TO LAYOUT
P01	25/07/2023	LAYOUT FOR DISCUSSION
I/R	DATE	DESCRIPTION

KEY PLAN

PROJECT NUMBER

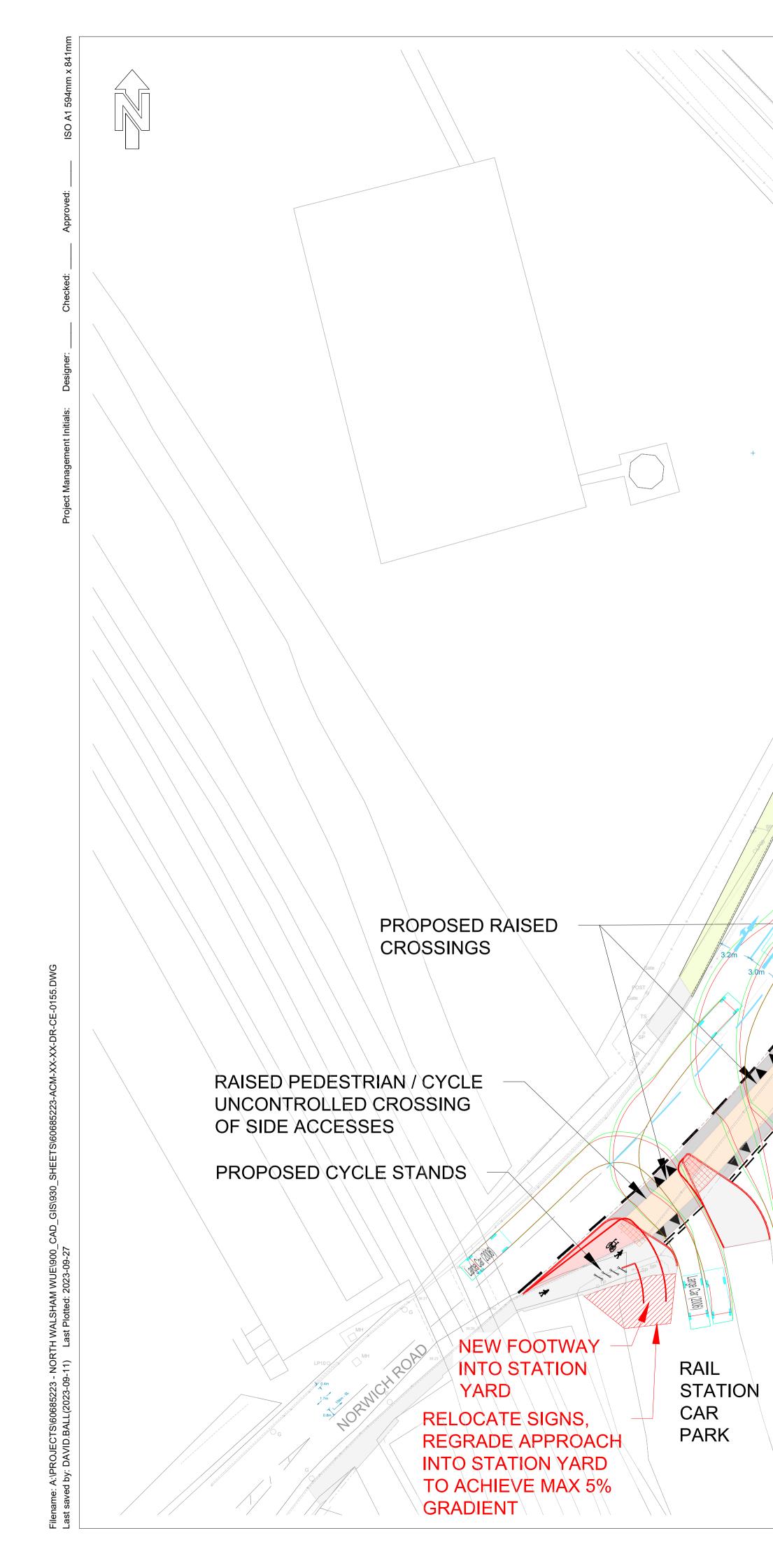
60685223

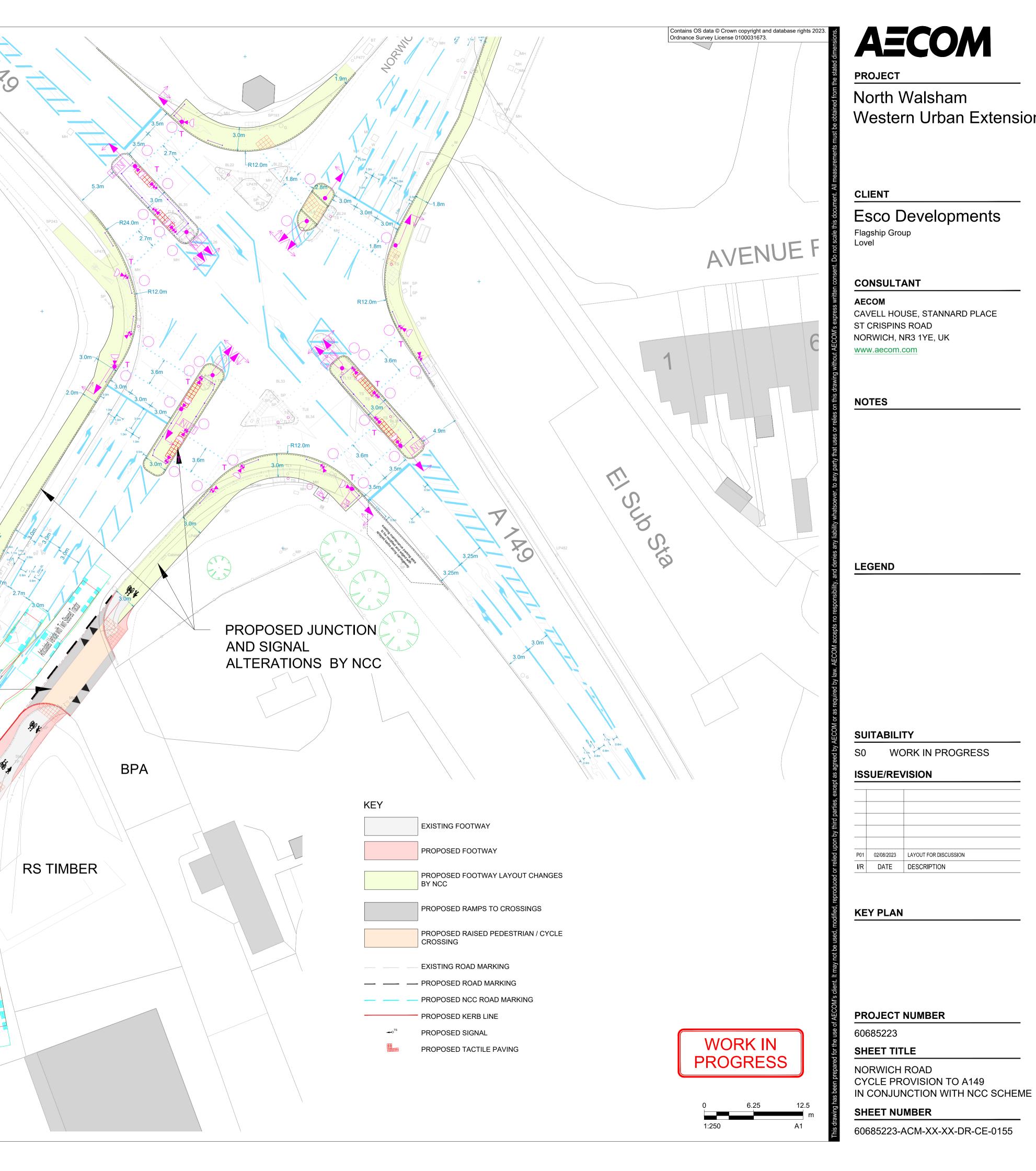
SHEET TITLE

SKEYTON NEW ROAD JUNCTION DETAIL AND VISIBILITY LINES AT AYLSHAM ROAD END

SHEET NUMBER

60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0154







PROJECT North Walsham Western Urban Extension

CLIENT

Esco Developments Flagship Group Lovel

CONSULTANT

AECOM CAVELL HOUSE, STANNARD PLACE ST CRISPINS ROAD NORWICH, NR3 1YE, UK www.aecom.com

NOTES

LEGEND

SUITABILITY

S0 WORK IN PROGRESS

ISSUE/REVISION

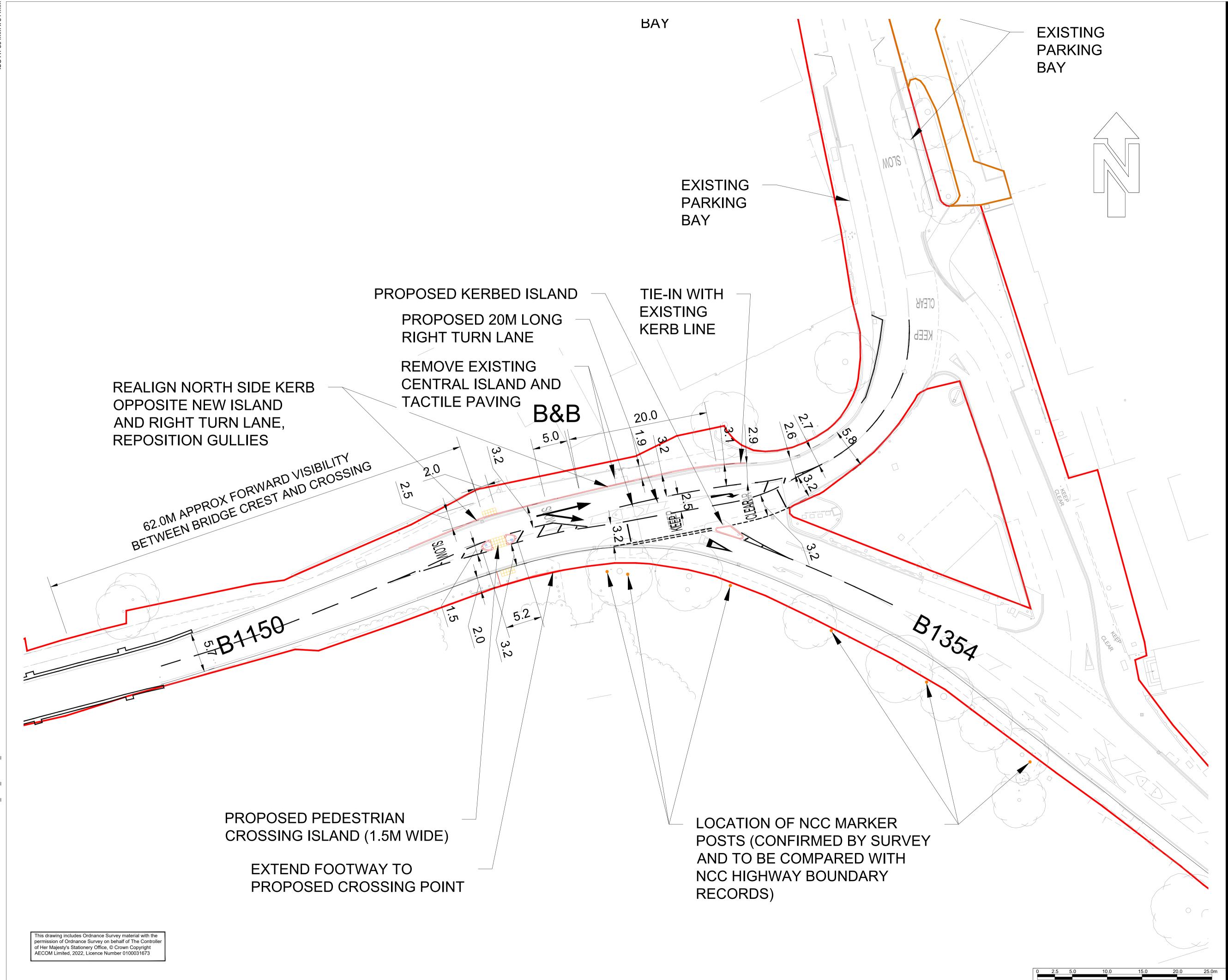
P01	02/08/2023	LAYOUT FOR DISCUSSION
I/R	DATE	DESCRIPTION

KEY PLAN

SHEET NUMBER

60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0155







PROJECT

North Walsham Western Urban Extension

CLIENT

Esco Developments Flagship Group Lovell

CONSULTANT

AECOM ALDGATE TOWER 2 LEMAN STREET LONDON, E1 8FA, UK www.aecom.com

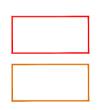
NOTES

KEY

New Kerb Line

Boundaries Created BY NCC - Received in pdf format: 29 Aug 2023

Boundary recreated IN CAD BY DJB 31/08/2023:



Public Highway Boundary

Public Right of Way Boundary



SUITABILITY

WORK IN PROGRESS S0

ISS	SUE/RE	/ISION	
DRA	WN:	CHECKED:	APPROVED:
P04	31/08/2023	THRO' LANES 3.2M	VIDE, HIGHWAY BOUNDARIES ADDED
P03	09/08/2023	KEEP CLEAR / SLOV	/ MARKINGS ADDED
P02	07/08/2023	LAYOUT REV'D TO S	UIT TOPO SURVEY
P01	26/06/2023	ISSUED FOR INFOR	MATION
l/R	DATE	DESCRIPTION	

KEY PLAN

PROJECT NUMBER

60685223

PROPOSED ROAD LAYOUT

60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0130

REV: P04

B1150 CHURCH ST COLTISHALL

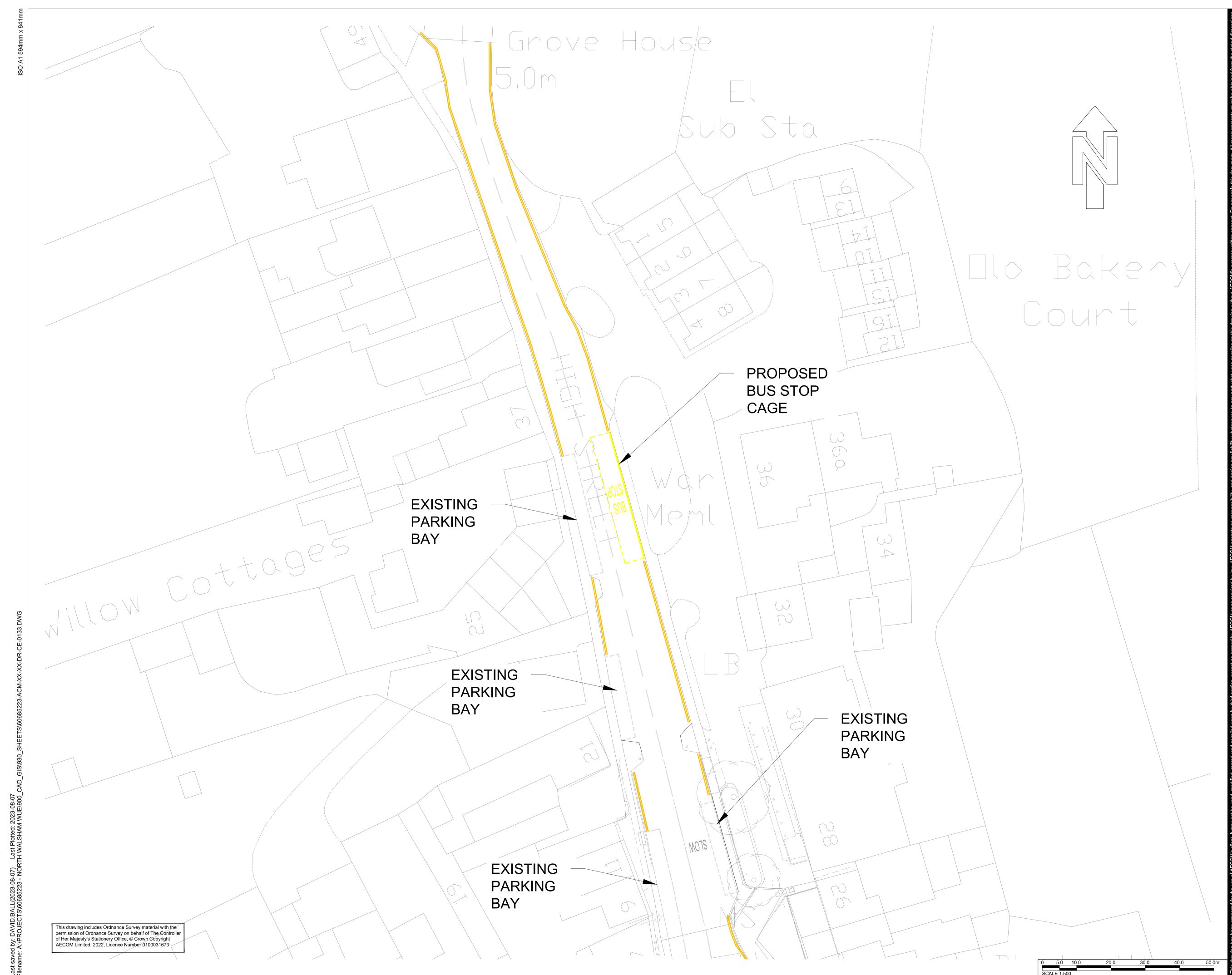
SHEET TITLE

SHEET 1 OF 2

SHEET NUMBER

SCALE: 1:500 @A1







PROJECT

North Walsham Western Urban Extension

CLIENT

OWNER/CLIENT

Esco Developments Flagship Group Lovell

CONSULTANT

AECOM ALDGATE TOWER 2 LEMAN STREET LONDON, E1 8FA, UK www.aecom.com

NOTES



SUITABILITY

WORK IN PROGRESS S0

ISSUE/REVISION

ORAV	VN:	CHECKED:	APPROVED:
P01	07/08/2023	ISSUED FOR INFORM	MATION
I/R	DATE	DESCRIPTION	

KEY PLAN

PROJECT NUMBER

60685223

SHEET TITLE

NORTH WALSHAM ROAD COLTISHALL PROPOSED BUS STOP

SHEET NUMBER

60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0133					
SCALE: 1:500 @A1	REV : P01				

Appendix G – Stage 1 Road Safety Audit Report and Designers Response





NORTH WALSHAM WESTERN EXTENSION: **B1150 NORWICH RD CYCLE IMPROVEMENTS & AYLSHAM RD SHUTTLE WORKING**

STAGE 1 SAFETY AUDIT

REPORT REF: B1150/025 August 2023

Report Prepared for: AECOM



Report Author: Nevil Calder BSc(Hons) CEng MICE MCIHT MSoRSA NH Cert Comp

Report Status:

Issue	Status	Purpose	Name/Signature	Date
1	Stage 1 Safety Audit Report	Client issue	Nevil Calder	22/08/23
2	Designer's Response	Designer response to Safety Issues raised	Bevin Carey Deun Cony	29/09/23
Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.		



INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a Stage 1 Safety Audit carried out on the above scheme. The Audit was carried out at the request of AECOM on behalf of Norfolk County Council Growth and Development. A formal Audit Brief was not provided.

The Audit Team is independent of the project design team and has had no involvement with the project. The Audit Team membership was as follows:-Nevil Calder BSc(Hons) CEng MICE, MCIHT, MSoRSA Principal Engineer (Audit Team Leader) Highway Safety

Kevin Allen BEng (Hons), I Eng, MCIHT, MSoRSA (Audit Team Member)

Project Engineer Network Safety + Sustainability Norfolk County Council

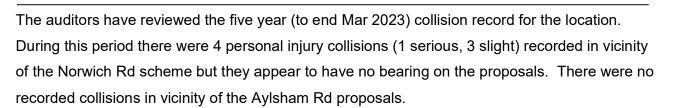
WSP

The Audit took place via online conferencing on 16 August 2023. The audit comprised an examination of the supplied documentation (see Appendix A) and a site inspection by the Audit Team Leader on 22 August 2023 at 10:20 which lasted around 30 minutes. During the site visit the weather was sunny and the road surface dry. Traffic flows were moderate and generally free flowing.

The terms of reference are as described in Community and Environmental Services Highways Service Manual Procedure SP03-07-P01. The Auditors have examined and reported only on the road safety implications of the scheme within the main report.

The proposal involves traffic management improvements in North Walsham in connection with the western urban extension of the town. The audited scheme comprises provision of shared-use foot/cycleway on approach to the railway station on Norwich Rd, together with introduction of signalised shuttle working on an existing narrow section of Aylsham Rd and foot/cycleway provision. The latter also involves a short length of one-way restriction on Skeyton New Road at its junction with Aylsham Rd.





A comments section has been included in Appendix B. The issues noted are not necessarily safety issues. They relate either to wider network implications, safety issues identified outside the scope of the audited scheme or suitability of a particular design choice.



ITEMS RAISED AT PREVIOUS AUDIT

The Audit Team are not aware of any previous audit of this scheme.

ITEMS RAISED AT THIS STAGE 1 AUDIT

1.0 General

1.1 Problem – vehicle collisions with NMUs

Location – Aylsham Rd proposed signalised NMU crossings

The proposed location of 'toucan style' crossings within the signalised shuttle length is not one the Audit Team has met before. While the indicative signal staging is simple, the inter-green timings and mid-shuttle vehicle detection are not clear. The location of the signal controlled NMU crossings some 50m after the vehicle stop lines will require sufficient time for vehicles to clear the crossings before NMUs can safely receive a green signal. The Audit Team wonder whether such long clearance times might lead to driver adaptation? Also, since the vehicle stop lines are remote from the signal crossings; would a driver who overruns the start of vehicle red or is then delayed by some unforeseen event, subsequently stop 50m later at the NMU crossing's red signal without a further stop line? Any failure to stop would pose a risk of vehicle/NMU collision

Recommendation – that proposals for vehicle detection, inter-green timings and stop line location are subject to early design discussion with traffic signals specialists to ensure safe operation.

Designer's Response:

The vehicle detection, inter-green timings and stop line locations are to be implemented where appropriate at as part of the next stage of design.

Network Management Decision:



2.0 Alignment

2.1 Problem – vehicle/cycle overtake collisions

Location - Aylsham Rd under the rail bridge

The length of shuttle working is such that some drivers following an on-road cyclist may be tempted to overtake within it. The Audit Team note that proposed carriageway width under the rail bridge varies between 3.2m and approx. 4.5m. This could lead to driver misjudgement and inadequate safe overtaking clearance, resulting in collision.

Recommendation – that the carriageway width is regularised, avoiding tapering widths between 3.2 and 4.0m.

Designer's Response:

The carriageway width within the shuttle working length is to be reviewed once a Topo survey has been carried out, and the tapered width reduced in length to minimise the risk of collision between vehicles overtaking cyclists.

Edge of lane markings on the northern side of the carriageway are to be retained but realigned to achieve a clear width of 3.2m along the shuttle one way signalled working length and to guide high HGV's into the middle of the road when going under the arched rail bridge.

Network Management Decision:

2.2 Problem – tail-end collisions

Location – Park Lane into Aylsham Rd westbound

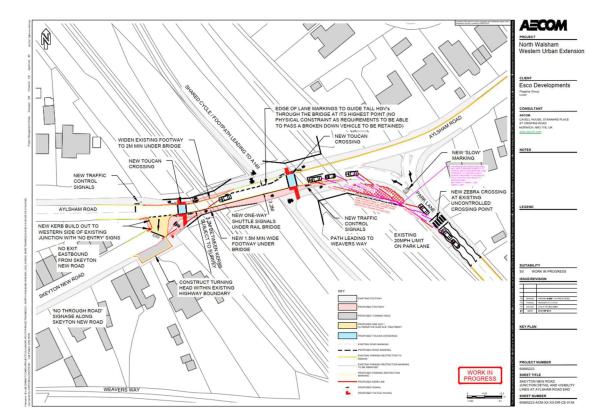
Traffic leaving the Park Lane gyratory into Aylsham Rd westbound may encounter stationary traffic at the proposed signals. A forward visibility splay of 25m is proposed here which is appropriate for speeds of 20mph. However the Audit Team consider that actual traffic speeds on this one-way un-calmed approach may be somewhat higher, leading to a risk of tail-end collision.



Recommendation – that the proposed visibility splay should be based on actual measured traffic speeds.

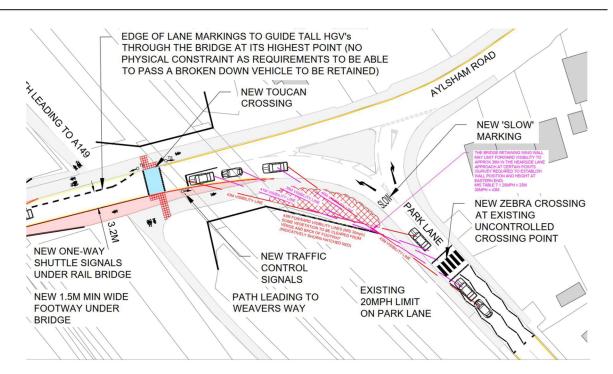
Designer's Response:

As suggested by the RSA1 comment above, a higher traffic speed of say 30mph would require a forward stopping sight distance of 43m. If the existing vegetation is adjacent to the railway embankment and retaining wall is trimmed back it may be possible to achieve the required 43m forward visibility. This would reduce down to approx 39m over a short distance where the existing bridge retaining wall would obstruct visibility. The exact position, length and height of the wall will require further survey work to establish achievable forward visibility although at present the visibility is greatly reduced by poorly maintained and overgrown vegetation.



North Walsham Western Extension: B1150 Norwich Rd & Aylsham Rd Shuttle Stage 1 Safety Audit





We also propose the introduction of a zebra crossing at the existing drop kerb and tactile paved crossing on Park Lane would provide priority for pedestrians over vehicles and also help reduce traffic speeds on the present 20mph speed restricted approach to Aylsham Road, whilst also providing a new facility to access the cycle route and the surgery on Park Lane.

Network Management Decision:

3.0 Junctions

3.1 Problem – junction collisions

Location – Skeyton New Road one-way plug

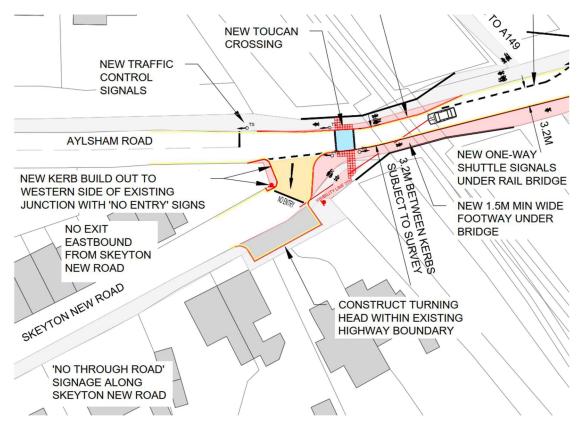
The short length of one-way southbound operation may leave it prone to abuse. This concern is exacerbated by lack of any carriageway width restriction on the northbound side. This could result in northbound drivers emerging at the junction in collision with other traffic.

Recommendation – that the one-way section of the junction is redesigned, perhaps with a western kerbline build-out, to better deter northbound abuse of the restriction.



Designer's Response:

The junction of Skeyton New Road with Aylsham Road has been reviewed and the western side build-out widened to allow for new 'No Entry' signs facing northbound traffic. It is also proposed that access only signage is adopted on either end of Skeyton New Road.



Network Management Decision:

4.0 Non-motorised Users

4.1 Problem – collisions between NMUs and access traffic

Location - Norwich Road - RS Timber access/rail station access

The proposed RS Timber access bellmouth appears to be unnecessarily wide, increasing pedestrian and cycle exposure when crossing it, while the refuge area



between this and the station access is insufficiently wide to shelter a crossing cyclist. This increases the risk of NMU collision with turning/exiting traffic.

Recommendation – that the accesses are redesigned to better protect NMUs crossing them.

Designer's Response:

Noted. Detailed design works will be undertaken in relation to the proposals in this location including a Topo survey and highway boundary information. Careful consideration of the needs of all users will be needed. Where possible the RS Timber Works access will be narrowed increasing the protected areas for pedestrians and cyclists.

Network Management Decision:

4.2 Problem – vehicle/pedestrian collisions

Location - Norwich Road rail station access junction

The proposal appears to perpetuate the existing situation where pedestrians accessing/exiting the rail station must share the access carriageway with vehicular traffic at the junction. This exposes them to risk of collision with turning traffic and is likely to be intimidating for some.

Recommendation – that a footway should extend at least around the bellmouth area to protect pedestrians until clear of the junction area.

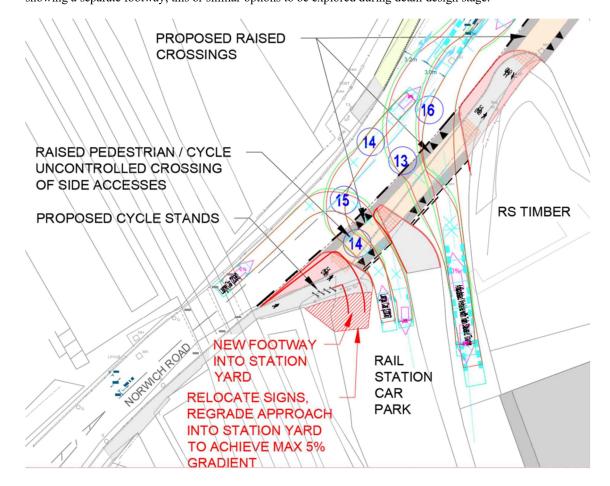
Designer's Response:

The available width of the existing station access is limited by the entrance to RS Timber to the north east and existing railway station signs and cabinet equipment to the south west.

The entrance could be improved to provide a separate footway for pedestrians if the existing signs and above ground cabinet equipment were relocated, however it is assumed that these features are beyond the limits of the highway boundary, and as such would require the railway companies permission. There is a large level difference between the station access and the adjacent footpath which would mean that the station access would require regrading into the station parking area again beyond the highway boundary. See extract from the



proposed layout drawing 60685225-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0155 below with a schematic alternate kerb layout showing a separate footway, this or similar options to be explored during detail design stage.







Network Management Decision:

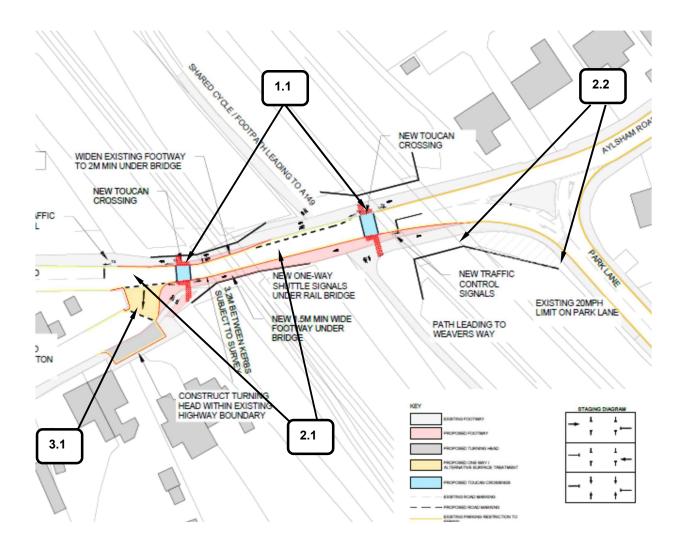
5.0 Signs, Lighting and Markings

5.1 No comment

North Walsham Western Extension: B1150 Norwich Rd & Aylsham Rd Shuttle Stage 1 Safety Audit

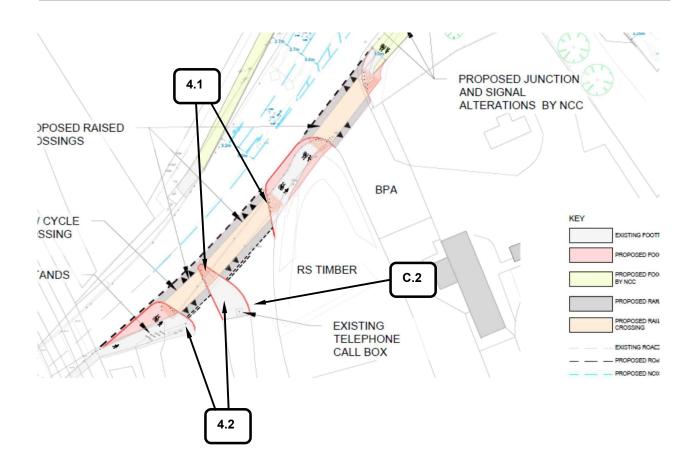


6.0 Problem Location Plans



North Walsham Western Extension: B1150 Norwich Rd & Aylsham Rd Shuttle Stage 1 Safety Audit







AUDIT TEAM STATEMENT

We certify that this audit has been carried out in accordance with Norfolk County Council Community and Environmental Procedure SP03-07-P01

Signed (ATL) ...

Nyloalde

Nevil Calder

Dated

22 August 2023

Kevin Allen

Signed Dated

22 August 2023

K.J. Il



APPENDIX A: Audit Brief

The following documents were submitted for this Road Safety Audit:

Document Ref.	Scale (if	Title
	applicable)	
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0154 P02		Skeyton New Rd Junction Detail
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0152 P02		Skeyton New Rd Visibility Lines
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0153 P01		Skeyton New Rd Vehicle Turning Paths
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0155 P01		Norwich Rd Cycle Provision
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0156 P01		Norwich Rd Vehicle Turning Paths
Forecast Traffic Data		
5 yr road accident details		

No Departures from Standard were notified





APPENDIX B: Comments

C.1 The Audit Team note that visibility at the western end Skeyton New Rd is currently restricted by adjacent hedge and weed growth which has been allowed to encroach right up the carriageway edge. Although this is an existing situation, some increased use of the junction will arise from the proposed one-way plug at the other end of Skeyton New Rd. Discussion with the local highway authority is suggested with a view to remedial measures to improve visibility.



Designer's Response:

Accepted. This will be discussed with the Highway Authority as part of delivery of the works on Skeyton New Road at the next stage of design.

C.2 On Norwich Road the 'existing telephone call box' noted on the drawings at the station access no longer exists.

Designer's Response:

Noted





NORTH WALSHAM WESTERN EXTENSION: B1150 COLTISHALL TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

STAGE 1 SAFETY AUDIT

REPORT REF: B1150/026 August 2023

Report Prepared for: AECOM



Report Author: Nevil Calder BSc(Hons) CEng MICE MCIHT MSoRSA NH Cert Comp

Report Status:

Issue	Status	Purpose	Name/Signature	Date
1	Stage 1 Safety Audit Report	Client issue	Nevil Calder	22/08/23
2	Designer's Response	Designer response to Safety Issues raised	Bevin Carey Deun Grey	27/09/23
Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.		



INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of a Stage 1 Safety Audit carried out on the above scheme. The Audit was carried out at the request of AECOM on behalf of Norfolk County Council Growth and Development. A formal Audit Brief was not provided.

The Audit Team is independent of the project design team and has had no involvement with the project. The Audit Team membership was as follows:-Nevil Calder BSc(Hons) CEng MICE, MCIHT, MSoRSA (Audit Team Leader) Principal Engineer Highway Safety

WSP

Kevin Allen BEng (Hons), I Eng, MCIHT, MSoRSA (Audit Team Member) Project Engineer Network Safety + Sustainability Norfolk County Council

The Audit took place via online conferencing on 16 August 2023. The audit comprised an examination of the supplied documentation (see Appendix A) and a site inspection by the Audit Team Leader on 22 August 2023 at 09:30 which lasted around 30 minutes. During the site visit the weather was sunny and the road surface dry. Traffic flows were moderate and generally free flowing. Speeds varied depending on traffic flow but were frequently observed to be above 20mph.

The terms of reference are as described in Community and Environmental Services Highways Service Manual Procedure SP03-07-P01. The Auditors have examined and reported only on the road safety implications of the scheme within the main report.

The proposal involves traffic management improvements in Coltishall in connection with the planned western urban extension of North Walsham. The audited scheme involves provision of a right turn lane at the junction of B1150 and B1354 including relocation of a pedestrian refuge, together with provision of bus stop markings on Church St approx. 100m to the north.



The auditors have reviewed the five-year (to end Mar 2023) collision record for the location. During this period there were 2 personal injury collisions (both slight) recorded in the vicinity of the scheme. One involved centreline crossover on the bend just north of the B1354 junction, reflecting the narrow carriageway there. The other occurred at the bridge to the west but appears anomalous, involving manoeuvring to give precedence to an emergency vehicle.

A comments section has been included in Appendix B. The issues noted are not necessarily safety issues. They relate either to wider network implications, safety issues identified outside the scope of the audited scheme or suitability of a particular design choice.



ITEMS RAISED AT PREVIOUS AUDIT

The Audit Team are not aware of any previous audit of this scheme.

ITEMS RAISED AT THIS STAGE 1 AUDIT

- 1.0 General
- 1.1 No comment

2.0 Alignment

2.1 Problem – kerb strikes/loss of control or head-on collisions

Location – B1150 westbound at proposed RTL

The RTL layout reduces the width of the westbound through-lane where it passes the western corner of the filing station. There is a low brick wall here immediately at the carriageway edge (see photo), raising concern over vehicle edge strikes with potential for loss of control. Alternatively, drivers' natural 'edge-shyness' may cause them to overrun the RTL resulting in head-on collision with an eastbound vehicle entering it.



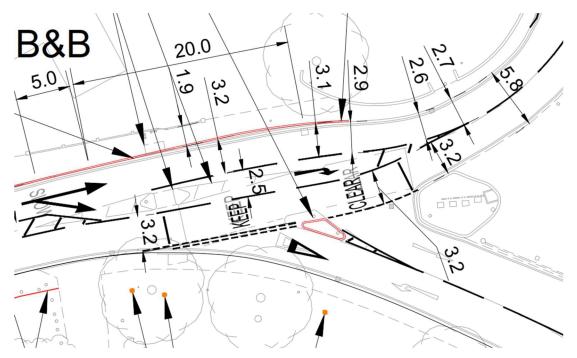
Recommendation – that the westbound through-lane should be a minimum of 3.2m adjacent to the low brick wall of the filling station and 3m elsewhere. The swept paths



suggest that the proposed RTL might be shortened slightly at its eastern end to facilitate this.

Designer's Response:

The Westbound through lane width has been reviewed and the design adjusted to achieve the suggested 3.2m width adjacent to the low height wall on the boundary of the service station.



Network Management Decision:

2.2 Problem – kerb strikes/loss of control

Location - B1150 westbound at proposed refuge island

The proposal indicates a westbound through-lane width of only 3m between kerbs where it passes the refuge island. On a classified road this is considered inadequate (despite the 20mph speed limit), raising the risk of vehicle kerb strikes with potential for loss of control.

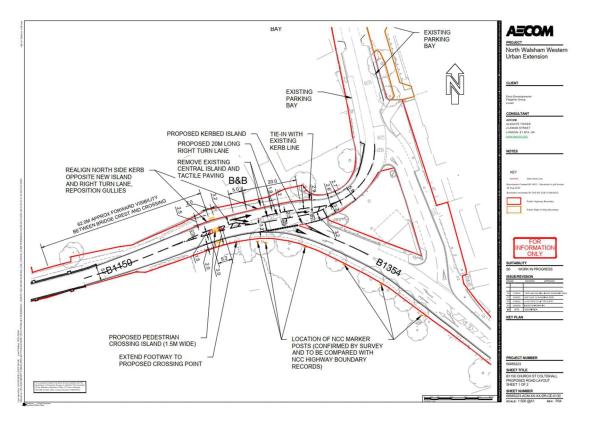
Recommendation – that the through-lanes adjacent to the refuge island should be a minimum of 3.2m between kerbs



Designer's Response:

The through lane widths adjacent to the proposed pedestrian refuge island have been increased to 3.2m as recommended by para 2.2 above.

To achieve 3.2m wide through lanes each side of the pedestrian refuge, the existing northern kerb line has been shifted northwards as indicated in the extract below. The revised drawing 60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0130-P04 also shows the recently acquired NCC Highway boundary details.



Network Management Decision:

- 3.0 Junctions
- 3.1 No comment

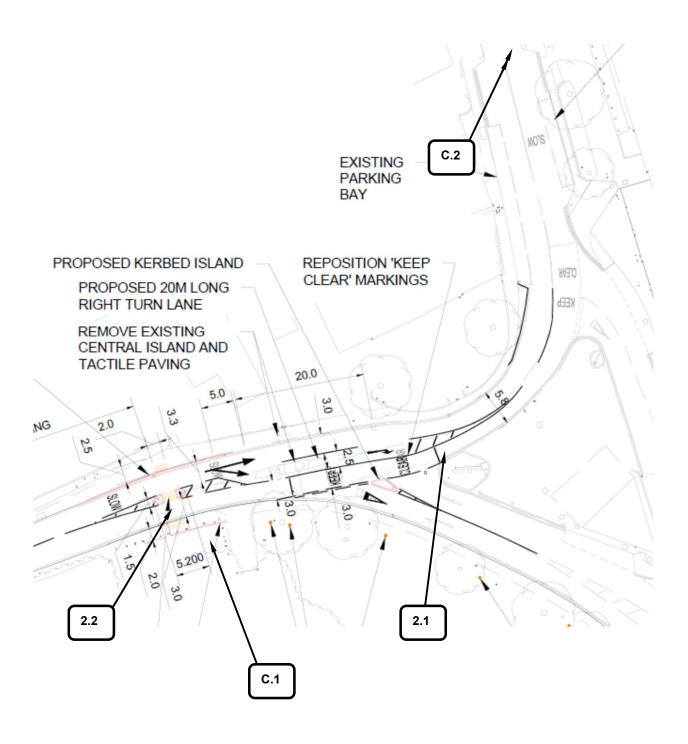


4.0 Non-motorised Users

- 4.1 No comment
- 5.0 Signs, Lighting and Markings
- 5.1 No comment



6.0 Problem Location Plan





AUDIT TEAM STATEMENT

We certify that this audit has been carried out in accordance with Norfolk County Council Community and Environmental Procedure SP03-07-P01

Signed (ATL) ...

NG Calde

Nevil Calder

Dated

22 August 2023

Kevin Allen

Signed Dated K.J. <u>4</u> 22 August 2023



APPENDIX A: Audit Brief

The following documents were submitted for this Road Safety Audit:

Document Ref.	Scale	Title
	(if applicable)	
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0130 P03	1:500	Proposed Road Layout (1 of 2)
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0133 P01	1:500	Proposed Bus Stop
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0131 P04	1:250	Vehicle Tracking (1 of 3)
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0134 P03	1:250	Vehicle Tracking (2 of 3)
60685223-ACM-XX-XX-DR-CE-0135 P04	1:250	Vehicle Tracking (3 of 3)
Forecast Traffic Data		
5 yr road accident details		

No Departures from Standard were notified



APPENDIX B: Comments

C.1 The swept path shown for a tanker exiting the pump house to the west (turning left) overruns an area of third party land to the west of the access. This may not therefore be practicable, rendering the manoeuvre impossible with the proposed refuge location. It is suggested that this be discussed with Anglian Water at an early stage to confirm the viability of the proposal.

Designer's Response:

The tanker provision to the pump house facility is to be discussed in detail with Anglian Water.

C.2 It was noted that Dwg 0133 omits a section of existing on-street parking bays on the eastern side just south of the war memorial.

Designer's Response:

Noted that existing on-street parking bay was missing from drawing. This has now been added to Drg ...1033-P02.



